"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cold today and Saturday; northwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 22; min., 12.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXII....No. 23,764. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1923. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

## READY FOR OPENING OF INNER CHAMBER OF PHARAOH'S TOMB

### Notables and Scientists Arrive, and Queen of the Belgians Is Due at Luxor Today.

### VIEW TO BE ALLOWED PRESS

### Chamber Will Be Sealed Again, Once Its Secret Is Known, to Await Final Disposition.

### ANOTHER SCARAB IS FOUND

### Progress Is Being Made in Preparing the Tut-ankh-Amen Treasures for Shipment.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Egypt, Feb. 15.—Luxor feels that for the next few days it occupies the centre of the world's stage. From the press reports and the streams of letters and telegrams which are pouring in it seems as if the attention of all the people of the earth was concentrated here. The excitement, though suppressed, is intense, and Howard Carter and his staff, on whom falls the burden of preparations for the opening of the sealed chamber of Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb, deserve the world's sympathy.

The Queen of the Belgians will arrive in a special train direct from Alexandria in the early hours of tomorrow morning, and during her stay will occupy a suite in the Winter Palace Hotel. M. Lacau, Director General of the Department of Antiquities, with other officials of the department arrived this morning, as also did Professor Breasted, the American Egyptologist and historian, and Dr. Alan Gardiner.

It is anticipated that tomorrow M. Lacau with Lord Carnarvon and Mr. Carter will make some sort of preliminary investigation of the situation in anticipation of the great event. It is of the greatest importance that nothing should be done in any way by which the smallest detail of the scientific record might be lost, and which afterward might be regretted.

After the official opening a few days will be allowed for the representatives of the press and some special visitors to see the chamber and then, it is anticipated, the new door will again be sealed up for a while, re-enclosing the secret, which will be no longer a secret till a future course can be decided upon.

This program, however, is of course provisional.

**Dignitaries Invited to Opening.**

The following is a list of those to whom invitations have been issued for the official opening of the sealed chamber: The Queen of the Belgians, Prince Leopold, Lord and Lady Allenby, their Highnesses Prince Kamaleldin Omar Toussoun and Yusef Kamal; the French, Belgian, American and Italian Ministers; their Excellencies Adly Yegden Pasha, Tewfik Nessim Pasha, Hussein Rushdi Pasha, Abdel Khalek Sarwat Pasha and Mohamed Said Pasha [all ex-Premiers]; Ismail Sitky Pasha, Ismail Sirri Pasha, Pierre Lacau, Director General of Antiquities Department; Sir John Maxwell, Sir William Garstin, Sir Charles Cush, Hon. Mervyn Herbert, Mr. Lythgoe, Curator of the Egyptian Department of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, and Mr. Winlock, Director of the Metropolitan Museum Egyptian Expedition.

Lord Carnarvon has received a telegram from the Grand Chamberlain, who expresses on behalf of King Fuad his Majesty's regrets that his many present preoccupations prevent his acceptance of the invitation to attend the official opening of the sealed chamber.

There were very few visitors at the tomb this morning. Those who went up the valley did so on the off chance that the two statues, or one of them, might be removed today. They were, however, doomed to disappointment. Nothing whatever was taken out of the tomb.

But on the other hand, a good deal was taken into the tomb in the shape of planks of wood. Indeed, Mr. Carter and Mr. Callender were exceedingly busy throughout the day. The latter was occupied in superintending the cutting to the requisite length, as called for by Mr. Carter up the passage of the tomb, of innumerable planks which had been stacked overnight just outside the tomb and afterward carried one by one inside.

**Case Up Two Statues.**

There was consequently little of real interest to the spectators, who were unaware of what was being done within, and passed the time trying to interpret the meaning of the various noises of the tools and the hammerings which came from the tomb.

As a matter of fact, all that was happening was that Mr. Carter, with the help of several workmen, was casing up the two statues so as to protect them from damage when the sealed wall was broken in, and also blocking out a hole into the annex to the ante chamber, which has not yet been touched.

During the morning Professor Breasted and Dr. Alan Gardiner arrived from the direction of Deir-el-Bahari. They had a long conference in the well of the tomb, the interior of which they afterward inspected. They lunched with Mr. Carter.

Considerable progress continues to be made in the treatment of the objects and their preparation for final packing. Several of the ornamental sticks having

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Seaboard Florida Limited, 9:30 P. M. Pullman sleepers. Palm Beach, Miami, Tampa, Belleair, St. Petersburg. Also 3:40 P. M. Sarasota, Bradentown, Tampa, Belleair, St. Petersburg, Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Camden (also open-platform) and 12:45 m'n't. All serve Savannah and Jacksonville. Seaboard, 143 W. 125 St. Phone 3271 6413.—Advt.

### *No Immediate War in Europe Is Prophecy of Tchitcherin*

MOSCOW, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—There will be no war in Europe in the immediate future, Foreign Minister Tchitcherin declared today in an interview with the Russian press, which has lately fairly sizzled with war scares.

"Economic life must be brought back to its proper state before a new big war is possible," he said.

M. Tchitcherin predicted in effect that the industrialists of France and Germany would be forced by their mutual needs to reach an agreement.

## FOUR VESSELS LOST; 42 IN CREW MISSING

### Fate Unknown of Men of Tuscan Prince, Wrecked in North Pacific.

### TWO OTHER SHIPS ASHORE

### Fourth Vessel Is Destroyed by Fire Off the Coast of Washington State.

SEATTLE, Wash., Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The North Pacific's graveyard of ships claimed four more vessels today in a furious gale that swept the Washington and British Columbia coast lines. Late tonight the fate of forty-two men in the crew of one vessel was in doubt.

The four vessels lost were the steamer Nika, burned to the water's edge, near Umatilla Reef; the freighter Santa Rita, lodged high on a rock ledge, near Clo-oose, Vancouver Island, B. C.; the British freighter Tuscan Prince, dashed almost to splinters on Estevan Point, Nootka Sound, B. C., and the motor ship Coolcha, pounded by high waves as she lay on an exposed reef at Albert Head, near Victoria, B. C.

Earlier reports said that the steamer Tuscan Prince's crew of forty-two men had landed safely, but these were set at naught just before midnight by a wireless message from the coast guard cutter Algonquin indicating that it was not certain what had come of the crew or even the steamer.

It was from the Algonquin that the earlier reports came saying that the vessel's company was safe and marine circles here were at a loss to account for the reversal.

The later advices caused renewed anxiety as the last heard from the ship direct was a dramatic message broken off in the middle, which said:

"We are breaking up."

The Tuscan Prince, a freighter of 5,275 tons, owned by the Prince Line, Ltd., sailed from San Francisco for Seattle last Sunday. Her home port is Newcastle, England.

The steamer Santa Rita, which left San Pedro, Cal., for Seattle Feb. 10, apparently deviated from her course last night to look for the steamer Nika, earlier reported in distress. Early today the Santa Rita broadcast the news that she was on the rocks.

With a life line about his body, Victor Hautoph, a member of the crew of the Santa Rita, leaped into the heavy sea and made shore after a heart-breaking fight with the waves. A breeches buoy was rigged and all members of the crew were saved.

The Santa Rita is a freight steamer of 1,600 tons, owned by Andrew F. Mahoney. San Francisco is her home port.

The Nika, a wooden vessel, sent S O S calls last night, reporting that she had lost her rudder off Umatilla reef, south of Cape Flattery, and was helpless before the gale. Later she burned to the water's edge.

The coast guard cutter Snohomish took off all members of the Nika's crew.

The motorship Coolcha, aground near Victoria, B. C., was believed beyond

Continued on Page Two.

## CRAIG AND HULBERT NOW BANDY THE 'LIE' OVER HYLAN FEUD

### Acting Mayor, Supporting Absent Chief, Accuses Controller of Falsehood.

### 'INDEFENSIBLE,' SAYS CRAIG

### He Threatens Litigation Over Disputed Items Placed on the Calendar.

### PEACE RUMOR VANISHES

### Report of Agreement During Sinking Fund Recess Speedily Disproved.

A wordy row between Controller Charles L. Craig and Acting Mayor Murray Hulbert during which the lie was passed and repassed enlivened yesterday's meeting of the Sinking Fund Commission and furnished the latest chapter in the fight that began two weeks ago between the Controller and Mayor Hylan. Hulbert fought for the Mayor yesterday because the latter is still on vacation at Palm Beach. The Controller, just recovered from an illness which has kept him at Lakewood, N. J., since the controversy began, was in fighting mood and easily held his own, although Mr. Hulbert wielded the gavel as Chairman and won on points.

Yesterday's fracas grew out of the very controversy which precipitated the Controller's row with Mayor Hylan in the first place, namely, the right of the Sinking Fund Commission to adopt items not printed on the regular calendar and over the protests of the head of the city's Finance Department. Two weeks ago Controller Craig, then sick at Lakewood, advised his deputy, Henry Smith, not to vote on ten items, none of great importance, which were not printed on the regular calendar but passed around on type-written slips of paper.

The Controller has contended that under the rules of the commission items not properly on the printed calendar can not be adopted except by unanimous consent. Mayor Hylan at that time held that the items were properly on the calendar and that the Controller's opposition made no difference. He even threatened to have the Aldermen pass a resolution excluding the Controller from the commission's meetings. Acting Mayor Hulbert took the position yesterday that majority vote of the members was sufficient to place any item on the calendar.

**Craig Starts the Fight.**

Yesterday's session of the commission began in the morning when the Controller insisted that the proceedings be conducted according to accepted rules. When Mr. Hulbert insisted upon doing things his own way the Controller said:

"If we are going to contest this we might as well do so right now. There is a standing rule of the commission, just as in the case of the Board of Aldermen, the State Legislature and Congress, that no matter can be added to the calendar when a member objects."

"Well, we will follow the law, what ever it is," retorted Mr. Hulbert, "and we will take the Corporation Counsel's opinion and not that of the Controller as to the law."

After some further discussion the meeting was adjourned until the afternoon and the officials went to luncheon. Craig and Hulbert returned to the Hall together and it was reported that an agreement had been reached. As soon as the members took their seats in the Board of Estimate chamber at the afternoon session it was apparent that the difference of opinion was as wide as ever. Ten items were to be acted upon, five of them relating to the assignment of space in the Municipal Building and

Continued on Page Six.

## *Tut-ankh-Amen Was Prince of Hermonthis; No Evidence That He Was Amen-hotep III's Son*

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The arguments in an editorial article published in THE NEW YORK TIMES on Feb. 5 designed to show that, contrary to the assertion of many authorities, there is nothing yet known to prove that Tut-ankh-Amen was the son of Amen-hotep III., and that the correct translation of his title in his name cartouche, *heq an resu*, is "Prince of Hermonthis," are supported by English Egyptologists who have considered the points presented.

Dr. H. R. S. Hall, deputy keeper of Egyptian antiquities in the British Museum, was at first inclined to think that *heq an resu*, "Prince of Southern An," meant Prince of the city that stood on the site of the modern town of Denderah, about 100 miles below Hermonthis and Thebes, to which An as a sacred name was applied. On reconsideration, he expressed the opinion that, although "an" might apply to either town, probably in the present case in conjunction with resu it meant Hermonthis.

Professor Flinders Petrie said today that he had no doubt *heq an resu* should be translated "Prince of Hermonthis." In no other cartouche of an Egyptian King is that title used, though "Prince of Heliopolis" and "Prince of Thebes" are frequent.

Dr. Hall, Professor Petrie and Professor Percy E. Newberry, formerly of Liverpool University, all agree with THE TIMES's contention that the inscription on the Gebel Barkel lion does not prove Tut-ankh-Amen to have been the son of Amen-hotep III. The use of the word "father" in to inscription," he restored the monuments of his father" they hold, however, is merely the equivalent to "predecessor." Professor Newberry pointing out that it is found in inscriptions referring to men who died 200 or 300 years before. [There are also inscriptions in which kings refer to the building of monuments to their father, the head of the gods.]

Dr. Hall took THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to the lion itself, where it stands in the British Museum, and thus deciphered that part of the inscription:

"Renewing the monuments of his father, King Neb-Ma-Re, son of the sun, Amen-hotep."

Dr. Hall, however, would not accept the suggestion that "father" here could possibly mean Amen, the chief Egyptian deity, as the figure used for it is that always used for "king," not for "god."

Professor Newberry declared that the origin of Tut-ankh-Amen is quite unknown. At his period the rule of succession in Egypt was through hereditary princesses, a relic of the matriarchate. So on the death of a Pharaoh his successor would be the husband of one of his daughters, and Tut-ankh-Amen's claim to the throne consisted in his marriage to Ankh-nes-Amen, third daughter of Khu-n-Aten.

Professor Petrie, besides having no doubt that heq an resu should be translated "Prince of Hermonthis," agrees with Professor Newberry and Dr. Hall that the origin of Tut-ankh-Amen is quite unknown, and that the word "father" in the lion inscription may refer to any ancestor or predecessor. He was not aware that any authority had contended that Tut-ankh-Amen was the son of Amenhotep III., and pointed out that Budge in his "Soudan," Volume I., page 824, in referring to Amenhotep as Tut-ankh-Amen's father, did it without attempting to prove it. [The theory was advanced by Loret on the basis of the Gebel Barkel lion inscription and accepted by Maspero, Budge and others.]

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"THE DANCING GIRL," Musical Triumph, New Winter Garden, B'way & 50th.—Advt.

## *Cold Wave Arrives to Stay Several Days; Mercury Drops to 12; May Go to 8 Today*

A cold wave which sent the mercury down to 12 at one time yesterday and kept the temperature well below freezing most of the day was brought into town yesterday by gales that reached a velocity of seventy-two miles an hour—the highest recorded for the country. The cold wave is expected to continue with us for several days, and with diminishing winds today a further drop in temperature is predicted.

The weather man expects that the Winter's low temperature records of 10 degrees will be lowered today and tomorrow. The mercury may go down to 8 degrees today, he believes, and then rise slightly on Saturday. There is no snow in sight, according to the Weather Bureau. The forecast for today and tomorrow is "fair and cold."

The thermometer's low mark was reached at 7:45 yesterday morning. The temperature rose gradually up to 3:30 in the afternoon, when it was 22, and then fell again, reaching 14 before midnight, with the prospects of a steady drop throughout the early morning hours.

During the day there were intermittent snow flurries, but the flakes were blown away as fast as they fell. Street Cleaning Commissioner Alfred A. Taylor kept an anxious eye on the sky during the forenoon and had all plans ready for a quick mobilization of the snowfighters, but the Weather Bureau reassured him.

## SMITH ANGERS WOMEN BY KEEPING SEAT

### Some Molly Pitcher Club Members Say Governor Was Rude at Liquor Bill Hearing.

### HE DECLINED TO SPEAK

### New York City Delegates, Speaking for Mullan-Gage Act Repeal, Call Act an Oversight.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Urging repeal of the Mullan-Gage State prohibition enforcement law as the first real step toward wiping out the Eighteenth Amendment, a delegation of about 100 non-partisan women, representing the Molly Pitcher Club, appeared before Governor Smith in the executive chamber for about an hour this afternoon.

At the end of the meeting the Governor refused to grant the request of Colonel Ransom H. Gillett, representing the Association Opposed to Prohibition, who introduced the speakers, that he speak to the women. Without rising from his chair, the Governor said:

"I haven't anything to say, Colonel. These bills are now pending before the Legislature, and when they pass, if they do, I will give a hearing on them and invite the Molly Pitcher Club to be present."

The failure of the Governor to rise brought sarcastic remarks about his "rudeness" from some of the women after he had left the chamber. Others, particularly Democratic women from New York City, were inclined to overlook the fact that the Governor did not rise, saying they were sure he did not intend it as a "slap" at them, but that it was merely an oversight.

"Governor Smith, in failing to rise when addressing women, failed to show a courtesy which would be expected even from a schoolboy," exclaimed Mrs. David Foley of Buffalo. "It was rude of him, and I'd tell him that to his face. We rose when he entered the chamber, and he should have returned the compliment even in making his few remarks. When the Governor came to Buffalo last Fall 700 women, including myself as a non-partisan, although I really am a Republican, gave him a most cordial reception, but I can see nothing cordial in the manner he treated us in refusing to rise from his chair."

**New York City Women Defend Smith.**

"Oh, what's the use of stirring up trouble because the Governor forgot to rise," said a representative of several New York City women. "Doesn't Mrs. Foley realize that it was simply an oversight on his part and that he didn't mean anything by it. Naturally, we didn't expect the Governor would commit himself on the repeal of the Mullan-Gage law, especially while the bills are pending before the Legislature."

Apparently, the majority of the women had no objection to the Governor's attitude. About 40 of the 100 women were from up-State cities.

Miss Louise Cross of Westchester told the Governor she "hated" to admit that she came from the same community as William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League.

"I come from the home county of William H. Anderson, and I hate to admit it, but you must remember, Governor, that a country is not responsible for the idiosyncracies of one of its inhabitants," she said. "We ask you to use your persuasive powers with the Legislature to repeal this hypocritical farce called prohibition."

Mrs. Elizabeth Edwards of New York City told the Governor that the chief objection of the women to prohibition was that is had "brought bootleggers into existence and is making secret criminals out of almost all of us." She added: "The flower of our State and nation, our boys and girls, are being degraded under the prohibition law. Almost all of our young men think it is smart to have something on their hip, as they say. Liquors are being made and sold and will continue to be. Whisky is being brought into New York City and, as a matter of fact, into this State by shiploads and truckloads.

"We have had no liberty or freedom since prohibition. We see our boys and girls slipping from under our wing. We have drinking classes in this country now, instead of castes. The rich fill their cellars and the poor man is deprived of his beer. That is dangerous."

**Women Condemn Prohibition Law.**

Mrs. Foley said the women were convinced that the prohibition law never had been or would be enforced, "because of the hundreds of miles of unprotected coast line open to the bootleggers." She went on: "New York State never had a referendum on this question, and it is not a democracy when a minority can thrust such a law upon the country. Many crimes are being committed these days, all because of prohibition. Give us back our personal liberty and American freedom in personal habits. The womanhood and manhood of America who believe

Continued on Page Four.

BELL-ANS WILL RELIEVE YOUR Indigestion.—Advt.

## TRAPPED AT PHONE GIVING MURDER CLUE

### Arrest Made by New York Detectives While Man Is Talking to Jersey City Police.

### TRYING TO CLEAR ANOTHER

### Prisoner Had Used His Own Name as Slayer of Girl in Jersey City.

A telephone bell tinkled in Police Headquarters, Jersey City, at 9 o'clock last night and a man's voice rang excitedly into the ear of Captain Michael Kelly, on desk duty:

"I have some information about the murder of Christine Hervish, who was killed last November in Wallington, N. J. I'd like to tell you all about it if you care to listen."

"Hold the wire a minute, I'm very busy; I'll talk with you in just a minute," said Captain Kelly, remembering the murder of the 17-year-old daughter of John Hervish, sexton of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Passaic, who was found strangled behind a greenhouse of Roehr's Nursery, Wallington.

The Police Captain quickly directed Detective Frank Gross, standing nearby, to get the telephone chief operator on the wire in an effort to locate the call which had come to the desk. Through the aid of telephone operators in Jersey City and New York the call was traced to a telephone booth in a drug store at 6 Chatham Square, just off the Bowery.

Gross then was directed to communicate with New York Police Headquarters and, if it could be done quickly enough, have detectives sent to the New York address while the Captain kept the informant engaged in conversation.

**Detectives Use Motorcycle.**

A few minutes later, at the direction of Deputy Police Commissioner Dominick Henry, Detectives Howard O'Leary, Robert Gray and Dan McKettrick of the Oak Street Station were speeding toward the Chatham Square address in a motorcycle.

Meanwhile, over the telephone Captain Kelly heard:

"You know they arrested a man named Robert H. Ellis for this murder up in Boston, but he did not do it. I happen to know that the murder really was committed by a man named Robert Downey."

Captain Kelly, familiar with the details of the murder, went on discussing it until his wire went dead. A few minutes later Police Headquarters in New York informed him over the wire that the detectives had found the man in the drug store at 6 Chatham Square and had taken him to the Oak Street Station.

When they reached the drug store the detectives quickly found that only one telephone booth was occupied. McKettrick went into another and heard:

"I am trying to clear my friend Ellis. I know he didn't commit the murder." Then the man in the booth hung up the receiver and headed out of the drug store.

As he reached the door O'Leary and Gray halted him.

"Now tell us the truth, didn't you commit this murder yourself?" they asked him. "Are you the Robert Downey you have been talking about?"

**Said He Committed Murder.**

According to the detectives, the man, who appeared to be about 25 years old, admitted he was Robert Downey.

"I committed the murder and if you will give me an even break I'll tell you all about it," the detectives quoted him as saying.

In the detectives' room in the station house where the telephone informant was detained the police said the man admitted that his name was Sylvester McGrath and that his alias was "Robert Downey." He said he lived at 1,403 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, according to the police, and that he had deserted from the navy on June 5, 1922, after serving since the previous January. He said that previously he had served in the Eighteenth Infantry, Second Division, under the name of Sylvester McGrath and that he had served a term in Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

During his imprisonment there, according to the police, word was sent to his wife, said to be living somewhere in New Jersey, that he was dead, and she remarried. Detectives, who left the detective's room from time to time as the questioning proceeded, said that "Downey" had admitted that he knew Miss Hervish, had met her through his aunt, "who is the wife of Dr. Perkins, living over in Cranford."

A Dr. James L. Perkins lives at 16 Alden Street, Cranford, but no response could be obtained from his telephone at a late hour last night.

**Girl Had Fought Assailant.**

Miss Hervish, who bore an excellent reputation, had fought bitterly to save herself from her assailant. Marks of a struggle were all about the scene of the crime near a little New Jersey town.

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## RUHR CONFUSION AND TENSION WORSE; ALL ESSEN ON STRIKE

### French Seize Essen Town Hall and Close Theatre After Big Patriotic Demonstration.

### ARMED RISING IS POSSIBLE

### Extremists Gain Control of Resistance Organizations and May Override Berlin's Policy.

### SABOTAGE IS INCREASING

### Rhine-Herne Canal Blocked by Sunken Barge—Workers Quit Mines—More Functionaries Arrested.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Feb. 15.—The uncertainty of the situation in the Ruhr seems to increase every twenty-four hours. Protest strikes against French lockouts because of the shortage of coal, incidents between French sentries and gangs of young Germans, sabotage on the telephone and telegraph lines, the closing down of public services by the French as reprisal, arrests and expulsions are all increasing in number.

The whole town of Essen is on strike as a protest, the Germans say, against French action in requisitioning the hotels and closing the telephone exchange—under menace, the French say, of boycott and sabotage by German Nationalists.

At Bottrop workers in three mines have struck work because, the miners say, the French railroad men tried to shift coal which has piled up at the pitheads.

At Duisburg the street railway men are on strike.

At Recklinghausen, where practically all the municipal and other officials have been arrested, there is a kind of soviet of employes running public business and proclaiming that the French will not dare lay hands on them.

All over the district the relations between German functionaries and the French have practically ceased.

**Burgomaster Sent to Jail.**

At Blankenstein the Burgomaster has been condemned to thirty days in prison.

In Duesseldorf two workmen arrested while trying to cut the telegraph lines are being sent to penal servitude.

Owing to the shutting of the Duesseldorf telephone exchange the banks are refusing to do any dealing in foreign money, and it is impossible to get marks. This in a town where for many months no one has ever kept any reserve marks but changed foreign currencies from day to day, according to his needs. So it has put an end to all business.

During the last ten days foreign money to the value of 1,000,000,000 francs had been sold in Duesseldorf and the district.

While the mark has doubled in value in the last ten days with regard to the franc, the price of meat has increased eight times. Bread has more than doubled and flour costs seven times what it did on the date of entry into Essen. As a comment on that last item, the French soldiers at the coal control barrier yesterday were surprised to see a train with thirty carloads of flour passing out of the district.

These are only a few examples of the confusion and disorganization which exist and the difficulties out of which an issue must be found.

**Danger of Armed Resistance.**

There is growing danger that same attempt may be made here and in the Ruhr at armed resistance and guerrilla war.

Since Chancellor Cuno gave the sanction of his presence here to resistance organizations which have been formed these have increased in size and changed in character. At first they were headed and directed by exiled functionaries and intended to direct obstruction tactics in all the public services on which the French have in a measure to depend. They organized the payment of the railroad men and directed the boycott campaigns which have broken out here and there.

But their comparative failure along these lines has inevitably led to an increase in power among them of a more militant section with more militant ideas. As in every other rebel organization, the extremists are gaining the upper hand and are beginning to dictate a policy which is not exactly the policy of the Government. In the Ruhr open revolt is being preached and attempts are being made to form a secret organization for smuggling arms into the district.

The reasoning behind this policy is that opinion in France will not allow occupation of the Ruhr to continue if the lives of the soldiers are endangered. The leaders argue that the French Government and French Parliament will be compelled by public opinion to withdraw, in just the same way as they were compelled to withdraw from Cilicia and may be soon compelled to withdraw from Syria.

They adduce as further encourage-

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### *U. S. Intervention in Ruhr Not Wanted by France*

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Co.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—I am in the position to state that the French Government hopes sincerely that neither London nor Washington will attempt intervention at Paris for the purpose of bringing about a settlement of the Ruhr situation.

If London or Washington sees fit to advise Berlin to meet the French and Belgian terms, Paris would regard it as a wise step, but that is the only sort of Ruhr intervention the Poincaré Government wishes—at least at this time.

Paris regards the Ruhr fight as one which must be carried to a finish. The French think the fight has only begun and count on time to win for them. If the Ruhr occupation is costing France and Belgium now at the rate of 15,000,000 tons of coal yearly, it is costing Germany at the rate of 100,000,000 tons yearly.

The French figure that France has got along before without the Ruhr, but that modern Germany has not and cannot. Therefore, in time, they say they must win, and argue that English or American intervention at Paris would have only the effect of encouraging the Germans and thus prolonging the task of France and Belgium.

## FRENCH SCENT TRICK IN RISE OF MARK

### They Hold That It Shows That Germany's Bankruptcy Was Only a Pretense.

### RUHR COST IS NOW DOUBLED

### Stinnes Is Said to Have Had Advance Information on Reichsbank's Plan and Profited.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 16.—The extraordinary rise in the value at the mark by which the price of German paper has more than doubled in ten days is viewed by the French as another German trick. They credit it to the German sale of securities held abroad and to the Reichsbank selling gold, and they argue quickly that it shows the Germans have money to spare for purposes other than reparations.

As the French see it, the German plan has three purposes; first, to enable Germans to buy abroad coal and other products ordinarily gotten from the Ruhr; second, to hamper the French and Belgians in the Ruhr, and third, to prevent a further rise in the cost of living in Germany in order to bolster the German Government.

It is argued in Paris that the German Government has always forced the mark downward to aid big German exporters, but now that Germany seeks to become a larger importer it suits her to have the mark rise. There can be no doubt that the rise makes the Ruhr operation more costly, for the French and Belgians must buy marks to expend in the Ruhr. If the French must buy daily 500,000,000 paper marks it is very evident that they will cost more with the mark at 20,000 to the dollar than with the mark at 40,000.

**Paper Flood Undiminished.**

As Paris sees it, the rise is artificial because the situation in Germany is not bettering and because the flood of new paper money is unabated, more than 200,000,000,000 additional having been put in circulation in the first week of February.

Paris reports have it that Stinnes and other big German industrialists knew days ahead of the action which the Reichsbank was going to take and made enormous profits. The editor of Information says:

"As long as she thought she could impress the Allies Germany forced down her exchange. Thus she played the game of the great industrialists, who sold abroad much more than they imported. Now that she is cut off from Ruhr coal and is not exporting greatly, the Stinnes interest is to have the mark go up, and up it goes. It all proves that big German business could have acted to save the mark long ago by selling holdings abroad if it had wanted to do so."

The Journal des Debats says that the Germans have used 30,000,000 gold marks in two days in buying marks abroad. It continues:

"In financial circles there is no very clear expression of what Germany is trying to do. It is believed that Cuno may be trying to show that the mark rises rapidly when Germany doesn't pay reparations. Others believe an effort is being made to make it easier for Germany to import coal."

**Called a Desperate Step.**

The Temps devotes its leading article to the mark, saying:

"The floating debt of the Reich has passed two trillions and measures have been taken to manufacture three trillions of paper marks in the month of

Continued on Page Three.

## *French Flier Breaks World's Speed Record In Flight at More Than 234 Miles an Hour*

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The French aviator Sadi Lecointe broke the world's speed record this morning by accomplishing 377.657 kilometers an hour (234.064 miles). This betters by 18.821 kilometers the record of 358.836 kilometers established last October by General William Mitchell in Michigan.

Lecointe's flight was made at Istres, near Marseilles, in a Nieuport-Delage plane carrying a 300-horsepower Hispano-Suiso motor and a Solex carburetor. The first kilometer was made in 9 1-5 seconds, or a speed of 391.304 kilometers an hour; the second in 10 seconds, or 360 kilometers an hour; the third in 9 2-5 seconds, or 382.978 kilometers an hour, and the fourth in 9 4-5 seconds, or 376.346 kilometers an hour.

Lecointe's last world's record was made Dec. 21 when he flew at the rate of 348.25 kilometers an hour.

## SENATE VOTES TODAY ON THE BRITISH DEBT; PASSAGE IS CERTAIN

### Agreement Is Reached to Limit Debate and Continue Session Until Bill Is Disposed Of.

### REED CRITICISES TERMS

### Missouri Senator Would Compel "Full Payment" by Seizing Near-By British Possessions.

### OWEN ADMINISTERS REBUKE

### Calls Such Statements Mischievous—All Amendments Are Likely to Fail.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Senate agreed late this afternoon to limit debate on the British Debt bill after 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and to remain in continuous session until the bill is disposed of. Both sides agree that a vote on the bill will be had before midnight tomorrow. Under the agreement no Senator can speak longer than ten minutes or more than once on the bill or any amendment to it.

The first effort to limit debate failed on objections by Senators Reed of Missouri and McKellar of Tennessee. Later they yielded to persuasion from both sides and agreed to let the limitation proposition go through. Senator La Follette, however, insisted that the agreement should also include a promise by the majority that tomorrow the Vice President shall not be supplied with a list of Senators to be recognized regardless of the rights of other Senators desiring the floor.

"I want the vicious business of recognizing certain Senators in the order as indicated on lists supplied the Chair stopped," said Senator La Follette, "and this is a good time to begin." The Administration leaders had no alternative but to agree.

The debate today was spirited. Senators Reed of Missouri, Walsh of Montana and Hitchcock were the principal critics, while Senators Smoot, Glass and Pomerene defended the settlement as submitted by the Administration. Senator Glass said the bargain was a much better one than he had hoped for. In answer to a question by Senator McKellar, Senator Glass said that the number of persons in this country now owning Liberty bonds is about 13,000,000. At one time, he said, the number was as high as 22,000,000.

Senator Hitchcock objected to the rate of interest, and offered an amendment to place the rate on a par with that paid on American securities and to be paid semi-annually. He said, however, that he might vote for the bill as it stands.

**Reed Says We Are "Gold-Bricked."**

Senator Reed of Missouri, opening the debate today, said the effort to rush the bill through "aroused his suspicion," adding that in his judgment "the haste is indecent and indicates that Great Britain is trying to gold brick this nation." He charged that subtle propaganda in favor of the passage of the bill was everywhere evident, and that if the people of the country were correctly informed "their wrath would be expended on the heads of the Senate."

Practically every newspaper in the United States, Senator Reed asserted, is lined up with the international bankers in an effort to force favorable action on the bill. The editors, he said, "write profusely upon all subjects under the sun and have exact knowledge on nothing about which they write." During the war, he added, every editor in the country felt himself qualified to inform the military leaders how to defeat the Teutonic combination.

"This thing is sugar-coated," he said. "We are the pitcher and England is the catcher, and she never muffs a ball. It will save the financiers of Great Britain one billion dollars and deliver us bound hand and foot to the British Government."

He also predicted that we might be drawn into war by too close an association with Great Britain, declaring that he would "rather cancel our debt than unite our interests with the British Empire's for the next sixty-two years," which amounted to practical cancellation of the principal of the debt."

That principal and interest should be paid in full, he declared, and if England refused to pay she could be compelled to do so by our seizing her possessions near the United States.

Senator Owen rebuked him, calling his remarks mischievous.

**Walsh Regrets Our Weakening.**

Senator Walsh of Montana, announcing his opposition, said the country should not deceive itself concerning the settlement as agreed on by the American and British commissions, declaring it "a remission of part of the debt due us from Great Britain and nothing else. No honeyed words can make it anything else. The armistice was hardly signed before an agitation began for the cancellation of the debts due the United States. But the appeals for cancellation were rejected by the Wilson and then the Harding Administration, and because they would not yield a torrent of abuse was let loose against this country." He said that "irresponsible emanations" of certain newspapers, which he did not name, can be forgotten, but the implied criticism in the Balfour letter, which suggested a cancellation, cannot be forgotten and the "obvious effect, if not the purpose of that letter, was to excite the ill will of continental Europe against the United States.

"Our Government was unshaken alike by argument and by vilification, but now it yields in the policy to which it has heretofore adhered and forgives, not all, but a portion of this debt. It does not authorize to say the people of Great Britain are overburdened with

taxation. So are we. Great Britain was fighting her own, not our battles.

"It is advanced further that we shall be able to refund our bonds as they fall due on terms at least as favorable as those accorded by the proposed adjustment with Great Britain. Perhaps. But why should we assume the risk? Who shall say what vicissitudes may overtake our country, affecting its credits, or what world influences may depress the market for its securities, increasing the rate of interest at which they must be put out?"

Senator Hitchcock asked Senator Smoot if it was true that the British Government had acquired a large amount of American bonds at prices below par, which bonds, under the agreement, could be turned in at par and credited on the debt payments.

"Whether England has bought any or not, I cannot say," replied Senator Smoot, "but I will say that if she threw our bonds on the market it could not possibly 'bear' the market very much. If she does buy our bonds it will increase the value of those bonds."

Senator Owen of Oklahoma gave his unqualified endorsement to the debt settlement plan. Senator Pomerene also approved the bill.

"I congratulate the American Commissioners," said Senator Pomerene, "for what they have done. The adjustment they propose is a just one and I believe it will be approved by the people of both nations."

It is the opinion of supporters of the bill that it will pass with only one amendment—that of Senator Robinson, which provides that future settlements with other nations must also be submitted to Congress for approval. There are many other amendments pending, but all appear doomed to defeat.

### BALDWIN EVADES QUESTIONS.

**British Chancellor Asks M. P.'s to Refrain From Debt Inquiries.**

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Stanley Baldwin, when plied with questions in the House of Commons today on how the interest on the debt to the United States was to be paid, begged the House to refrain from discussion of this subject until Congress had confirmed the agreement.

He admitted, however, that there was no compulsion to pay the maximum amount in sterling, but he had been unable to arrive at an agreement on the details of the interest payments, which would have to be settled later.

## FORD OFFER HELD UP, IS CHARGE IN HOUSE

### *Chairman Campbell of Rules Committee Accused of Blocking Muscle Shoals Action.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Chairman Campbell of the Rules Committee was charged today in the House with blocking action on legislation proposing acceptance of Henry Ford's offer for Muscle Shoals. Representative Garrett of Tennessee, Democratic leader, asserted that the Rules Committee at its last meeting would have adopted a resolution to give to this legislation right of way had Mr. Campbell not declined to lay the rule before the committee for action.

Asked by Representative Bankhead of Alabama, why he had not presented the resolution, Mr. Campbell said he would answer that at the proper time, adding that he was representing "the responsible majority of the House."

"I would like to have an academic discussion of Muscle Shoals at some time," said Mr. Campbell, "and that is the only thing that it would be if the matter came before the House. I think I could discuss this subject in a potent way that the gentleman from Alabama would not enjoy."

Representatives Almon of Alabama and Fields of Kentucky joined in a demand that the Rules Committee report out a resolution which would enable the House to take action on the Ford offer. Mr. Fields said the proposed legislation had "the support of a large number of Republicans of the House and of practically the entire Democratic membership."

"There is strong and powerful opposition to the bill," he said. "The first opposition is from the Alabama Power Company. Then there is the American Cyanide Company, a Canadian institution in the main."

Mr. Fields also charged that the steel interests were opposed to the proposition, as were automobile manufacturers, "because of the well-known fact that Henry Ford controls the automobile market." He listed the International Harvester Company among opponents, asserting that its opposition was because Ford "controls the farm tractor market."

Representative Fish of New York offered a resolution proposing the appointment of a committee of three Republican and three Democratic Representatives "to revise, clarify, and liberalize the rules of the House, so as to enable a majority of the House to consider proposed legislation and to establish a system of rules by which the House will again be placed in control of its own procedure."

## BABY BURNED TO DEATH IN TENEMENT FIRE

### *Another Is Dropped Two Floors Into A Snowdrift By Father and Is Not Harmed.*

A 2-year-old boy was burned to death and several others were injured when the three-story rear tenement house at 306 West Thirty-ninth Street burned early this morning.

Marie Leighthowrne, a negress, the baby's mother, ran down the stairs into the street screaming that her child was in the house. A neighbor hastened into the house and found the child's body and brought it out.

William Dean jumped from his flat on the third floor into the courtyard and broke his right leg. He was taken to Bellevue. Daisy Gibson, a month-old baby, was dropped by her father from the second floor and landed on a pile of snow unhurt. Patrolman Lutz of the West Thirtieth Street Station rescued another baby just as the flames were beginning to set fire to its clothings.

The fire started on the ground floor in the flat of Mrs. Lily Peterson and quickly spread through the halls to the top floor, where it mushroomed out under the roof. Ten families living in the house were taken in by neighbors for the night.

**Swiss Deficit Less Than Estimated.**

BERNE, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The Swiss Government has found that its treasury is better of by 15,000,000 francs than had been estimated in the budget of 1922, for the deficit is only 85,000,000 francs instead of 100,000,000. Total receipts amount to 417,000,000 francs, while the expenses total 502,000,000. The deficit is practically the equivalent of the government doles to the unemployed.

## CAMERA RECORDS DETAILS OF TOMB

### Expert Explains the Importance of Photography in Egyptian Archaeological Work.

### USES MIRRORS TO GET LIGHT

### Objects Sometimes Crumble to Dust at Touch, and Pictures Are the Only Evidence Left.

By HARRY BURTON
Of the Egyptian Expedition of the Metropolitan Museum of New York.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LUXOR, Egypt, Feb. 15.—In view of the great interest that has been aroused by the discovery of the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen by Lord Carnavon and Mr. Howard Carter, a few notes on the photographic work in connection with the clearing of the tomb may be of interest. Few people realize the importance of photography in archaeological research, but if it were not for the camera much evidence would be entirely lost and certain details would never be noticed.

Before the excavations are commenced several general views of the site are taken, and it is from these that very useful information is obtained as to the ground plans, which are frequently invisible to the naked eye yet are very distinct in the photograph. The work above ground is comparatively simple, as it is chiefly a question of choosing the right moment in which the light will give the best results of the site or objects to be photographed.

Not so, however, is the work of photographing the interior of tombs, where the light is more often than not practically nil, and the question is how to get it into the tomb to enable one to make an exposure. Until comparatively recently such photographs were taken with a flashlight, but these were rarely satisfactory, and, moreover, after one photograph had been taken it was necessary to wait a considerable time for the smoke to disperse before another could be taken.

It was, therefore, a sheer waste of time to use a flashlight if other means were available.

I have had considerable experience in photographing the paintings and reliefs in the tombs of Thebes, and have been invariably successful with a little management in throwing the sunlight into the underground chambers—sometimes over 100 feet below the surface—that never before had seen the light of day.

**Uses Mirrors to Get Sunshine.**

This is done with the aid of large mirrors. One mirror is placed outside the tomb entrance in the sunshine, and a shaft of sunlight sent from this into the chamber is caught by a silver-papered reflector and thence thrown on the part of the wall that is to be photographed, being kept constantly in motion to insure equal lighting.

Sometimes it is necessary to use two or even three mirrors in addition to the reflector. This adds to the work considerably, since the oftener the light is reflected the more it decreases in power and the longer it takes to make an exposure.

The mirror outside is manipulated by one of the native camera boys, who in a long exposure of this kind is liable to relax his attention, and, unless constantly reminded, to let the sunshaft slip off the reflector.

The Mehenkwetre models, which were discovered in 1920 by the expedition of the Metropolitan Museum of New York, were found in a small chamber below the floor level in the main passage, seventy-five feet from the entrance, and the light inside the chamber was not enough to see by, much less to photograph. But with the aid of mirrors posted outside and a reflector inside we were able to record the position of every object in the chamber.

When an intact tomb is found, unfortunately a very rare occurrence, one usually finds the entrance bricked up, and in some cases the entire surface of the plaster covered with seals. In such a case the first thing to be done is to photograph this sealed entrance, and nothing further must be done until the picture is developed and pronounced satisfactory. Duplicate negatives are invariably taken, as once the seals and bricks are removed the photographs are the only evidence that remains.

The entrance is then cleared and other general views are taken of the interior, and nothing is touched until satisfactory results have been obtained, as it is most important to have photographic records of how the objects were placed.

These general views taken, the work of clearing begins, and as it progresses detail photographs are taken of any new piece of evidence that turns up or of any object or group of objects which the general views have failed to disclose. It may in some cases even be necessary to take a series of a dozen or more views of a single object in order to illustrate the various stages in its clearing or unwrapping.

Sometimes happens that the photographs taken in the tomb are the only ones that it is possible to get, as frequently the objects collapse when touched.

**Statue Collapsed to Dust.**

I remember when we were clearing a series of Seventeenth Dynasty tombs which had been infested with white ants, and the preliminary photographs were literally the only record of most of the wooden objects found. The coffins appeared to be in perfect condition but when touched they collapsed into dust.

There was one very attractive small wooden statue of a girl in one of these tombs which appeared to be quite sound. it was standing quite alone, and after a general view of the chamber had been taken the camera was turned on it. I intended to expose the plate for two minutes, but after it had been exposed for one and three-quarter minutes the figure suddenly collapsed and nothing remained but a small heap of dust.

I immediately switched off the beam of light, put the cap on the camera and went off to develop the plate. Fortunately, the negative turned out to be quite good, and, although the statuette no longer existed, we had a complete record of it.

This is only one of many similar cases.

When Lord Carnarvon and Mr. Carter told me they were going to ask the Metropolitan Museum for the loan of my services to assist in the recording of the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen the first idea that came to me was the question of lighting, and I was greatly relieved to learn electric light was to be used and that we should be able to work independently of the sun. The tomb of this King was lighted by electricity, so that it was only a question of extra wire and more powerful lamps.

As a general rule one can rely on having bright sunshine at Luxor, even in Winter, but occasionally there are cloudy days, which usually occur when least wanted.

**Color-Rendering a Problem.**

Another point that is very important in tomb photography is color-rendering. In the first chamber of the tomb in question the predominant color is gold, and the two statues of the King guarding the sealed entrance are black and gold. Gold on an ordinary plate comes out black, and even on an ortho-chromatic plate the difference between black and gold is not very marked. Therefore, the only way to get a correct color-rendering is to use pan-chromatic plates. These have to be manipulated in total darkness, which is not at all a difficult business in a well-appointed dark room, but it is not so easy in the desert or in a tomb.

My dark room is the so-called cache of Khu-n-aten, father-in-law of Tut-ankh-Amen, discovered by Theodore Davis and Mr. Ayrton in 1909, and within a stone's throw of Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb. It is approached by a flight of twenty-five steps, down a passage 30 feet long, at the end of which four more steps lead down into a chamber 30 feet square. At the foot of the first flight of steps we hung a heavy black curtain, with another at the end of the passage, and when these are drawn I have a very efficient dark room.

When I am developing pan-chromatic plates I post one of my camera boys outside the outer curtain with my watch. When the developer is poured on the plate I shout to him to note the time and he calls out the minutes as they pass. I thus know when to take the plate from the developer and place it in the fixing bath. At first it is a little difficult to work in absolute darkness, but one soon gets used to it, and the results, generally speaking, are well worth the inconvenience.

In the tomb itself I have two electric lamps, one a stationary 2,000 C. P. half-watt and one a portable 1,000 C. P. halfwatt. The latter I use for breaking up shadows by keeping it constantly in motion.

I began by taking general views of the chamber from the entrance with a good overlap to insure a record of all the objects. Since then I have been photographing them in groups, and when each group has been done it is removed to the tomb of Seti II., in which the objects are being cleaned and restored. The final photographs will be taken when these processes are completed.

## 2 PAY DEATH PENALTY IN SING SING PRISON

### *Westling, Slayer in Bronx Robbery, and Zambelli, Who Killed Woman, Die in Chair.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

OSSINING, Feb. 15.—Alfie Westling, 40, who declared he had no regrets, and Joseph Zambelli, 26, were put to death late tonight in Sing Sing's electric chair for murder committed during robberies.

Westling was convicted of killing Carl Moller, a jeweler, while robbing him in his home, 1,668 Nelson Avenue, the Bronx, a year ago. Zambelli was convicted of having shot and killed Mrs. Joseph Holbach in a hotel at South Ozone Park, L. I., during a hold-up four years ago.

"I am a fatalist," said Westling to Warden Lawes. "I believe whatever is to be will be. I have no regrets so far as I am concerned. I am sorry for my mother and other members of my family. I worked hard, and studied hard and never had any trouble until my wife left me and I needed money and became desperate."

The Rev. Dr. Anthony N. Peterson, Protestant chaplain, prayed with Westling as he walked to the chair. The Rev. Father William E. Cashin, Catholic chaplain, accompanied Zambelli.

## LADDY BOY IN THE HOUSE.

### White House Dog Is Pictured Racing About With Can on His Tail.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Mental pictures of "Laddie Boy" running around the White House with a tin can attached to his tail touched the funny bone of the House today to such an extent that business was stopped for a few minutes.

Representative MacLafferty, Republican of California, made the suggestion that such a degradation of the aristocrat of the canine world and the official Presidential dog was not impossible. During debate on the Navy Omnibus bill, Representative Blanton, Democrat of Texas, said the Marine Band was a "society band" which spent its time playing at the White House and at "high social functions." Mr. MacLafferty interrupted to ask if the Texas Representative wished to reduce music at the White House to a degree where it would consist only of "Laddie Boy" dashing madly about a few inches in advance of a tomato can.

Democratic members who own dogs of Democratic leanings, roared approval of the idea, but when the debate had ended continued functioning of the Marine Band was assured, with a consequent lessening of the possibility of harassment of "Laddie Boy."

## READY FOR OPENING OF PHARAOH'S TOMB

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Asiatics in ivory and Ethiopians in ebony as handles, as well as the bows, are now ready for casing. The clearance of the red box containing the King's robes has been completed, and among the additional objects found in it is another gold scarab, somewhat smaller but most beautifully inlaid.

It now appears clear that the scarab buckle forming the King's cartouche "Kheperu-neb-Ra," which was found lying on the robe, does not belong to it. It and another very fine gold scarab now found are evidently another instance of the robbers' rifling and the hasty manner in which the Necropolitan inspectors put into the nearest boxes whatever was found on the ground, though to what decoration these two jewels belonged it is at present impossible to say.

## THINKS TUT-ANKH-AMEN RULED FOR NINE YEARS

### *Prof. Petrie Puts Reign of Khu-n-aten at 18 Years and That of Saa-nekht at 12 Years.*

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—"I don't understand," said Professor Flinders Petrie today, "why they want to cut down the reigns of the Kings of the eighteenth dynasty. The date at which the dynasty began, 1587, is universally admitted, and it is pretty clear that it lasted until 1328, because the date of the second King of the nineteenth dynasty, Rameses, it seems, is fixed by this horoscope. So it seems to me that if the reigns of Khu-n-aten and Tut-ankh-Amen are shortened unduly we have a number of years at the end of the dynasty unaccounted for. My calculation is that Khu-n-aten reigned for eighteen years, his successor, Saa-nekht, for twelve years and Tut-ankh-Amen for nine years.

"This estimate coincides well with the numbers of the articles, vases, rings, and so on which I discovered at Tell-el-Amorna, inscribed with the name of each. There were seventy-two belonging to Khu-n-aten, thirty-three to Saa-nekht, and twenty-seven to Tut-ankh-Amen, of which fifteen were inscribed Tut-ankh-Aten, showing they were made before he turned to the Amen faith. The discovery of the other twelve with his new name suggests that considerable activity persisted at Tell-el-Amorna even after his change of religion."

Professor Petrie spoke strongly of the necessity of founding a new museum at Luxor for the housing of Tut-ankh-Amen's treasures.

"The museum at Cairo is already crowded," he said, "and for proper care of Lord Carnarvon's discoveries at least an eighth of the present building would be necessary. Then Cairo in the Winter has damp fogs, which are most prejudicial to wood already rotten with age and covered with gesso work. Nothing could be worse for that than having the wood it is laid on affected by the changes of climate. As for the royal mummies, if they are kept in Cairo I believe they will fall to pieces in a hundred years. Since the Egyptian Government must build, why should it not build a new museum in the dry climate of Luxor. That is where these treasures can best be preserved."

## NEW TREASON TRIAL DISTURBS FRANCE

### Political Passions Aroused by the Return of Ernest Judet to Face Defeatist Charge.

### CALLED POINCARE THREAT

### But Some of the Premier's Foes Think He May Have Given Promise of Immunity.

PARIS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The return from Switzerland of Ernest Judet, former editor of L'Eclair, who is under sentence of perpetual imprisonment by default on a charge of high treason, is expected to result in a political trial of an intensely controversial character.

Government circles believe that M. Judet's return and his decision to stand trial is an attempt on the part of the Opposition extremists to conduct an offensive against Premier Poincaré. On the other hand, opponents of the Poincaré Government, such as André Tardieu and the Echo National, say Judet has assurance from the Government that he will receive absolute immunity provided he makes revelations calculated to weaken the Opposition.

M. Judet has been for thirty years one of the stanchest opponents of Georges Clemenceau, and it was he who organized the campaign of 1892 which resulted in the Tiger's defeat for re-election as Senator from Toulon.

His activities during the war and his alleged relations with Baron von Romberg, then German Minister to Switzerland, brought him under suspicion of the French authorities, and he left for Switzerland as soon as Clemenceau assumed power in 1917.

The general public is greatly interested in the return of Judet and his subsequent appearance before a court-martial, which is provided for under the French law decreeing that a sentence is automatically removed when a person convicted in his absence eventually presents himself for trial.

Judet is accused of accepting money from Baron von Romberg for the conduct of defeatist propaganda in France during the war. His case is linked with that of former Deputy Paul Meunier, who died recently after spending several months in Sante Prison, and Mme. Bernain de Ravisi, against whom the investigating magistrate found no bill. The painter, Hans Brossard, another accused in the conspiracy, also was sentenced by default.

Judet is credited with possessing a number of sensational documents. All sorts of revelations are foreseen for the trail, which probably will be held in May, and which now bids fair to rank among the most celebrated in the annals of French justice.

M. Leduc, Judet's lawyer, says that he will subpoena 100 witnesses, including Georges Clemenceau and other celebrities. The Echo National, the Clemenceau organ, affirms that the prosecution will withdraw from the case, a promise to that effect having been made to Judet before he decided to return from Switzerland.

## IRISH REBELS GIVE OUT ALLEGED PEACE TERMS

### *Make Known Proposals Said to Have Been Submitted to Them by Bishop Fogarty.*

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Feb. 15.—The republicans publish peace proposals stating they were submitted by Bishop Fogarty to the irregulars of the western area. These at the outset require recognition of the present Government, following which the irregular officers and men would be absorbed in the civic guard until the Irish army's future was determined by Parliament.

Eighty conditions are outlined, and it is alleged that Bishop Fogarty's communication concluded:

"The conditions would probably be accepted by the Government if satisfied that the large majority of the officers and men agree to carry them loyally into effect."

An official denial by the Government of the authorization of the proposals is expected.

Bishop Fogarty has been appealing to the irregulars to surrender arms, but says that it is "no use appealing to some prominent leaders who listen to nothing and nobody except themselves."

Rev. Patrick Brown, Professor of mathematics in Maynooth College, remains a prisoner in military custody. He, with Mary MacSwiney and other women, were arrested in the republican offices on Monday. The women were released as of no military importance. It is now expected that Brown is likely to be brought to trial.

BELFAST, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The Irish irregular leader, Bofin, against whom the Free State is engaged in an extensive campaign in the Arigna Mountains of County Cavan, was married on Monday in the village church at Leitrim, according to a report from Belturbet today.

The sweeping of the hills where the insurgent leader and his followers have taken refuge was being vigorously pressed, said today's report from the vicinity. Some of the best military brains among the Free State forces are behind the big sweep, it was declared.

## WIEDFELDT SEES HARDING.

### He Introduces German Member of Mixed Claims Board.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Dr. Otto Wiedfeldt, the German Ambassador, and Dr. Wilhelm Klesselbach, the German member of the mixed claims commission, spent more than a half hour today in conference with President Harding.

The appointment was said by White House officials to be for the purpose of "paying respects" and to permit the Ambassador to "formally present" Dr. Klesselbach to the President. When they left after being closeted for forty minutes with the Chief Executive they declined to say whether the interview had covered more than a formal introduction.

Asked directly whether the Ruhr situation had been taken up, Dr. Wiedfeldt refused to reply.

"I understand," he said, "it is a custom of this country not to speak of the subjects you take up with the President."

**Propose Crago as Weeks's Aid.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Representative Thomas S. Crago of Waynesburg, Pa., was recommended today by Pennsylvania Representatives for appointment as Assistant Secretary of War, to succeed J. Mayhew Wainwright, who resigned to become a candidate for Congress. The speakers told Secretary Weeks that Mr. Crago was the unanimous choice of the delegation in the House. Mr. Crago is a veteran of the Spanish-American War and saw active service in the Philippines. He has been active in National Guard matters in Pennsylvania.

## REPUBLICANS HERE OPEN TRANSIT FIGHT

### *County Organization Provides for Committee to Study Hylan Measure.*

Local Republican leaders at a meeting of the Republican County Committee at Bryant Hall made plans last night for the organization's fight upon the Hylan transit bills. The fight is to be started by the four Republican Assemblymen from New York County, Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the County Committee, was empowered to appoint a committee to study the transit bills with a view to "guiding but not directing" the four New York Assemblymen.

Chairman Koenig was also empowered to appoint two other committees, one to study the election law, with a view to suggesting changes in the Direct Primary bill which the Democrats will introduce in the Legislature, and the other to consider the proposed Trade Commission legislation as provided for in the Lockwood committee's report.

"These are the high spots of the legislation this year at Albany," said Chairman Koenig. "In view of the fact that the majority in the Assembly is not large, the four votes from New York County are of the greatest importance. A grave responsibility rests upon the Republicans of New York in the disposition of the proposals at Albany. Our committee will be called in conference so that our representatives at Albany may hear the voice of the city committee, not by way of dictation, but by way of advice.

"The most important proposal, and the most important of many Administrations, is the one to turn over the transportation system of New York City to the Board of Estimate. It is a radical departure, and it is of the utmost importance that the Republicans consider it with the greatest care."

After studying the bill, it is expected that the Republicans will suggest many radical amendments. One of these may be the suggestion that the Republicans oppose the whole scheme of municipal operation of the city's transit lines, which is provided for in the bill. If it is decided to accept this feature of the bill, however, the Republicans will insist, it was said last night, upon the demand for a referendum.

Some Democratic legislators, it was said, are also in favor of a referendum. Other amendments the Republicans will consider will be to limit the powers of the Board of Estimate, which, under the present bill, has full control over all transit matters. The Republicans want to see to it that the Board of Estimate will not be allowed to go too far.

The Committee on Election Law will make a thorough study of the proposed bill to restore direct primaries. It was said that the Republicans would probably approve the bill as prepared by the Democrats and would accept any plan that provides for the restoration of State offices. Regarding the Trade Commission bill, Chairman Koenig said: "This bill contemplates having business as well as trades put under State supervision. It is an entirely new proposal and should not be taken up in haste. It will have to be studied carefully. Chairman Koenig will appoint the members of the committees by next Monday. There will be ten or eleven members on each committee, with equal representation of men and women.

Miss Helen Varick Boswell told the women members of the County Committee that there would be a meeting of Republican women at Albany on Feb. 27 and 28 to study legislation.

## JERSEY CENTRAL BOARD ACCUSED IN COURT

### *Charged With Rejecting Highest Bid for Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Stock.*

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—Assertions that the Directors of the Central Railroad of New Jersey had "resorted to every means" to restrict bidding for the stock of the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company so that they might award it to the Jackson E. Reynolds syndicate of New York were made in the United States District Court today at the hearing into a complaint involving the sale of the coal company stock to the Reynolds syndicate.

Testimony was given that an offer of $32,259,720 for the stock by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company had been rejected in favor of the Reynolds bid of approximately $31,500,000, and that the bid of the Franklin Securities Company of Philadelphia was about $2,000,000 higher than that of Reynolds.

The case is an outgrowth of the United States Supreme Court order for the dissolution of the Reading company and its underlying corporations. The objection to the sale of the stock was made by Isaac T. and Mary T. W. Starr, Jersey Central stockholders.

C. J. Hepburn, counsel for the complainants, said he would produce evidence to show that the Directors of the Jersey Central, which owned the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre stock, had "resorted to every means" to restrict bidding, and had disposed of property worth about $40,000,000 to the lowest bidder. He also charged that Reynolds, who was a Director of the Jersey Central and the coal company at the time of the dissolution order, had received "inside information," while the data furnished to other prospective purchasers "were meagre and indefinite."

Samuel D. Warriner, President of the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company, testified that his company offered to purchase the stock for $32,259,720, but that this offer was rejected in favor of the Reynolds bid. He said he had suggested to E. T. Stotesbury, a Director of the Jersey Central, that the stock of the Lehigh & New England Railroad, owned by the Lehigh Coal and Navigation Company could be given in part payment for the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre stock.

## GUARDS ON QUEBEC CHURCH

### Threats at St. Lambert Call Out Knights of Columbus.

MONTREAL, Feb. 15.—Warned by a letter threatening destruction of St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church at St. Lambert, across the St. Lawrence River from here, and the headquarters of the Knights of Columbus, in the same town, a volunteer guard of that order tonight joined special police in establishing a night and day vigil around the buildings.

The letter carried the signature "K. K. K." Police Chief Gravel of St. Lambert received it this morning. It bore a Montreal postmark and read: "C. de C. and St. Michael's next." "C. de C." or Chevaliers de Colombe, is the French terminology for the Knights of Columbus.

Chief Gravel immediately communicated with city authorities, who ordered the police guard, later joined by the volunteers, to be posted around the structures.

Local fire and police inspectors have been detailed to assist the authorities at St. Lambert in tracing the letter.

**$500,000 Asked for Rubber Survey.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Congress was asked today by the Commerce Department, through the Budget Bureau, for an appropriation of $500,000 to be used for a survey of rubber production conditions and possibilities in South America and the Philippines. Of this amount $100,000 would be allotted to the Department of Agriculture for use in experiment and the remainder for the actual survey.

## LABORITES PLUNGE COMMONS IN UPROAR

### One Attacks Increased Grant to the Duke of York on His Approaching Marriage.

### AND SNAPS AT LADY ASTOR

### Irritated by Her Entrance While Speaking—Communist Nearly Precipitates a Fist Fight.

Copyright, 1923, by The Chicago Tribune Co.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—There was a row in Parliament this afternoon over the grant to the Duke of York, the King's second son, which is to be increased from £10,000 (about $46,800), to £25,000 (about $117,000), yearly on his marriage.

David Kirkwood, Scottish Laborite, asked whether Parliament would be consulted before this was done, and whether an income tax and supertax would be payable on this income.

Stanley Baldwin, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said the grant was already authorized by various acts of Parliament, which were quoted, and that taxes would be payable on it the same as on any other income.

Mr. Kirkwood, arising, said: "That is a very unintelligible answer." He was interrupted by shouts from all parts of the house.

"You may shout till you are wearied," he said in a broad Scots accent. "I am no lawyer and I want an answer that the people I represent can understand."

More shouts came from the Conservative members of the House.

"Aye, shout till you are hoarse. I am not sorry," retorted Mr. Kirkwood, and then he began attacking the "well-fed men opposite" for laughing.

The Speaker stopped the row by explaining the references to acts of Parliament which Mr. Kirkwood had failed to understand.

Mr. Kirkwood then asked if it was not a case of the Government trying to effect economies and workingmen having their wages reduced, and why economics should not begin at the top?

J. T. W. Newbold, Communist member, also wanted to know if the Government would introduce a bill amending the Royal settlement acts, but he got no answer.

**Communist and Laborite Near Clash.**

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In the House of Commons today the Labor members, particularly those new to the House, were again responsible for what excitement was going. In their determination to be heard they opened a floodgate of interrogatories on the Ministry, and some of them, when not satisfied, said so in language which often raised shouts of "order" from members of other parties. The Speaker found himself occupied in leading the impatient novices among the Laborites into the path of parliamentary order and decorum.

The most exciting scene occurred tonight when the only Communist member, J. T. Newbold, suddenly interrupted his speech on the Ruhr situation to make an attack on the Labor Party, in the midst of which he sits. A reference of his to Neil MacLean brought the latter, a Labor member, angrily to his feet. Shaking his clenched fists, MacLean invited Newbold to "come outside," and for a moment or two there seemed to be a possibility of an unseemly scene on the floor of the House. But two other Members used their restraining influence on MacLean, and the incident passed off without blows.

**Kirkwood Assails Lady Astor.**

Another diversion tonight was caused by another Labor member, David Kirkwood. He was delivering a speech when Lady Astor entered the chamber. Catching her eye and thinking, no doubt, of her spirited interruptions of Labor members, Mr. Kirkwood observed: "I hope you do not come here to irritate me. I am stand Englishmen and Scotchmen"—here the Speaker mildly interrupted the member from Dumbarton to remark that he was a little too innocent in being drawn away from the subject.

"I never said a word," protested Lady Astor, but something had got on Kirkwood's nerves.

"What I was going to say was this," he rejoined, "that I can take advice from any one on these benches, from Scotsmen and Welchmen, regarding emigration, but I am not going to take it from a German Jew, and in the same way it irritates me when a woman comes in."

The House roared over the explanation.

## ISADORA'S POET STIRS RIOT IN PARIS HOTEL

### *So She Sends Him Home to Moscow—Will Join Him Later There, He Says.*

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The unfettered soul of Serge Essenin has proven too much for Isadora Duncan, and tonight she dispatched him, in care of two of her female retainers, to Moscow.

The details are somewhat obscure, but it appears that at a fête given by Isadora in her suite in the Hotel Crillon last night in celebration of her return to France Serge was seized with a sudden craving for expression. In the moments that followed he broke several conventions and most of the furniture in the room.

What part Isadora took in the scene is not known, but as the resultant noise trickled through to neighboring guests, they complained to the fashionable hostelry management. A hurry call was sent for gendarmes, and under this escort of honor, the acrobatic poet was removed to the local commissariat.

The interlude is no clearer than the original scene. Isadora kept to her room and refused to be seen. Guests at the fête spent the day denying their presence there. The management, however, stated that Serge had not returned during the day to his wife's care, and this afternoon the name of Serge Essenin was discovered on the register of the Hotel du Louvre.

Tonight the poet boarded the Berlin train. When asked for the details of the affair he rolled out some script and read what he said was a poem dealing with the day's difficulties, but Serge's Russian rendition didn't help clarify the situation.

Finally, through the aid of an interpreter the Russian's version was procured.

He has not seen his two children by a former wife since Isadora brought him from Russia, he declared, and, devoured with paternal yearning, he is now en route to Moscow to embrace his fond offspring. He admitted that Isadora is sending him home, but added confidentially that she would join him in the Soviet capital.

## CALLS STRIKE COMMUNISTIC

### Canadian Labor Minister Accuses Workers' Party of Plot.

OTTAWA., Feb. 15.—The steel strike in Sydney is part of the campaign of the Workers' Party of Canada to handicap the steel industry of Nova Scotia, James Murdock, Minister of Labor, declared in the House of Commons today.

He said a serious situation had been brought about by the Workers' Party which he described as being, to all intents and purposes, the Communist Party of Canada, with the same program as the Communists now in control in Russia.

## DENTIST SAYS WIFE PUT HIM IN CELLAR

### *Forced to Sleep in Coal Bin Until Released in the Morning, He Testifies.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Following the testimony of Mrs. Emma Westfehling of fashionable Halcyon Park, New Rochelle, before Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins today that her husband had abandoned her and locked her out on a cold February night, Dr. Henry Westfehling, a dentist, countercharged that his wife had locked him in the cellar and forced him to sleep in a coal bin. Mrs. Westfehling is suing for a separation.

Dr. Westfehling, who has an office at Third Avenue and 140th Street, is said to own considerable property in Harlem. The couple have been married twenty years. This is the plaintiff's second marriage.

Mrs. Westfehling testified that once when she had a broken toe and at another time when she had whooping cough her husband refused to call in medical aid. She said her daughter had to set the toe in splints and her husband made her do the housework on crutches.

Dr. Emma Donoghue, daughter of plaintiff by a former marriage, who is a dentist at a Brooklyn Hospital, testified she had sued her stepfather, Dr. Westfehling for $4,000 she had given him to invest in stocks, but which she declared he had put in German bonds and as a result lost her money.

"Are you afraid of Dr. Westfehling?" Martin Tierney, counsel for the plaintiff asked.

"Yes, I certainly am," replied Dr. Donoghue, "because one time he threw a percolator filled with hot coffee at me. He got so mad after he threw the percolator he went down in the cellar and slept all night on a pile of coal. He often slept in the coal bin wrapped up in a blanket when he had a fight with my mother or when he was 'pouty' toward her. It didn't take much to send him down in the cellar to sleep on the coal."

Dr. Westfehling in his own defense said his troubles were all instigated by his stepdaughter. He swore that he went to a Turkish bath to give his wife a rest. He didn't come back for three months because his wife wouldn't let him in the house. He said he sent his friend Gerald Fisher to his wife as a peacemaker, while he stayed around the corner to see what happened, but nothing could be done. "Every week I left a box of candy at the door of my wife's home marked 'peacemaker' but it didn't do any good. I always got along with my wife when her daughter was away, she seemed to rule the house.

"Why did you sleep in a coal bin?" Corporation Counsel Charles Vanauken of New Rochelle, representing the defendant, asked.

"Because my wife and her daughter locked me in the cellar and they wouldn't let me out."

"When did they let you out?" he was asked.

"The next morning between 8 and 9 o'clock," the dentist replied.

"I never laid my hands on my wife, but I want to say I have received many a licking from my wife," said the witness in reply to a question.

Justice Tompkins reserved decision after directing briefs to be submitted.

## FOUR VESSELS LOST; 42 IN CREW MISSING

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

salvage. Her position was dangerous. Her crew has been removed.

The weather off Cape Flattery had moderated to some extent today, the United States Weather Bureau station at Tatoosh reported, and the wind had shifted to the southeast. In the twenty-four hours ending at 5 A. M., the precipitation there was 4.22 inches, an unprecedented rainfall. The heavy rain, according to the report, made navigation especially hazardous.

**Lumber Ship in Distress.**

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 15.—The schooner Friendship is sinking five miles off Cregon Inlet, about ninety miles south of Virginia Beach, according to advices received this afternoon by the Coast Guard here. The cutter Modoc, from Wilmington, N. C., has been sent to her aid.

The crew is understood to be still on board the Friendship. Advices to Coast Guard headquarters said the condition of the vessel was hopeless. She is owned by the Lawrence Corporation of Rockland, Me.

The Friendship, a five-master, carries a crew of seven men. She was engaged in the lumber trade between Gulf ports and New England. The vessel left Georgetown, S. C., Jan. 7.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 15.—The steamship Carolinas, which went ashore yesterday off Jupiter Lighthouse, Fla., was floated today and has resumed her voyage from Baltimore to Mobile, according to advices received by her owners here, which said the vessel was undamaged.

### ITALIAN SHIP SINKING.

**Freighter Moncenisio Calls for Help Off Cape Henry.**

The Italian freighter Moncenisio, from Norfolk for Marseilles with sulphur and naval stores, was reported sinking yesterday about 500 miles east of Cape Henry, and the Coast Guard cutter Tampa, which was getting ready for overhauling at Boston, was sent to her assistance.

The steamship Garplaka, from New Orleans for Havre, picked up the freighter's call for help and shifted her course to go to her assistance. At the time the S O S was sounded the Garplaka was about seventy-seven miles from the sinking craft.

"We are sinking," said the Moncenisio's radio, and a later message said she was being washed by heavy seas and the crew was suffering from the severe cold.

It is expected that help will reach the distressed freighter before she sinks. The Garplaka will have to negotiate a heavy sea to get to her, and in the rough weather the transfer of her crew will be attended with danger.

The Moncenisio is a steel screw freighter of 4,160 tons, 340 feet long, 47.2 beam and 19.8 depth. She is operated by Simpson, Spencer & Young of 11 Broadway. Her Captain is John Bertilino.


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The Leading Mineral Water

White Rock Ginger Ale

Executive Offices 100 Broadway N.Y.City

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For all thin lead metal pencils

BOX OF 12 LEADS 15¢

VENUS THIN LEADS are the same superb quality as in the famous VENUS PENCILS ...the largest selling quality pencils in the world.

7 Degrees
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If

# FRANCE VOTES LOAN FOR POLISH ARMY

### Credit of 400,000,000 Francs Will Be Used Chiefly for Military Supplies.

### COERCION OF GERMANY SEEN

### Opponents of Bill Charge That Advance Is Designed to Prepare Poland for Aggressive Measures.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—The French Chamber approved today a bill extending to Poland a credit of 400,000,000 francs in accordance with the treaty of 1921. The credit is to be used for economic and military purposes, but as a matter of fact, a large part of it is for army equipment which will be supplied by France. It is probable that little cash will go from Paris to Warsaw. The Communists made a feeble attack on the bill, and when M. Poincaré personally asked for immediate passage, it was voted 512 to 68.

Finance Minister de Lasteyrie then presented a bill authorizing a new loan of 13,000,000,000 francs announced several days ago. It was explained that 5,000,000,000 francs would go to meeting the obligations due in June and 8,000,000,000 for reconstruction. Communists attempted to tie up the bill with the Ruhr occupation, but de Lasteyrie said there was no connection. The bill was adopted by 512 against 71 votes.

PARIS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—A loan of 400,000,000 francs to Poland was voted by the French Parliament today. It is officially described as "for the purpose of improving Poland's financial and economic situation so that it may resume its proper place in the European concert of nations and play the role to which its geographical position and history entitle it."

The vote on the measure was 515 to 68. Many of those who voted against it declared that the loan, while destined ostensibly for the organization of the Polish Army against "unwarranted attack from the east," was really put through as "a means of coercion against Germany on the west."

During the discussion there were verbal exchanges between Premier Poincaré and the Socialists, especially Deputy Merius Moutet, who defended Caillaux during his trial before the High Court.

During the course of the debate Premier Poincaré said: "I have stated many times that as soon as our creditors remitted our debts we would not hesitate to cancel the amounts due us."

Deputy Moutet retorted: "When a country has not sufficient money to pay its own debts it should not loan even to its friends."

The Socialists argued that the situation had changed since the Briand Government agreed to the principle of a loan. It was then the eve of the Genoa conference, and the Government desired to strengthen the entente cordiale with the assistance of the League of Nations. But money advanced now was designed for aggressive purposes. While the entire world favored a reduction of armaments, the French Government alone was lending funds for military purposes.

M. Poincaré replied: "We are lending money to a friend in need. It is the only explanation you will get from me: it is not as bad as others I might give."

The Communists bitterly opposed the loan. Deputy Blanc informed the Associated Press correspondent that one of the secret clauses of the agreement called for the purchase of war material to the amount of 100,000,000 francs from one of the largest ammunition and gun plants in France.

"The loan is plainly directed against Germany," he declared, "in the desire to strengthen Poland to do in Silesia what we are doing in the Ruhr."

Members of the Chamber close to the Government insisted that Premier Poincaré was only fulfilling undertakings entered upon by the Briand Government, in which the word of France was engaged; the Government had no ulterior motive, but merely wished to "make good France's promises."

M. de Lasteyrie refused to inform the Chamber as to what securities Poland had deposited with the French Government beyond saying: "The Polish Government gives us solid guarantees for our investment."

It is understood on good authority that the loan is based on resources of the Polish forests, zinc and lead mines, petroleum fields and salt deposits.

## POLES UNDER FIRE ENTERING NEW ZONE

### *Lithuanians Fall Back, Fighting, While Guards Blow Up Bridge and Railway.*

VILNA, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The Polish authorities have begun to take possession of the neutral zone allotted to Poland by the League of Nations.

Polish frontier guards have clashed with Lithuanian franctireurs near Puskarnia. There was considerable shooting, in the course of which one officer and two soldiers were wounded. Polish guards occupied the village of Puskarnia.

Lithuanian frontier guards have blown up a bridge near Woitowo and destroyed the railroad tracks near Orany.

WARSAW, Feb. 15 (Polish Telegraph Agency).—In accordance with the recent decision of the Council of the League of Nations the Polish Government is today sending civil authorities and customs guards to take over the administration of that part of the neutral zone between Poland and Lithuania which has been assigned by the Council of the League of Nations to Poland.

# RUHR STIRS HOUSE TO ANGRY DEBATE

### Knutson, Republican Whip, Attacks France, Defends Germany, Demands America Act.

### EX-SERVICE MEN ANSWER

### Proclaim Sympathy for France and Denounce the Speech of Minnesota Man.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Representative H. E. Knutson of Minnesota, Republican whip, in a speech in the House today, defended Germany and criticised France for occupying the Ruhr. His speech, most of which was composed of quotations, aroused not only the ex-service men, but caused veteran members of the House, such as Representative Thomas Butler, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, to repudiate the sentiments expressed.

The speech, prepared in advance, and apparently intended chiefly for consumption in his district, where there are many Germans, stirred the House to such a pitch that Mr. Knutson disappeared when the ex-service men and leaders on his side denounced his utterances.

As Republican whip Mr. Knutson obtained ten minutes from Representative Butler, in charge of the Omnibus Naval bill being considered by the House. Representative Tinson of Georgia allotted him another five minutes, so that he might read his fifteen-minute speech. When he began the House was almost deserted, but in five minutes the men who had fought in the trenches against the Germans rushed to the floor and showed their disapproval by hisses and denunciatory remarks.

"The military operations now being conducted by France are primarily responsible for our failure to dispose of the large surplus of foodstuffs," Mr. Knutson said. "Millions of bushels of potatoes were allowed to rot in the ground last Fall because there was no market for them. All this is due to the fact that our markets have been largely destroyed and there could be no ground for hope of improvement until certain countries in Europe go to work instead of sitting around waiting for impossible reparations."

Mr. Knutson asserted that Germany had paid in reparations in cash and kind up to May 1, 1922, 37,250,000,000 gold marks, which, he declared, was much in excess of what France had published as the amount of reparations.

**Condemns American Silence.**

"All who have studied the situation in Europe must be agreed the time has come for us to break our long and inexplicable silence," he added. "We have every right to speak our opinion at this time. We played a very important part in winning the war. Without us it is doubtful if the Allies could have won. We, the American people, want to see this happen? I think not; if I am not mistaken, the foreign policy of this country will be a very important issue in the next campaign.

"Far be it from me to attempt to justify the acts committed by the Germans during the war, but I will say that every fiendish act performed by them probably has its parallel in other wars in which the Germans were in no way responsible. Was it not the British who took captives of war during the Indian mutiny and tied them in front of the muzzles of cannon and blew them to pieces? Did not General Sheridan make his boast that when he got through with the Shenandoah Valley a crow would have to carry its rations in flying across that territory? Did not General Sherman lay waste to a strip of country thirty miles wide in his march to the sea? Worst of all, did not the Belgians commit the most inhuman atrocities upon the people of the Congo?"

The Republican whip read quotations from articles written by other members of Congress and German authorities to justify his position. The hisses became very strong as he proceeded. Representative Butler, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, known as "the fighting Quaker" was the first to denounce the sentiments expressed by the Republican whip.

**Protests From the Floor.**

"I yielded the gentleman from Minnesota ten minues," shouted Mr. Butler, "but I don't agree with him. I did not know what he desired to speak about. I hope France can collect the money that is due her from Germany and I am in sympathy with her occupation of the Ruhr."

Representative Bulwinkle of North Carolina, who served in the World War and earned his majority in that contest, in replying to Knutson, said that he regretted such a speech, because it would encourage the Germans and did not represent American sentiment.

"Grover Cleveland Bergdoll and all the others of that white-livered, yellow-streaked race will applaud and say the American Congress is in favor of us," said Mr. Bulwinkle. He declared that the Germans had murdered and ravished during the war in an effort "to carry out their imperialistic aims," and asserted that they had failed to deliver to the people of the occupied districts the fats, sugar and other foodstuffs sent to them from America.

"I am not telling you this to stir your blood," said the North Carolina member, "but so that in the words of the 'Recessional':

"'Lord God of Hosts be with us yet.
Lest we forget.'"

Representative Blanton, Democrat, of Texas wanted to know what position Mr. Knutson occupied in the Republican House organization.

"Oh, I know that he is the Republican whip," returned Mr. Bulwinkle, "but I know that he does not speak for those on his side of the House. They are Americans just as you and I and they do not approve of his speech any more than you and I."

"I want to protest against this speech," said Representative Vinson of Georgia. "I yielded five minutes to him, but my sympathy in the matter is entirely with France. On the battlefields of France the blood of my brother was spilled, and under no conditions are my sympathies with Germany. My sympathy is entirely with France, as is that of every fair-minded man."

# FRENCH ENVOYS ASK BONAR LAW'S HELP

### Seek Use of the Main-Line Railroads in Britain's Rhineland Area.

### BRITISH ARE RELUCTANT

### No Agreement Reached After Three-Hour Conference, and Meeting Will Be Resumed Today.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The first conference between Great Britain and France since the occupation of the Ruhr was opened this morning at Downing Street. The British delegates were Premier Bonar Law, Lord Curzon and Lord Derby and the French were M. Le Troequer, General Payet and some railway experts.

France is seeking use of the railways in the British zone of occupied Germany for the transport of Ruhr coal, and grave issues are involved in the negotiations, which will be resumed tomorrow. Today's conference lasted nearly three hours, and at the end both sides declined to make any statement.

Although on both sides absolute secrecy is maintained, the adjournment of the conference is regarded as a sure indication that issues have been raised by the French of an importance far surpassing that of utilization of a six-mile stretch of railway line in the northwest corner of the British zone.

What the French suggest is utilization of both the main railways passing through Cologne, namely the Cologne-Duren-Aix-la-Chapelle trunk line westward and the Cologne-Treves trunk line southward to Lorraine—in short, the whole railway network of the British zone. The Cologne-Treves line would serve as a direct route for Ruhr coke to the Lorraine blast furnaces, which are now largely shut down for lack of fuel.

Even as things are, it is becoming more difficult day by day to keep the German railwaymen within the British zone to their task, which by tacit consent of German officialdom has included since the beginning of the Ruhr occupation the facilitation of passage of French and Belgian troop trains.

The British view is that an attempt to convey requisitioned coal and coke through the zone would certainly mean the automatic stoppage of work by the railwaymen and the extension into the British area of the passive resistance of the German people. That in its turn would mean the running of the railways in the British zone by French soldiers and imported French railwaymen, and the sole function left to the British occupying force would be that of "keeping order," which might mean that the British would be called upon to use arms against civilians.

**Rumor of a German Warning.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

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PARIS, Feb. 15.—It is reported here that the German Government has warned the British Government that the cordial relations now existing in the Cologne Bridgehead between the British and the Germans might not be so cordial if the British gave the French the right to use the railroads from the Ruhr running through the British-occupied territory. In other words, Cuno has threatened to tie up the railroads, as he has done in territory held by the French and Belgians.

If this were done the British would be in a hopeless position and would be forced to do like the French and run the roads or withdraw their troops. This possible situation is believed to have actuated Bonar Law's statement before Commons that the British might find it necessary to withdraw from the Rhine. The delay in London may be due to the fact that Bonar Law faces the dilemma of disagreeable incidents with the Germans or of rebuffing the French.

## BOURGEOIS TO DEVOTE HIS LIFE TO LEAGUE

### *Will Resign as President of the French Senate to Work for Cause of World Peace.*

PARIS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—Léon Bourgeois, who was re-elected President of the Senate at the reopening of that body last month, has written his letter of resignation, which will be read within a day or two.

M. Bourgeois, who is spending a vacation at Nice, says he is determined to devote the rest of his life to the League of Nations. He has represented France on the League Council and also as one of the French representatives to the Assembly. He had an important part in the creation of the League, and, as a delegate to the Paris Peace Conference, was the confident of Georges Clemenceau in all questions relating to it. His League project was one of those on which the final covenant was drafted.

Profoundly convinced that the League is the only present international medium by which Europe can be saved from destruction, M. Bourgeois has expressed to his friends the feeling that he can do nothing better than to give the remainder of his failing strength to the service of his great ideal.

Announcement in Paris today that Léon Bourgeois, President of the Senate, would resign that position to devote his life to the League of Nations recalled the recent resignation of United States Supreme Court Justice John H. Clarke of Youngstown, Ohio, in order that he might give all of his time to urging America's entry into the League.

Mr. Clarke, who now is on the steamer Reliance on a South American cruise, formed the Non-Partisan Association for the League of Nations for the express purpose of bringing the United States into the League. In addresses outlining the work of the association he said he was convinced that unless some league was formed other wars soon must follow.

**PAYS ON BELGIAN ACCOUNT.**

### Germany Meets Bills Due for 46,000,000 Gold Marks.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—German Treasury bills issued in connection with Germany's agreement to pay Belgian reparations were met when they fell due today.

Pearls
Precious Stones
DREICER & Co
Fifth Avenue at forty-sixth

K. Sulka & Company
512 FIFTH AVENUE - NEW YORK
*Our new French Silk Neckwear is most Luxurious and Distinctive in Character. Prices $6.00, and lower.*
*Shirts To Measure, $8.00 upward*

PALM BEACH PARIS
Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST
*To Close Out Dresses*
*Friday*
A limited number of dresses suitable for all occasions; the remainder of our Winter collection, broken sizes. Formerly sold to 125.00.
39.50

THE LAST THING IN THE WORLD!
To award a building contract solely on the basis of low figures is like buying securities solely because they are cheap, which is precisely the last thing in the world a wise investor ever does.
THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
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# RUHR CONFUSION AND TENSION WORSE

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

ment the difficulty which first the English and now the Free State troops in Ireland have had in stamping out warfare of the tip and run kind which they propose. The public opinion of the world they believe will prevent the French taking drastic measures to stamp out such fighting, and in the meanwhile by harassing the troops and by spreading confusion and danger wider they can bring even more pressure to bear on the French people than ever can be done by peaceful measures.

This campaign is not yet either far developed or very enthusiastically received. A German is not an Irishman and has neither love for nor skill in this kind of warfare. Its advocates have, however, become so active that the Kölnische Volkszeitung and several other Socialist and Liberal organs have thought it necessary to warn their readers to pay no attention to this kind of propaganda and recognize that any kind of armed resistance to the French would be the most criminal of all follies. Appeal is made to the workers not to listen to its advocates, but to accept the situation quietly till some peaceful way out is found.

This counsel of moderation shows the divergence there is in the German ranks, and in the Ruhr the campaign cannot be said to have won much success. The trouble given by the Green Police was in part one of its effects, but the people generally and the miners especially have no desire to get mixed up in any such trouble, which they suspect of being of reactionary origin and monarchistic in intention.

The French have begun meeting the difficulty they have had with the police by disarming them. If there is any shooting to be done General Degoutte and his men intend to do it themselves, although the disarming of the Germans may place the extra burden of police work on the troops. It is suspected by the French that to a certain extent these green police are being used by the Nationalist authorities to intimidate non-resisters.

Essen has recently become the centre of Nationalist activity, and since the telephone lockout and Kaiserhof incident the town has been in a state of considerable effervescence. As always, resistance by the Germans has provoked counter-measures by the French, and these again are stimulating resistance so that almost inevitably it seems there soon or later must be a flare-up of the kind for which the Nationalists are working.

**Unemployment Problem Looms.**

In Düsseldorf the coal transport difficulty to which the prohibition of exports has been added has begun to have its effect in the industries. One wire-making firm employing 2,500 men was today compelled to pay off, and this is only the beginning of the unemployment problem.

General instructions have been sent to employers from Berlin to keep their factories running as long as possible and in the event of having to close down to pay wages if possible. This course may be followed by the big firms, but the small employers, already hard set by the fluctuation of the mark and the cost of living, cannot possibly continue payment if no work is being done.

Berlin, it appears, is highly nervous over the matter of to whom the workers will ascribe the blame. Will they blame the French or will they blame the Government and manufacturers? Even the workers themselves do not know on which side they may declare themselves, but in Düsseldorf, where the cost of all foodstuffs has risen 300 to 400 per cent. wholesale since the railroads stopped running, the small traders and townsfolk are rather inclined to blame the railroad strike than the French. The French, they point out, have been in occupation for two years here and four years in the Rhineland, and living was, if anything, cheaper than in the rest of Germany.

The only obvious conclusion, therefore, to the man or woman who has to pay 10,000 marks a pound for butter of which the price three weeks ago was 1,500 marks is that the railroad strike is to blame. Among the people, and especially among the middle class, discussion of what is to be the eventual outcome has taken a new trend. Three weeks ago they said that Germany would never surrender, and said it with heat. Now they have reached the stage of praying Providence to find a way out and are likely before long to be prepared to take any way out which is open to them.

General Degoutte has issued two posters pointing out that French action is in no way directed against the people and that the troubles from which they are suffering are not the result of that ordered by Berlin. In the streets groups of people are seen gathering all day long reading these notices, but there is never any comment.

With increased numbers of railroad men the French are striving desperately to get order out of the chaos of the railroad systems. They are painfully collecting at Wedau more trains of coal and coke, but the work is becoming increasingly difficult, as a wider area has to be covered in bringing in trains. The fact that the Germans are still operating the passenger service within the Ruhr basin complicates the French task.

Today the work of stopping all export of manufactured goods, and especially iron and steel, was begun at all the outlets. As was inevitable, difficulties of decision by local posts have arisen and the service is not yet working perfectly, but a large number of freight cars with contraband were held up and the sidings, already packed with coal trucks, are now getting completely jammed. It would take weeks to sort out the jumble even should the struggle end tomorrow.

**Essen Theatre Closed, City Hall Seized.**

ESSEN, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—A performance of "William Tell" in the State Opera House was turned into a patriotic celebration, the audience rising when the "Vow to Rutli" was spoken and repeating the words with the actors. This dramatic action was followed by the singing of "Deutschland Uber Alles." The staging of "William Tell" recently was prohibited in the old occupied area.

(Rutli is the legendary scene of the formation of the Swiss League Against Austria.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—In consequence of the incident during today's performance of "William Tell" at the Essen Opera House the French closed the opera house and placed a guard at the entrance, says a dispatch to The Times from Dortmund.

DUESSELDORF, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—A company of French infantry with machine guns occupied the Essen City Hall today simultaneously with the declaration of a general strike against the recent arrests.

**Essen Protest Strike General.**

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DORTMUND, Feb. 15.—It was Essen's turn today to enjoy a general protest strike. The occasion was the arrest yesterday morning of Burgomaster Schaefer.

With perfect discipline, clockwork precision and typical Teuton thoroughness, the strike order was obeyed. Banks, business, shops, restaurants, beer halls and cafés closed from 11:30 A. M. to 3 P. M., with particularly humorous consequences.

For while the members of the French engineers' mission partook sumptuously of a five-course menu furnished by the military mess in the confiscated Kaiserhof, and French officers were enjoying French cooking in other confiscated hotels and restaurants, hungry Germans roamed Essen's streets vainly seeking food and drink and encountering only locked doors bearing the sign: "Closed on account of a protest strike against the arrest of Burgomaster Schaefer."

That the French were disagreeably affected or even impressed by the three and a half hour shutdown cannot be recorded, nor could the most enthusiastic Germans assert that the strike attained anything else than wholesale inconvenience to the Essenites, loss of business and money to business, shopkeepers, and the proprietors of public places.

At that the French are betraying considerable and increasing nervousness. Squadrons of armored cars now race nightly through the main streets and park at the railroad station square during the day. The French today claimed to have discovered greatly increased activity on the part of secret nationalistic organizations. In fact, they were all cocked and primed for a nationalistic outbreak last night, but nothing happened. Actually, there is no sign of an active nationalistic spirit, organized or unorganized, in Essen.

**Incidents of the Boycott.**

The boycott continues to yield scores of incidents daily. Many proprietors are not averse to serving or selling to the French. In many cases, while theoretically for maintaining the boycott from motives of patriotism, they would rather accommodate the French to avoid unpleasantness, financial loss and physical damage. Yet their fear of their strong organizations restrains them.

And even stronger is their fear of the masses on the street. As soon as uniformed French are seen entering a store a big crowd immediately collects outside and the hapless shopkeeper is then between the devil and the deep sea.

If he refuses to sell to the French, he faces the certainty of having his goods taken with or without payment, and the risk of having his place officially closed. On the other hand, if he sells or serves the French, the watching crowd outside smashes his shop window and wrecks his establishment before the police can intervene. And even when the French commandeer his goods the shopkeeper has to do some talking to the local patriots of why he let them get away with it.

The French employ three different tactics in the boycott war. Only in cases of extreme provocation and the rudest refusal do they forcibly close up a place. Occasionally, but not too often, they meet refusal by helping themselves to what they want and walk out. In most cases, however, the French take what goods they want and leave a sum of German paper marks on the counter in payment, tendering what they think the price would be. That they more often leave too little money behind than too much is not done deliberately and dishonestly, but is due to the fact that the average pollu has not got accustomed to German paper money values and thinks a thousand marks is real money.

**Many More Officials Arrested.**

ESSEN, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—Many officials continue to ignore the orders of the French. The Burgomaster and Director of Police at Pirmansens and the Director of Police at Zimmern have been arrested, and soldiers have occupied the central customs office at Neuwied.

It is announced from Gelsenkirchen that the thirty-one policemen who were arrested there recently are being held at Recklinghausen, where also are imprisoned Gelsenkirchen's Mayor, Vice Mayor, Director of the Reichsbank, the Chief of Police and one major of police.

Five cases dealing with virtually all the new forms of German resistance are scheduled for trial tomorrow before a French courtmartial at Bredeney.

It is expected that the first of these cases will be that against Lord Mayor Arnstein of Oberhausen, who refused to permit Oberhausen's main railway station to be supplied with electricity or gas after it had been occupied by the Belgians. Other persons accused include Director Bussmann of the Rhenish Westphalian Electrical Works, and Vice Lord Mayor Schaefer of Essen, both of whom were arrested in connection with the cutting off of electricity from the Kaiserhof Hotel here. Charges with regard to the non-delivery of coal also are pending against Herr Schaefer.

An Essen police official named Klein also is to be tried, and likewise Recorder Guyens of the Essen Retail Dealers' Association. Their cases are understood to be concerned respectively with the refusal of the German police to salute French and Belgian officers and the boycott of the merchants against the occupying forces.

Another of Essen's leading daily newspapers, The Essenger Allgemeine Zeitung, has been forbidden to publish for a fortnight.

Reports from other parts of the occupied area indicate that military occupation of the mines is being resumed and further arrests made. Workmen of the Prosper Mine No. 3 at Essen-Dellwig quit when this property was occupied, and the miners at the Rheinbaben and United Wilhelm mines called protest strikes.

**Sabotage Is Increasing.**

Cases of sabotage are understood to be increasing, causing considerable annoyance to the occupying authorities. During last night the military wires leading from Düsseldorf to the French Army commands at Herne and Bredeny were cut. Consequently General Degoutte was out of communication for many hours with the commander of the corps to which these troops belong.

Traffic through the Rhine-Herne Canal, an important artery for the transportation of fuel from the Ruhr, has been blocked by the Germans. The blocking was carried out by German workmen, who sank a barge in the canal, thus effectively tieing up the waterway.

The Germans are boasting that since Feb. 6 unoccupied Germany has been receiving more Ruhr coal than France and Belgium. They point proudly to the statement that during the past week sixty trainloads have been shipped out, despite the efforts of the French to place soldiers at all possible loopholes.

However, they did not begin to boast until the French discovered the leakage. Occupation authorities say that actually the Germans managed to get through only forty coal trains which went into the interior over private railway lines leading from the mines and by other routes which the Allies had not controlled properly.

The French announce that all such gateways into the interior are now guarded cautiously and that the customs ring which aims to shut off from the unoccupied region all supplies of coal, coke and metals is now welded tightly.

They assert also that transportation is showing steady improvement and point out that on Wednesday 203 passenger trains, some of them carrying provisions, entered the Ruhr, while 207 departed, as well as eight trains of coal and coke destined for France and Belgium and six barges of coal for Strasbourg.

An agreement has been reached with Holland by which 50,000 liters of milk will be sent into Essen daily.

**Expel 26 Rhineland Officials.**

COBLENZ, Feb. 15. — Twenty-six Rhineland officials, including the burgomaster of Wiesbaden, have been expelled for disobeying the French authorities. The officials will be sent into unoccupied Germany—nine from Aachen, 8 from Treves, 4 from Wiesbaden, 2 from Mayence, 2 from Landau and the Burgomaster of Oberhausen.

Seven students of the Bonn University, who participated in the reception when Fritz Thyssen passed through Bonn after his Mayence trial, have been deported to unoccupied territory.

# FRENCH SCENT TRICK IN RISE OF MARK

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

March. We repeat, the rise in the mark is a desperate step, such as one takes in a fight to the finish. It is a fight to a finish, and whoever gives hope to Germany cannot call himself a friend of ours. Any attempt at intervention will only solidify our determination.

"We understand German motives enough to know they are directed against us. The German Government has driven up the mark in order that the cost of living may fall and the workers be encouraged to resist further. Berlin has driven up the mark to enable her industrialists to buy more easily abroad and so hold out longer against France.

"However, in doubling the value of the mark in ten days, Berlin has shown that Germany has great resources in reserve and that her bankruptcy was faked. It has proven that the capacity of Germany to pay cannot be quietly estimated by kindly international financiers, but that machine guns and tanks immediately increase her ability to pay."

## RISE OF MARK FAILS TO CHECK HIGH PRICES

### *Big Ruhr Operators Are Said to Be Large Buyers of Reichsbank's Foreign Exchange.*

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BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Marks went below 20,000 to the dollar today, but still the Cuno Government has accomplished nothing in its efforts to counteract the usurious practices that are rapidly developing into a national danger. If the French operations in the Ruhr district succeed, it is suggested that Poincaré will owe thanks for it to the indifference of the German authorities toward the practice of extorting high prices.

The feeble attempts made now and then by the so-called Preispruefungsamt, meaning the office which is supposed to regulate the prices of foodstuffs and other daily necessities, seem useless. Day after day the Socialist organs publish striking examples of extortion. These papers warn the Cuno Government that if nothing is done to check the tendency the effect on what is termed the "united front in the Ruhr district" must become fatal.

This condition is undermining confidence in the present Government, of which fact the Communist organs are quick to take advantage. Today the Rote Fahne has an article on why the Reichsbank is selling such large quantities of foreign bank notes. It says that the object is to give the captains of industry and other importers a chance to acquire at cheap rates the means to purchase coal and other raw products in England and other foreign countries. The finished articles made of these raw products, it is declared, will be sold weeks or months later, when the Reichsbank's stocks of foreign money have been long exhausted and marks will be lower than ever before.

According to Stock Exchange reports all the "valuta" sold by the Reichsbank in the last two weeks were bought by brokers in the employ of great Ruhr firms and similar concerns.

**Lower Price Crusade Dropped.**

A few days ago it was stated that the Government was beginning a draconic crusade against extortion. Offenders were to be severely punished and they were even to be placed in the pillory, though in name only. Most of the Berlin newspapers had offered to publish the "pillory" list every day, but nothing more has been heard of this plan.

Though it cannot be truthfully said or the Cuno Government that it encourages the monarchist agitation, there is certainly a great deal of that agitation going on in various parts of the country just now. To those not informed it must seem that the Government displays equal apathy toward usury and the monarchists. This, too, reacts on the situation in the Ruhr district and makes it extremely difficult for the Socialist organization there to counteract the Communist agitation, which is directed against "French and German capitalism" with impartiality. This agitation had the effect that yesterday delegates of the Metal Workers' Association of Essen, the strongest in the Ruhr, passed the following resolution:

"The delegates of the metal industry group have taken notice of the threatening Fascists danger. The meeting has decided that the two political labor organizations, the Socialist and Communist Parties, be asked at once to take measures to suppress nationalist and chauvinist movements. This will require the organized co-operation of all proletarians. The delegates assembled in Essen tonight hope that the two political parties will take immediate and effective measures."

Some Communist and Socialist organs seek to encourage "independent proletarian action" by telling their readers that the French Army in the Ruhr is largely communistic and that many French soldiers have refused to obey orders and deserted. Even a monarchist paper, the Lokal-Anzeiger, publishes such stories.

Friedrich Stampfer, Socialist leader and editor in chief of Vorwärts, has made another visit to the Ruhr and the Rhineland. On his return he predicts that unless there are food complications the mine, metallurgical and railway workers and other resisting elements will be able to carry on their "unarmed, passive resistance" indefinitely.

"It is the German goulash cannon against the French tank now," he said. "The situation recalls that obtaining in the World War, when the hunger blockade finally conquered German militarism, whereas now the army is well fed and the moral resisters in the Ruhr will eventually rout French imperialism."

Herr Stampfer said he encountered grim determination "to see it through," and he believed that this was bound to increase with every further turn of the French screw.

**Ebert Visit to Ruhr Opposed.**

The potentialities of the recent French decree forbidding German Government officials to visit the Ruhr have been widely discussed in Berlin, particularly with reference to what might happen if President Ebert himself cared to look over that section of the country. Persons close to the President say that the advisability of his visiting the Ruhr has been considered frequently, both before and since the French prohibition was announced, and that the President would very much like to go and let the Ruhr resisters know that he heartily upholds their attitude and appreciates their loyalty to the Fatherland.

It is said, however, that the Cabinet is not inclined to support such a visit at the present time, believing that the people might be carried away with enthusiasm and that any attempt of the occupation authorities to interfere with them would lead to serious disorders.

Others in Government circles say that as the President is entitled to go anywhere in the land of which he is chief he should go into the Ruhr, and thus challenge the French, leaving them the alternative of arresting him on German soil or backing down on their decree. They are of the opinion that Germany's cause would be strengthened if President Ebert were arrested or deported.

**Averages for Mark Fixed.**

BERLIN, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The following averages have been fixed by the Ministry of Finance for foreign currencies not officially listed on the Boerse as against the mark for the month of January:

Argentine gold peso, 14,300; Chilean peso, 2,180; Mexican peso, 8,100; Peruvian pound, 60,000, and Uruguayan peso, 14,300.

The Reichsbank today fixed the purchase price of the twenty-mark gold piece at 100,000 paper marks.

## WHAT GERMANY HAS PAID.

### French Government Figures Total at 5,843,974,000 Gold Marks.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—It was stated at the French Embassy today that official French figures show that Germany has paid the Allies reparations, both in cash and kind, up to Jan. 1, 1923, amounting to 5,843,974,000 gold marks. The figures were made public, it was explained, to correct misstatements in many quarters. In detail the figures follow:

1. Paid to the Allies in cash 1,889,138,000 gold marks.
2. Paid to the Allies in kind, 3,954,836,000 gold marks.

In these totals are included paper marks requisitioned for the account of the armies of occupation and the product of the so-called Recovery act, which was given to Great Britain.

The part of the total assigned to France is as follows:

In cash—143,849,000 gold marks.
In kind—1,635,096,000 gold marks, or a liquid total for France of 1,779,741,000 gold marks.

To this latter amount must be added, it was explained, the value of the Sarre mines, provisionally estimated at 360,000,000 gold marks, in accordance with the financial agreement of March 11, 1923.

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CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1922

| ADMITTED ASSETS | | LIABILITIES AND RESERVES | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Mortgages on Real Estate, 1st Lien | $170,167,396.85 | Insurance Reserves | $542,999,380.00 |
| Real Estate | 13,908,711.14 | All other liabilities | 20,467,912.48 |
| Bonds | 349,243,723.13 | Surplus Reserves: | |
| Stocks | 5,604,025.00 | For distribution in 1923: | |
| Loans on Society's policies | 96,619,631.85 | On Annual Dividend Policies | 13,900,000.00 |
| Loans on Collateral | 700,800.00 | On Deferred Dividend Policies | 16,071,653.00 |
| Cash ($6,795,980.95 at interest) | 7,454,839.58 | Awaiting Apportionment on Deferred Dividend Policies | 21,897,805.00 |
| Other Assets | 20,045,946.77 | For Contingencies | 48,600,313.34 |
| TOTAL | $663,747,084.32 | TOTAL | $663,747,084.32 |

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**Just Steward**
*by Richard Dehan*

Richard Dehan takes first rank as a teller of stirring tales. All the lure, the mystery, the occult power that the East holds for the West is present in this dramatic story.
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**December Love**
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Mr. Hichens deals with this romance of a brilliant woman, a figure in London society, in a manner that suggests the sure touch of "Bella Donna" and "The Garden of Allah."
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# UNTERMYER SEES PERIL TO HIS BILLS

## Says Passing of Housing Measures Depends on the Governor and Public Support.

## FEARS WORK OF LOBBYISTS

### Asserts, as He Departs for Palm Beach, That Profiteering Was Never So Rampant.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Picturing his Lockwood committee bills as surrounded by swarms of hard-working lobbyists and facing "special" and strong interests, Samuel Untermyer left here today for Palm Beach, apparently not over optimistic of victory. To his mind, support by the public and Governor Smith are cardinal requirements for passage of the four bills he offered.

After two days and nights of pleading for his bills before the joint Senate Judiciary and Assembly Labor and Industrial Committees, Mr. Untermyer was up bright and early today on Capitol Hill interviewing Senators Cotillo and Lockwood and calling on Attorney General Sherman. Before his departure he issued a statement saying:

"On the surface the outlook for the passage of the bills seemed fairly encouraging, but surface indications as to the state of so extensive and important a program involving so many powerful interests are misleading. At this early stage of the session, before the Legislature has gotten down to really serious work and whilst it is still marking time, the place is already swarming with lobbyists and representatives of the special interests that are affected by these bills. Albany has never seen such a gathering at this time of the year, and they are all bent on the defeat of these bills and have their knives out for the committee.

"I regard the situation as exceedingly critical. The entire program of the committee is in great peril from the activities of the lobbyists that are recklessly misrepresenting the terms of these bills.

"The trade commission to suppress the criminal profiteering combinations that now infest the State in almost every line of industry and are boosting the cost of living to new heights is the chief centre of attack. It is by far the most vital part of our program. Unless it is enacted the work of the Lockwood committee had far better never have been done. It is the only way to reach these highly respectable criminal rich grafters and profiteers, and it will reach them and exterminate them if given a chance.

"The bill is not only the most important part of our program; it is one of the most important and constructive pieces of legislation ever introduced into any Legislature in the [illegible] of those who believe, as I do, that the great problem of the day is to put an end to the present orgy of profiteering that could not exis. but for these trusts and combinations that are masquerading as trade associations and that will continue to grow worse and worse until swift and effective means be found to check them.

"Profiteering never has been so rampant as at the present time. The law authorities are helpless. The machinery is not only hopelessly inadequate but useless. It might as well be scrapped. The extent and ramifications of the vast interests that are secretly arrayed against this bill are well exemplified by the character of the open opposition. What interest, for instance, have the Merchants' Association and like civic organizations in opposing a measure that is aimed at the extermination of criminal conspiracies in restraint of trade? Surely it does not come within that category. True, it probably has within its membership many corporations that are engaged in supposedly competing businesses. Among them are doubtless many members of price-fixing and output restricting companies whose influence has apparently been sufficient to set these associations in motion.

"Their objections to the bill, as developed at the hearing, were generally regarded as puerile. I was recently persuaded to become a member of the Merchants' Association. I did so because of its good work in transit but I shall resign since I realize the uses to which it can be put.

"The success of our entire legislative program depends, in my judgment, largely on the attitude of Governor Smith toward it, and I am counting on his support, although I have had no expression of opinion from him and do not know how he stands or will stand.

"All this drivel about a State housing committee and other like suggestions are mere camouflage intended to defeat the Trade Commission bill. Would such a committee rout out the combinations in food and clothing? The trade-bill is intended to reach all combinations. What would such a housing committee do? The air is thick with rumors of all kinds of devices to sidetrack the only remedy that is feared by the grafting building contractors and profiteering rings in the necessities of life. It is the same old game, but the people are suffering too keenly from these profiteers to permit themselves to be led by the nose on this subject that strikes at their firesides.

"We are contending here against the super insurance lobby that is raising heaven and earth (and possibly something more substantial—I do not know) to beat the workmen's compensation insurance bill; the profiteers who are out to kill the trade commission bill; the great financial interests that are opposed to the blue sky and stock exchange bills, and lastly, but not least in political influence, the labor unions that are bent upon escaping regulation.

"No one can say as between these influences what will happen to the bills. An aroused public sentiment with the active aid of the Governor will put over our program. Last year the trade commission bill passed a Republican Senate and had the active support of Governor Miller. Speaker Machold defeated it in the Rules Committee. Will he be able to repeat that performance and wreck our program again? Or will he care to do so? He alone can answer that question."

## MAKE PHONE RATE APPEAL.

### New York City Residents Ask for Continuation of Yearly Charge.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—An application for the reclassification of the telephone rate schedule ordered recently by the Public Service Commission to be put into effect March 1 in Greater New York was made today before Public Service Commissioner Blakesley of New York City, through Assistant Corporation Counsel Fertig.

Mr. Fertig requested the commission to amend that part of its order requiring a monthly settlement for residential service and asked for the retention of the yearly basis for computing charges. He contended the change would be unfair to certain classes of residential subscribers.

E. S. Wilson and Frankland Briggs, appearing for the New York Telephone Company, contended that the record in the case showed clearly that the change ordered by the commission would result in economies and that the revenue effect would be comparatively slight.

## Miss Anna E. Dickinson Very Ill.

*Special to The New York Times.*

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Miss Anna E. Dickinson, for many years a reformer and public speaker, is very ill at her home in Goshen. Until recently she has been in excellent health, but has lived in retirement for years since taking up her residence in that village. She is in her eighty-first year.

# GAS CUT-OFF BILL APPEARS AT ALBANY

### Measure Introduced Would Compel Companies to Place Apparatus in Buildings.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—Gas companies in first and second class cities would be compelled to install gas cut-offs in all buildings of two stories or more under a bill introduced in the Legislature today by Assemblyman Jesse, Republican, of New York City. Thus the controversy now going on in New York City over gas cut-offs is extended to the Legislature.

Under the bill gas companies in each city would have to maintain a truck with three men to respond to all fire alarms and be under the jurisdiction of the Fire Chief. Each of these trucks would have a turnkey for cut-offs and the cut-offs on the meters would have to be plainly marked.

The measure, if enacted, would prohibit the enforcement of the New York City ordinance signed recently by Mayor Hylan compelling property owners to install gas cut-offs.

The call to vote on primary election days would be pealed forth by church bills, fire bells and all kinds of bells under a bill introduced by Senator Love of Brooklyn. The governing body of each municipality would be required to arrange on each primary day for the continuous ringing of bells for at least fifteen minutes before the opening of the polls.

Governor Smith's recommendations for better hospital facilities for insane veterans of the World War are provided for in a bill introduced by Assemblyman Donohue. It would appropriate $1,500,000 for extensive additions to the Kings Park State Hospital, so that all veterans suffering from mental disease could be cared for in one place.

The Assembly concurred with the Senate in the passage of the Downing bill appropriating $500,000 for improvements to the Creedmoor, L. I., State Hospital.

Assemblyman Cuvillier served notice in the Assembly that he would call up Monday night, Feb. 26, his resolution providing for a legislative investigation of the Ward-Peters murder mystery in Westchester County. Under the resolution the Assembly Judiciary Committee would be empowered to subpoena witnesses and examine all evidence in the case.

The Porter bill, which would appropriate $125,000 for the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the opening of the Erie and Champlain Canals, was assailed by Mr. Cuvillier when advanced to third reading.

# SMITH WOULD END WATER POWER BOARD

### Will Recommend Abolishment of Miller Commission and Creation of a New Body.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, Feb. 15.—The death knell of the Miller Water Power Commission was sounded today by Governor Smith when he made it known that at an early date he would recommend that it be abolished and that a new bureau be created under the State Superintendent of Public Works, a Smith appointee, to exercise supervision over hydroelectric power development as proposed under his program.

Under the Miller plan of development the Water Power Commission issued all licenses to hydroelectric companies whose current afterward was distributed and sold under regulations of the Public Service Commission as to rates and service. With the State taking over all such developments the licensing feature would be eliminated and there would be no use for the further existence of the commission.

The commission, as at present constituted, is controlled by the Democrats by one vote. There are five members. Conservation Commissioner McDonald, Chairman; Senator Walker, Speaker MacHold, State Engineer La Du and Attorney General Sherman.

Opposition to Governor Smith's proposal from the Republicans, who can kill the measure in the Assembly, is predicted because it would shut them out from all say in relation to the water development policy of the State. Nor is it certain that the Governor's plan will find Democratic legislators in a wholly acquiescent mood. It would concentrate in his hands control of water power development. There are private power interests which oppose his policy and wield a potent influence within the Democratic Party.

At the request of Governor Smith, Attorney General Sherman today appointed George E. Van Kennen, a Democratic lawyer of Ogdensburg, a special Deputy Attorney General to make a thorough study of the water power situation and frame a policy for submission to the Legislature. Mr. Van Kennen was one of the three Conservation Commissioners under Governor Dix. As such he advocated a plan for State development of power at Vischer Ferry, which later was vetoed by Governor Sulzer but was taken up by Governor Miller, with the result that the first State-owned hydroelectric plant is now in process of construction at that point.

# COL. FORBES RESIGNS VETERANS' OFFICE POST

### Will Carry on Until President Finds His Successor—Miller, D'Olier and Woods Suggested.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Director Charles R. Forbes of the United States Veterans' Bureau, who sailed several days ago to regain his health in Europe, has cabled his resignation from Paris to President Harding, according to information from an Administration quarter today.

Although Colonel Forbes's resignation was not unexpected it is understood that the President will take no action in the matter until he has discovered an experienced executive who is willing to take charge of the Veterans' Bureau, a post that is generally regarded as one of the most thankless tasks within the gift of the Administration.

The belief was expressed today that Colonel Forbes upon his return to this country would resume his duties at the Veterans' Bureau until his successor has been appointed. There was no question but that the President will select a World War veteran to fill the vacancy.

Thomas R. Miller, Alien Property Custodian, is known to have been Mr. Harding's first selection for the post, but Colonel Miller has let it be known that he wishes to continue in his present position, and that although the directorship of the Veterans' Bureau carries a large salary he would not regard the change President Harding proposed as a promotion.

Franklin D'Olier III., former national commander of the American Legion, is understood to have been recommended at one time by Colonel Miller, but it has been said by his friends that he has no desire for the place. Arthur Woods, former New York Police Commissioner, is another service man who has been mentioned as a possible successor to Director Forbes.

# ROCKEFELLERS STILL GIVE, SAYS ANDERSON

### Anti-Saloon League Head Breaks Silence to Tell of "Reduced" Donations.

## MISTAKEN, FOSDICK REPLIES

### Phillips Disputes Assertion That No Commissions Ever Were Paid on Their Gifts.

In an article headed "Some Facts About Rockefeller Support of the Anti-Saloon League of New York and Mr. Raymond B. Fosdick," appearing in this week's issue of The American Issue, William H. Anderson, State Superintendent, certain of whose activities are under investigation by the District Attorney, denies that John D. Rockefeller and John D. Rockefeller Jr. ever contributed $100,000 a year to the League. He asserts that no commissions were paid on Rockefeller contributions, a statement which was immediately contradicted by O. Bertsall Phillips, former chief financial field agent of the League, who has accused him of enforcing a commission-splitting arrangement.

Mr. Anderson, in his article, bitterly assails Mr. Fosdick, who represents the Rockefellers in their benefactions, for what he terms the latter's opposition to the League program. He charges that Mr. Fosdick by statements threw the weight of his influence with the wets. He construes criticisms alleged to have

"The reports, published without naming any authority, attribute to the 'payment of commissions' the alleged withdrawal of Rockefeller support from the League in New York. The facts are the amount paid Phillips out of funds received from the Messrs. Rockefeller and all other persons who had been previously, or who have since continued to be contributors, averaged less than $5,000 a year, or less than the basic flat salary fixed in his signed salary contract, approved by the board to cover all other services and for which, in addition, he had to raise a minimum of $50,000 in cash or good subscriptions. Everything else paid to him was covered by casual, incidental large subscriptions from persons who never had helped before and who have not helped for a long time. Therefore, whatever technical hairsplitting there is about whether Phillips was paid commissions at all, instead of a proportionate salary as the League claims, he positively was not paid either commissions or proportionate salary out of any money contributed by the Messrs. Rockefeller.

**Says Fosdick Was Hostile.**

"In January, 1921, Mr. Fosdick publicly attacked the policy of Governor Miller to put through a State enforcement code and hold police commissioners responsible for its enforcement, which was the issue upon which the friends of prohibition and law and order had supported Governor Miller in the election pursuant to his public statement of his intention.

"According to THE NEW YORK TIMES, in his first statement on the question of prohibition enforcement, made before the City Club of New York, Jan. 24, 1921, Mr. Fosdick said:

been made against him by Mr. Fosdick as "undue" pressure to which he says he refused to yield even to satisfy the Rockefeller representative. Mr. Anderson also says Mr. Fosdick told him the time had come for his elimination as State Superintendent.

**Anderson's Article.**

Mr. Anderson, in his article in The American Issue, says:

"The Anti-Saloon League has no official notice that John D. Rockefeller and John D. Rockefeller Jr., have withdrawn their support of the League in New York until there is a new Superintendent.

"If because of technical disapproval of some perfectly legal and honest things that were done in achieving dry gains the Messrs. Rockefeller desire to withhold support from the League, they have a right to do it. If, as Raymond B. Fosdick, their representative, has said in substance, the antagonism that exists against prohibition makes their support of it a menace to the most successful administration of their other philanthropies, nobody questions their right to refuse to contribute to the Anti-Saloon League.

"'Any attempt to enforce in a given community a standard of conduct widely disapproved will inevitably lead to abuse and denunciation. For that reason I have little hope for the intercity of the agents of any Government body whose task is the enforcement of prohibition in our crowded cities. However, the law is on the books, and we do the best we can with it. Only in trying to enforce it, let us be sure that we do not break down the morals of our local police force.'

"While it is true Mr. Fosdick here proposed an intangible general enforcement of prohibition, he threw the weight of his influence with those who have opposed any honest effor by the State to discharge its duty through a State law.

"A few months afterward, on the death of Mr. Starr J. Murphy, Mr. Fosdick was selected to represent the Messrs. Rockefeller in consideration of the application of the Anti-Saloon League for support. And, although Mr. Fosdick assured me that our disagreement made no difference whatever, which at times I fully believed, yet at the very first interview I had with him respecting a contribution from the Messrs. Rockefeller, although he knew little or nothing about League problems or administration and had never shown the slightest friendly interest in the New York work, he told me bluntly that he thought I was not the man for Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League because I had antagonized so many people.

"Later, during that first League fiscal year in which Mr. Fosdick represented the Messrs. Rockefeller, he criticised very strongly, even bitterly, some of the things I did in carrying on the League work, which I felt to be undue pressure, and which was a new experience to me, for no other Rockefeller representative ever tried it. But I refused to yield my convictions of duty, although I made every possible legitimate effort to satisfy Mr. Fosdick that the League policy was right.

"A report of this attitude on the part of Mr. Fosdick respecting the elimination of myself and even the question of the future existence of the league, at a time before he knew of any of these charges made by Phillips, was made to the League Board of Directors at a meeting last April. The board declined to recognize the validity of any interference on the part of Mr. Fosdick in the discharge of its responsibility to the constituency it represents, and addressed a letter direct to Mrl Rockefeller Jr., which brought in due time for the present fiscal year the contribution from his father and himself of a sum less than that of the preceding year, the total not exceeding one-quarter of the $100,000 which has been falsely published as the amount of the annual contribution from this source."

**Anderson Mistaken, Says Fosdick.**

Mr. Fosdick, reached by telephone last night at his home in Montclair, N. J., laughed heartily when told of the general tenor of Mr. Anderson's accusations against him. Answering the charge to the effect that after he had tried to interfere with the policy of the League and Mr. Anderson and had refused to endorse an appropriation by the Rockefellers, a letter from the Board of Directors brought a reduced contribution, Mr. Fosdick said:

"All I will say regarding th's one point in the statement is that Mr. Anderson is mistaken in his facts. Beyond this I have nothing to say for the moment."

**Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora, who has been conducting the inquiry into the Phillips allegations, read the article carefully, but withheld comment. It was noticed that he re-read the comment made by Mr. Anderson relative to the fee splitting, which has been a subject of part of the inquiry. The statement seemed to interest officials because Mr. Anderson apparently decided to break the silence imposed upon him by ex-Senator Edgar T. Brackett, his counsel.**

In another part of The American Issue, Mr. Anderson has a letter addressed pastors, "allied citizens" and local dry leaders, in which he says his defense will be well taken care of and complete. He writes that subscriptions are being received, in some instances larger than heretofore, notwithstanding the publicity of the charges. In a third article he denies that he has refused to open the books of the League. He says, in part:

"From the very beginning the League offered to open its books. It did desire to have counsel present during the examination of the bookkeeper. The wisdom of that was abundantly justified. But the question as to whether there was any effort to cover up the books is answered fully by the fact that not only did the League bring down the books and furnish the bookkeeper to explain and identify entries, but left the books with the District Attorney's office in the personal custody of Mr. Pecora for any examination that he saw fit to make, for a period covering more than a week in order that he might examine them as a basis for any questions that he desired to ask."

**Pecora to Reveal Facts.**

Mr. Pecora indicated that he would make public today a reply he would send to Mr. Brackett in connection with the latter's refusal to permit his client to answer questions pertaining to the publicity fund of $24,700, on the details of which Mr. Anderson has maintained persistent silence. It was said authoritatively that Mr. Pecora's reply to Mr. Brackett would be in the nature of giving the public certain information that would shed light on many of the financial transactions Mr. Anderson had with the league, transactions the nature of which the District Attorney was said to believe needed further investigation.

Acting District Attorney Pecora probably will go to Madison, N. J., today to interview the Rev. Dr. David James Burrell, President of the Anti-Saloon League, who has reported inability, through ill health, to visit the District Attorney's office.

**Questions Phillips on Tax.**

Internal Revenue Collector Rafferty yesterday summoned O. Bertsall Phillips from his home in Great Neck, L. I., and questioned him for an hour concerning his income and his tax returns. Mr. Rafferty said that in 1921 Phillips filed a return in Newark, where he was then living, but did not make good on the tax. Mr. Rafferty said Phillips admitted he had not filed a return for 1921. The Collector refused to reveal the exact size of Phillips's income for 1921, but said it was "over $10,000." On the commission basis of having collected $450,000 for the league, it would appear that his income would be between $18,000 and $20,000, it was said.

Mr. Phillips at his home in Great Neck said last night:

"At the end of the fiscal year 1921 I made payment in Newark. When I found I couldn't continue the payments I informed the Collector that I was out of funds. Last March when it came time to file a return, a friend who was supposed to be an expert in income tax matters, told me not to file a return until I was able to make payments. I was summoned before Mr. Rafferty today and I told him my friend had called me, slangily speaking, a bonehead for misunderstanding him. I was fined the usual 25 per cent. for not making a return."

Mr. Phillips said that on Feb. 3 when he realized he was in error about filing a return he wrote to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in Washington explaining the situation and saying that he had not intended to avoid payment. Mr. Phillips said he resented the discussion by Mr. Rafferty of his affairs for publication.

**Says He Got Rockefeller Share.**

Mr. Phillips asserted that he had received commissions on the Rockefeller contributions. He asserted that his entire income from the League for five years had been on a commission basis and that every contribution handled by him was included in the total.

In connection with the developments arising out of Mr. Phillips's income tax difficulties, it is known that Acting District Attorney Pecora has ascertained in the investigation of the Anderson case that William M. Potter, former assistant treasurer and head bookkeeper of the League, reported to the Government that Phillips's income for 1919 was $14,432, based on entries in the books of accounts. On April 27 1921, entries placed on the books showed that $1,342 erroneously had been charged to Phillips's salary account, whereas it should have been charged to his expense account. The making of this entry purported to show that Mr. Phillips's salary was $12,000. It is also known that in March, 1921, entries were made tending to show that an item of $4,400 which previously had been entered as payments to Mr. Phillips on account during the year ending April 30, 1921, was transferred from Mr. Phillips's salary account to his expense account.

Mr. Phillips's explanation of the entries was that they were made for the purpose of excluding from his taxable income that portion which he paid to Mr. Anderson in connection with the commission splitting arrangement. He said last night that he did not know of the changes in the books.

"I am surprised that Mr. Anderson didn't include the statement of these deductions from my commissions in his report to the Government," he said.

# $1,022,611 EXPENDED ON SMITH CAMPAIGN

### F. A. Wallis Reports as Chairman of the Democratic Finance Committee.

## 17,241 GAVE TO THE FUND

### Total Includes the Outlays Made by the Various County Committees in November.

The Democratic State Committee and the various county committees spent $1,022,614 in the 1922 State campaign, which resulted in the election of Governor Alfred E. Smith, according to the report of Frederick A. Wallis, Chairman of the Finance Committee, to its officers and members, made public yesterday. Mr. Wallis, who has been appointed Commissioner of Correction by Mayor Hylan, has resigned as head of the Finance Committee.

Mr. Wallis's report, which has been audited by the Frank Loeb Schneider Company, showed that the amount received from contributors was $1,005,860. There were 17,241 individual contributors throughout the State in 1922, as compared with 4,290 contributors to the nation-wide Democratic campaign fund for the Presidential election in 1912. The individual average for the 1922 contributors to the State campaign fund was $58, and the individual average for the 1912 Presidential campaign fund was $243.

"The comparison shows that in 1902 anti-Newberryism lines were followed by the State Finance Committee with the result that the people responded as they never responded before to the call for funds locally and throughout the State," Mr. Wallis said. "This report establishes for the first time in the political history of the United States a precedent of a major political party making a State-wide campaign for funds on a non-Newberryism basis and the raising of a campaign fund in such a way that it could be audited on broad daylight lines and on lines which challenge publicity and do not seek nonpublicity.

"If the plans of the New York State Democratic Committee's finance committee, as laid out in the proposed underwriting agreement for 1923 and 1924 are carried out and the County Auxiliary Committee organization work up-State is continued without interruption during the next two years, there will be no question but that the people will respond in 1923 and 1924 as liberally in the matter of money and as loyally in the matter of votes as was the case in 1922.

"The results achieved at were made possible through the splendid team work of the members of the State Finance Committee, and particularly the members of the Executive Committee of the State Finance Committee, representing every faction in the party of the Empire State, the Chairman of the State Committee and his co-officers and members of his committee and the State leader and his associate leaders throughout the State.

"The Chairman of the New York State Democratic Committee, Finance Committee, does, however, take pride in having been partly instrumental in bringing together the discordant elements in the party in the pre-election period as members of his committee, and there is no reason why this harmony should not continue in the 1923 and 1924 preparedness campaigns. If the Democratic Party continues united, there is no question of the success of the party in the State and nation this year and in the Presidential year."

## DENY PUEBLOS SUFFER.

### Officials Denounce Propaganda Against Bureau of Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Government's dealings with the Pueblo Indians were defended today by Commissioner Charles H. Burke and Assistant Commissioner Edgar B. Meritt of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, before the House committee which is considering legislation in connection with Pueblo land titles. The two officials denounced what they termed the "propaganda" circulated by interested organizations.

Mr. Meritt said statements that the Indians were starving and that disease was rampant among them were false. The Government, he declared, had been exceedingly liberal in its dealings with the Pueblos.

"This propaganda against us," said Mr. Meritt, "is the worst I have ever seen. It has attempted to undermine the bureau, estrange the Government from its wards and blacken the character of men. It deserves the strongest rebuke this committee can administer."

He denied that the General Federation of Women's Clubs was behind the "propaganda."

Commissioner Burke said he had been approached by Indians who asked his advice about payment of income tax, declaring that they should refute charges that starvation existed in the Pueblo country.

The officials submitted documents to show that the Indian Bureau had been instrumental in adding nearly 400,000 acres of land to the holdings of the Pueblos.

# GOVERNOR ANGERS WOMEN DELEGATES

**Continued from Page 1, Column 4.**

in the fundamental principles of freedom, do not believe in the kind of prohibition that has been forced upon us under this law. Let us have beer and wine under Government regulation and class liquor as a drug."

Mrs. A. C. Mosher of Syracuse said the restrictions placed on the mass of people by the prohibition law was not conducive to happiness and contentment. "Minority law doesn't belong in this country, and repeal of the Mullan-Gage law will encourage repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment," Mrs. Mosher said.

In a resolution which the women left with the Governor, they urged that the "Governor, the President of the Senate, Lieutenant Governor George R. Lunn, and the Speaker of the Assembly take such action as to them shall seem wise, proper and necessary to the end:

"That the people of the State of New York shall be protected from further encroachment upon their rights and liberties by the centralized powers of the Federal Government; and

"That they be relieved from the intolerable conditions brought about in this State by the unjust, tyrannical and expensive Federal statute known as the Volstead act.

"That they be permitted by the Federal Congress, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution of the United States, to express their will and opinion as to the wisdom and desirability of continuing in force the Eighteenth Amendment as an integral part of that Constitution;

"And that the State Enforcement act, known as the Mullan-Gage law, be repealed as an evidence to the rest of these United States that the State of New York takes her place with that large number of her sister States who have availed themselves of the only choice left to them under the provisions of the Eighteenth Amendment."

**Colonel Gillett Denounces Prohibition.**

In addressing the Governor, Colonel Gillett said:

"These women protest against the crime of prohibition. For many years it has been asserted, and seldom or never contradicted, so far as public expression on the part of the interested citizenry was concerned, that women were unanimously for prohibition and rigid enforcement of savage, repressive and tyrannical law, which alone can make it effectual.

"There are thousands of women who feel that way; but this delegation of women from twenty different counties of this State is an evidence that there are many thousand other women who believe that prohibition as now defined, and the laws now on our statute books designed to enforce it, are wrong and dangerous.

"The Molly Pitcher Club is an association of women who believe that the sacrifice of the fundamental principles upon which our freedom rests are too great a price to pay for the doubtful benefits sought to be conferred by prohibition upon the weak and ignorant men and women who cannot control their appetites for strong drink.

"Upon the addition of the Eighteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution and the passage of the State and Federal laws enacted to give it effect, prohibition ceased to be a moral question and became a political issue. In a futile endeavor to enforce it as a national, governmental policy, our lawmaking representatives enacted laws which deprive citizens of this State and this country of the inalienable rights and guarantees of trial by jury, of security from unreasonable searches of their homes, of not being deprived of their property without due process of law, of the presumption of innocence when charged with a crime, and against double punishment for the same offense.

"No one disputes that the saloon and the evil practices of what has been characterized as the liquor traffic were a dangerous and mischevious influence in our society. Society was, however, curing itself of the ills incident to their presence by the natural processes of education and civilization. The impudence of a minority of our citizenship, actuated by the highest and best motives, caused them to adopt just as evil and reprehensible political methods and practices as ever were employed by the liquor interests, to fasten prohibition upon this country and to enact laws as repugnant to our sense of freedom as the conditions they sought to correct were repugnant to our sense of civic righteousness.

"It is in the hope of helping to devise some method whereby our State may perpetually secure the benefits of temperance and avoid the perils and dangers of prohibition which ever confront us in endeavoring to impose sumptuary laws upon a free people that this delegation respectfully addresses you.

"Submission of a referendum to the voters at the next election, as suggested by Governor Smith, on the question of whether the Mullan-Gage law should be repealed would be "absolutely and unequivocally unconstitutional and void." Assemblyman Cuvillier stated this afternoon. Submission of such a referendum, he contended, was expressly prohibited through Articles 1 and 14 of the State Constitution.

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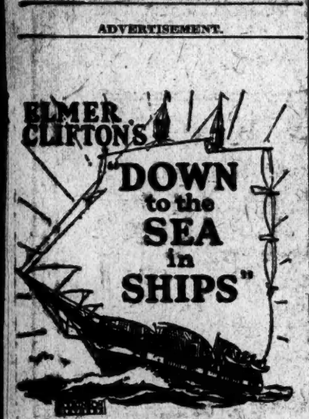


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# CRONKHITE INQUIRY BY SENATE SOUGHT

## Senator Glass Decides to Press for Investigation of General's Retirement.

## WAR VETERANS ASK ACTION

### Colonel Wise Asserts 50,000 Who Served Aged Soldier in France Want His Side Heard.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Senator Carter Glass of Virginia, after an examination of the papers and the records in the case, decided today that he would insist upon an investigation of the facts behind the retirement from the army of Major Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, over his own protest, after forty-three years of service.

General Cronkhite feels that General Pershing has put a blot on his record in the reasons given for the action of the President in ordering his retirement at the age of 62 years, when General Cronkhite thinks himself fit in every way, physically and professionally, to remain on active duty two more years. He contends that he is entitled to this under his contract with the Government as an officer of the army. In his communications to the War Department, General Cronkhite has criticized the attitude of the Departments of War and Justice toward his efforts to bring to trial those who have been indicted for the alleged murder of his son, Major Alexander Pennington Cronkhite.

The General has accused the War Department of irregularity in the handling of the case and has criticised Attorney General Daugherty for alleged negligence in the prosecution of the men who were arrested in connection with the death of his son.

Senator Glass has reached the conclusion that the General has been badly treated both in the matter of his forced retirement and in the handling of the case of his dead son. He sees no reason why General Cronkhite should not have been granted the court of inquiry for which he asked with a view to establishing as a fact that aspersions, cast upon him by some superior officers, were not justified. Since such a court of inquiry has been denied to General Cronkhite, Senator Glass feels that the matter should be investigated by the Senate Military Affairs Committee. Other Senators, it is learned, take the same view of the matter.

**To Await Committee's Decision.**

The Military Committee appears to be sitting tight in the matter for the present and has taken no action. Chairman Wadsworth, Senator Reed of Pennsylvania and other members of the committee are going over the records of the case as presented by General Cronkhite's friends and making a study of the case.

Should the committee not act Senator Glass is prepared to introduce a resolution in the Senate calling for a full investigation. Meanwhile he will not interpose further obstacles to the confirmation of the nomination of Brig. Gen. Hanson Ely to be a Major General. General Ely has been appointed to fill the vacancy in the active list of Major Generals caused by the retirement of General Cronkhite. General Ely is in no way involved in the relations between the War Department and General Cronkhite.

Senator Reed of Pennsylvania, a member of the Military Committee, received today the documents in the case, including the pamphlet circulated by friends of General Cronkhite, and is making a study of the record.

Senator Caraway of Arkansas, who has been making a close study of affairs in the Department of Justice for some time, has also become interested in the case, more particularly with respect to General Cronkhite's charges against the present Attorney General. It is thought probable that Senator Caraway will join Senator Glass in making a fight in behalf of a hearing for General Cronkhite.

**Soldiers Ask Justice for General.**

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—A Congressional investigation of the recent enforced retirement from the army of Major Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, Eighteenth Division commander in France, was requested today by Jennings C. Wise, who served as a lieutenant colonel in the division and who said that 50,000 of his former comrades in arms under General Cronkhite were "determined to stand by their old commander."

The request was contained in a letter sent to Senator Reed, Republican, of Pennsylvania, in which Colonel Wise revealed that he was one of those who helped prepare a pamphlet recently circulated among members of Congress setting forth the views of General Cronkhite's friends regarding his retirement. Colonel Wise said also that Ashey Williams, also a lieutenant colonel in the Eighteenth Division, and other former officers and men of the division living in Pittsburgh and Bethlehem, Pa., in New York City and in Virginia and West Virginia, had had a part in preparing and circulating the pamphlet. Both Colonel Wise and Colonel Williams are lawyers here.

Senator Reed was not ready to announce whether he would comply with the request that he introduce a resolution of inquiry.

Colonel Wise's formal request for a Congressional inquiry was addressed to Senator Reed, he explained, because the headquarters of the Eighteenth Division Association is located in Pittsburgh, the Senator's home town. He explained in his letter that those who prepared the pamphlet dealing with the case had no desire to conceal their identity, although they did not regard it as material to the inquiry, and continued:

"Our purpose all along has simply been, upon a statement of the case as known to us, to have, if possible, a resolution introduced in the Senate, calling upon the Military Affairs Committee to report to the Senate the facts of General Cronkhite's retirement, and such a resolution we sincerely trust your judgment will permit you to introduce.

"It has never been our idea that this action would be in the nature of an attack upon the President or the Secretary of War, for whom we have the highest respect and in whom we have the utmost confidence. We do not believe that they have knowingly been party to any wrong to General Cronkhite and we believe that they would be the first to correct any injustice which the facts may show has been done him.

"What we do not understand is the failure of the War Department to take any action looking to the determination of the facts in the case of Major Cronkhite, even after the accused murderer confessed and after a Grand Jury had brought in an indictment against persons alleged to have murdered an officer of the army while on duty. Does the War Department owe an obligation to the army and to its officers in such a case?

"During the investigations of the Department of Justice leading to the indictment, General Cronkhite remained in this country upon the express authority of his superiors, co-operating with the department. Yet General Cronkhite's retirement is in fact based upon the ground that his services were no longer available to the army. It is our idea that he was performing a very great service to the army as well as to the country at large.

"The men who served under General Cronkhite make no charges against any one, but they wish to be quite sure that full justice is done General Cronkhite and thereby repay to him, to the extent that it is in their power, the great debt which they owe him."

# *ROSENBLUTH ASKS CONGRESS INQUIRY*

## *Army Officer and Veterans of Foreign Wars Request Calder Get a Full Investigation.*

Two requests for an investigation by Congress of the Cronkhite-Rosenbluth case were asked for yesterday, one by Captain Rosenbluth, accused in connection the death of Major Alexander P. Cronkhite, and the other by the Veterans of Foreign Wars. The requests were wired to Senator William A. Calder by Louis Marshall, of counsel for Captain Rosenbluth, and Robert S. Allyn, Judge Advocate General of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, after reading in the newspapers of efforts made by friends of Major Gen. Adelbert Cronkhite, father of Major Cronkhite, to bring about a Congressional investigation.

The friends of Major Gen. Cronkhite, organizer and commander in France of the Eighteenth or Blue Ridge Division, who was retired on Feb. 1, are asking that the appointment of Brig. Gen. Hanson E. Ely to succeed General Cronkhite be held in abeyance pending an investigation of General Cronkhite's case. They even allege General Cronkhite has been "railroaded into retirement" as a result of his efforts to cause further investigation into the death of his son.

Judge Advocate General Allyn said in his message to Senator Calder:

"Investigation of Cronkhite-Rosenbluth controversy should be thorough, as requested by the Veterans of Foreign Wars at the twenty-second encampment in 1921. Will you not insist as usual on full publicity and justice to both veterans?"

On behalf of Captain Rosenbluth, his counsel, Louis Marshall, wired Senator Calder as follows:

"According to the statements that have appeared in today's newspapers, General Cronkhite is asking for a Congressional inquiry regarding his alleged grievances against various Cabinet officers arising out of his efforts to investigate the cause of the deplorable death on Oct. 25, 1918, of his son, Major Alexander P. Cronkhite.

"Speaking as counsel for Captain Rosenbluth, I am authorized to say that he heartily welcomes a full and unlimited Congressional investigation of the cruel charges and insinuations that have been made against him, charges which the District Attorney of Pierce County, Wash., decided to be devoid of the slightest foundation after a thorough official consideration of the facts presented to him at the instance of Attorney General Daugherty, in whose opinion the State Court alone had jurisdiction to intervene.

"This has been our consistent position in the past and is our present attitude, even after Commissioner Hitchcock, following a protracted hearing, has refused to make an order for the removal of Captain Rosenbluth to Tacoma, basing his decision on the ground that the Federal Court had no jurisdiction to take cognizance of an indictment for the offense charged."

Jonah J. Goldstein of counsel for Captain Rosenbluth said there was no reason for him to add anything to the telegram of Mr. Marshall, but he exhibited:

"I hope if any inquiry is to be ordered it will be broad enough to include all phases of the case, including the death of Major Cronkhite, and we are sure such an inquiry will establish the innocence of Captain Rosenbluth."

# TO DROP HARBORD PAY BAN.

## Senate and House Conferees Agree to Modify Retirement Restrictions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Virtual elimination of the House amendment to the War Department appropriation bill denying retirement pay to Major Gen. Harbord, former Deputy Chief of Staff, has been agreed to by Senate and House conferees on the measure.

The entire House provision prohibiting retired army officers from selling merchandise or service to the Government or from being connected with any company with such Government connections was stricken from the bill by the Senate. The conferees are said to have reached an agreement to restore part of the House legislation, that prohibiting direct individual sales by retired officers to the Government, but permitting their employment by companies or individuals selling material or services to the Government.

General Harbord has taken an executive position with a radio company.

# *GEN. ALLEN TO LEAVE THE RHINE ON MONDAY*

## *Tries to Avoid Demonstration by Germans—Sails From Bremen on Feb. 21.*

COBLENZ, Feb. 15. (Associated Press).—Major General Henry T. Allen has practically completed the winding up of his affairs and expects to leave for Bremen with his staff by special train on Monday night. Colonel Harts and twenty men will remain here for the final cleanup. The German wives of fourteen enlisted men will leave on the same train as General Allen's party.

The exact time of departure has been kept secret, to avoid a possible demonstration by the Germans, who plan to express their appreciation of his four years' service in the Coblenz area.

"We are losing our best friend," said one prominent German today, and this sentiment was echoed by many.

General Allen's train will proceed by way of the Ruhr. All the officers will wear civilian clothes, while the enlisted men will be in uniform, but are forbidden to leave the train.

The George Washington is listed to sail with General Allen on the morning of Feb. 21. General Allen will report to the Commander-in-Chief at Washington. He is due to retire from the army on April 30, on his sixty-fourth birthday, but may possibly be retained in the Government service.

A report in current here that he is slated for a high diplomatic office because of his success in a difficult position on the Rhineland commission.

# "VAGRANT" HAD $1,207.

## Woman Was Found Asleep In Brooklyn Hallway.

Mrs. Tillie Hellman, 50 years old, no home address, was arraigned before Magistrate Walsh in Bridge Plaza Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, on a charge of vagrancy. She was arrested late Wednesday night by Patrolman Otto Swartz, who said he found her asleep in a hallway at 55 Cook Street, Brooklyn.

The Magistrate asked the woman whether or not she had any money. Mrs. Hellman promptly produced $1,207. The Magistrate discharged the woman, who refused to give any further information regarding herself.

**Tax Closes All Warsaw Movies.**

WARSAW, Feb. 15.—The City of Warsaw is without moving pictures. The City Council having put a tax of 100 per cent. on all tickets, managers of the cinema theatres declared that it was impossible to conduct business under such conditions and closed their houses.

# ASKS FOR EVIDENCE OF STOCK FRAUD AID

## Pecora Calls on Bankruptcy Trustee in Dillon Co. Failure for Proof of Charges.

## TWO FIRMS REFERRED TO

### Exchange Offers to Start Inquiry If Facts Are Submitted—Matching Orders Alleged.

Acting District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora last evening sent a communication to Keyes Winter, trustee in bankruptcy for Dillon & Co., a brokerage firm which failed in September, 1921, in which he asked Mr. Winter to turn over to him any evidence obtained in the search for assets that might lead to prosecution of two firms connected with the Stock Exchange, which the trustee reported, had aided Dillon & Co. to "cross and match" the orders of customers of the defunct firm.

"According to the newspaper accounts of the preliminary report made by Keyes Winter, trustee in bankruptcy, to Peter B. Olney Jr., Federal receiver for the brokerage firm of Dillon & Co.," said Mr. Pecora, "it would seem that certain members of the Stock Exchange were used by Dillon & Co. to match or cross orders received by Dillon & Co. for their customers. This matching or crossing of orders is a felony. If any brokers knowingly lent themselves to any such scheme, they, too, would be guilty of a felony and should be prosecuted.

"Mr. Winter's report states that Dillon & Co. between the date on which they commenced business on March 31, 1921, and Sept. 1, 1921, when the firm went into bankruptcy, had received from customers $321,351.63 in cash and $253,509.72 in securities, making a total of $574,861.35. After being in business only six months they failed with assets of over $5,000.

Officials of the New York Stock Exchange offered to conduct an investigation into the matter if Mr. Winter would furnish proof that members of the Exchange had aided Dillon & Co. in "crossing and matching" orders of customers. One official said that the only thing the Governors could do is to ask Mr. Winters for the names of the two firms mentioned by Mr. Winters.

# 203 POLICE WATCHERS.

## Reassignment Order Does Not Increase Raided Premises Guards.

Reassignment of the patrolmen who are doing raided premises and disorderly house duty in the city by Commissioner Richard E. Enright, last night showed that 203 patrolmen are performing that duty. A special order reassigning the patrolmen, did not increase the number of men doing that work but merely reassigned the patrolmen. The reassignment is made every two weeks.

Two hundred of the patrolmen are doing raided premises duty and three are detailed on disorderly houses duty. All of the latter are on duty in the first inspection district, which comprises the east side up to Forty-second Street. This district has forty-three patrolmen on raided premises duty. The second Inspection District, from the Battery to Forty-second Street, on the west side, has thirty-six on raided premises duty.

The raided premises assignments for other districts follow: Third, East and West Harlem, 27; fourth, west side from Forty-second Street to Harlem River, 36; fifth, Lower Bronx, 5; ninth, Brooklyn, 6; tenth, Brooklyn, 30; eleventh, Brooklyn, 5.

**Use Moonshine in Auto Radiators.**

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Cincinnati city officials, hard pressed in financial matters, are utilizing the moonshine whisky seized by police in raids as an anti-freeze aid for radiators of city automobiles, thus saving the expense of alcohol. It had been the custom to pour the contraband liquor into the sewers.

# TRAPPED AT PHONE GIVING MURDER CLUE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

She lived with her sister, Mrs. George Kingsley, at 158 Hayward Place, Wallington, about three-quarters of a mile from the scene of the murder.

Early in December, not long after the murder, county detectives working on the case thought the girl had been the victim of swamps. A few days later Peter Martinec and Michael Milhalik, who live at 129 Johnson Avenue, Wallington, were held as accessories. Both young men lived near the scene of the crime, but they were released when an investigation showed them blameless.

Later the body of an unidentified man was found near the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad near South Fourth Street, Harrison, N. J., and in the coat pocket was found a clipping from The Philadelphia Inquirer, dated Dec. 8, which related to the Hervish murder.

Early this morning detectives who had questioned "Downey" said they were convinced that if he did not commit the murder himself at least he was a witness to it. Downey, they said, told one story, then another, but at all times placed himself at the scene of the crime. First, they said, he would admit that he was present when the murder was committed and then he would almost boastingly admit that he committed it himself. Detective McKettrick got a towel and asked Downey to demonstrate how he had strangled Miss Hervish. The man nearly strangled the detective with a half-hitch.

Detectives learned that soon after the murder the New Jersey authorities sent out A circular describing a sailor wanted for the killing of Miss Hervish. The circular stated that the sailor had a scar over his right eye, another on his abdomen and several scars on his fingers. Marks answering the description of these scars, they said, were found on Downey.

Mayor John McLeary of Wallington reached the Oak Street station with Chief of Police John Hartfield early this morning while the questioning proceeded. They both expressed the opinion that the first story Downey told was true—that he had killed Miss Hervish.

Detectives and reporters who went to 1,408 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, found an elderly woman who said she was Mrs. Mary Downey Duffy McGrath, wife of Thomas McGrath, a fireman employed at the Manual Training High School, Brooklyn. She said that her first husband was named Downey. One of her four sons, she said, was Sylvester McGrath, who, as far as she knew, never had used the name Downey. She said he had served as a first sergeant in the army, that he had been employed some years ago by the Horton Ice Cream Company.

She described her son, whom she said she had not seen for seven months, as a tall, good-looking young man of good habits. He was married, she said, but separated from his wife. After his first his wife, about seven years ago, Mrs. McGrath said, Sylvester enlisted and was sent to Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. Later he was court-martialed because of nonsupport of his wife, she thought. Then she said that he had been dishonorably discharged.

About seven months ago, she added, her son returned to his Brooklyn home, spent a few hours there, saying little or nothing either about himself or his wife, and then went away again. She said she had heard nothing of him since.

# *STORM DEMORALIZES RAILROADS UPSTATE*

## *Heavy Snowfall Ties Up Traffic Generally — Coal Shortage Becomes More Acute.*

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 15.—With blizzard conditions throughout Northern New York, accompanied by low temperatures during the last two days, the coal situation was more acute today, practically no hard coal having reached this city for the last two days. Freight traffic on the St. Lawrence Division of the New York Central is practically abandoned, while passenger trains are running from three to five hours behind schedule. A passenger train sent out from here for Cape Vincent yesterday afternoon was stalled all night near Chaumont, but was relieved this morning.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Feb. 15.—This city and vicinity were swept last night by the worst storm of the Winter, with a forty-two-mile-an-hour wind from the West, and a temperature of 8 degrees above zero. New York Central lines to the East and West were blocked. Several trains were abandoned, and others were from one to ten hours late. During the height of the storm, Sawyer's Brass and Iron Foundry, here caught fire, with a loss of $12,000.

ITHACA, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Huge snow drifts, swept on the tracks by the overnight gale and blizzard, blockaded the Ithaca-Auburn Short Line Railroad this morning and no trains are running over that branch. A special train bringing farmers' week guests to Cornell University was reported by railroad officials to be stalled in snow drifts at Merrifield, near Auburn. One death occurred here this afternoon as a result of icy pavements. Frank Downey, aged 70, a carpenter, was struck by a skidding automobile and died shortly afterward in the City Hospital.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Trolley communication is at a standstill, inter-urban motor buses are stalled in the drifts or have failed to attempt their trips, and country roads are drifted eight feet deep in many places as the result of a light snowfall followed by an all-night gale in Saratoga County. Suffering from the cold wave is intensified in many places in the county by present or impending shortages of fuel.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Two persons dead, several injured, and a heavy loss in property, is the toll of the snow and wind storm still sweeping Western New York. The biting gale, which drove the mercury below the zero mark here, also added the loose snow to the huge drifts still remaining from a half dozen blizzards that marked January. The dead are John Romena and Charles Nowak. Both men, employed as shop hands by the New York Central Railroad at Fairport, a village near here, were killed last night when they became confused in a blinding snowstorm and were struck by a locomotive.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., Feb. 15.—The ice jam in the St. Lawrence River traveled westward a half mile today, and tonight was about 400 yards from Morrisburg, Ontario. It is expected to reach that place tomorrow.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NYACK, N. Y., Feb. 15.—An avalanche of snow that fell Tuesday night from the cliffs on the new Storm King Road that skirts the perpendicular walls of the Hudson River between Bear Mountain and Newburg, N. Y., tied up traffic until late today. Motorists Tuesday night caught on both sides of the mammoth pile of snow had to park there all night before they could take the detour.

# *STORM WORKS HAVOC TO ATLANTIC SHIPPING*

## *Liners Are Delayed — Freighter Towed Into Port Disabled— Cutter Answers Call for Aid.*

The storm that swept the Atlantic coast wrought damage to shipping and delayed all steamships that were nearing this port. The United American liner Mount Carroll, incoming from Hamburg; the Royal Mail liner Araguaya, from Bermuda; the Vasari of the Lamport & Holt line, from Buenos Aires, did not arrive yesterday as expected. They will arrive today.

The freighter Manhattan Island was towed into port last night. She was disabled in a heavy sea on Wednesday night and the last knots of her trip from Calamata, Greece, were made at a speed of about a mile an hour and in a terrific sea.

The Coast Guard cutter Modoc was sent from Wilmington to the schooner Friendship, reported sinking in Oregon Inlet, about ninety miles south of Virginia Beach. The Friendship is owned in Rockland, Me., and is commanded by Captain G. K. Martin of Calais, Me. She left Kilkenny, Ga., Feb. 2, with a cargo of lumber for New York.

The Norwegian steamer Mexicano reported yesterday by radio that a two-masted fishing schooner, apparently abandoned, was adrift three miles southeast of Fire Island Lightship. The Coast Guard cutter Gresham was sent to the schooner.

A Pennsylvania Railroad car float was rammed by another float and sunk yesterday afternoon off Pier 5, North River, at the foot of Morris Street. No one was injured. The two floats, each carrying ten empty cars, were being shifted by Pennsylvania Railroad Tug 3, commanded by Captain Frederick Salvanson, when they were caught by wind and tide. One of the floats swung around, ramming a hole in the other, which quickly sank. The work of raising her was begun immediately.

# NINETEEN DIE IN COLD WAVE

## Many Victims in West Perish in Fires Caused by Overheating.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Deaths and heavy loss through fires continued today as the mercury remained at low points in all parts of the West.

There were six deaths from the cold here. Reports from St. Paul state that thirteen persons lost their lives in the Northwest, nine from fires due to overheated stoves and four from freezing.

A mail carrier at Spencer, S. D., was frozen to death under his car, which ran into a ditch.

The temperature in Chicago was 5 below at 8 o'clock this morning, and at noon had reached 8 above. The weather forecaster said no more zero weather was in prospect.

The chief engineer of the Board of Education reports that fifty schools have just enough coal to run tomorrow.

There were 107 fires in the city today, due mostly to overheated furnaces.

# WEARS PALM BEACH SUIT.

## Man's Summer Attire Causes Him to Be Held for Observation.

It was about eight degrees above last night, and a biting wind was chopping around corners, when a man about 25 years old, wearing a white Palm Beach suit and no overcoat, turned into First Avenue from 116th Street, to the astonishment of shivering people hurrying along bundled in coats and overcoats.

Patrolman Watson of the East 104th Street Station stopped the trepidly-clad stranger, who only laughed when asked his name. At the police station he did not respond intelligibly to questions, so the man was taken to Bellevue Hospital for observation. He is about five feet tall and apparently Spanish.

# CATCH MAIL ROBBER; FLED $100,000 BAIL

## Vincenzo Cosmano, Member of Chicago Band, Arrested on Arrival Here From Italy.

## HOPED TO HIDE IN BUFFALO

### Appealed to U. S. Supreme Court After Conviction and Was Released Under Bonds.

Vincenzo Cosmano, one of the band who in the months of February and April, 1921, held up mail wagons in Chicago and obtained loot said to be worth millions of dollars, is a prisoner on Ellis Island. He was arrested on his arrival here on the Italian liner Cliffo. On a complaint charging him with being a fugitive from justice in Chicago, from which city he fled, forfeiting a bail bond of $100,000, he will be brought before United States Commissioner S. M. Hitchcock. The prisoner is now in the detention room at the immigration station.

Cosmano is said to have been one of the men who operated with "Big Tim" Murphy and "Dago" Mike, and they specialized on mail wagons at the Polk Street, Union and Dearborn Street stations in Chicago. Three months after the robberies the Government agents uncovered clues that led to a round-up of the men suspected. Cosmano was arrested, tried and sentenced to a term of four years imprisonment in the Federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan. He was convicted of participation in the Dearborn Street station robbery.

He appealed to the United States Circuit Court and that Court affirmed the judgment of the Federal District Court of Chicago. The case was then carried by Cosmano to the United States Supreme Court.

As a result of that appeal the prisoner was admitted to bail in the sum of $100,000. It was specially stipulated in the bail bond that the convicted man must remain within the jurisdiction of the United States. Notwithstanding this agreement, Cosmano lost no time in getting out of the country.

When it was found that he had fled to Italy Judge Landis ordered the forfeiture of the surety bond and directed the issuance of a warrant for Cosmano's arrest as a fugitive from justice. The trail led to New York, and it was found that the fugitive had shipped for Naples. Search for him was begun in that country.

On Jan. 31 a secret Government agent in Italy learned that Cosmano had gone on board the steamship. In a code message he cabled that the fugitive was returning to the United States. It was reported that he intended to hide himself with friends in Buffalo until the hunt for him was abandoned. He was greatly surprised when Post Office inspectors boarded the vessel at Quarantine and arrested him.

# *PLEADS FOR TURKEY AS FRIEND OF JEWS*

## *J. H. Levy Says Country Was Haven for 400 Years—Club to Cable Sympathy.*

While the world is branding Turkey as barbarous, the Jews, especially those born in the Orient, should not forget the debt of gratitude their race owes the Turks, said J. Hezekiah Levy, attorney, of 1,463 Broadway, last night at a meeting of the Filo Centre Club, 43 West 13th Street.

Mr. Levy was prompted to speak after hearing Mahmed Zekeria Bey, a Turkish journalist now studying in this country, and his wife speak of conditions in Turkey today. Mrs. Zekeria, addressing the audience without her veil, spoke in Turkish on "Social Conditions in Turkey." After she had summarized her remarks in English, her husband discussed Turkish democracy.

"We would be black, indeed," said Mr. Levy, "if we forgot that for four centuries Turkey has been a haven for the Jew. While European nations were burning us at the stake, Turkey offered us freedom of conscience, saying, 'Come and live with us under the fig tree.'

"I have no brief for the Turk as a paragon of all virtues. No nation could be described so. The truth of the matter is that the barbarity of some Turkish soldiers at Anatolia was exceeded only by the barbarity of some Christian soldiers. We have the Ku Klux Klan and lynchings in this country, but nobody would dare call us barbarous.

"We Jews who were born in the Orient owe it to Turkey to stand up proudly whenever the opportunity arises and speak the truth as we know it and as our fathers knew it. The only trouble in Turkey was caused by the desire of a minority to overrule the majority."

Several members of the audience expressed similar regard for Turkey, and a resolution was passed to send a cablegram of sympathy to the Turkish National Assembly at Angora.

Mrs. Zekeria said that the women of Turkey are now participating in all branches of endeavor which have been limited until recently to men.

# HUGE HOTEL FOR CHICAGO.

## Auditorium Is to Be Displaced by $15,000,000 Structure.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—An announcement of a $15,000,000 skyscraper hotel, auditorium and banking building to rise on the present site of the Auditorium Hotel and Theatre is included in a friendly suit filed today in the Circuit Court by the Chicago Auditorium Association Company. The action seeks judicial interpretation of the lease of the fee to establish the right of the association to supplant the present structure with a modern one.

Famous for thirty-five years as the rendezvous of nationally known politicians and foreign celebrities, the Auditorium Hotel has become obsolete and unfit to compete with modern hostelries. The building, which houses the Auditorium Theatre as well as the hotel and offices and shops, has never been a paying venture, according to the petition, which asserts that the first and only dividend on the capital stock of the holding company was paid in 1888. But 1½ per cent. was realized by stockholders at that time.

Losses sustained in the operation of the building total more than $784,000 for the three years from 1918 to and including 1921.

# MRS. HOTALING WINS DECREE

## Separation and $100 a Week Allowance Granted to Wife of Broker.

MINEOLA, L. I., Feb. 15.—A decree of separation and $100 a week allowance from her husband, George R. Hotaling, an investment broker, of 802 West End Avenue, Manhattan, was allowed today to Mrs. Phyllis Hotaling of Port Washington in the Supreme Court. Mrs. Hotaling charged abandonment.

Hotaling declared that his wife was nagging him constantly before he left her.

Justice Benedict asked Hotaling if he still loved his wife.

"I still cannot," he started this question answered. He said he had intended to return to his wife.


**John Wanamaker**
Broadway at Ninth, New York.

**450 GOOD RUGS**
*(mostly room size)*
**go down 1-3 to 1-2**
*And remember, please, that these Are Wanamaker standard quality*

Divided into six groups

***1st—$87.50 Axminsters, $55***

50 of these jacquard-weave Axminsters in the 9x12 feet size. Do not confuse these with the ordinary Axminsters that are now sold everywhere. Colors are woven all the way through; quality is very heavy; patterns are the well-chosen Oriental effects; and all are seamless.

* * *

***2nd—$115 Tufted Rugs, $75***

The closest-woven and best rug of its kind we have had at this price in a long, long time. In soft, lovely shades of tan, blue, taupe and rose, with plain centers and hand borders, or with narrow decorative borders. 9x12 feet in size. Just 60 of these.

* * *

***3rd—$90 to $125 Wiltons, $70***

Everybody knows the true worth of Royal Wilton rugs; and if these were not samples, the price would not be $70. Wool and worsted qualities; choice patterns and colorings. Just 80 of them.

* * *

***4th—$83.50 Wiltons, $50***

25 of these sturdy 18-wire-worsted Wiltons—numbered among the best Wiltons made when durability is considered. 6x9 feet.

* * *

***5th—Tufted Rugs***

35 of these excellent imported tufted rugs—all seamless.
10 x 13 feet, $140 grade—now ..... $75
8 x 11½ feet, $80 grade—now ..... $50
6½ x 9.9 feet, $60 grade—now ..... $35

* * *

***6th—Scatter Rugs***

200 wool-back tufted rugs, 3x6 ft., regularly $22 ..... $10
50 imported Mohair rugs, 2½x5 ft., regularly $18 ..... $10

Third Gallery, New Building.

**Six Electric Washing Machines One-third to One-half Less**

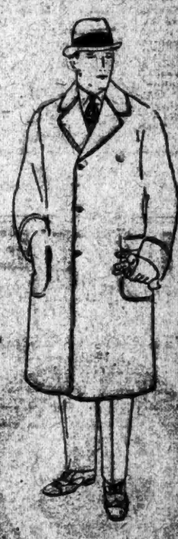
Floor samples that have been used for demonstrating purpose; all are more or less shop-worn, but in perfect working condition.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cornfield washer—copper tub for A.C. current | $150 | $100 |
| Highlander washer—1 for A.C., 1 for D.C. current | $100 | $ 80 |
| Federal washer for D.C. current | $100 | $ 50 |
| Gever washer—6 sheet capacity for D.C. current | $100 | $ 80 |
| Apex washer—copper tub for A.C. current | $150 | $ 75 |
| One Thor electric ironer, 44 in., gas heated | $100 | $ 65 |

Seventh Gallery, New Building.

INDIVIDUAL SHOPS FOR MEN

**Men's $40 to $60 Overcoats and Ulsters, $28.50**



In the group are 250 town ulsters, storm ulsters, and single-breasted box coats for men and young men. Fleeces, tweeds and cheviots are the materials, in patterns for the conservative man or the man who likes gay color. Browns, grays, tans and heathers predominate.

Every coat is from our own stock; every coat is therefore tailored to the rigid Wanamaker standard. Sizes range from 34 to 44, but there are not all patterns in every size.

The wise man will get here early this morning!

* * *

**Men's $2 to $3 Shirts, $1.65**

All of the shirts in this group are of madras. There are shirts with Russian cords, shirts with colored stripes, shirts with silk stripes, shirts of plain white madras, and white poplin. There are literally scores of patterns, in bold or conservative designs. Sizes 14 to 17.

*This is the kind of shirt to buy by the dozen—and the wise man will!*

* * *

**Men's $1.50 to $3 Caps, $1**

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# REDS REPORT UNITY IN OPEN PARTY MOVE

## American Leaders Say All Factions Have Fused for Political Activity.

## SEND REPORT TO MOSCOW

### Tell of Gains for Workers' Cause and Say Native Communists Must Rule Here.

The Central Executive committee of the Communist Party of America has adopted the suggestion of the Communist International, discontinued the "underground" policy pursued here for several years, and concentrated on the organization of an "open party" in support of the Workers' Party, which nominated candidates for office for the first time last Fall.

A communication to the Executive Committee of the International, made public here yesterday, announced the decision and said that three factional elements among Communists in this country had fused and that at the last convention of the American party "the theses of the convention have destroyed the dogma that the Communist Party of America can exist only as an underground party."

The announcement added that Communist leaders in this country now realized that "dualism between the party and the Legal Political Party had been inconvenient, but had been historically necessary for a long time." The communication also said that the American party "no longer is dominated by the foreign-born language federations," but that they were an integral part of the Communist Party of America and were supporting it in every way.

The statement authorized at a recent meeting of the Central Executive Committee, said that the committee had decided unanimously to carry out without reservation instructions of the Communist International, particularly as it had reached its own decision to the same end in advance of receipt of those instructions. It went on to say that the political development of the last five months, together with the experience acquired in the activities of the Legal Political Party had convinced the Executive Committee that the open existence of the party was possible.

"We believe that the Communist International has again demonstrated its understanding of the American situation and its ability to give concrete directions for the activities of the American Party," the document continued. "In the past year there have been three manifestations of this clear perception of the needs of the American movement: the formation of the Legal Political Party; the unity effected at the last convention; and later, the open party.

"We must inform the Communist International that, since the convention, the entire party and especially the Central Executive Committee has worked in fullest harmony, without any factionalism. For that reason we cannot agree with some statements made by the American delegates at the fourth congress, who were not aware of the changed situation in the party. These statements were a reflection of a factional spirit of factions that no longer exist."

Explaining the formation of an open party, the document says:

"Political reasons have determined our stand: The class struggle within the bourgeoisie, in which the petty bourgeoisie and the farmers are conducting an ever sharper struggle against the big bourgeoisie. The two sections of the bourgeoisie are in bitter conflict over the treatment to be accorded the labor movement. The cleft makes it impossible to persecute the Communists with united force and with a solid bourgeois public opinion behind it, as has been done in the past. Also, there is the growing solidarity of the working class. The signs of this solidarity are the tremendous labor struggles the idea of a general strike in the minds of the workers, the rapid development of the amalgamation movement, the growing Labor Party movement and the greater influence of the Communists in the labor unions."

"Politically, the resistance of the working masses and the rebellion among the farmers were manifested in the following important events: the formation of the agricultural bloc in Congress; the Daugherty injunction giving political aspects to the strike of a million workers; the Nov. 7 elections; the formation of the La Follette group; the Labor Party conference in Cleveland; the railroad workers' amalgamation conference in Chicago; the raid on the Communists in Michigan and the reaction thereto.

"We trust that we will be able to carry out the reorganization of the party without a crisis. It is possible that a few sectarian elements will leave the party. But we are convinced that no organized faction will fight against the policy of the Central Executive Committee and the Communist International, and that we will be able to lead the party into the open without a split. For that reason the Central Executive Committee decided unanimously that within a short time we shall hold a convention of the party and place the question before it. The committee will demand a mandate to declare the Legal Political Party the open party, and at the same time, for the safety of this party, to transform the underground party into an underground apparatus."

The communication concludes by emphasizing the belief of its framers that the movement in America must be in the hands of the American comrades, saying: "For that reason, the Central Executive Committee is making the greatest efforts to draw into the party the best elements in the Left wing of the trade union movement."

## ELEMENT TO BE DEFINED.

### Danish Scientist Reports the New Zealand Find Is Not Hafnium.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—It is possible that an investigation of the mysterious substance found by Dr. Alexander Scott in some New Zealand black sand will be made, it is believed. In regard to the report from Copenhagen that his sample sent to Professor Bohr's laboratory is not hafnium, Dr. Scott said he had received a letter from the Danish scientist confirming the statement.

As all the available material was sent to Copenhagen it is not possible yet to clear up the mystery of what this unknown matter is. Dr. Scott has decided to wait for a further communication from Copenhagen before making any public statement.

Chemists will await with interest the detailed results of the investigations into this cinnamon colored oxide as it is quite likely to contain another unknown element. An agency message from Copenhagen says Professor Bohr suggests that Scott's sample may be an oxide of another hitherto unknown element, either No. 61 or No. 75.

## HONOR DR. CHARLES NORRIS

### City Officials Attend Anniversary Dinner for Medical Examiner.

Representatives of the Medical Examiner's staff, the District Attorney's office, the Police Department and the Department of Public Welfare, attended a testimonial dinner to Dr. Charles Norris, last night at the Central Park Casino in honor of his fifth anniversary as Chief Medical Examiner.

Dr. George D. Steward was toastmaster. The speakers included Dr. Thomas A. Gonzales, Dr. John W. Brannan, Captain Arthur A. Carey, Dr. George O'Hanlon, Dr. John J. McGrath and Dana Wallace, District Attorney of Queens County.

# CHURCH OF ALL NATIONS OPENS NEW BUILDING

## Club-Like Institution Cost $400,000 and Was Erected Out of Methodist Funds.

The new $400,000 building of the Church of All Nations, a Methodist settlement house, was opened yesterday on the site of the old plant at 9 Second Avenue. The church was built out of the $100,000,000 Centenary Fund of the Methodist Church.

There was a reception yesterday afternoon attended by 900 and the guests were received by the Rev. Dr. John R. Henry, head of the church, and Mrs. Henry. Tea was served by Chinese women in native costume who are members of the Chinese Sunday school.

Speakers were Senator-elect Royal S. Copeland, Bishop Luther B. Wilson, Superintendent of the New York Methodist area; the Rev. Dr. Warren W. Giles of East Orange, N. J.; the Rev. Dr. Melville P. Burns of Philadelphia, Corresponding Secretary of the Methodist Board of Home Missions and Church Extension, and Dr. Henry, head of the Church of All Nations for fifteen years. E. P. V. Ritter was toastmaster. The Entertainment Committee consisted of the Rev. Dr. Jacob E. Price, pastor of the Washington Heights Methodist Church; Mr. Ritter and William MacRossie.

This evening will be given over to the Italian group of the Church of All Nations. First Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora is scheduled to address them in their native tongue. Saturday evening the Russian group of the church will listen to a variety program by Mme. Okmatoff and her company of artists from the Moscow Art Studio. Former Cossack General Jogelevitch of the Russian Army is scheduled to speak. Monday evening there will be an entertainment by the Chinese group of the mission.

The building is the largest of its kind erected on the lower east side since the construction of the University Settlement some twenty years ago. It had long been the dream of Dr. Henry and Mrs. Henry. It is equipped for all athletic sports, has literary club rooms and a kindergarten furnished by the American Criterion Club. The alley is the gift of small sons of the late R. H. Montgomery, and the swimming pool and showers are gifts of Mrs. Grace Rainey Rogers.

There is a chapel for the Italians called the Bishop Burt Chapel, in honor of Bishop William Burt, now of Buffalo, who was for many years in charge of the Methodist work in Italy.

A feature of the plant is a social room where young women and men can meet.

# ESTATE OF MRS. DYKES IS PLACED AT $250,000

## Nieces and Nephews Receive Bulk of Property—Charity Also Will Benefit.

The will of Mary A. Dykes, widow of Joseph Dykes, for years Treasurer of the County of Queens, has been filed for probate with Surrogate Daniel Noble of Queens County. The petition cites that the estate is worth over $10,000 personal property. It is believed that the estate will total $250,000.

To the New York Congregational Home for the Aged, 123 Linden Street, Brooklyn, she bequeathed $30,000, in memory of her husband, for the upkeep of the Isabel Dykes Memorial, erected in memory of their daughter; to Harold Dykes Williamson of Dewsbury, England, $5,000; to Bertha M. Greenland of Hereford, England, $5,000, and $5,000 to a friend, Florence Cole Quinby of 235 West Seventy-fifth Street, Manhattan.

To each of her nieces and nephews, Emma Louise Philips of 408 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn; Mary H. Averill of 176 South Parsons Avenue, Flushing; Frederick W. Philips of Kingston, N. Y.; Harold Philips of 1,054 East Fortieth Street, Brooklyn, and Theodore B. Averill of 226 Franklin Place, Flushing, $10,000 was bequeathed. To a niece, Harriet E. McCutcheon of 267 Amity Street, Flushing, $15,000 was left.

John Vogt of 277 Amity Street, Flushing, an employe, $1,000; Mary Gilmartin of 267 Amity Street, Flushing, an employe, $5,000, and Maria Cauley of 76 Lincoln Street, Flushing, a servant, $500. Mrs. Dykes also made bequests of $500 and $1,000 to other relatives and friends.

To the First Congregational Church, Bowne Avenue, Flushing, $3,000 was given. The balance of the estate will go to her six nieces and nephews.

Harriet E. McCutcheon, Henry C. Quinby and the Bank of the Manhattan Company are the executors.

## FOR HARVARD OVERSEERS.

### Alumni Nominating Committee Selects Fifteen Candidates.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Feb. 15.—Nominations of fifteen candidates for the five vacancies on the Harvard Board of Overseers which will occur in June, and of nine candidates for three places on the Board of Directors of the Harvard Alumni Association, were announced today by the Nominating Committee of the Harvard Alumni Association. Additional nominations for Overseers may be made up to April 1 by certificate signed by at least 200 graduates eligible to vote.

The final list of candidates will be sent to graduates and they may take their choice between voting by mail and voting in person here on Commencement Day. The Overseers to be elected will each serve a six-year term. The candidates announced are:

For Overseers — Edward Robinson of New York, Director of the Metropolitan Museum of Art; Dr. Percival J. Eaton of Pittsburgh, President of the Associated Harvard Clubs; George R. Agassiz of Newport, R. I., writer on scientific subjects; Benjamin B. Thayer of New York, mining engineer; William C. Boyden of Winnetka, Ill., lawyer and last year President of the Alumni Association; Thomas W. Slocum of New York, merchant and former Overseer; James M. Morton Jr., Fall River, United States District Judge; William A. Nelson of Northampton, President of Smith College; the Rev. James E. Gregg of Hampton, Va., Principal of Hampton Institute; Eliot Wadsworth of Washington, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Benjamin H. Dibblee of San Francisco, banker and former captain and coach of the Harvard football team; Nathaniel F. Ayer of Boston, cotton manufacturer; Dr. Richard Derby of Oyster Bay, N. Y., son-in-law of Theodore Roosevelt; Roger Pierce of Boston, Vice President of the New England Trust Company and former Secretary to the Harvard Corporation, and F. Abbot Goodhue of Cedarhurst, L. I., banker.

For Directors of the Alumni Association—Henry S. Wardner of New York, Charles S. Pierce of Milton, Edward P. Davis of St. Paul, Edward Mallinckrodt Jr. of St. Louis, Henry L. Shattuck of Boston, Arthur A. Ballantine of New York, Sidney Withington of New Haven, Arthur G. Cable of Chicago and Leverett Saltonstall of Brookline.

### Scarlet Fever Ousts Students.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Feb. 15.—Orders of the Faculty, issued last night, for the 500 students to vacate the dormitories of Gettysburg College because a second case of scarlet fever had been discovered, were carried out today. The order is a precautionary measure. Classes will be resumed Feb. 27.

# DRESS CONTRACTORS REFUSE TO RECEDE

## Agree to Hold Out Against the Strikers in Spite of Jobbers' Efforts.

## DENY THERE IS DISSENSION

### Jobbers Accused of Trying to Disrupt Organization—Employers' Ultimatum Expires Today.

Despite efforts of the jobbers, not one member of the dress contractors' association has renewed his agreement with the union on the basis of the union's demand for week work in place of piece work, according to reports made last night to the contractors' association at a meeting in the Hotel Astor.

After addresses by Herman L. Flam, President, and Louis Rubin, Manager, the association voted not to accede to the demands of the jobbers or the union.

The jobbers' executive committee also met and were hopeful that a settlement offer would be made by the contractors, but the manufacturers reiterated their position of "a reasonable agreement on the old terms and no week work or forty-hour-a-week."

The union disputed the assertion of the contractors' association and claimed that some of the contractors had renewed agreements with the union. Union leaders said that 5,000 dressmakers were back in the shops.

Julius Hochman, manager of the Joint Board of the Dressmakers' Union, received a telegram from Abraham Baroff, General Secretary of the garment workers, who announced that the special convention of the union in Baltimore voted to stand solidly with the dressmakers. It was reported also that Morris Sigman probably would be elected President to succeed Benjamin Schlesinger and that his active entrance into the strike would be welcomed by the employers.

In a statement yesterday explaining the position of the Contractors' Association, Judson D. Campbell, its attorney, accused the jobbers of working with the union to disrupt the contractors' organization. He declared that Jacob Siegel of the Siegel-Levy Company, President of the Jobbers' Association, called a meeting of the 125 contractors making dresses for him in the hope they would agree to the union's terms. Mr. Hochman, the union leader, "waited in a back room," he said, expecting to take away with him the contractors' signature, but the contractors told Mr. Siegel they would sign no individual agreements and would only sign up with the Contractors' Association.

A similar scene was enacted in the office of the Levy-Schulman Company, Mr. Campbell asserted. He declared the jobbers promised to deliver to the union 250 contractors, but did not succeed. He said the union workers would have until 9 A. M. today to return to their shops.

"Contractors employing 20,000 men are in our association and they will not sign the union's demand," declared President Flam of the manufacturers' body. "Not one contractor has broken from our ranks."

At union headquarters Mr. Hochman declared the union had reached an agreement with "the responsible jobbers in the industry—the men who give out the work and whose capital is invested in it. To the outburst of Mr. Campbell let me reply that tomorrow morning when he orders our strikers to return he will get his answer."

The union leaders asserted that several pickets were assaulted by strike guards.

A meeting of the Greater New York Dress Manufacturers' Association is expected to be held at 10 A. M. today at the Hotel Martinique. This is the new contractors' association, formed in opposition to the Flam-Rubin organization.

## FOUR STRIKERS SENTENCED.

### Each Gets Five Days in Workhouse for Molesting Laundry Driver.

Five days in the Workhouse was the sentence imposed yesterday by Magistrate McKinley in Morrisania Court on four striking laundry wagon drivers convicted of disorderly conduct. The men are Samuel Cohen, 1,322 Prospect Avenue; Emanuel Marcus, 35 West 111th Street; Charles Inzeo, 1,861 McGraw Avenue, and Arthur Sullivan, 523 East 135th Street.

According to Aaron Steinberg, driver for the Pretty Wet Wash Company of 589 Eagle Avenue, the four men jumped out of an automobile while he was driving along 149th Street several days ago and ordered him to return to the stable. When he refused they threw bottles at him.

### Plan for Ruhr Currency Complete.

BRUSSELS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—A plan for the creation of new money for use in the occupied territories of Germany has been completed by French and Belgian experts. The scheme will be submitted next week to Premier Poincaré and Finance Minister de Lasteyrie of France and Premier Theunis of Belgium, who will take a definite decision upon it. Should the project be put into effect the new money would be issued by the Bank of France and the National Bank of Belgium.

# CRAIG AND HULBERT NOW BANDY THE 'LIE'

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

the rest having to do with pier leases. The Controller asked for unanimous consent regarding approval of a bill now before the Legislature.

"I am not going to vote on this just because the Controller wants me to," said Mr. Hulbert.

Mr. Craig explained that the matter had nothing to do with the Board of Estimate, but Mr. Hulbert wouldn't change his opinion and began to call the numbers of the items on the calendar.

### Controller Enters Protest.

"Action on this matter means the disregard of the fundamental rules of this commission, and I protest," said the Controller. "The items are not properly on the calendar. It means that three members with three votes can add anything they like to the calendar at any time and then vote to put them over. It is indefensible. Even the Board of Aldermen wouldn't stand for it for a moment. If this is persisted in the items cannot be adopted legally and I'll be compelled to take legal steps to protect the city. The items never were on the calendar."

"These are all old matters, and several of them date back over a year," said Mr. Hulbert. "Some of the dock matters require action now. It is a question of restoring them to the calendar, not adding them. If they are restord to the calendar I am willing to let them go over for two weeks, if they will be adopted then."

"You can't restore something to the calendar which never was on it," rejoined the Controller. "These items are admittedly stale beyond recognition. Why the necessity of such urgency at this time? As President of the Board of Aldermen you could have had them considered long ago."

Acting Mayor Hulbert replied that the Controller himself was responsible for the delay, as he didn't attend the meetings.

"We will have this thing out right now," shouted Mr. Hulbert. "If you want a battle you'll get it. I have asked you to attend meetings of the Committee of the Whole many times."

"That's absolutely untrue," replied Mr. Craig. "The Controller doesn't have to go to meetings of the Committee of the Whole, and you know it."

"Yes, and I was the one who found that out," said Hulbert.

In an effort to close further discussion Controller Craig moved for an adjournment. "This building will close at 5 o'clock and the lights will be put out," he added.

"This building stays open until we leave," shouted Mr. Hulbert.

The Controller then declared that in his talk with the Acting Mayor at noon the latter had agreed to let the matter go over for two weeks.

### "An Absolute Lie," Shouts Hulbert.

"That's an absolute lie," shouted the Acting Mayor, glaring at the Controller. "I made no agreement of any kind with you. I would not make an agreement with you, for I know you would run out on me."

"This sounds like a Kilkenny fight," remarked William T. Collins, Acting Chairman of the Board of Aldermen, who sat next to Mr. Hulbert.

"The action taken here is indefensible," warned the Controller. "If the items are adopted I shall feel impelled to take whatever steps are necessary to protect the city's interests, for they will not be legal."

The Controller then attacked the Mayor, declaring that it was only through the exercise of force by one who wielded the gavel that the ten disputed items went to a roll call two weeks ago. Acting Mayor Hulbert then attempted to read a communication to the Secretary of the Board of Estimate concerning the items and the Controller protested that the principle of adding outside matters was again being violated. He was overruled and took an exception.

"You can have twenty exceptions for all I care," yelled the Acting Mayor, as he read the communication. The Controller pressed his motion for an adjournment, but was overruled by Mr. Hulbert, who then proceeded to read off the ten objectionable items. On each one the Controller refused to vote, on the ground that the procedure was not legal. Acting Chairman Collins followed suit, saying he refused to vote as he wanted the items laid over for two weeks. Chairman Philip Berolsheimer and Frank Cunningham, Chairman of the Aldermanic Committee on Finance, voted with Acting Mayor Hulbert, who ruled that each item had been adopted.

After the meeting the Controller declared that the commission's action was clearly illegal and he would not consider it binding on him. All the items involving the expenditure of money the Controller will hold up when they reach his office.

"If any action is proposed to be taken under these resolutions" he said, "the Controller will do what is necessary to protect the city's interests, although it may involve litigation in the Supreme Court."

# ARREST EXPECTED SOON OF NUN'S KIDNAPPERS

## Klan Members Offer to Help in Tracing Abductors of Sister Cecilia.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—Aaron R. Anders, States Attorney of Frederick County, said today that he expected the alleged kidnappers of Sister Mary Cecilia from Notre Dame Convent at Frederick on Monday, to be arrested soon.

Baltimore members of the Ku Klux Klan sent a special delivery letter to Sister Cecilia offering their services in the apprehension of her abductors. In the letter it was said that members of the Klan had taken an interest in the kidnapping mystery since Monday and were extremely anxious to find those guilty. The Klan promised Sister Cecilia to turn over to the police any evidence obtained.

State's Attorney Anders and Sheriff James Jones of Frederick County said they were further convinced that Sister Cecilia was kidnapped after they and a detective connected with the Burns International Detective Agency had talked with her. Both the State's Attorney and the Sheriff said they have learned new facts concerning the case, but neither of them would discuss these for publication.

It was said in Frederick today that Sister Cecilia would probably come to Baltimore tomorrow to point out, if possible, the house in which she said she was confined here after she had been taken from Frederick.

The Burns detective is said to have unearthed a clue that will probably lead to an arrest.

The Rev. William J. Kane, rector of St. John's Catholic Church, Frederick, and chaplain of the convent, said that Sister Cecilia was much improved today. He said she was still suffering severe pains from the bruise on her head. Sister Cecilia said this bruise was caused by a man who struck her from the rear.

Sister Cecilia has sufficiently recovered to tell her story to the State's Attorney and the private detective. Her story was substantially as told to Father Kane and made public by him. After describing the abduction and her awakening in what she described as a filthy room, she said:

"I am trying hard to remember other things that happened while I was in that terrible house, but my head pains me, and I guess I am still too frightened to think logically. But the details seem to be coming back to me. I might recognize that house if I saw it again. I am sure I would recognize that terrible man."

# BIG ARMOUR PLANT BURNS FORTY HOURS

## Flames Do $2,500,000 Damage and Threaten the South Omaha Stock Yards.

OMAHA, Neb. 15 (Associated Press).—Fire which has been raging for more than forty hours in the plant of Armour & Co. here threatened the destruction of the South Omaha stockyards late tonight when several walls collapsed, spreading the flames to the wooden sheep pens. A change in the direction of the wind intensified the fury of the conflagration.

The fire started early Wednesday morning in a nine-story Armour building from a defective elevator motor, according to plant officials, and tonight the blaze was declared the most destructive in the history of the industry. The loss was estimated at approximately $2,500,000.

Twenty-one fire companies, comprising the entire forces of Omaha and Council Bluffs, after a thirty-four battle with the flames reported this afternoon, that they believed the fire under control, but the collapse of burning walls and a shift in the wind tonight may spread destruction to new ground.

Three nine-story buildings in the Armour plant had been totally destroyed late tonight, and two others, smaller, and used as lard refineries, had been damaged.

The most severe weather of the Winter added difficulties to the task of the fire fighters.

### A. Seymour Lowen Discharged.

Magistrate Edward Weill yesterday in the Tombs Court discharged A. Seymour Lowen, President of the Umbrella Service Corporation, who was arrested several days ago on the complaint of Burton H. Gardner of 56 South Oxford Street, Brooklyn, formerly a salesman for the company, that Lowen gave him a check for $20 which was returned from the bank marked "insufficient funds."

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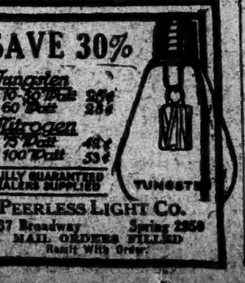

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# NEW RAINMAKING ENLISTS SCIENTISTS

## Spraying Clouds With Electrified Sand Impresses Noted Physicists.

## ENORMOUS CROPS THE GOAL

### Warren Predicts Flights of Airplains Over Arid Sections—May Alter Weather Here.

Noted physicists, who discussed the rain-making and fog-dispelling experiments of L. Francis Warren and Dr. Wilder D. Bancroft of Cornell at Dayton, Ohio, were deeply impressed with the process of spraying clouds with electrified sand, and generally inclined to believe that the problem of rain-making had been solved.

Dr. Michael I. Pupin, famous physicist and inventor, said he thought it likely that the process would prove to be one of the greatest inventions ever made. Dr. Augustus Trowbridge of Princeton said the theory seemed absolutely sound and that it seemed to be a question of engineering whether the theory could be applied on the large scale necessary to produce artificial irrigation from the sky for the benefit of farmers in dry years or in arid sections. Dr. D. W. Hering, professor of physics at New York University, said that no rain-making process that sounded so reasonable or that was backed by such scientific authority had ever been announced before.

**Sees Billions Added to Crops.**

It is the vision of Mr. Warren, the inventor, that hundreds of airplanes will fly a few years from now over sections needing rain and will give it to the farmers in inches, adding billions to the value of crops. According to his estimates, a single plane, scattering electrified grains of sand by the thousands of trillions, would be sufficient to keep New York City and the harbor clear of fog, and even to make the sun shine on London on days when the Londoners would be otherwise groping through the pea-soup fogs.

On this basis a few planes would furnish Los Angeles weather all the year around for the film producers of Long Island, so that out-of-door pictures could be made in the East in the heart of Winter. The navy, with smoke screens on the one hand and fog-dispellers on the other, could make or unmake weather at will. A country hotel man with an airplane could let in the light through a fog bank and maintain a spot of Indian Summer brightness, if not warmth, in the midst of Winter. The farmer might not only be benefited by having the power to turn the sky on and off, but his crops might receive the benefit of additional sunlight by clearing away the mists at dawn and sunset and shooting to pieces clouds that sought to come between his field and the sun.

**Want Practical Results.**

These possibilities have not interested the experimenters greatly, according to Mr. Warren, because the great purpose of their work is to make it practical to give extra rain to the farmers to raise crops. Other uses that may be made with the process are regarded as trivial beside this. In some sections, especially in the West, clouds swarm across the sky day by day. They are full of rain but do not release it because the electrical conditions are not right inside the cloud and because the atmosphere under the cloud is too dry. Farmers often are driven almost to despair as they see promising clouds drift by in a droughty season without letting fall a drop of rain. The scientists believe that they can make rain on a considerable scale from clouds of that kind. They regard it as a possibility that they may be able to cause clouds to gather on clear days and in cloudless regions and they may even obtain rain from such artificially collected clouds.

Mr. Warren believes that rain may be produced over many square miles by sprinkling a small area of storm cloud with electrified sand, because he thinks the whole cloud mass will act as a conductor, transmitting the rain-producing condition to the whole cloud area, as an electrical impulse is carried over a wire.

Plans are being made for experiments on a large scale on storm clouds over the Atlantic Ocean, where this theory of a "trigger action" will be tested.

**Dr. Pupin Is Hopeful.**

"I wish these experimenters every success, and I am very hopeful that they will achieve it," said Dr. Pupin. "Dr. Bancroft and Mr. Warren are both men of excellent records and standing. Their process is based on well-known principles, and on theoretical grounds it looks very big. It is a question how great the success will be. I have had some experience with such things, and I believe that it will require a great deal of money to carry out the experiments on a large enough scale to show good results. These are not just laboratory experiments. They must be made on a great scale, and I hope that somebody will come forward to finance them, because if this is the success that it seems likely to be, it will be one of the most important achievements of science."

"There is nothing really novel about the rain-making plan. It is an ingenious combination of tested scientific ideas. It has been known for years, for instance, that electricity in the air creates nuclei around which the water vapor condens s It was only a question of how to get the electricity there. Now, this scheme of getting it there by electrified sand seems to me all right.

"We already have a very successful process for precipitating objectionable gases in factories by electrical discharge. That works very well and is used everywhere. It is the same idea. I think it is very worth while to go into it."

**Trowbridge Praises Bancroft.**

Dr. Trowbridge, Professor of Physics at Princeton, said:

"It is very hard to give any definite opinion on this thing until you have seen it work. Theoretically it looks very good. Bancroft is an extremely clever man and has followed a line of argument that we are all fairly familiar with. As to the technical side of rain production, I cannot say anything, because it is a matter of quantity. Dr. Bancroft is known as a careful person and his association with the work would compel serious study for it. I should say a good deal of attention to what he has to say. It has been known for a couple of years that he has been associated with this matter.

"I see that Dr. Bancroft thinks that effect of spraying of electrified sand on a cloud would be local, causing rain to fall where the sand was dropped, while Mr. Warren looks for a trigger action, or for results on a large scale. I would be inclined to agree with Dr. Bancroft on that. I can't quite see the other theory. Generally speaking, I would say that the theory sounds good, but that it is an engineering question whether it can be applied on a scale sufficient to affect agriculture.

"Heretofore, the subject of rain-making has been mainly in the hands of cranks. No process that I know of has ever been put forward in the past with such scientific backing."

**Hering Suspends Judgment.**

Dr. Hering, Professor of Physics of New York University, said:

"I am not enough of a meteorologist to give an opinion on the value of this process, merely from the accounts that I have read so far. An enormous number of plans have been put forward to produce rain and I am inclined to be skeptical. I don't know of any theory that has been put forward in the past by an authority like Dr. Bancroft and on such an interesting theoretical basis. But I can't offer any opinion on its chance of success.

"I believe that rain has been produced in laboratory conditions by methods that have failed in actual test. Good laboratory results were reported from electrical currents, but they could not be duplicated on clouds. Another scheme has been that of sending up smoke bombs to great heights, where it was hoped that each smoke particle would form the nucleus of a raindrop. But the scattering of charged particles is something new."

# WEATHER MAN SCOUTS RAIN-MAKING PLANES

## *Dr. Humphreys Says Small-Scale Experiments Cannot Be Extended.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Little stock is taken by Dr. William Jackson Humphreys, distinguished physicist of the United States Weather Bureau, in the value from the standpoint of practicability of the experiments of Dr. Wilder D. Bancroft and L. Francis Warren, in dispelling fog by electrically charged sand dropped from airplanes.

Dr. Humphreys is the Government scientist to whose desk are referred all communications from "would-be rainmakers" and others who believe the weather can be man-handled by artificial means to produce rain and drive away clouds or disperse fogs. His familiarity with the schemes of "rain makers" and "cloud scatterers" is greater than that of any other scientist in Washington. He gave it as his opinion tonight that neither the airplane discharge of electrified sand nor similar scientific experiments ever would be of real practical use.

"I hardly know what comment to make on the so-called Bancroft-Warren experiments," said Dr. Humphreys tonight. "I have received no official or other scientific data on the work that has been done at the flying field at Dayton, where, according to newspaper reports, electrically charged sand has been put into the air with a view to dispelling fog. These reports are also conflicting with respect to the results obtained, and I don't know whether what has been printed has the sanction of Professor Bancroft, who is a professor of physical chemistry at Cornell and a very capable man. I know nothing of the work of Mr. Warren, who is credited with sharing in the experiments. I doubt if the data given out regarding the experiment was given out by Professor Bancroft, but nothing has come to my knowledge that would lead me to believe that the result of the test will be of practical value to the world.

**Says Idea Is Not New.**

"The idea of using electrically charged sand to dispel fog is not novel. We know that if a strongly electrified object were placed on a desk it would attract certain objects to it. I have little doubt if strongly electrified sand were placed in the air above a fog the sand would have an attraction for the fog. But you would have to pour too much electrically charged sand from above down upon clouds. You can also get rid of a certain fog by building a fire, but it would take a lot of fire to drive away a London fog. The use of sand for such purposes might constitute a spectacular experiment, but it would be wholly impractical, and if a great deal of sand were placed in the air it would be worse than the fog it was intended to dispel. But it may be done on a small scale experimentally."

Dr. Humphreys said many of the would-be rainmakers were nothing more than humbugs. Others had projects which might, under given conditions, produce some rain, but only on small scale experiment, and even those were not able to produce rain from air without moisture.

"Many of these schemes," said Dr. Humphreys, "are like the ancient proposal of getting something from nothing. There has been much talk about getting rain out of the air at will. When there is some moisture in the air it is possible by experiment to produce a small amount of rain, but either at prohibitive cost or by substitution of something that would be far worse than drought.

**Doubts Control by Man.**

"We can be reasonably certain that a man cannot by his boostraps lift himself over the top of the Washington Monument, and just as reasonably certain that man so far has evolved no practical method for man-made control over the gigantic forces of nature involved in the establishment of meteorological conditions.

"The meteorological scientists know of no way that is at all practicable in which rain can be made contrary to the established laws of nature. While certain things can, under certain conditions of moisture, be achieved in the direction of producing drops of rain experimentally on a small scale, if the air is very dry, as over a desert, or during an extended drought, when rain would be most needed, artificial rain can not be made.

"Dozens of rain-making and cloud-dispersing proposals have come to my desk from all parts of the country, some even from Italy, Australia and other foreign points, but it has been very easy to demonstrate that most of them are fallacious, and none of any real value.

"It was even proposed and carried out experimentally during the war to deal with the size and conditions of clouds by sprinkling liquid air upon the clouds from above. That was even tried experimentally during the war under military orders. Airplanes dropped liquid air on a little cumulus cloud. Instead of spreading, the cloud became smaller, but the liquid air settled lower and then evaporated.

**Tells of Acid Method.**

"Then there was a suggestion that came from Australia that if some sort of solution that would absorb water were sprinkled over clouds—presto, the clouds would vanish. It was suggested that sulphuric acid be sprinkled over the clouds for that purpose. But who wants a sulphuric acid bath? And the cost of the amount of sulphuric acid that would be required would be prohibitive. The element of cost enters to a large extent in all these experimental projects.

"The element of ruin that would be caused by some of the chemicals proposed by some of the humbugs would be tremendous. It would be much cheaper to haul water in tank cars across the continent by train to meet the ravages of drought than to adopt some of these impracticable rain-making schemes.

"The fact of the matter is that few such ideas are new and that we are up against weather-producing forces of nature so gigantic that all man can do to control the weather is negligible by comparison. It would be just as sensible for man to try to push back the cold wave now sweeping across the land from the Far West, or sweep the ocean back with a broom. I can assure you that none of the proposals for rain-making and cloud-killing that has yet come to the attention of the Weather Bureau is of any practicable use, and we are confident from experience of the past that no such panacea is yet in sight."

# COLD CUTS MAINE PROGRAM

### Father Chidwick Speaks at Monument in Columbus Circle.

Representatives of thirty-five camps of Spanish-American War Veterans gathered last night at the Maine Monument in Columbus Circle to honor those who were lost when the battleship was sunk on Feb. 15, 1898. Among the wreaths placed at the base of the monument was one from the Cuban Consul General. After a short eulogy by Mgr. John P. Chidwick, who was the Chaplain of the ill-fated war vessel, the rest of the program was canceled because of the cold.

In Brooklyn an anniversary service was held in the Unity Church under the auspices of the Brooklyn Council, Veterans of Foreign Wars. Robert S. Allyn, Judge Advocate General of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, told the story of the disaster and James E. Malone spoke on the freeing of Cuba. The service ended with the sounding of "Taps."

Fire in the Public Service power house at Newark, which supplies the Westinghouse radio broadcasting station, prevented sending the Maine memorial messages last night with which Colonel T. L. Huston, Commander-in-Chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Mgr. Chidwick, Chaplain of the Maine, were to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of the vessel's destruction. The blaze did little damage.

# DEFENDS HIGH PAY FOR OIL OFFICIALS

## Lawyer Says Senate Inquiry Is Propaganda for Nationalization of Industry.

## CITES VALUE OF SERVICE

### Consumers the Beneficiaries Through Increased Production, Speaker Asserts at Trust Companies Dinner.

The investigations of the Senate subcommittee into the oil industry, which disclosed that A. C. Bedford, Chairman, and Walter C. Teagle, President, of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, received salaries of $125,000 a year each and that six other officials received $100,000, was attacked as "propaganda" for the nationalization of industry by Owen J. Roberts, Philadelphia lawyer, last night at the twelfth annual dinner of the Trust Companies of the United States at the Waldorf-Astoria. The dinner was given by the Trust Company Division of the American Bankers' Association.

The members of the trust company organization cheered when the lawyer said that the Standard Oil officials earned every dollar of the big salaries paid them, because it was their business to increase production, which meant price reductions to the consumer.

"Now, gentlemen," said Mr. Roberts, "what will nationalization bring? 'Oh,' says the propagandist, 'the man who gets $100,000 will be displaced and we will put a man in for $5,000 who will do his work.' Will any of the $95,000 fall into your pockets by way of reduced price? Well, some of it may, on the surface of things, but let me tell you this: A loose-jointed, badly run Government industry will result, and while you don't pay it in the price of gasoline you will pay it not only on the gasoline you buy in taxes, but you will pay the other fellow's gasoline in the taxes that you yourself pay.

"What is the answer? Are we prepared to revise our ideas of government? Are we prepared to go into a frank state of socialism in this country with all that it means in the suppression of ambition, in the deterrence of industry, in the holding back of men who want to arrauge their affairs for their good and the economic good, then for the good of us all—are we to go into a state of socialism, or are you men and men like you, who form the public opinion of this country, prepared to get out, take off your coats and root for old-fashioned Anglo-Saxon individualism where a man does not have to figure how, first of all, he can do a perfectly honorable business thing without first calculating what all the prohibitory statutes say, and don't, secondly, have such taxes levied upon him that he can't determine whether to go into a business proposition for fear of the resulting tax liability?"

Mr. Roberts said he was not an advocate of prohibition, but he denounced the Eighteenth Amendment as the insertion of a "police regulation" into the Constitution which was reduced to the status of a city ordinance. He attacked the Government for the condition in which the railroads were left at the end of Government operation, and assailed Government generally for absorbing too much control over everything.

"Everywhere you turn judicial and semi-judicial administrative commissions, investigating bodies, inspectors of every known variety are found. The result is that the business man in America today feels that he is doing business with a minion of Government looking over his shoulder with an upraised arm and a threatening scowl."

Theodore G. Smith, Vice President of the Central Union Trust Company, was toastmaster.

# FIRE EMPTIES TENEMENTS.

### Several Rescued by Firemen at Greenwich Street Blaze.

While a small boy despatched early this morning from the tenement at 740 Greenwich Street, when fire was discovered in the printing shop on the ground floor wandered two blocks looking for a fire alarm box, the flames raced up stairsways and shafts so rapidly that families on upper floors had narrow escapes.

Women and children were nearing panic on fire escape landings when several policemen arrived in time to rush up and help them down. Several nearby tenements were emptied, many scantily clad persons shivering in the icy wind until neighbors gave them haven. Firemen had a hard battle before they got control of the blaze.

# MOTHER OF 16 IS FREED.

### Charge of Truant Officer Dismissed on Testimony of Physician.

Mrs. Dora Margowsky of 153 East 121st Street, the mother of sixteen children, who got a suspended sentence recently on a charge of failing to send one of her children to school, appeared again in Municipal Term Court yesterday on complaint of a truant officer, who alleged she had failed to send to school another child, Leah, 15.

Dr. William G. Wolfert of the Bureau of Health testified that he had examined the girl and found her suffering from heart trouble, which would necessitate her absence from school for several months. Magistrate Smith dismissed the charge.

# BLIND VETERAN TRIUMPHS.

### Schoble Wins Place on University Debating Team Among 100 Candidates.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—Lieutenant Frank Schoble Jr., a blind war veteran, has been chosen as one of the four University of Pennsylvania students who will represent that institution in intercollegiate debates. More than 100 students were applicants for the debating team.

Schoble was blinded by shrapnel while leading his men near the town of Macillois, in the Argonne, Nov. 5, 1918, six days before the armistice. He has mastered the Braille system and has received distinguished marks in several of his studies. His home is in Wyncote, Pa.

# DR. COOK SUES FOR LIBEL.

### Wants $1,000,000 From Fort Worth Newspaper Because of Articles.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Feb. 15.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, Arctic explorer and oil promoter, filed suit for $1,000,000 libel and slander here today against The Fort Worth Press Publishing Company.

Newspaper articles which it was asserted reflected upon the reputation of the plaintiff were given as the basis of the suit.

### Three Held for Mail Car Theft.

The three employes of the New Haven Railroad who were arrested Wednesday night on a charge of robbing mail cars were held yesterday in $500 bail each by United States Commissioner Hitchcock. The prisoners are Edward J. Burke, Alfred J. Smith and Thomas P. Moran. Post Office Inspector Kinzel said the prisoners were suspected of having stolen twenty packages of silverware from a mail car on Dec. 21 last.

# NO EVIDENCE OF DRUG TRAFFIC AT HOSPITAL

## *Officials Aid in Investigation Now Underway at Federal Institution.*

The three separate investigations into the alleged sale of narcotics and whisky to patients of the United States Veterans' Hospital 81, Kingsbridge Road and Sedgwick Avenue, the Bronx, did not produce any definite evidence yesterday. Dr. A. P. Chronquest, who is in charge of the hospital and who is pushing the investigation, said last night that he had been unable to find any justification for the charge that drugs were being peddled there. A conference will be held today with agents of the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Dr. Chronquest said he had enlisted the aid of the doctors and patients of the hospital. He also had questioned closely the member of the Physio-Therapy Department at the hospital, who was accused of being the leader. Dr. Chronquest said he was satisfied the man was not implicated.

Colonel Lee Garnett Day, former Chairman of the Hospitalization Committees in this district, replied yesterday to Colonel Cornelius W. Wickersham, Chairman of the Hospitalization Committee of the American Legion, who repudiated a statement of Colonel Day that drug taking was general in hospitals throughout the State.

"My statement," said Colonel Day, "was undoubtedly misquoted. I stated that while acting for the Legion last Summer numerous cases of local drug peddling and bootlegging were reported.

"I do object very strongly to individual veterans' hospitals being made a target for investigations which cover a national scope. THE TIMES has aided the ex-soldier by condemning the general policy of the Veterans' Bureau in a great many respects. Any statement which you make against Hospital 81 in the Bronx can undoubtedly be made against any large hospital in the country, for the drug habit is not a new issue and drug patients have a natural craving to be satisfied."

# *FINE DRUGGISTS $5,000 FOR SALES OF WHISKY*

## *Katz, Landen and Miller of Cincinnati Had Legal Advice Which the Judge Discards.*

CINCINNATI, Feb. 15.—Otto Katz, George R. Landen and Sidney H. Miller, officials of the Independent Drug Company of this city, were found guilty by a jury in the United States District Court today of conspiracy to violate the Federal prohibition act. Judge Peck fined them $5,000 each.

They are alleged to have violated the regulations affecting their permit to sell medicinal whisky to retailers. The Government contended that they disregarded the rule which allows sales of whisky and alcohol to total only 10 per cent. of the regular drug business.

An appeal will be taken in the case.

In imposing sentence the Judge said: "If it were not for the fact that these defendants were advised by their attorney that they were acting within the law, I would add jail sentences to these heavy fines. In spite of the advice given, the law is otherwise, and I cannot think that these men relied entirely on this advice. If I thought so, the fine too would be reduced to a minimum."

# HELD FOR ROOF MURDERS.

### Negro Chauffeur Is Alleged to Have Confessed Killing Two Men.

Leon Singleton, a negro chauffeur, of 3 East 131st Street, was arrested yesterday charged with the murder of Louis Rothstein, an insurance agent, and Samuel Kearn, also in the insurance business. The bodies of the two men were found on Sept. 15 last on the roof of a building in West Fifty-ninth Street, near Columbus Avenue. Beatrice Pennyfeather, a negress, was arrested as a confederate.

According to the police, Singleton made a confession in which he said that he first led Rothstein to the roof where Beatrice was waiting. An argument followed with the woman and Singleton struck the man over the head with a heavy instrument. According to the detectives Singleton said he strangled his victim with a necktie. Singleton was said to have confessed that he and the girl searched Rothstein's pockets. Then he went to the street and returned later with Kearns and the same procedure was followed.

# REBUKES SMOKER; IS SHOT.

### Garage Proprietor May Die as a Result of Warning to Visitor.

Isador Leff, proprietor of a garage at Fourteenth Avenue, Brooklyn, was shot in the left breast and probably mortally wounded at 9 o'clock last night because he rebuked Albert Freberg, 38, a seaman, of 558 East Second Street, Brooklyn, for smoking in the garage.

Leff and his wife were in the garage, according to a statement he made to Patrolmen Mitchell and Dillhoff of the Parkville Station before his removal to the Kings County Hospital, when Freberg entered, smoking a cigarette, and said he wanted to see the night watchman.

The garage owner called the visitor's attention to the law against smoking in a garage, and Freberg was alleged to have pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot Leff. Mrs. Leff ran into the street and summoned Theodore Bosman of 1,359 Forty-second Street, who disarmed Freberg and held him until the arrival of the policemen.

# GALE FORCES PLANE DOWN.

### Propeller Blade Is Broken, but Two Air Service Officers Are Unhurt.

En route from Mitchel Field, near Garden City, L. I., to Middletown Field, outside Harrisburg, Pa., yesterday, Captain H. H. Fisher and Lieutenant S. C. Hyndshaw of the United States Air Service, piloting a DeHaviland airplane, were compelled to make a forced landing at Matamoras, opposite Port Jarvis. In landing in a field covered with four feet of snow, one of the propeller blades was broken, but the occupants escaped injury.

The pilots left Mitchell Field yesterday morning. Over Middletown they were diverted from their course by a gale which buffeted the plane dangerously in the air. After trying unsuccessfully to ride the gale the pilots had to come down. Another propeller has been ordered from Mitchel Field.

# SHOT HUSBAND; ACQUITTED.

### Attempt to Embrace Her Mistaken for a Threat to Hit Her.

A jury in Judge Mancuso's part of General Sessions yesterday acquitted Mrs. Anna Failla, 23, of 95 Elizabeth Street, of an indictment charging her with shooting her husband three times in her home at 55 Elizabeth Street on April 14 last. Mrs. Failla admitted that she had shot her husband in self-defense with his own pistol. They had been separated for two years, she added.

He came to her home from Stamford, Conn., on the day of the shooting when he learned that she intended to return to her home in Italy and demanded his bank book. After she gave him the book, she added, she induced him to discard a pistol and a razor which he had in his pocket.

Failla attempted to embrace her, and mistaking the action for an attempt to strike her she picked up the pistol and shot him. He is in a hospital for two months.

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*For the Grand Finale of the*

LIQUIDATION SALE

*Final Drastic Reductions*

JACQUETTES

The Favored Vogue for Present and Early Spring Wear

*Formerly Priced $135 to $195*

*NOW*

$45 - - - $65 - - - $95

In this group are smart youthful fur fabric jacquettes with large collars and cuffs of the finest Fox.

This group includes tan and beige Caracul jacquettes and corded satin jacquettes with Fox collars and cuffs.

In this group are Broadtail Caracul jacquettes and shirred crepe jacquettes, duvetyn lined. Monkey and Fox trimmed.

SMART CAPES

*Formerly Priced $325 to $395*

*NOW*

$175 $125

A rich looking uniquely corded satin cape Hamster fur lined, has a large Fox collar.

Very luxurious is a duvetyn and Caracul reversible cape with an Ermine collar.

A Number of Handsome Fur-Trimmed Cloth Capes, Suitable for Spring Wear, Regularly Priced $195 to $325, Now

$45 $65 $85

EVENING WRAPS

*Formerly Priced $275 to $395*

*NOW*

$65 - - - $95 - - - $125

*SPORT COATS, FORMERLY UP to $75, NOW $25*

GIRLS' COATS

*Formerly Priced $45 to $75*

*NOW*

$15 - - - - - $20

The Tailored Woman INC.

622 Fifth Avenue at 50th Street

SWEATER SALE

Saturday morning

8:30 to 11:00

We will close out 300 fine sweaters

Originally priced at

$10.00 $18.50 $28.50

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$5.00

*All sales final*

# PRESS FINDS KLAN IS QUIET IN JERSEY

### Activities Are Reported Only From Hoboken, Paterson and Bayonne.

### ACTS OF CHARITY NOTED

### Survey of State Shows Lack of Interest in Many Towns—Silent in Trenton.

Membership in the Ku Klux Klan in New Jersey is quite widespread, but comparatively inactive, according to a canvass by a news agency, made public yesterday. The assertion of a Hoboken newspaper that the Klan was well organized and active there led to the survey, which showed that two other principal points of Klan activity were Paterson and Bayonne.

In each case, a report on Klan activities was obtained from an editor of a local newspaper. The following are the answers of the editors consulted in each city with the names of their papers:

Newark (Star-Eagle)—We have not had any stories of the Ku Klux Klan here in a year, except one about three months ago. There is an organization here, but judge it does not amount to much in membership.

Jersey City (Jersey Journal)—The Ku Klux Klan is not extensive in Jersey City. We have never heard of it out in the open.

Paterson (News)—The activities of the Klan here are confined to giving donations to charitable institutions. Money was presented to the Florence Crittenton Home at Eighteenth Street and Sixteenth Avenue, and to the First Baptist Church, the Rev. Frank McDonald, pastor. I think there are prominent people connected with the Klan here, although their activities have not been in the open.

Elizabeth (Times)—The Ku Klux Klan here is very quiet. Nearly a year ago it gave a church $25. It has disappeared from public view since then. Donald Bate, who was organizer in this section of the State, left and went to Florida after he had been thrown out of the order by W. A. Clarke, King Kleagle, at Atlanta.

Weehawken (Hudson Dispatch)—The Klan, if here at all, is very small. We have never been able to find it.

Passaic (Daily News)—No demonstrations here. We know of no activities.

Trenton (State Gazette)—There are no evidences of the Ku Klux Klan here.

Long Branch (Record)—There is at present time no active organization. I say that from my own actual positive knowledge. Over a year ago a Klan was organized with about fifty members. Apparently it was never completed. Within the last two or three months other organizers have come here, but, so far as I have learned, without success. I know that there is a Klan at Asbury Park, however, in good running condition.

Perth Amboy (Evening News)—I never saw any traces of it here.

New Brunswick (Home News)—If it exists here, it is so quiet that it is not worth considering. We have had no evidence of it whatever in a year.

Camden (Courier)—About a year ago an organizer came here and formed a branch of the Ku Klux Klan. He got about 300 members. The organization fell flat, however, after it had been pounded pretty hard for three or four months. The organizer went over to Philadelphia, and was driven out of that city. The Klan seems to have disappeared from Camden County.

Atlantic City (Gazette Review)—It has been said that a Klan exists here, but we can find no indication of it. Certain threatening letters received on K. K. K. stationery were really written on letterheads which had been cut off, apparently above a previous letter, and so were probably not written by authentic Ku Klux Klan members at all.

Bayonne (Evening News)—There are evidences that the Ku Klux has a fair sized organization here. A certain doctor is believed to be its examining physician, and another man well known about the town is supposed to be its organizer. The newspapers have received letters from certain persons attacking others for their criticisms of the Klan.

Asbury Park (Press)—The Ku Klux Klan has never shown any public signs of activity here, although it is believed several local people are members of it.

Hackensack (Record)—It has been reported that a Klan exists here, but we have never been able to locate anyone who will admit it, except one man who was not a regular resident of Hackensack, and he has since moved away. It is understood that about a year ago fifteen Hackensack men were initiated at East Paterson, but they have shown no signs of activity since then.

## KLAN TO MAKE FIGHT FOR OHIO ORGANIZER

### Names of Prominent Springfield Men Found in Raid on Lodge.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, Feb. 15.—A legal battle over the Klan is promised here as a result of the arrest last night of W. M. Cortner of Muncie, Ind., Kleagle and organizer of the Springfield branch of the order, following a police raid on the lodge rooms. Although there were a number of persons at the meeting only Cortner was arrested. He is held in the County Jail, charged with conspiracy to incite a riot. J. Fred Anderson, a prominent attorney and former Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, has been retained by Cortner. It is announced that other attorneys employed by the national headquarters of the Klan will be sent here at once to aid Anderson.

Steps are being taken for the release of Cortner and to obtain the lodge records which were seized by the police. The records include a list of 681 names of prospective members, the police say. In this list are a large number of prominent persons, including Dr. Stanley B. Hutchings, member of the City School Board; Barton L. Minturn, former Deputy Sheriff; Forgy C. Moorehead, City Auditor; Chester S. Fess, son of United States Senator-elect F. D. Fess; Major Arthur Bland, Harry C. Copenhaver, member of the City School Board; Oscar Lannert, Secretary of the American Legion, and U. C. Flindt, School Board architect.

A number of the men on the list assert that they are not members of the Klan. "This is not an affair of Clark County or Springfield, but a national affair," said Cortner today. "This is the first time anything of this kind has happened in the United States. Those police had just as much right to come into our headquarters as they have to raid the Knights of Columbus, the Eagles or any other lodge and arrest members after raiding the place."

Austin Altschuler, City Prosecutor, said this afternoon that other arrests would follow.

According to Cortner's commission his name is at 218 East Twelfth Street, Muncie, Ind. It is signed by William J. Simmons, who was Imperial Wizard of the Invisible Empire, and countersigned by Edward Young Clark, who was Imperial Kleagle. Thirty-four hoods and robes with the insignia of the order on the breast were confiscated by the police.

## McKOIN BACK IN BALTIMORE.

### Johns Hopkins Faculty to Consider Alleged Klan Slayer's Status.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—Faculty members of Johns Hopkins Medical School will meet within a few days, it was announced today, to decide on the re-admission of Dr. B. M. McKoin, former Major of Mer Rouge, La., accused of murder there, in the alleged Ku Klux Klan outrages. Dr. J. Whitridge Williams, dean of the school, stated recently that Dr. McKoin had withdrawn his application so that the institution would be saved from any undue publicity.

It was learned later, however, that Dr. McKoin will renew his efforts to regain admission to the school which he left last Fall when forced to return to Louisiana by the authorities. He now is at liberty on $5,000 bail on the murder charge. The physician stated today that he knew nothing regarding future developments at Hopkins, but intended to stay in this city "indefinitely."

## TO CENSOR ANTI-KLAN PAPER

### Chicago Judge Lifts Suspension Order Due to Factional Fight.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Judge Ryner today entered the lists against the Ku Klux Klan when he lifted the ban which had suspended the publication of Tolerance, an Anti-Klan organ, for a week and agreed to act as "censor" of its news, pending adjudication of the case.

Under an agreement effected between Patrick H. O'Donnell and Gray K. Rutledge, President of the publishing company and representatives of the warring factions, publication of the magazine will be resumed to maintain the circulation, which has been endangered by the suspension order.

Articles submitted for publication in the magazine will be submitted to each side by the other under the agreement and disputes as to the value of the news will be arbitrated by Judge Ryner.

## TO STUDY KLAN CASE PANEL

### Coco Will Make Sure Morehouse Jury Is Rightly Chosen.

SHREVEPORT, La., Feb. 15.—Attorney General Coco and Senator Warren, special prosecutor, will start tomorrow for Morehouse Parish to investigate the personnel of the panel selected by the parish Jury Commission, from which a jury will be selected to hear the evidence submitted at the Bastrop hearing on the kidnapping and slaying last August of Watt Daniel and T. F. Richard of Mer Rouge. The Attorney General has said he would ask for fifty or sixty indictments.

Mr. Coco stated tonight that he desired to assure himself that the commission in selecting the panel had complied with all legal requirements and to ascertain whether any members of the panel were related to persons who may have been involved in the activities to be considered.

## GEORGE J. GOULD ILL, COURT IS INFORMED

### Counsel Moves to Vacate Notice of Examination in Accounting Suit.

The statement that George J. Gould had been ill in Europe most of the time since he went there on May 30 last, part of the time seriously, and was now in the care of a physician, was made in the Supreme Court yesterday by his attorney, Robert B. Knowles, in applying to vacate a notice for the examination of Mr. Gould and his son Kingdon before trial in a suit by George Tracy Rogers and other stockholders of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad for an accounting.

Besides George J. Gould and Kingdon Gould, the suit names Edwin Gould, Finley J. Shepard, husband of Mrs. Helen Gould Shepard; George G. Havens, Edward T. Jeffery, Arthur Coppell, Alvin W. Krech and Harry Bronner. An application for the examination of Jeffery, Krech and Bronner also has been made. They are applying likewise tomorrow to be relieved from testifying.

The petition of the Goulds says that since the right of the plaintiffs to an accounting has not been determined the defendants should not be compelled to testify. The petition states further that persons who should be named defendants have not been included, and that papers have not yet been served on some of those named.

Counsel for the Goulds say that the Denver & Rio Grande is now in the hands of receivers in the Federal Court in Colorado and that they have, or should have, the records of the railroad which would disclose all the facts sought to be obtained by the examination of the defendants before trial. The petition says further:

"The cause of action is founded on an alleged conspiracy to do a wrongful, fraudulent and unlawful act, and it is alleged that the defendants acted in pursuance of the conspiracy to do a wrongful, fraudulent and unlawful act, and in such an action an examination before trial of a defendant so charged is not proper."

Robert B. Knowles, attorney for the Goulds, said:

"On May 30, 1921, the defendant, George J. Gould, went to Europe and has not returned. The deponent personally saw Gorge J. Gould in Europe during July and August, and said George J. Gould was always under the care of a doctor, and in Scotland was confined to his bed seriously ill. His present purpose and stay in Europe are in an endeavor to recover his health."

Pursuant to his decision announced last week, Supreme Court Justice Guy yesterday appointed former Justice Edward W. Hatch of the Appellate Division referee in the suit by the trustees and executors under the will of Jay Gould to account for their acts covering the twenty-two years from the elder Gould's death until 1914. The court at the same time appointed attorneys as guardians for the grandchildren and great-grandchildren of Jay Gould, who eventually will share in the $78,000,000 estate.

## MRS. FABBRI GETS DIVORCE.

### Paris Court Gives Decree to Mrs. E. F. Shepard's Daughter.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Mrs. Ernesto G. Fabbri of New York has obtained a divorce in the Paris courts. She was Miss Edith Shepard and married Mr. Fabbri at Scarborough in 1897. She accused her husband of desertion, and the records show that in his reply Mr. Fabbri declared he no longer wished to live with her. They have one daughter, who is of age.

A divorce has been granted here to Mrs. Michael Tuchten of 1,215 South California Avenue, Chicago. She was Miss Alexandria Bellock, and was married at Finisterre in 1919. The Court agreed that Mrs. Tuchten had been abandoned by her husband in a manner which entitled her to divorce.

Ernesto G. Fabbri is President of the Society for Italian Immigrants, a philanthropic organization. So far as was learned last night, he is not engaged in business in this city. At his home, 7 East Ninety-fifth Street, it was said that both Mr. and Mrs. Fabbri were in Europe, while their daughter, Miss Theresa Fabbri, was in this country, but at present out of the city.

Mrs. Fabbri is the daughter of Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard, who was Miss Margaret Vanderbilt, a daughter of W. K. Vanderbilt. Mrs. Shepard lives at 908 Fifth Avenue.

# BERENGARIA BRINGS $350,000 IN GOLD

### Cunard Liner, Due Sunday, Also Carries 1,370 Passengers, 491 in First Cabin.

### THE ROCHAMBEAU SAILS

### Munargo of Munson Line Will Leave for Nassau Today With Many New Yorkers Aboard.

The Cunard liner Berengaria, due on Sunday, is bringing a distinguished list of passengers, according to a radio message received yesterday from Captain W. R. D. Irwine. She has 1,370 passengers on board, of whom 491 are in the first cabin. The Berengaria also carries 3,754 bags of mail and ten boxes of gold valued at $375,000.

Among her passengers are Colonel Alfred E. Webb-Johnson, prominent British surgeon, and Mrs. A. E. Webb-Johnson; Major Norman Holden, formerly deputy director Taulo department, Minister of Munitions and Controller Anglo-American Taulo Commission, and Mrs. Holden; Farwell Morris, Dr. and Mrs. John Ramsey, James Swinburne, President of Institution of Electrical Engineers; R. T. Lane, head of the Junior Red Cross abroad; S. L. Rothafel, manager of the Capitol Theatre; Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Whiting, Sir Mathew Wilson, D. S. O., and Mrs. Wilson; Captain A. Warren Yancey, Dr. Imre Szukonathy, Mrs. Archer-Shee, Miss Belle Armstrong, Mrs. John Claflin, W. J. T. Cosman, W. R. Duggan, Theodore Gross and Commander G. Hara.

On the Rochambeau of the French Line, which sailed yesterday for Havre, were Miss Renee Chmet, violinist; Darius Milhaud, French composer; Eduard Cotreuil, C. Lauwers, Theodore Bertina, of the Chicago Opera Company; Emile Merle Forest, stage manager of the company; Mrs. Forest, Henry Caro-Delaville, a painter; Professor George E. Beggs of Princeton University, Mrs. Beggs, Francisco Borrel, Chancellor of the Spanish Consulate here; Baron and Baroness Saitto of Italy and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Morgan of Pittsburgh.

**Many Sail for Nassau.**

A large group of New Yorkers will sail today for Nassau on the steamship Munargo of the Munson Steamship Line. The new Colonial Hotel will be opened with the arrival of the Munargo on Monday morning.

Among the passengers are Frank C. Munson, President of the Munson Line, and Mrs. Munson, Mrs. Henry R. Mallory, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Nye, Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson Cowl, Mrs. Dwight W. Morrow and Miss Morrow, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Baker, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Topping, Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Doubleday, Mrs. W. J. Kline, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Sells, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Dillon, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lyon and D. A. Clarkson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Van Praag, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Leggett, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Brewer, Herbert Baldwin, Mr. and Mrs. Murray Bocock, General and Mrs. Cawthra Elliot, Miss Cecil Prevost, Mr. and Mrs. Devereux Emmet Jr., Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Wickes, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Arkush, Herbert G. Beede, H. Tiffany, Louis J. Cameron, Jesse J. Armstrong, Mr. and Mrs. William Jermyn, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Kurmerle, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Hurry, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Nickerson, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Dillon, Pendleton Dudley, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Condersman, Miss Emma K. Smith, Dr. W. A. Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Tyler, Mrs. J. S. Ogden, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Meiggs.

Among those arriving yesterday on the Munargo from Nassau were Herbert L. Griggs, President of the Bank of New York, and Mrs. Griggs; David Greenough and Dr. and Mrs. G. E. Bacon of this city.

Arthur E. Bosworth of Rochester, sailed yesterday on the Fabre liner Patria to join the American relief forces now in the Near East. Mr. Bosworth goes to Beirut, Syria, to assume the duties of Treasurer for the Near East Relief.

## EX-SHIP CAPTAIN GUILTY.

### Verdict on Two Counts In Sailor's Death—Dismiss Murder Charge.

George H. Miles, former Captain of the Shipping Board steamer President Van Buren, was found guilty yesterday by a jury in the Federal court of having illegally confined Harry G. Baxter, a pantryman, and inflicting upon him cruel and unjustifiable punishment. Those two counts were the least serious of four contained in the indictment, the other counts charging murder and assault. Miles will be sentenced on Monday by Judge Winslow. In the meantime he is free on $15,000 bail.

The defense contended that Baxter was unruly, had tried to assault the Captain, and that when Baxter died he was buried at sea with the usual ceremonies. The jury was out twenty-three hours.

## MISSING PERSONS.

The following missing persons were reported to the police yesterday:

DAVID HIRSCHSPRUNG, 21 years old, 349 East Third Street; 11 A. M., Feb. 14; height 5 feet 6 inches; weight 140 pounds; black eyes; dark brown hair; dark complexion; gray overcoat; gray striped suit; white shirt; dark tie; brown lace shoes; brown soft hat.

NICHOLAS J. CANIANO, 23 years old, 1,168 Second Avenue; 11 P. M., Feb. 7; height 5 feet 6 inches; weight 140 pounds; light brown eyes; dark brown hair; dark gray overcoat and suit; brown lace shoes; black tie; white shirt; taxi chauffeur's cap; left, in company with William Massielle, 23 years old, 1,173 Second Avenue, and Frank Saleman, 21 years old, 314 East Sixty-second Street, in a yellow taxicab, license 0-631-115; taxi license 118.

HARRY ARNSTIL, 25 years old, 53 East Ninety-seventh Street; 8 A. M., Feb. 12; height 5 feet 6 inches; weight 170 pounds; brown eyes and hair; dark complexion; black overcoat; black striped suit; black low shoes and stockings; white shirt; black knitted tie; brown soft hat.

LILLIAN GLASNER, 25 years old, 1,328 Sixty-second Street, Brooklyn; 6:30 P. M., Feb. 13; height 5 feet 2 inches; weight 150 pounds; black eyes and hair; dark complexion; gray overcoat; gray suit; black laced shoes; brown stockings.

MARIE BARBETTA, 16 years old, 105 Nassau Street; 7 P. M., Feb. 7; height 5 feet 1 inch; weight 90 pounds; dark hair and eyes; fair complexion; checkered coat with black fur collar; black satin hat; black lace skirt; black satin slippers; black silk stockings.

JOSIE CARBERRY, 23 years old, 414 West Fifty-seventh Street; 8 A. M., Feb. 12; height 5 feet 4 inches; weight 118 pounds; blue eyes; dark hair; fair complexion; tan polo coat; two-piece blue serge dress; gray slippers; black silk stockings; kid gloves; black velvet hat with silver trimmings.

GUSTAVE HASS, 40 years old, 1,838 George Street; 2 A. M., Feb. 14; height 5 feet 10 inches; weight 160 pounds; blue eyes; brown hair and mustache; brown striped suit; black laced shoes; black stockings; black overcoat; brown silk shirt; black fedora hat.

EDWARD RYAN, 10 years old, 5,804 Third Avenue; noon, Feb. 14; height 4 feet 8 inches; weight 90 pounds; blue eyes; dark hair; light complexion; checkered overcoat; white shirt; dark blue trousers; black stockings; telegram cap.

**Missing Persons Located.**

SARAH BAUER, 17 years old, 144 Attorney Street; reported Jan. 28; located Feb. 2.

PHILLIP ETTINGER, 15 years old, 329 East Sixteenth Street; reported Feb. 5; returned Feb. 8.

HENRY PEDRO, 24 years old, 214 East Twenty-ninth Street; reported Feb. 7; located Feb. 12.

SOLOMON STARR, 6 years old, 61 Lewis Street; reported Feb. 9; located same day.

ROBERT PICKETT, 14 years old, 416 East Twenty-fifth Street; reported Feb. 11; returned Feb. 12.

PHILIP DEMISE, 13 years old, 532 Seneca Avenue; reported Feb. 11; located Feb. 12.


SALE

D. M. Fleming & Co., Inc.

THE ENGLISH SHOP

10 EAST 44th ST., NEAR 5th Ave.

UNRESTRICTED CHOICE

London Style Clothes

FOR MEN

SELECT ENGLISH TOP COATS
FOUR-PIECE GOLF SUITS AND NORFOLKS
SILK LINED TUXEDOS
SACK SUITS IN SAXONYS—TWEEDS AND BLUE UNFINISHED WORSTEDS

37.50

Regular prices 45.00 to 70.00

An extraordinary opportunity for men who desire correct clothes of distinction and *Real* English quality.

*THE FLEMING POLICY*
*to present the best money can buy at the lowest prices consistent with quality and character. That is why our 3rd floor shop is always busy.*

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS



Stop Wasting Tea

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TAO TEA BALLS

FLOWERY ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

TAO TEA CO. INC.

103 Park Avenue, New York

*Special Price*

THE SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTION OF WHITEHOUSE & HARDY SHOES

Now in Progress

*Lasts and patterns exclusively our own design.*

BOTH SHOPS

The Johnston & Murphy Shoe

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY

BROADWAY at 40TH STREET — 144 WEST 42ND STREET

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NEW YORK

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ASPIRIN

SAY "BAYER" when you buy Aspirin.

Unless you see name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over 22 years and proved safe by millions.

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proper directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

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INSIST! TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE!

Demand "Phillips", the original, genuine Milk of Magnesia, prescribed by physicians since 1873.

PHILLIPS' Milk of Magnesia

25 and 50 cent bottles contain directions



PECK & PECK

LAST Hockey Week

Sale of Hosiery—Sweaters—Scarfs

20% DISCOUNT

STOCKINGS and socks of silk or wool, sweaters in latest models and all popular colors, scarfs of the softest wool or finest silk—all are at Peck & Peck's and all are subject to the discount of 20% as long as the Half Yearly Sale lasts. And Peck and Peck offer many delightful suggestions at even greater reductions.

*Two examples of great opportunities:*

"Princess" silk stockings

Possibly the best known of all the distinctive Peck & Peck hosiery, the sheer silk "Princess" stockings are a value long to be remembered. Before the sale they were $3.85 a pair; they are now $2.85.

Lisle thread socks

Men's two-toned lisle socks, with embroidered clocks, offer an unusually fine appearance and unusually long service. In black and white, or black and various shades. They are now only $1.10 a pair.

PECK & PECK

587 Fifth Avenue — 501 Fifth Avenue

Chicago — Newport — Southampton — French Lick — Palm Beach



WARNING

TO THE PUBLIC!

The great demand for the remarkable new foot covering, the RADIO BOOT, has brought to light the unscrupulous practice on the part of a few dealers large and small, of offering inferior boots to the public as Radio Boots. Don't be deceived by such methods.

Look for the name CAMCO RADIO BOOT stamped on the sole

There is only one GENUINE

RADIO BOOT

(Trade Mark Reg.)

It carries the imprint reproduced here stamped on the sole. You will protect yourself from substitutes by making certain that the boots you buy have this trade mark. Do not accept other boots offered as "just as good." No others have the advantages of the genuine RADIO BOOT.

The RADIO BOOT slips on and off with great ease over the shoe. It protects the feet in cold or stormy weather. Makes an excellent boot for evening wear or motoring. Models for women, misses and children.

ON AND OFF IN A FLASH

Over the Shoe

Insist on the genuine

*For Sale by All Leading Dealers*

Manufactured only by the

CAMBRIDGE RUBBER CO.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.

NEW YORK OFFICE

127 Duane Street, New York City



KNOX OVERCOATS • KNOX CAPS • KNOX NECKWEAR • KNOX GLOVES

A careful observer, standing at the coatroom of the Club Royale, could not fail to note how often the little Knox label appears in the hats which are returned to those men whose dress is marked by the best of good taste.

A KNOX Hat can be bought for seven dollars and can be worn anywhere with pride. You can pay as much as $40, but most men will find that the Knox hats at $7 & $10 are the most sensible hats in the world to wear.

The Knox 5th Avenue Special —a worthy soft hat at $7.

KNOX HATS

Fifth Avenue at 40th Street — Singer Building 149 Broadway

KNOX COUNTRY CLOTHES • KNOX SHOP FOR WOMEN

## LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received up to midnight. Telephone Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG—Week end, black patent leather, containing woman's clothing; lost in taxi; reward; no questions. Dayton, Rector 4800.

BANK BOOK No. 261289, the New York Savings Bank; payment stopped. Finder please return to bank.

KEYS—Bunch, Thursday evening; important; reward. Please call Miss Burnette, Watkins 8622.

MEMORANDUM BOOK — Black leather, Greenwood Baptist Church, Sunday afternoon; value only to owner; reward. Rev. A. C. Bruckman, 344 Marcy Av. Williamsburg 8891.

MUFF—Saturday, with Fidelity papers on 53d St. Phone Vanderbilt 5490.

PACKAGE of checks lost between 102d St. and B'way and 81st St. and Columbus Av. Reward. 41 Columbus Av.

PASS BOOK 269,924. Return to Mary McCormack, 50 Benedict Pl., Greenwich, Conn.

POCKETBOOK—Gold pen; G. L., in Yellow taxi, Wednesday night; reward. Phone Murray Hill 4900.

PORTFOLIO—Dark seal brown leather; lost Wednesday night Yellow taxi, Waldorf-Astoria, Palace Theatre; liberal reward. Cashier, Plaza Hotel.

PURSE lost, containing cigarette case; keep contents, return cigarette case; sentimental value. Lee Liebert, 520 Crown St., Brooklyn.

THEATRE TICKETS lost, three, and auto license early this week in leather card case. Reward. Telephone Madison Square 3509 or Larchmont 369.

TRAVELING BAG—Wednesday night, initials M. W. C., from taxi Gregorian Hotel to Pennsylvania Station; reward. Inquire Clerk, Gregorian, 42 West 35th St.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN, containing diamonds and pearls. White Star Line pier arrival Steamship Olympic, Feb. 7. Finder please communicate with A. F. Casaldy, 141 Broadway, Reward.

BARPIN, diamond, sapphire; Hotel Plaza, Saturday night. Liberal reward. 131 East 54th St.

BRACELET—Diamond, flexible platinum; New York Av., Brooklyn subway to Grand Central Palace, Feb. 14th. Liberal reward. Return Charles H. Barnum, 65 Nassau St., New York.

BRACELET, platinum link, diamond, 2 aquamarines. Reward. Spring 2300. McCarthy.

BROOCH—Diamond and pearl bar, Feb. 14, on 5th Av. Finder return to 138 East 39th St. Reward.

BROOCH, diamond and pearl, Tuesday, Monroe Place, Clark St. or 7th Av. subway; reward. St. George Hotel, Brooklyn.

BROOCH, shape of cross, set with five blue moonstones. Reward if brought to 11 Park Avenue, New York.

DIAMOND RING—3 large stones in platinum setting, lost Saturday; liberal reward. Phone Watkins 7895.

GOLD WATCH—Man's, open face, initialed; sentimental value; reward. Irving Abrahams, Room 306, 50 East 20th St.

LINK BRACELET—Three small diamonds, Wednesday, B. R. T., between 60th St. and Palace Theatre, or in theatre; a keepsake; reward. Sweeney, Plaza 0045.

PEARL NECKLACE, Jan. 4th. Reward. Harbeck, 306 Lexington Av.

PIN, garnet, initial B; value for sentiment attached; reward. Smith, Audubon 0503.

PIN—Gold, small, small diamonds. Return S. T., Room 11-10, Ansonia Hotel. Reward.

RING—With twelve small diamonds, platinum top, Saturday, Feb. 10, in dressing room at Lord & Taylor's, or Stern's, or Metropolitan Opera, matinee, family circle. Please notify Hale, 106 Locust Hill Av., Yonkers.

RING—Lady's, platinum, with square diamond; sleeper Boston and New York C. & R. 125, leaving Boston 11:40 P. M., Feb. 14. Reward. 600 West End Avenue, Apt. 10B. Phone River. 8791.

STICK PIN, diamond and sapphire, at Silk Show, Grand Central Palace, Feb. 15; liberal reward. Phone Goldman, Audubon 3540.

WATCH—Open faced, gold, khaki colored crocheted wrist band, Friday night, between 8th Av., 12th St. and Grand Central Terminal via 5th Av. bus; valued for association. Allerton Hotel, 130 East 57th St., city.

$200 REWARD

for return of ring containing 2 diamonds and 1 sapphire, lost Feb. 14 in ladies' washroom Hotel Savoy. Communicate Mr. Cullen, Broad 1233.

$300 REWARD for platinum bracelet set with 3 rows pearls, 3 square sapphires, lost Feb. 11, probably on Park Av., between 59th and 60th Sts.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

$150 REWARD.

Bar pin, diamonds set in platinum, in or about Hotel Plaza. Return cashier, Hotel Plaza.

$200 REWARD

for return of solitaire diamond ring set with small diamonds, lost Jan. 31 between 70th St., Park Av., and Al Jolson's Theatre. Communicate Mr. Cullen, Broad 1233.

$75 REWARD.

Pin, horseshoe, 27 diamonds, lost Jan. 27 between 86th St. Knickerbocker Theatre and 151 West 86th. Deisler & Snowden, 105 West 40th.

$50 REWARD for flexible platinum bracelet, set with 3 diamonds, engraved AIMEE, lost Feb. 10.
TIFFANY & CO., 5th Av. and 37th St.

Wearing Apparel.

HAIRDRESS—Lost in taxi on Friday night leaving Commodore Hotel, blue silk headdress, trimmed with beads and rhinestones and containing H. C. label. Reward for its return. Phone 7952 Rector.

NECKPIECE—Box, marten fur, Thursday evening, on or in vicinity of Washington Bridge. Fitzpatrick, 1,455 Undercliff Av. Bingham 1820.

NECKPIECE, sable skin; reward. Lowenstein, 520 West 111th. Cathedral 10857.

FOUND.

DOG—Found, Boston bull; inquire in the mornings. Supt. 315 West 94th St.

PURSE, found Metropolitan Opera House, Thursday afternoon. Cathedral 9617, mornings, evenings.

RING—Found, lady's sapphire ring, 5th Av., 48th St. Mrs. Zuber, Yonkers 7284.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE—Warehouse receipts Nos. 38003/4, 38342, 38755, 34872, 35131, 35835/6, 35886, 36367, 37102/5, 37453/4, 37456, 37506, 37788, 37954, 38434, 38749, 39807/13, 39585, 40224, 40246/51, 40299, 40822/3, 41827, 42049/58, 42357, 42362/5, 42374/5, 42450, 42456, 42481, 42521/7, 42823, 42893, 42984, 43439, 43552/4, 43504/6, 43960/1 are hereby declared cancelled as same were secured under fraudulent pretense. Any attempt to sell or taxpay merchandise represented by these receipts will be prosecuted by the owners with whom the undersigned will co-operate
THE OLD '76 DISTILLING COMPANY.

ABRAHAM VIRSUP SOLD HIS GROCERY store, 895 Huntspoint Road, to Thiegelman. Creditors to call Eisenfeld, 31 Convent Av.

## PHOTOGRAPHS THE VOICE.

### Pallophotophone Is Demonstrated at Engineers' Meeting.

The pallophotophone, which records the human voice, music and other sounds by photography, was demonstrated last night by Charles A. Hoxie of the General Electric Company at the meeting of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers at the Engineering Societies Building at 29 West Thirty-ninth Street.

A violin was played and then the light-record of the violin piece was reproduced on the pallophotophone, showing with what distinctness the invention was capable of reproducing the sounds of high pitch which are blurred on most reproducing devices.

E. J. Blake, electrical engineer of the Gould Coupler Company, told of several automatic safety devices for railroad use. Many technical papers were read.

# PLENTY OF COAL; ROADS CAN'T HAUL IT

### Interstate Commerce Commission Told That Transportation Evil Causes Shortage.

### GENERAL EMBARGO ASKED

### Hoover Hopes to Avoid It—Canada Not Likely to Be Cut Off—Distress in Brooklyn.

A general freight embargo, covering all shipments except coal, foodstuffs and perishables, was urged before the Interstate Commerce Commission at 11 Broadway yesterday as the only solution of the problem of relieving the food shortage of upstate and New England sections. Railroad officials testified that almost unprecedented weather conditions have slowed up traffic so much that in some cases it will take months to straighten out the congestion.

While reports of suffering and the possibility of many deaths were emanating from Northern New York, according to Colonel C. W. Wickersham, counsel to the State Fuel Administration, other reports, which were backed up by the testimony of a representative of the Interstate Commerce Commission, showed coal standing for weeks at many junction points.

Elbert Gorman, the commission's investigator, who has been on an inspection trip for six months, through New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, testified that coal shipments were in many instances from ten to forty days reaching their destinations, although some of the hauls were very short.

Mr. Gorman had a batch of lists showing check-ups he had made on many railroads. In the Mohawk yards of the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, for instance, he found 222 cars that had been billed to towns in Northern New York and which had been standing from thirteen to forty days. Included in this tangle of cars, he said, were shipments to Hudson Falls, Fort Edward and scores of other towns, from which reports of suffering had been made to the State Fuel Administration.

At the same time shipments to Canada were found to be going ahead with comparative speed. At Rouse's Point on Feb. 13, Mr. Gorman said, he found forty cars billed to Canada that had been loaded at the mines after Feb. 5.

**Blames Transportation Conditions.**

R. Van Ummerson, traffic manager for the Boston & Albany Railroad, said that transportation conditions were largely responsible for the shortage. An increase of the allotment of coal to districts in distress would necessarily cause an embargo on other shipments except food and perishables.

N. H. Towne, traffic superintendent of the Boston & Maine, submitted statistics as to shipments of coal that have been taken by his road from the Delaware & Hudson during the last few years. In December, 1922, 4,124 cars were received from the D. & H., while for the corresponding period in 1921, 2,883 cars were received. In January, 1923, 4,464 cars were received from the D. & H., compared with 2,918 cars the previous year. During the first twelve days of February 1,650 cars were received, compared with 1,864 in 1922. Mr. Towne attributed all the trouble in New England to the heavy snowfalls and low temperature.

A. P. Lane, State Administrator for Maine, sent a telegram to the commission in which he declared that the failure of the Delaware & Hudson to furnish data on its shipments when requested was preventing the solution of the fuel difficulties.

Walter C. Noyes, counsel for the Delaware & Hudson Railroad, who made strenuous objection at Wednesday's session to furnishing statistics of coal shipments by that road, promised the commission yesterday that he would furnish the data when the commission resumes its sessions in Washington on Monday.

Representatives of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad testified that the congestion had become so bad that it would take his road four months to get it straightened out. They also favored an embargo.

Colonel Wickersham, counsel for the State Fuel Commission, submitted letters from about forty points in Northern New York, complaining of the situation. Many of them gave incidents of intense suffering.

Statistics submitted by E. W. Parker of the Pennsylvania Anthracite Committee indicated that the New England States, where much suffering has been reported because of the coal shortage and in behalf of which section Congressman John Jacob Rogers urged an embargo on shipments to Canada, had not been using its proportion of substitutes.

The commission adjourned after yesterday's forenoon session until Monday at 10:30, when it will meet in the commission's building in Washington.

**Scanty Supply in Brooklyn.**

Samuel J. Drummond, Fuel Administrator for Brooklyn, said yesterday that he would appeal for more emergency allotments for Brooklyn. Appeals have come from the Bath Beach, Newtown Creek, Flatbush and Gowanus Creek sections. The Salvation Army, from its headquarters at 16 Raymond Street, is distributing coal in 100-pound lots. The Brooklyn Bureau of Charities at 59 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn, has distributed an average of 700 pounds each to 200 families.

Alexander Powel, aged Civil War veteran and member of the Grand Army of the Republic, living at 946 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, failing to secure sufficient fuel to keep him warm, told President Harding about it in a letter. Yesterday Mayor Frank Hague of Jersey City received the note and a communication from the President's secretary, requesting him to see that the veteran be helped. Investigation by the fuel office showed that Powell, after long waiting, has just obtained two tons.

**Hoover Hopes to Avoid Embargo.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Commenting on the reported coal shortage situation in Northern New York State, Secretary of Commerce Hoover today expressed the opinion that a serious crisis could be averted without placing an embargo on coal shipments to Canada.

Mr. Hoover said that he understood provision was being made for additional shipments to the New York State communities which would relieve the shortage. He reiterated his opinion that the problem was one of transportation rather than lack of supply. He also expressed the belief that any shortage which might be reported from the New England States could be handled by transportation orders without making an international question of the situation by stopping all exports to Canada.

The opinion appeared to be pretty general here tonight that the Federal Government would take no steps to bring about any embargo on shipments to Canada and that the solution of the problem would be found as a result of the hearings conducted in New York City by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

**Actor Arrested in Alimony Case.**

Arman Kalis, actor, was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Murphy at the Friars Club on a Supreme Court order adjudging him in contempt for failure to pay $100 a week alimony to his wife, Amelia Stone Kalis, in a separation suit in which she alleges abandonment. Kalis came here recently from Chicago, where he appeared in the Passing Show of 1922. Mrs. Kalis alleges that her husband owes her $1,976. He was unable to make a payment or give a bond, and went to Ludlow Street Jail.

# INFLUENZA CASES DROP 50 PER CENT.

### Only 514 Were Reported Yesterday, Against the High Total of 1,139 on Wednesday.

### PNEUMONIA CASES FEWER

### Health Report Shows 1,743 Deaths Last Week From All Causes, a Decrease of 324.

Less than half as many influenza cases were reported yesterday as were reported on Wednesday, Dr. Royal S. Copeland, Health Commissioner, said that it was quite apparent from the marked difference in yesterday's 514 cases that Wednesday's high total of 1,139 cases of influenza was due to a great extent to delay in reporting cases Sunday and over the holiday.

Yesterday's pneumonia cases were 211, compared with 295 on Wednesday. Eighteen influenza deaths were reported and sixty-one deaths from pneumonia.

"Compared with the corresponding week of 1922, last week showed a remarkably good record," according to Dr. Copeland's weekly report. "There were 1,743 deaths and a rate of 15.24 per 1,000 of the population reported, compared with 2,067 and a rate of 18.47, a decrease in the absolute number of deaths of 324 and in the relative number of deaths of 356.

"The most important factor in the mortality during the week was the extremely prevalent influenza, the type not being so severe as in 1922. There were 77 deaths reported from influenza, compared with 128. The pneumonia deaths numbered 307, compared with 468.

"The infectious diseases showed a much decreased mortality, with the exception of scarlet fever. There were 3 deaths reported from measles, compared with 17; 16 deaths from diphtheria, compared with 52; 6 deaths from whooping cough, compared with 13; 12 deaths from diarrhoeal diseases under five years of age, compared with 34. There were 9 deaths reported from scarlet fever, compared with 8, an increase of 1. Even cancer showed a decreased mortality, 119 deaths, compared with 135, a decrease of 16. Organic diseases of the heart and kidneys were credited 486 deaths, compared with 507, a decrease of 21. There were 111 deaths reported from tuberculosis, compared with 117. There were 103 deaths reported from violence, compared with 88, an increase of 15.

"Viewed from the angle of age grouping it is evident that the infant mortality was quite low, there having been 208 deaths reported of children under one year of age, compared with 300, a decrease of 92; between one and five years of age there were 87 deaths reported, compared with 177, a decrease of 90; between five and 65 years of age there were 981 deaths reported, compared with 1,068, a decrease of 87; at 65 years of age and over there were 467 deaths reported, compared with 822, a decrease of 65, so it is evident that every age group participated in this general reduction of mortality."

## RICH STRAPHANGER, 82, LIKES CROWDS

### John E. Andrus of Yonkers Says He Gets Valuable Knowledge From Subway Throngs.

John E. Andrus of 165 Hudson Terrace, Yonkers, known as the subway's richest strap-hanger, upon reaching his eighty-second birthday told yesterday why he mingled with the masses and shunned society folk. He also gave a recipe for good health and long life. Although he is reputed to be one of America's twenty richest men, he still rides twenty miles between his home and Wall Street on street cars and subway trains four days a week.

"I use the subway because I like to be among the masses," said Mr. Andrus. "I can get more useful information from hearing the views of the common people than from the other class. I prefer their company to association with those who are always trying to get money out of you. I get more pleasure with my family at home than going around with people who wear swallow-tail coats and silk shirts. I never devote any time to society.

"My health is good. In fact I feel splendid. I think one recipe for long life is careful eating. One should eat very little meat. There is a saying 'strong as an ox' but an ox does not live on meat. I eat cereals. They are easily digested. I study my diet.

"I observed my birthday quietly at home. When one has lived to my age and had so many birthdays they are not a novelty and you can't get up much excitement about them. So I had no birthday celebration. A lot of persons who started life with me have fallen by the wayside. If you wish to live long take care of yourself, keep out of draughts, take moderate exercise and eat carefully."

Mr. Andrus served eight years in the House of Representatives and once was Mayor of Yonkers for two years. He was born at Pleasantville, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1841, and often tells of earning his first dollar by selling trout to Horace Greeley, the editor, who had a farm at Chappaqua, near Andrus's boyhood home.

## FIRE DESTROYS SCHOOL.

### Defective Flue Blamed for Burning of Port Chester Building.

*Special to The New York Times.*

GREENWICH, Conn., Feb. 15. — The Abraham Lincoln School, one of the oldest public schools in Port Chester, N. Y., was destroyed by fire this morning, with its furnishings, books and many valuable records, at an estimated loss of over $100,000. The building housed twenty-seven classes, embracing nearly 1,000 children.

Several firemen narrowly escaped death when as they were tearing down a portion of the metal ceiling the whole ceiling fell.

It is believed that sparks from a hot-air furnace got into a wall or partition through a defective flue. A frozen hydrant and low water pressure handicapped the firemen.

The Board of Education held a meeting tonight to consider plans for providing for the pupils.

## BOY'S FATHER EXONERATED.

### Grand Jury Refuses to Indict Christian Scientist for Manslaughter.

WOODBURY, N. J., Feb. 15.—H. A. Terrell of Wenonah, father of nine-year-old Arthur Terrell, who died Jan. 7 of pneumonia, for which it was alleged his parents failed to provide medical treatment, invoking Christian Science instead, was exonerated of responsibility for the boy's death today when the Gloucester County Grand Jury refused to return an indictment for manslaughter.

Dr. H. H. Clark, the County Physician, had testified that the boy's life could have been saved had even the home remedies been administered.

In Supreme Court Justice Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., charged the jury that a true bill should be returned only if it was found the Terrell boy had died as the result of wilful negligence.

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In order to conduct this business successfully we must make a profit when we sell you a suit.

But the profit on one sale is nothing unless you feel satisfied that you have received full value for the money you invested in good appearance.

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**Good Clothes**

are the best ally we have because men return here for them season after season. We want permanent customers, so we sell only clothes that give lasting satisfaction.

SPRING SUITS AND TOPCOATS
$40 $45 $50

**Brill Brothers**
Broadway, at 49th Street
279 Broadway, near Chambers St 47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich St.

**FEBRUARY SALE**
**of Lamps and Shades and Furniture**

*Discounts of 10% to 50% are now in order upon every lamp and every shade and every piece of furniture*

THERE are included in this February Sale all the charming lamps and shades which are in Ovington's wide array and all those novel and unusual pieces of furniture which add so to the distinction of a room.

In lamps and shades, everything from a tiny boudoir lamp to a stately floor standard is available. In furniture the list is long, with its gateleg tables, console sets and occasional chairs; and among the wide collection of mirrors, you will find every type and every size which fit into the scheme of things today. Though varied in style, all are of true Ovington quality.

But while it may seem incongruous to urge the purchase of these lamps and mirrors and this furniture because of the price, the fact remains that the 10% to 50% discounts of the February Sale do not lessen the quality or reduce the distinction one whit.

**OVINGTON'S**
*"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"*
FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET



THE VERY NOTABLE

**LAMM COLLECTION**

FROM NASBY CASTLE
(NEAR STOCKHOLM), SWEDEN

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ENTRANCE, 30 EAST 57TH STREET

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THIS SUNDAY AFTERNOON
FROM 2 TO 5 O'CLOCK

THE VALUABLE, ARTISTIC PROPERTY OF
MR. CARL ROBERT LAMM
OF NÄSBY SLOTT AT ROSLAGS, NÄSBY, SWEDEN
TO BE SOLD AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE
BY HIS ORDERS, THROUGH HIS REPRESENTATIVE
MISS RUTH TESCHNER
OF NEW YORK CITY
UNDER WHOSE AUSPICES THE COLLECTION WAS BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTRY

*(Excerpt from the Stockholm "Aftonbladet" November 7, 1922)*

"Is there no help to ward off such a calamity as having the Lamm Collection leave the country? As every one knows, it is extremely valuable and was brought together with the most discriminating taste and understanding.

"The collection contains real masterpieces of the very highest value, paintings by the foremost masters of the world, period furniture of the very finest kind, rare weapons, a remarkable collection of silver objects and other choice and beautiful objects of art."

ORDER OF SALE
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THE VALUABLE PAINTINGS
WHICH INCLUDES FINE EXAMPLES OF
REMBRANDT, HALS, RUBENS, VAN DYCK, DAVID, CRANACH, TIEPOLO, MOREELSE, LARGILLIERE, VIGIE LE BRUN, LIEBL, GUARDI, VAN DER HELST, MIEREVELT, LAWRENCE, OPIE, BOUCHER, STRIEGEL, ZORN AND OTHER EMINENT ARTISTS
WILL BE SOLD THE EVENING OF
Washington's Birthday, Thursday, February 22

THE LACQUERS, BRONZES, INROS, FAIENCE AND PORCELAINS
Wednesday Afternoon, February 21

THE ANCIENT FIREARMS, WEAPONS AND ARMOR
Thursday Afternoon, February 22 (Washington's Birthday)

THE SILVER, FINE CLOCKS, FABRICS, RUGS
Friday Afternoon, February 23

THE RARE EIGHTEENTH CENTURY FRENCH FURNITURE
EXTRAORDINARY RUGS AND TAPESTRIES
Saturday Afternoon, February 24. Concluding Session.

*** Profusely Illustrated Catalogue With Descriptive Matter by Expert Authorities Will Be Mailed on Receipt of Two Dollars.

The Sale will be conducted by Mr. THOMAS E. KIRBY & His Associates, Mr. OTTO BERNET and Mr. H. H. PARKE.
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ADVERTISEMENT.

**"Put It in the Papers Again," Said Finkelstein—"$1000 Reward"**

"Right," agreed his partner, Maisel. "But say it so the public will know we are offering it in their interest as well as ours."

"Maisel," said Finkelstein, "you can safely trust the public. They know us well by now. They know we state only what is true. They know when we repeat this $1,000 reward, we must have a good reason. They know that we are really clothing manufacturers and we really are giving them every advantage to buy clothing like ours at really big savings."

"All right, Finkelstein," said Maisel, "I know all about it, so go ahead and put it in a statement."

"I will, but I'd like to make it $5,000," said Finkelstein.

"You could make it $10,000," replied Maisel, "and I bet you couldn't land any one of the slanderers in court. So let it go at $1,000."

"But don't forget," said Finkelstein, "we want to remind the public again, and as strong as we can, that our prices are wholesale; that this is a factory, upstairs; that our rent is low, and so on, all of which they otherwise would have to pay for."

"That's good," said Maisel, "but also remind them that there isn't a piece of cloth in our place that isn't 100 per cent. pure wool and that we use only the finest trimmings.

"Also, that we will give any customer money back instantly if they can duplicate our values at anywhere near our prices."

"I'll make this a condition of our guarantee," said Finkelstein.

"Sure," said Maisel, "but what about our prices?"

"Maisel," said Finkelstein, "if the people could only realize the values we are offering, it would take the whole police department to keep the crowds in line."

Here is the new scale of prices on our ultra-fashionable suits of fine serges, worsteds, tweeds, etc.—$19.60, $23.60, $26.40, $30.00, $31.60 and $26.40 for our Special Leader two trousers suits—

**Making a Reduction of 20%**

On overcoats, belted and unbelted, ulsters, Chesterfield and other latest models, the new scale of prices is $20.83, $25.08, $28.08, $31.88 and $33.58—

**Making a Reduction of 15%**

*And this is the Reward: $1,000 if it can be shown Finkelstein & Maisel are not clothing manufacturers and as such threatened with boycott if they persisted in selling at retail; also that they refuse a dissatisfied customer's money back; also that they do not use purest woolens; that they cannot sell below regular retailers' prices.*

If you are hard to fit, a suit or overcoat will be made to order for a slight additional cost. Very complete line of Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits.

**Finkelstein & Maisel**
*"Makers of Clothes of the Better Kind for Men and Young Men."*
FACTORY AND SHOWROOMS (Take Elevator), ONE FLIGHT UP.
810 Broadway, opp. 11th St., N. Y. *Open until 7 o'Clock Evenings.*



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# VARSITY OARSMEN TO ROW 3 MILES

## Stewards Decide Definitely on Distance for Main Race in Poughkeepsie Regatta.

## COLUMBIA ALONE OPPOSES

### Votes in Favor of Four Miles Against Representatives of Syracuse, Cornell and Penn.

The varsity rowing race at Poughkeepsie next June 28 will be three miles in length, as it was last Summer and the Summer before. This definite decision was reached by the stewards of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association at an adjourned meeting here yesterday afternoon and it settles for another year a question that has been widely discussed since the regatta last June.

Opposition to the three-mile race vanished into thin air when the stewards actually gathered around the council table in Chairman Morton G. Bogue's office at 52 William Street. Only Columbia held fast to its determination to oppose the shorter race. Syracuse, which had been an ally of the Morningside university at the last meeting, switched its vote and cast a ballot in favor of three miles. With Pennsylvania and Cornell also backing this distance, the final vote was three to one, Columbia refusing to yield an inch.

Action on the varsity distance was the chief business at the meeting. A proposal that an interscholastic race be included in the 1923 program was considered and discussed favorably. In the end the Chairman was instructed "to examine into the practicability" of holding such a race and to report back to the stewards as soon as convenient.

It was stated that, if certain practical details can be satisfactorily arranged the race for schoolboys will be staged this season. The stewards greeted the proposal with great enthusiasm and agreed that it would be an excellent thing for rowing if a scholastic race could be made an annual feature of the regatta program.

**Syracuse Avoids Deadlock.**

Syracuse's change of heart over the three and four mile controversy took place when it became apparent that another deadlock would occur in the balloting. As soon as the question was brought up John Arthur Brown, the Pennsylvania steward, told his colleagues that a meeting of rowing men had been held at that university, the matter discussed and a vote in favor of three miles taken. He had then been instructed to vote accordingly at the meeting yesterday, and, therefore, Mr. Brown said, he would continue his opposition to four miles.

When Charles E. Treman, the Cornell representative, voiced the same sentiments and Columbia, on the other hand, stuck to its four-mile stand, Syracuse took a hand and broke the deadlock. Steward Samuel B. Cook explained that his university, being the newest member of the association, felt somewhat responsible for the tie vote and did not want to continue the deadlock when it saw that two of the three older members favored a three-mile event. When the three-mile race was first voted on favorably in 1917 Syracuse was not a member of the association, the vote being Cornell and Penn for and Columbia against. Since this was the sentiment before Syracuse joined, Mr. Cook explained, he unhesitatingly felt that it ought not to take any action which would interfere with it.

The Syracuse delegate further said that Coach Ten Eyck and other of the rowing men favored four miles, but were not particularly opposed to three miles. In this somewhat neutral mood the Orange felt free to take whatever action it considered best.

However, even if the tie vote had continued, it is considered probable that the three-mile race would have been retained. The burden of proof rested on the other distance and, this effort failing, the three-mile event automatically would have stood as the official distance.

**Berry to Sound Sentiment.**

Four-mile advocates got some encouragement out of remarks by Romeyn Berry of Cornell that he intends to make a thorough investigation into the sentiment at Ithaca. Thus far, Mr. Berry stated, no such sounding had been taken, but if the proposed inquiry should show that Cornell's students and alumni favor the longer race, Cornell would be ready to change its vote next Winter when the 1924 regatta comes up for discussion.

The proposal to stage a race for schoolboy crews came from the Interscholastic Rowing Association, formed last Saturday at the New York A. C. The stewards agreed that it would be a highly attractive event and a boon to rowing in this country, but they found that certain practical details would have to be looked into before any affirmative decision could be reached.

For one thing, it will be necessary to find a boathouse or two for the scholastic oarsmen at Poughkeepsie. The matter of providing shells was taken up, and there was some doubt as to whether the school crews would bring their own boats or depend on the colleges. If the latter, the stewards would have to take steps to get extra shells at Poughkeepsie.

All these problems will be investigated by Chairman Bogue, and it is safe to say that if the obstacles can be removed the race will be held. The stewards, it was said, see in this race an excellent opportunity to help revive scholastic rowing in the East, and this is a subject dear to the hearts of the colleges, which are feeling more and more a lack of good young oarsmen. The association indicated that it would co-operate to the fullest with the new interscholastic body.

Actual details of the proposed race were still vague. It was proposed to make it one mile in length and place it first on the program, preceding the freshman and two varsity events. It is not anticipated that the young oarsmen will train at Poughkeepsie for any great length of time. Schools that were mentioned as possible competitors were Stone School of Boston, Cascadilla School of Ithaca, Kent School of Kent, Conn., Brookline High School and various crews from the metropolitan district.

**Wisconsin Still Undecided.**

Messages were received from the University of Washington, University of California and University of Wisconsin, the three Western sights that may enter the regatta. Washington and California indicated that the question of their entry would depend on which won the Pacific Coast championship regatta, and Wisconsin reported that it was still uncertain about coming to the Hudson. The two Pacific Coast schools told the stewards that they favored the three-mile race, although they would not balk at the longer distance.

Despite the fact that the Navy has definitely announced its withdrawal for 1923, hope was expressed at the meeting that the midshipmen would reconsider. Some of the stewards are confident that before the season is over the academy will find its way clear to enter its varsity eight.

The exact hour of the races was left to the Chairman, who will make no decision until he has learned more of the water conditions on June 28. In his hands also will be all other arrangements with the West Shore Railroad Company over the observation train and with the Poughkeepsie Chamber of Commerce. Bogue has already conferred with the chamber and awarded the regatta to that city, but there are a number of minor details that will have to be straightened out. The Chamber of Commerce, it was learned, has practically agreed to underwrite some of the expenses of the regatta.

## *Schoolboys Unlikely to Hold Regatta at Poughkeepsie*

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Feb. 15.—It is unlikely that the proposed preparatory school regatta will be held on the Hudson River here, Rev. F. H. Sill, head master of Kent School, Kent, Conn., states in a letter received in this city today. He gives as reasons that it would be difficult to maintain crews here during the necessary training period and there would be a conflict between the natural date for the races and the examinations of the college Entrance Board. He says it is much more likely that an interscholastic regatta will be staged in New York, Philadelphia or Boston.

# WIN PAIR SKATING TITLE UNOPPOSED

## Mrs. Blanchard and N. W. Niles Only Entry for National Championship at New Haven.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 15.—Only the championship pair skating event was decided in today's program in opening the national figure skating championship of the United States at the New Haven Arena, held under the auspices of the New Haven Skating Association. In this Mrs. Theresa Weld Blanchard and Nathaniel W. Niles of Boston, title holders for the last year, were the only entrants and their number, essentially an exhibition, sufficed for them to hold premier honors for 1923. The pair were in rare form and it was the expressed opinion of the judges that no competition which has been in evidence would have been deep enough to wrest their title from them.

This morning the school figures for the women's junior championship were skated, this number bringing out Miss Rosalie Knapp of New York City, Miss Elsie Ingalls of Richmond Hill, Long Island; Miss Pauline Cabot of Boston, Miss Sidney Good, New York City; Miss Aida Baumann, New York City; Miss Julia Honan, New York City; Miss Catherine Rice, Mrs. John T. Sloan and Mrs. Lucy S. Clapp, all of New Haven. This evening the free figures were skated, the exhibition of diminutive Miss Honan being pronounced exceptionally meritorious.

The waltzing championship followed the entrants including Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Hose, New York City; Miss Rosalie Dunn and Petrus Wahlman, New York City; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Chapman, Philadelphia; Miss Sidney Good and James B. Greene, New York City; Miss Grace Munstock and Joel Liberman, New York City; Mr. and Mrs. Niles, Miss Pauline Cabot and A. M. Goodridge, Boston; Miss Lucy Clapp, New Haven, and Miss Ruth Manemapolis; Miss Rice and C. H. Christenson, St. Paul, and Mrs. Sloan and Heaton R. Robertson, New Haven.

The fourteen-step championship event, which concluded the evening's program, brought out the following skaters: Mrs. Blanchard and Mr. Niles, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Howe, New York City; Miss Dunn and Mr. Wahlman, Miss Good and Mr. Greene, Miss Munstock and Mr. Liberman, Miss Rice and Mr. Christenson and Mrs. Sloan and Mr. Robertson. Mrs. Blanchard and Mr. Niles were again in superb form in this number.

Society was out in force at both the afternoon and evening events, but the rink will be crowded to its capacity tomorrow night, when the men's championship free skating will be decided, with the women's championship free skating.

In the waltzing championship the judges asserted that the competition was amazingly close between Mr. and Mrs. Howe, Mr. and Mrs. Niles and Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard.

An extra exhibition was asked of Mr. Niles and Mrs. Blanchard and of Mr. Greene and Miss Good in the skating events. The spectators were of the opinion that Mr. Greene and Mrs. Good shaded the champions. The judges decided, however, to make no formal decision until tomorrow night.

# I. C. A. A. A. ENTRIES LARGER THAN EVER

## *Twenty Colleges, Represented by 630 Indoor Athletes, to Compete March 3.*

The biggest field that has ever competed in an indoor meet of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletes of America will take part in the second annual championship games of that organization, judging from the list of entries made public yesterday by Abbot Southard, manager of the meet. Competing in the games, which will be held March 3 in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, will be twenty colleges and universities and 630 track and field athletes—figures that excel even the great entry list of last year's meet. The total number of entries will be more than 1,100, many of the men having entered for more than one event.

This will be only the second year that the Intercollegiate track body has held a title meet. In 1915 it inaugurated informal indoor meets, but it was not until January, 1922, that the association voted to make the meet a championship one, modeled on the same lines as the outdoor Intercollegiates. The popularity of the meet is attested to by the fact that the entry list is already breaking all records since 1915.

Three additional colleges have entered this year—Fordham, Rutgers and Bowdoin—and the individual total of athletes—630—is 150 more than competed in last season's title meet. They will represent the following twenty institutions: Amherst, Boston College, Bowdoin, Brown, Columbia, Cornell, Dartmouth, Fordham, Johns Hopkins, Georgetown, Harvard, Lafayette, M. I. T., N. Y. U., Pennsylvania, Penn State, Princeton, Rutgers, Syracuse and Yale. The regulation championship program of seven track and five field events will be followed.

The list of events follows:

Track—Seventy-yard dash, sixty-yard high hurdles, one-mile run, two-mile run, one-mile relay, two-mile relay, freshman medley relay (220, 440, 880 yards and one mile).

Field—Running broad jump, pole vault, running high jump, sixteen-pound shotput and thirty-five-pound weight throw.

# WOMEN IN TITLE SWIM.

## Will Compete in National 100-Yard Race at Y. W. H. A. Tomorrow.

The first of the National A. A. U. senior swimming championships for women to be held in New York this season will be conducted by the Women's Swimming Association in the pool of the Y. W. H. A., 31 West 110th Street, tomorrow night. The event will be the 100-yard free style race.

The W. S. A. will be represented by Miss Helen Wainwright, national 100-yard open water champion; Miss Gertrude Ederle, holder of the American record for the same distance in a sixty-foot pool; Miss Doris O'Mara, winner of the last metropolitan outdoor championship; Miss Aileen Riggin and Miss Ethel McGary, champions at other distances.

The remainder of the program will consist of an invitation fancy diving contest and free style races at 40, 100 and 200 yards.

# SNOW HALTS ICE RACES.

## International Skating on Lily Lake to Start Again Today.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 15.—Lily Lake was covered with deep snow today following a blizzard last night, so today's races in the international skating meet were postponed until Friday.

# STAFF WINS THREE PRO SKATING RACES

## Practically Clinches American Outdoor Title by Victories at Saranac Lake.

## HAS POINT SCORE OF 145

### Establishes Big Lead Over McLean, Whose Chances Are Hurt by Fall —Heavy Wind Keeps Times Slow.

*Special to The New York Times.*

SARANAC LAKE, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Arthur Staff of Chicago was this afternoon practically assured of the American professional outdoor skating championship at the conclusion of the second day of the title meet.

Three first places in as many races gave Staff a point score of 145. With the 440-yard dash and the five-mile event on the card for the final day, Bobby McLean of Chicago, who is runner-up with a total of 85 points, must place first in both events with Staff entirely out of the money to even tie the prospective champion for the title.

Edmund Lamy of Saranac Lake enters the final day of the struggle in third position, with 70 points to his credit. Everett McGowan of St. Paul holds fourth honors with 60 points.

Staff's three victories this afternoon were largely traceable to one fall, one wide turn and one cleverly skated race. McLean was the central figure in both mishaps. The clever skating referred to was done by Staff.

Staff had a doubtful lead at the beginning of the last lap of the half-mile event. McLean was closely following him, and McGowan was on almost equal terms with McLean. In the final test McLean seemed on the verge of passing Staff, but the effort brought the latter's fall that put McLean out of the running. Staff was able to hold the rest of the field in check and broke the tape, with McGowan in second position and Lamy third. The same lead with which they finished obtained until they covalled today, slowing down all the events, and the watches caught this race at 1:20 3-5.

**Staff Shows Good Headwork.**

In the one-mile race Staff demonstrated his cleverness tellingly. Ben Osickle of Cleveland, who won the lap prize in both the distance events today, led the field for five of the eight laps. During that time Staff was at the rear of the procession, the pack bearing the brunt of the assault on the wind and sheltering him.

Staff's reserve strength carried him across the line a winner. Lamy and McGowan finished second honors, with the former victorious.

Staff showed the same headwork in the three-mile race, but McLean also demonstrated his craft. The result was that the leaders swung around the last turn with McLean leading. The latter's speed forced him far from the pole, however, and when the leaders started down the stretch Staff was in first position, holding it until he broke the tape. McLean, whose wide turn cost him the race, straightened out in time to win a fight for second position, forcing McGowan to take third.

Although the time was slow, the wind had made it tough going for the field. Don Baker of Brooklyn was out at the end of the first mile. Woodward Sutphen of Long Branch, N. J., lasted only half a lap further. Osickle led the field for twenty-odd of the twenty-four laps, taking the lap prizes. The time was 9:14 4-5.

With his right to the American title now practically decided, Staff is hot on the trail of Oscar Matheson of Norway, skating champion of the world. Cablegrams sent tonight will try to force the Norwegian skater to name the date for a match with Staff or admit that he relinquishes his title by default. Staff declared complete indifference as to where or how the match might be arranged, but he is determined to force Matheson to skate.

**Fancy Skaters Stir Spectators.**

Staff's victory in the three-mile race this afternoon, which virtually decided the American title, drew hardly a ripple of applause from the spectators in the wind-swept stands. Yet thirty minutes previously they had applauded to the echo an act of exhibition skating staged by Miss Gladys Lamb and Norvell Baptie. There was no intended slight for Staff in the action of the spectators. For the exhibition contained an element of daring that was far easier for the stands to grasp than the conclusion that a title was in the making—a fact arrived at only by cold figures.

Stunt races, barrel jumping and relay races for the various school classes filled in the waits between the clashes of the professional speed kings. The meet ends tomorrow, with the 440-yard dash and the five-mile race on the program. A humble third place in either one, regardless of the showing of the rest of the field, clinches Staff's right to the title.

Staff entered the meet with a sprained ankle and also under the care of a physician as a result of spinal injuries received at St. Paul, a week ago today. His ankle was bound with thin steel braces and for over a week he has been unable to sleep on his back. He admitted tonight that his first real sleep in that period was obtained on a sleeper pulling into this village, when he found a depression in the mattress that conformed to his injured spine.

The summaries:

Half-Mile Race—Won by Arthur Staff, Chicago; Everett McGowan, St. Paul, second; Edmund Lamy, Saranac Lake, third. Time 1:20 3-5.

One-Mile Race—Won by Staff; Lamy, second; Bobby McLean, Chicago, third. Time 2:31 3-5. (Ben Osickle, Cleveland, winner of lap prize.)

Three-Mile Race—Won by Staff; McLean, second; McGowan, third. Time—9:14 4-5. (Osickle winner of lap prize.)

# ATHLETES LEAVE TONIGHT.

## Met. A. A. U. Team to Compete in National Meet at Buffalo.

The athletes who will represent the Metropolitan Association of the Amateur Athletic Union in the national A. A. U. senior indoor track and field championships at Buffalo tomorrow night will leave for the scene of the meet tonight. The team will be accompanied by Herman Obertubbesing, President of the A. A. U., who will officiate at the games and Tom Dwyer's athletic coach of the St. Anselm's A. C.

The squad will consist of fifteen athletes in addition to the Columbia University medley relay team composed of Victor Grach, Walter Koppisch, Frank Brennan and Walter Higgins. Loren Murchison, noted sprinter of the Newark A. C., will compete in the 300-yard run as well as the 60-yard dash. Al McCanims of the St. Anselm's A. C. will be the only local athlete to oppose Murchison in the 60-yard dash while C. Y. Chittick of the Newark A. C. and J. Mitchell of the St. Anselm's A. C. will compete against the former St. Louis flier in the 300-yard run.

# BOY SWIMMERS READY.

## Columbia's Interscholastic Meet Tomorrow Has Big Entry.

The first of the out-of-town swimming teams which will compete in Columbia's second annual interscholastic meet tomorrow arrived in this city yesterday. The early arrival was the Erie (Pa.) High School delegation, which promises to be one of the leading contenders for the point trophy that will be put up by the university. Mercersburg Academy, another prominent entry, will arrive this afternoon under the direction of Coach Wheatley, and both teams may practice in the Columbia pool before the day is over.

Eighteen high and preparatory schools have now entered the meet, which will be held tomorrow afternoon,

## *Germans May Bar Printing of French-Belgian Racing News*

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Owing to the Ruhr occupation, betting information on French and Belgian horse races would be forbidden publication in Germany, if a bill prepared for introduction in the Reichstag should go into effect. A penalty of one million marks is provided. In many circles in Berlin these races have been backed more heavily than those on German courses.

# BOSTON A. A. SEXTET DEFEATS NEW HAVEN

## Home Team Victor, 3 to 2, in Keenly Contested Amateur Hockey League Match.

**STANDING OF TEAMS IN EASTERN GROUP OF U. S. A. H. A.**

| | W. | L. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Boston A. A. | 5 | 0 | 1.000 |
| New Haven | 5 | 2 | .714 |
| St. Nicholas | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Boston H. C. | 4 | 4 | .500 |
| Victorias | 2 | 5 | .286 |
| Canadian Club | 0 | 6 | .000 |

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—In the fastest match of the Winter, in which the Boston A. A. and New Haven fought for first honors in the Eastern division of the United States Amateur Hockey League, the B. A. A. team held first place by beating New Haven by 3 to 2 tonight. The teams played desperate hockey and both had a lot of speed. The Boston team had a decided advantage because of its first-class substitutes.

In the first period New Haven established a 2-to-1 lead. Armstrong and Lowrey making spectacular goals while Lamb played the length of the rink to score for the B. A. A. The Boston team came back in the second period, going out in front 3 to 2 on goals made on short shots by Geran and McCarthy on passes from Small, who had carried the puck through the outer New Haven defense.

Resume had some hard work in the New Haven goal in the first few minutes, but later Lacroix was peppered by New Haven and stopped everything. The third period was fiercely fought; New Haven had some fine chances to score, but Lacroix could not be passed. The line-up:

| BOSTON A. A. (3). | | NEW HAVEN (2). |
|---|---|---|
| Lacroix | G. | Rasume |
| Campbell | D. | Shay |
| Geran | D. | Armstrong |
| Small | L.W. | W. Veno |
| Geran | C. | S. Veno |
| McCarthy | R.W. | Lowrey |

Goals made—Small, McCarthy, Geran, Armstrong, Lowrey.

Substitutions—B. A. A., Rice for Small, Smail for Rice, Enright for Small, Small for Geran, Rice for McCarthy, Geran for Rice.

Referee, Wright. Umpires, Gooch and Horne. Time of periods—Three of fifteen minutes.

# LAFAYETTE QUINTET DEFEATS W. AND J.

## *Makes Fast Start and Triumphs Over Presidents' Five by 22 to 17 Score.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

EASTON, Pa., Feb. 15.—Lafayette College obtained partial revenge for the defeat received from Washington and Jefferson on the Polo Grounds gridiron last Fall by handing the Presidents a 22 to 17 basketball defeat here tonight. Lafayette got off to a fast start, at one time leading 13 to 2. The first half ended with Lafayette on the long end of a 15 to 11 score.

The line-up:

| LAFAYETTE (22). | | W. AND J. (17). |
|---|---|---|
| Longaker | L.F. | C. Conn |
| D. Crate | R.F. | Fredericks |
| Duffy | C. | Lyle |
| Repa | L.G. | K. Conn |
| Kearney | R.G. | Saunders |

Goals from field—D. Crate (2), Duffy (2), Kearney (2), Repa, Longaker, K. Conn (2), C. Conn, Fredericks, Lyle, Saunders. Goals from foul—Longaker 6 out of 10, C. Conn 5 out of 11, Fredericks 1 out of 1.

Substitutions—Thomas for Lyle, Kopf for Fredericks.

Referee—C. A. Reed, Springfield.

## HAVANA RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds foaled in Cuba; purse $500; three and a half furlongs. *Pilades, 109 pounds (W. Taylor), even, 1 to 4, 1 to 5, first; *Hetty W., 111 (Burns), 1 to 4, 1 to 5, second; Patsie B., 106 (Pickens), even, third. Time —0:49 1-5. Also ran—Dalmo, Little Cuban, Guajiro and Solomon's Kilts also ran. Clamate Stable entry.

SECOND RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Redmon, 114 pounds (Burns), 4 to 5, first; *Paul, 109 (Taylor), even, 1 to 4, second; Nigh, 111 (Walls), 3 to 1, 7 to 5, second; Get Em, 106 (Milner), 1 to 2, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Chinotteague, Colonel Mugsy, Discussion and Haran also ran.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Heliocross, 111 pounds (Busi), 10 to 1, 4 to 1, 2 to 1, first; Bobbed Hair, 107 (Burns), 2 to 1, 1 to 1, second; Lecture, 101 (Kaiser), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:15 2-5. Pretty Baby, First Pullet, Mad Nell, Berretta, Red and Elmont also ran.

FOURTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Bellidi, 109 pounds (Pickens), 4 to 5, 1 to 4, 1 to 8, first; Col. Chile, 111 (Hunt), 8 to 5, 3 to 5, second; Quanah, 108 (Burns), 4 to 1, third. Time—1:13 3-5. Hudson Lure and Approval also ran.

FIFTH RACE—The Maine Memorial Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $600; one mile and fifty yards. George Kuffan, 100 pounds (Burns), 4 to 5, to 2, out, first; East View, 104 (W. Taylor), even, out, second; Fincastle, 102 (Obert), out, third. Time—1:43 2-5. Quecreek also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Stonewall, 104 pounds (Burns), 5 to 2, even, 1 to 2, first; Winnipeg, 96 (Gross), 5 to 2, 6 to 5, second; The Wag, 104 (Walls), 3 to 1, 6 to 5, third. Time—1:40 2-5. Wild Cat, Rosetta, Randi, Duke of Wellington and Cavalier also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

## HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse $500; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six furlongs. Kentucky Smiles 95 pounds, Courtier 100, Bantam 100, Letta Speed 112, Ferrum 112, Chevalier 115, Harold K. 115, Tobin Rota 117, Bloomington 120, Jack Healy 120, Prunes 120, Humpty 120.

SECOND RACE—Purse $800; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. The Dude 100 pounds, Prudential 105, Watchman 105, Blazing Dare 107, Icosceles 112, Quecreek 117, Short Change 117, Bistouri 117.

THIRD RACE—Purse $500; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; five and a half furlongs. *Mary Riegel 98 pounds, *Miss Calitha 98, *Sister Joy 98, *Ruth Wells 100, Hulla 103, Spods 104, *Hazel W. 107, Redmon 108, McClane 108, San Diego 108, Memphis 108, *Tom Norris 112.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $500; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. *Conundrum, 100 pounds, *The Ulster 106, *Polite 112, Valmond 114, John J. Jr. 114, Abe Sablosisky 117.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $700; for three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. *Debonair, 96 pounds, *Quanah 98, *Mallowmot 102, *Salvo 106, The Roll Call 107, Herrow 112.

SIXTH RACE—Purse $500; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and fifty yards. Mrs. Grundy 100 pounds, Molly Puff 100, *Kathleen K. 100, *Hemsan 105, *Thos. F. McMahon 106, Brennan 106, *Montperri 106, Troubler 110, Sherman 110, Parasol 110, John R. Rooke 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

## Canadian Hockey Team Wins.

CLINTON, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Queen's College of Kingston, Ontario, defeated Hamilton at hockey tonight by the score of 9 to 4.

# COMIC SONG SHOWS HEELS TO PARADER

## Captures Delta Handicap at Jefferson Park Track by a Length From Favorite.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—After the excitement caused by the closing at the Fair Grounds and the opening at Jefferson Park, racing returned to normal here today. There was nothing out of the ordinary to mark the program offered at the Jefferson Park course. Most of the races were truly run and the results were well received by the generous-sized crowd. The featured race was the Delta Handicap, a mile and seventy yard test for three-year-olds and upward. Only six were named and of these Prince of Umbria was scratched. That left Comic Song, Parader, Vennie, Valor and Colando to fight it out.

Parader had most support among the speculators and went to the post at odds of 7 to 5. He was the best in the race, too, but as it was run he was cut off repeatedly, and after once racing G. Konigswald's Comic Song into the ground was unequal to the task a second time. Comic Song acted badly at the post and was away poorly, but raced into a lead in the first quarter. Parader and Colando then overhauled the son of Black Jester and the latter seemed to be well beaten, but he came again in the stretch to win by a length at the finish. Parader was next, and as C. Phillip's Colando had quit and old Valor was never in the running, Vennie got the remainder of the purse.

The Fan Zareta Purse, the secondary feature, fell to T. H. Bernhardt's six-year-old bay gelding Elmer K. Elmer has been fu.l of racing recently and today was no exception. He was away from the barrier like an arrow, made the pace for the field of eight for practically the entire five furlongs and was more than a length in front, with Jockey Chalmers keeping him in hand, at the finish. Had not been for Liebling's Monastery, Elmer K.'s victory would have been even more easily achieved than it actually was. Monastery made a game effort to stay up with the leader and succeeded at least in keeping within striking distance of him. In doing so the Liebling gelding just about lost the remainder of the field. James F. O'Hara was nearest, six lengths back, but this was good enough for third place.

Crack o' Dawn scored over a field of five in the fifth race, which was a claiming affair over a mile and an eighth route. Ramkin and Normal followed the winner home in the order named.

Johnny Overton, the winner of the sixth contest, paid his backers $8 for each $1 offered on his chances. He had to outstay Light Wine for the stretch to win, for the latter showed a commendable effort. Lord Herbert was third.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $700; six furlongs. Moon Winks, 107 pounds (Morris), 3 to 2, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, first; Tom Taylor, 113 (Hoehm), 4 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; War Pennant, 117 (Freshen), 7 to 5, third. Time—1:14 3-5.

Also ran—Bessie Bell, Gumlakey, Black Hackle, Deep Sinker, Servia, Carbonina, Sandy H. and Diana Waters also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds, claiming; purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Ghost, 108 pounds (Obel), 5 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, first; Slanderer, 106 (McCoy), 5 to 1 and 5 to 2, second; Rupee, 106 (Murphy), 8 to 5, third. Time—1:47. Sweet Meats, Myala, Blue Bird, Alluring, Marjorie Wood, Yorick, Don't Bother Me, Manicure Maid and Reel Foot also ran.

THIRD RACE—The Fan Zareta Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, purse $700; five furlongs. Elmer K., 110 pounds (Chalmers), 9 to 2, 6 to 5 and 2 to 5, first; Monastery, 110 (McDermott), 3 to 1 and 6 to 5, second; James F. O'Hara, 110 (Bridges), 6 to 1, third. Time—1:00 1-5. Hidden Jewel, Auntie May, My Reverie, War Zone and Charles Henry also ran.

FOURTH RACE—The Delta Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, purse $700; one mile and seventy yards. Comic Song, 116 pounds (Smith), 3 to 1, even and 1 to 5, first; Parader, 113 (Thomas), 1 to 2 and 1 to 6, second; Vennie, 95 (Harvey), 6 to 5, third. Time—1:45 2-5. Valor and Colando also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; one and one-eighth miles. Crack o' Dawn, 117 pounds (Thumpe), 2 to 1, 4 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Ramkin, 100 (Hartley), 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Normal, 108 (Wallace), 2 to 1, third. Time—1:54 3-5. Billy Barton and Attorney also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $700; one and three-sixteenth miles. Johnny Overton, 115 pounds (McDermott), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 8 to 5, first; Light Wine, 110 (Wallace), 7 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Lord Herbert, 110 (Abel), 8 to 5, third. Time—2:02 4-5. Ace King, Trojan, Fred Kinney, Dr. Rae and Boonville also ran.

Weather clear, track fast.

## NEW ORLEANS ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $700; for two-year-olds; claiming; three and a half furlongs. Aunt Jane 116 pounds, A. J. Buja 114, Dustin 113, Castilla 112, Bessie 112, Beset 111, Hope 111, Ink 111, Nancy McKay 111, Lee Adrin 109, Julie M. 109, Nettie May 107, April 107, Salsie 107, *Bonnie Jack 106.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $700; for three-year-olds; claiming; six furlongs. Gold Ford 116 pounds, Runlelgh 115, Bedazzle 110, A. Reinhart, Runetta, *Consolation, Lady Rose, Josie M., Nylorac, Little Ann, Fil La Fer, Zoona, *Stonesage, Radiant 110 each, *Josephine C., *High Tea, *Dextaria, *Panasian 105 each.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a half. Topmast, 108 pounds, *Mountain Il. 107, Moody 105, *Lord Herbert 108, *Pit 100.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $700; The Avondale; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Dantzic 117 pounds, Allan 114, Slippery Elm, Honor Man 112, The Franciscan 112, Richelieu 110, Pasha 110, Wolf's Cry 110, Gem 108, Sunny Girl 107, Chiva 100, Minnie B. 93, Glenantrim Maid 92, Fleeting 87.

FIFTH RACE—Purse, $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. *High Gear 114 pounds, William of Corotoman 112, Zone d'Armee 112, Quesada 110, Carmencita 107, Harvey Smart 106, *King Troilan 107, Belgian Queen 107, *White 105, Moon Winks 105, *Little Ammie 104, Grace Daugherty 103.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $700; for four-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. The Peruvian 112, Tom McTaggart 112, *Repeater 111, Matinee Idol 111, Winnsconne 111, Gath 110, Mormon Elder 106, Natural 107, *Scourgestown 107, Tingling 106, *Straight Shot 105, *Hermoden 101.

*Apprentice allowance of 5 pounds claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

## TIJUANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden two-year-olds; purse $500; three furlongs. Ish 110 pounds, Josephine Newell 115, Seth's Alibi 105, A. Lester 108, Golden Orb 105, Lady Zelma 105, Ida Frances 115, Stargo 115, Rock Heather 118, Brandeis 118.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $500; six furlongs. Limerick 112 pounds, *French Nurse 105, Veteran 110, Hopover 102, *High Olympus 109, Clear Lake 109, Capson, 107, Mediate 108, Saint Pierre 107, Maxine 105, *Alice Richmond 100.

THIRD RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; six furlongs. Marion Duke 106 pounds, *Cannanore 107, Cannonball 115, Canvasback 112, Doverscout 107, Net Star 100, Lorena Moss 105, Irish Reina 105, *Norain 102, Mike Daly 107.

FOURTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. *Angelo 106 pounds, Galway 113, Shelbyville 111, Eye Bright 111, *Rafferty 105, *Pickle Fancy 108, *Lavaga 106, *Lucky 99, *Ruth, Wells 100, Circulate 118, Operator 113.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; five and a half furlongs. Sister Susie 111 pounds, Tom Myrtle A. 111, *Miss Dunbar 106, Tullerson 109, Pokey R. 116, Evelyn Harrigan 111, *Bessie Young 104, Conichon 113, *Pallidlad 108.

SIXTH RACE—Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000; one mile and seventy yards. Due de Morny, 90 pounds (Garrett), $11.50, $7.60, $5.80, first; Lusanna, 108 (Walls), $9.40, $6.20, second; Hyspam, 104 (W. Post), $4.80, third. Time—1:46. Repress, Rajah, Bill Head, Wild Flower, Black Betty and Reap also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $600; one mile. Power, 98 pounds (Dean), $7.60, $5.20, $3.40, first; Poor Puss, 88 (Hurn), $17, $5.60, second; Plow Steel, 104 (Walls), $3, third. Time—1:45 4-5. Sowspirt, Gipsy Joe, Peace Flag, The Vengeance, Silver Maid and Sanchus also ran.

EIGHTH RACE—Emma Williams, 101 pounds (Petsold), $28, $12.20, $3.80, first; Blossom, 106 (Anderson), $17.60, $4, second; Tat Ball, 106 (Kee), $2.20, third. Time—1:10 2-5. Daisy, Ollie Wood, Southern Gentleman, Harry Rudder, Chief Master and Red Man also ran.

Weather clear; track slow.

# MISS COLLETT IS VICTOR BY 4 AND 3

## National Golf Champion Defeats Mrs. Russell and Enters Florida Semi-Finals.

WEST PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 15.—Miss Glenna Collett, national woman golf champion, continued her victories in the mid-Winter woman's tournament here today, by defeating Mrs. C. C. Russell of Minneapolis, 4 and 3. She will play in the first division of the semi-finals tomorrow, against Miss Dorothy Klotz of Chicago, who won today from Miss Bessie Fenn of Portland, Me.

Miss E. J. Northwood of Toronto, Canada, won from Mrs. Wood Plankinton of Milwaukee, and Mrs. George Dobyn of Boston, from Mrs. T. McK. Cook of Pittsburgh. They will play in the second division tomorrow.

While Miss Collett had an easy victory over Mrs. Russell, the match between Miss Klotz and Miss Fenn was more keenly fought throughout. At the seventeenth hole the match was all square. Miss Klotz won the seventeenth and halved the eighteenth, which gave her the match 1 up.

# *MRS. BARLOW WILL PLAY MRS. CHAPMAN*

## *Medalist to Meet Greenwich Golfer in Final Match of Pinehurst Tourney.*

PINEHURST, N. C., Feb. 15.—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Philadelphia, and Mrs. John D. Chapman of Greenwich, Conn., will meet in the final of the women's St. Valentine tournament at Pinehurst, tomorrow. Mrs. Barlow, medalist and general favorite for the President's Trophy, played in the semi-final round today against Mrs. John H. Wright of St. Albans and won by 6 and 5. Mrs. Chapman, opposed by Mrs. Joseph Bydolek of Buffalo, won her match by 2 and 1.

The defeat of Mrs. Joseph Bydolek at the hands of Mrs. Chapman was regarded as more or less of an upset. Mrs. Bydolek won by a wide margin against Miss Sarah Downes, the Pittsburgh expert, yesterday, but the Buffalo player was favored to come through to the finals in Mrs. Barlow's company.

The summaries:

Semi-Final Round—First Eight—Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow, Merion, defeated Mrs. John H. Wright, St. Albans, 6 and 5; Mrs. John D. Chapman, Greenwich, defeated Mrs. Joseph Bydolek, Buffalo, 2 and 1.

Defeated Four—Mrs. H. H. Rackham, Detroit, defeated Miss Dorothy Richards, Cleveland, 4 and 3; Miss Sarah Downes, Oakmont, defeated Mrs. Donald Parson, Youngstown, 4 and 3.

Second Eight—Miss Lou

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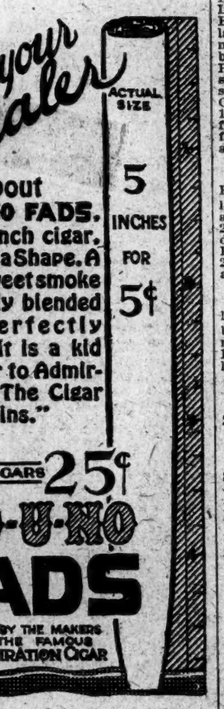

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# ROBINS GIVE MYERS FOR JACK FOURNIER

## Trade Centre Fielder to St. Louis Cardinals for Veteran First Baseman.

## EBBETS ALSO GETS SMITH

### Obtains Former Columbia Pitcher From Phillies in Exchange for Clarence Mitchell.

Charles H. Ebbets, the Brooklyn President, went shopping yesterday and acquired for himself two new ball players. After a prolonged consultation with President Sam Breadon of St. Louis he traded Hy Myers, the centrefielder, for Jacques Fournier, the Cardinals' first baseman. Flushed with his success, the Squire of Flatbush then cornered William F. Baker of Philadelphia and swapped Clarence Mitchell, the only left-handed spitballist in baseball, for "Columbia George" Smith, the right-hander formerly with the Giants.

In neither transaction, said Brooklyn officials, was there money involved, but this statement was accepted with certain reservations. Baseball men were willing to admit that the Mitchell-Smith trade was even enough, but nobody could be found outside of Brooklyn who would confess that Fournier is the equal of Hy Myers. If Squire Ebbets failed to get any cash along with the veteran and aging first baseman, it would seem that his reputation for being a David Harum has been sadly exaggerated.

Myers, of course, is not a youngster by any means. He is an old hand and slightly shop worn, but he was still a regular on the Robins last year and an exceedingly valuable member of the Ebbets cast. He is a normal .300 hitter and a good man after a fly ball, his biggest flaw being a weak arm. But Fournier was not even a regular at St. Louis last year. Slumping badly in both hitting and fielding, he was yanked out in the heat of the pennant race in favor of a youngster, Jim Bottomley, and during the Winter waivers were asked on him. If the Robins had not stepped in and blocked the way he would have been passed along to a minor league.

**Fournier in Game Sixteen Years.**

Fournier has been playing professional baseball for sixteen years. After three years in the minors, he was drafted by the Red Sox in 1911, and later sent to the White Sox on waivers. He stayed at Chicago for five years, was released to Los Angeles, and got back into the Majors only when the Yankees, desperate for players during the war year of 1918, bought him for use at first base, which Wally Pipp had deserted in favor of National service. After one season here the Frenchman went back to Los Angeles, where Branch Rickey rescued him for the Cardinals in February, 1920. For two years he played excellent ball at first base, but last season he began slipping again, and was finally benched.

Squire Ebbets evidently expects that Fournier is due for another lease on life. If he perks up once more and displays one of his celebrated comebacks, he will be a mighty useful man around first base. If not, the Robins will find that they have given away a regular centre fielder for a defunct first sacker.

There were some yesterday who charged Ebbets with altruistic motives. Fearing that Fournier, the only remaining nominee for the Players' Union Presidency might slip into the minors, the kind-hearted squire stepped in and lent a helping hand. With Ray Schmandt on the Board of Directors, the union ought to be well represented around Brooklyn's first base.

Hy Myers has been a regular with Brooklyn since 1915, although he was tried out four times before that—in 1909, 1910, 1911 and 1912. In 1913 and 1914 he was with Newark, and the Robins recalled him at the end of the 1914 season. The Cardinals probably will use him in the left field, taking the place of the late Austin McHenry, who died this Winter. Myers was a great favorite with the Flatbush fans, and his departure will be regretted.

**May Pave Way for New Deal.**

Myers's passing means undoubtedly that Zack Wheat will not be disposed of, as President Ebbets hinted in recent interviews. On the other hand, the acquisition of Smith, a right-hander, may pave the way for a trade involving Burleigh Grimes or Leon Cadore, who are sought by St. Louis and Cincinnati among other clubs.

Smith graduated from Columbia in 1916 and joined the Giants immediately. Late in the season he was loaned to Brooklyn for a short time, and still later did a short service with Cincinnati. The Giants finally brought him back and traded him in 1919 to the Phillies for Joe Oeschger, who in the same season was made part of the big swap with Boston for Arthur Nehf. Clarence Mitchell came to the Robins in 1918 from the Reds. He is as good a first baseman as a pitcher, can hit and field and is fairly fast afoot. He played at the initial corner part of last season.

In addition to the Yankee series the Robins will play six games with major league teams in Florida. The schedule as given out yesterday follows: March 21, with Cleveland at Lakeland; 22, Cardinals at Bradentown; 24, Braves at St. Petersburg; 27, Cleveland at Clearwater; 28, Cardinals at Clearwater; 29, Braves at Clearwater.

The signed contract of William Mullen, a second baseman bought from Mobile of the Southern Association, was received by the Brooklyn club yesterday. He bats and throws righthanded and hit .312 in 157 games last year.

## FOURNIER MAY QUIT GAME.

### Says He Will Retire Rather Than Report to the Robins.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—Jack Fournier, St. Louis Cardinal first baseman, who was traded to Brooklyn today for Hy Meyers, outfielder, declared tonight he would retire from baseball rather than report to the Robins. Fournier, who is an insurance salesman here during the Winter, gave business interests as his reason for not wanting to leave this city.

## PHILLIES HAVE 18 GAMES.

### To Play Seven Exhibition Contests Against Athletics.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 15.—Eighteen exhibition games have been arranged for the Phillies as a part of the Spring training of the team. Seven are with the Athletics and will be played after teh two teams return from their Southern training camps.

The schedule calls for other games to be played as follows:

March 14, St. Louis Nationals at Leesburg, Fla.; 21, St. Louis Nationals at Bradentown, Fla.; 26, Cleveland at Lakeland, Fla.; 29, Cleveland at Leesburg, Fla.; 21, Washington at Tampa, Fla.

April 3, Charleston at Charleston, S. C.; 4, Wilson at Wilson, N. C.; 5, Portsmouth at Portsmouth, Va.; 8, Baltimore at Baltimore; 15, Newark at Newark, N. J.; 16, Boston Americans at Philadelphia.

### Tiger Cub Sextet Tamed.

*Special to The New York Times.*

KENT, Conn., Feb. 15.—The Kent School sextet defeated the Princeton yearlings by 2 to 1 in a fast game played on the Kent rink. The freshman scored in the first period, but the schoolboys put on extra speed and scored twice in the second.

## *Bentley Defies Ultimatum Issued by Head of Giants*

*Special to The New York Times.*

BALTIMORE, Feb. 15.—Jack Bentley, former Oriole, who is holding out for part of the purchase price of $65,000 for which he was sold to the Giants, received an ultimatum tonight from President Charles A. Stoneham of the New York Club. Stoneham notified Bentley that he was not to report to the training camp unless he signed a contract first.

Stoneham's message was as follows:

"Wish to notify you that no player who hasn't signed will be taken to training camp."

Bentley's answer:

"Respectfully notify you that I wasn't going to report."

# BABE RUTH LEAVES FOR HOT SPRINGS

## Slugger Goes South Early to Prepare for Record Effort in Pennant Race.

The Babe Ruth special pulled out of the Pennsylvania Station at 4:50 sharp yesterday afternoon, and as this is being written the Babe is getting further and further away from dear old Sudbury, Mass. The big slugger has now thrust the rural life far behind him. Tomorrow he will be a temporary resident of Hot Springs, Ark., and after that it will be only a question of days before the resounding crash of the bat takes the place of the ringing sound of the axe.

Ensconced in his luxurious Pullman, Farmer Ruth dwelt lightly yesterday on what he hopes to do down South. It seemed to be a serious errand for the big hitter. He is going southward to get ready for his great comeback. He hopes to hit more than fifty-nine homers this season, and if there is anything that the Babe can do to prepare himself for the test, he will do it gladly.

This was the gist of Ruth's final statements before the Hot Springs special departed yesterday. Accompanied by a procession of newspaper men, the Babe slipped quietly into the station and made his way to his car, few persons recognizing the great man.

"I want to tell you fellows that I'm looking forward seriously to my training work in the South," Ruth said in parting. "There's nothing funny about it for me. I realize that I made many foolish mistakes last year and did not play up to my form. But as I promised you earlier this Winter, I am serious from now on. Right now I am in better shape than ever before in my life, and I feel great. Whatever else I am going to say to the fans I will say with homers."

At Hot Springs Ruth will do everything but play baseball—and if he happens to get hold of a ball and bat he may even do a little of that. He will keep out in the open—hiking, golfing, taking the hot baths and doing a little hunting. Ruth paid more attention yesterday to his golf bag than to any other baggage. He and Mays and Shawkey are devotees of the royal and ancient sport, and Hot Springs is not the worst place in the world for a game of golf.

Other Yankees will drift in within a few days. Shawkey and Schang are due from Philadelphia, Mike McNally from Scranton, Pa., and Carl Mays from his abode in the Ozarks. Deacon Scott will complete the little colony of six.

**Giants Firm Against Holdouts.**

The Giants are putting the clamps on stronger so far as holdouts are concerned. Yesterday they announced that no player who has not accepted terms will be allowed inside the training camp—that is, of course, unless he pays his own way down South. Several players last year refused to sign until they had had a chance to talk with John McGraw at San Antonio. But there will be none of that this Spring. The Giants consider it unfair to the players who have already signed.

This means that pitchers who are not at Marlin, Texas, by next Wednesday morning and have no good reason for staying away may be safely classified as holdouts. Jack Bentley is among this doubted group and also Bill Ryan. There is a suspicion that Arthur Nehf is balking, and if he doesn't board the train at St. Louis Tuesday afternoon it will mean trouble.

The Yank will not follow their rivals in this holdout policy. Certain players have already been authorized to carry their grievances to Miller Huggins at New Orleans.

# C. C. N. Y. SCHEDULES SIXTEEN CONTESTS

## *Several New Teams Listed on Lavender's Baseball Card for Next Season.*

City College's baseball schedule for the 1923 season was made public yesterday by the athletic authorities at the Washington Heights institution. The program consists of sixteen contests, ten of which are to be played at the Lewisohn Stadium. Several new teams are scheduled to meet the Lavender nine, among them being Washington and Lee, Colgate and St. Stephen's. The season will begin with the Columbia game at South Field on April 7, and will conclude with the Colgate contest at the Lewisohn Stadium on May 31.

The complete schedule follows:

April 7, Columbia at South Field; 11, U. S. Military Academy at West Point; 14, Stevens Institute at Hoboken; 18, Brooklyn Poly at home; 21, Manhattan at home; 26, Cathedral at home; 28, Trinity at Hartford, Conn.

May 2, St. Francis at home; 5, St. John's at home; 9, Manhattan at Catholic Protectory; 10, N. Y. U. at home; 12, Washington and Lee at home; 19, St. Stephens at home; 23, Fordham at Fordham; 26, Drexel Institute at home; 31, Colgate at home.

## ARTHUR DEVLIN RETAINED.

### Former Giant Will Continue as Coach of Braves.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—Arthur Devlin, formerly third baseman for the Giants and the Braves, has been retained as a coach for the Braves for 1923, Manager Fred Mitchell announced tonight. Devlin will be associated as coach with Dick Rudolph, former Braves' pitcher.

## TWO TEAMS IN LEAD.

### Brocco-Egg, Grenda-Kockler Pairs in Front in Chicago 6-Day Grind.

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Maurice Brocco of Italy with Oscar Egg of Switzerland and Alfred Grenda of Tasmania with Ernest Kockler of Chicago were one lap ahead of the other twelve teams remaining in the six-day bicycle race tonight at the end of the ninety-seventh hour. The leaders at 10 o'clock had covered 1,671 miles and two laps.

The leaders in points who scored the sprints were Reggie McNamara of Australia and Carl Stockholm of Chicago, with a total of 227. Bobby Walthour Jr. of Newark, N. J., and Alfred Goullet, also of Newark, were second with 182.

During the day Frank Keenan of Revere, Mass., and George Wyle of Syracuse, N. Y., dropped out of the race when they were unable to make up a lost lap.

Henry Wynsdaun of Belgium was fined $25 for fouling Bobby Walthour. Walthour was knocked unconscious.

# N. Y. A. C. FENCERS WIN NATIONAL TITLE

## Defeat Washington Square Club for Senior Sabre Team Championship.

The New York Athletic Club fencers captured the national senior sabre team championship last night, winning the title by defeating the Washington Square fencers in the final round of the tournament, which was held in the Fifty-ninth Street club's gymnasium under the auspices of the Amateur Fencers' League. The Winged-Foot representatives went into the final round by defeating the Fencers' Club 5 bouts to 4 and then, against the Washington Square trio, piled up five bouts, insuring them the title. With the score 5 to 2, the last two bouts were not fenced off. Only three teams competed in the tournament.

In the opening round the Fencers' Club won from the Washington Square, 7 bouts to 2, René Peroy being the star and capturing his bouts from Nikolas Muray, Donald Waldhaus and Peter Mijer. The only contest where the margin was at all close came in his bout against Muray, the score being 5 touches to 4. The other counts were 5—1 and 5—0. Mijer accounted for the only points gained by the Washington Square team, defeating Arthur Lyon and Leon M. Schoonmaker.

The struggle between the New York A. C. team, composed of Chauncey McPherson, Lincoln Weld and Studdiford Pitt, and the Fencers' Club trio was closely fought, Weld and Pitt each winning two bouts for the Winged Foot team. Peroy was the only Fencers' Club representative to capture two bouts, defeating McPherson, 5—1, and Weld, 5—2.

In the final round the N. Y. A. C. team had an easy victory. Only one of the bouts was close, that being between Pitt and Mijer, which went to the Winged Foot fencer by the score of 5 touches to 4. McPherson and Weld each turned in two victories.

The teams:

Fencers' Club—Arthur S. Lyon, Leon M. Schoonmaker, René Peroy.

Washington Square Fencers' Club—Nickolas Muray, Donald Waldhaus, Peter Mijer.

New York Athletic Club—Chauncey McPherson, Lincoln Weld, Studdiford Pitt.

The summaries:

National Senior Sabre Team Championship.

First Round—Fencers Club: Lyon defeated Muray, 5—2, and Waldhaus, 5—3; Schoonmaker defeated Muray, 5—4, and Waldhaus, 5—4; Peroy defeated Murray, 5—4, Waldhaus, 5—1, and Mijer, 5—0. Washington Square: Mijer defeated Lyon, 5—3, and Schoonmaker, 5—3. Total points—Fencers' Club, 7; Washington Square, 2.

Second Round—New York A. C.: McPherson defeated Schoonmaker, 5—1; Weld defeated Lyon, 5—1, and Schoonmaker 5—4; Pitt defeated Lyon, 5—3, and Peroy, 5—4. Fencers' Club: Lyon defeated McPherson, 5—2; Schoonmaker defeated Pitt, 5—4; Peroy defeated McPherson, 5—1, and Weld, 5—2. Total points—New York A. C., 5; Fencers' Club, 4.

Final Round—New York A. C.: McPherson defeated Wadhaus, 5—2, and Mijer, 5—2; Weld defeated Waldhous, 5—2, and Mijer, 5—3; Pitt defeated Mijer, 5—4. Washington Square: Murray defeated McPherson, 5—1, and Pitt, 5—4. Total points—New York A. C., 5; Washington Square, 2.

## *MARTIN SMITH IS VICTOR OVER OLSEN*

### *State 135-Pound Champion Wins Easily in N. Y. A. C. Amateur Boxing Tourney.*

Martin Smith, holder of the amateur State championship at 135 pounds, gained an easy victory over Alfred Olsen, an unattached athlete, in the feature bout of the preliminary round of the February amateur boxing tournament at the New York Athletic Club last night. In the first round Olsen made a good showing against Smith, but in the second session the ring experience of the State titleholder began to tell and the referee stopped the bout, awarding the verdict to Smith. Thirteen bouts were held, with the semi-finals and finals to come tomorrow night.

The summaries:

108-Pound Class—Preliminary Round—George Call, unattached, defeated Philip Tobias, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; Peter Miller, St. Raphael's Club, knocked out Vincent Morano, one round.

108-Pound Class—Second Round—Joseph Smith, St. Raphael's Club, defeated Al Klug, Greenwich Village, three rounds, judges' decision; Martin Rinehardt, Overton A. C., knocked out James O'Malley, unattached, two rounds; J. A. Panzero, unattached, defeated George Schlock, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; Peter Meleh, St. Raphael's Club, won from George Call, unattached, by default.

118-Pound Class—Preliminary Round—J. Brown, unattached, knocked out Lou Funk, unattached, one round; S. Fortaleza, unattached, knocked out George Parent, unattached, two rounds.

128-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Frank Eliano, Y. M. C. A., knocked out Abe Kamin, unattached, one round.

158-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—I. Bloom, Lenox Hill, knocked out Mike Pelugli, unattached, one round; Martin Smith, K. of C., knocked out Alfred Olsen, unattached, two rounds.

148-Pound Class, Preliminary Round—Murray Gordon, Willie Beecher's Gymnasium, defeated Herbert J. Wallace, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; Herman Riegel, National A. C., defeated Ben Dortman, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision.

## *ENGLISH POLO TRIO DEFEATS CINCINNATI*

### *Invaders Achieve Victory by Single Goal in Final Minutes of Play.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 15.—Not since the first polo mallet thudded against the first ball in this section many years ago, has the ancient game furnished as much excitement as was evident at the Cincinnati Riding Club tonight. For the team of the local institution outplayed the visiting all-English trio of famous experts for three chukkers only to be beaten out by goal in the fourth and last. The final score was all-England, 10; Cincinnati Riding Club, 9. It was a match that will go down in local polo history and not a single spectator will ever cease congratulating himself for having braved the zero weather to see it.

The Englishmen came out for the final chukker prepared to do or die. The instant Referee Lathrop had put the ball in play, Capt. McMullen, on Karlina Kriphendorf's crack pony, Evelyn, which the famous English player pronounced one of the best he had ever ridden, hooked Col. Lincoln Mitchell's mallet cleverly, and then releasing, insantly shot the ball towards his own goal. Playing fine position, Captain Walford was waiting and just ten seconds after the start of play he crashed his mallet into the rubber and the tying goal had been scored, the count then being nine-all.

Again the ball was put in play, and though shot into close proximity of the Cincinnati goal by the clever stroking of Mitchell and Harrison Smith, Captain Egan succeeded in removing it from danger by a long back-hander and following up at full speed scored a second goal for the invaders within one minute of the end of play.

The line-up:

| All-England (10): | Cincinnati (9): |
|---|---|
| 1—Capt. H. McMullen | 1—P. L. Mitchell. |
| 2—Capt. F. L. Walford. | 2—O. Reg. Vanderbilt. |
| 3—F. W. Egan, Captain. | 3—H. B. Smith. |

Colors—Blue. Colors—Red, blue, sash.

Goals—McMullen (6), Walford (2), Egan (2), Mitchell (2), Vanderbilt (3), Smith (4). Referee—Colonel W. O. Lathrop.

## *Todd Outpoints Lewis; Regains European Middleweight Title*

LONDON, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—Roland Todd tonight defeated Ted Kid Lewis on points in a twenty-round bout in Albert Hall, thereby regaining the European middleweight championship which he lost to Lewis Nov. 20 last.

Lewis was the holder of both the British and the European middleweight championships. The betting tonight was mostly in his favor. Up to the tenth round Lewis was the aggressor, but afterward Todd, who has the reputation of being one of the greatest defensive boxers in England, took the initiative. Shortly after the fourteenth, Lewis was badly battered, and tired in the last few rounds.

# TREMAINE FAVORED TO DEFEAT CURTIN

## Candidates for Bantamweight Crown Will Meet in 12-Round Bout in Garden Tonight.

Two of the foremost contenders for the world's bantamweight championship, now held by Joe Lynch of this city, will be seen in action at Madison Square Garden tonight when Carl Tremaine of Cleveland and Irish Johnny Curtin of Jersey City clash in the featured bout scheduled for twelve rounds. The boxers will weigh in at the Garden this afternoon at the required poundage of 121 pounds, three pounds over the official bantamweight limit. Both reported themselves to be in first-class physical condition yesterday and each expressed confidence of winning the bout that is expected to obtain a match for the winner with Lynch. The champion has announced that he will be at the ringside tonight to watch his rivals in action.

Tremaine has been made the favorite at 1 to 2½ to defeat Curtin tonight. However, it is probable that the odds on the Cleveland boxer will be reduced when Curtin's delegation of followers from Jersey City arrives at the Garden. Curtin's admirers from across the Hudson have great faith in their favorite, and it is reported that they are ready to back him to the limit.

Tremaine put in a hard day of training yesterday in preparation for the clash. He boxed six rounds in the Garden gymnasium, three with Al Corbett and three with Charley O'Connell, his two sparring partners. He also went through six slow rounds with his manager, Jimmy Dunn. After the workout Dunn declared that Tremaine was never before in better condition than for tonight's match.

In his last bout in the Garden Curtin knocked out Pee Wee Kaiser, a smashing left hook to the jaw flooring the St. Louis boxer for the full count. Tremaine has yet to taste defeat while boxing in the Garden, and among those he has beaten in the famous old arena are Marty Collins, Harold Farese and Mike Ballerino. In his last two bouts Curtin defeated Midget Smith and almost knocked out Jack Sharkey.

Tex Rickard, promoter at the Garden, announced yesterday that 6,000 tickets, consisting mostly of those for unreserved seats, will not be placed on sale until 6 o'clock tonight. Rickard explained that he was making this move to prevent the tickets from falling into the hands of speculators.

Four other bouts are on tonight's card. The semi-final match will bring together Danny Lee of Harlem and Sonny Smith of Brooklyn. In one of the two battles scheduled for six rounds Harry Galfund will meet Earl France and in the other Charlie Rosenberg will oppose Sammy Cohen. The opening bout of four rounds will have Sailor Walters and Red Cap Wilson as the principals.

## *BOXING IN CHICAGO STOPPED BY MAYOR*

### *Bouts, Banned by State Law, Were Drawing as Much as $10,000 When Held in Secret.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Boxing, which for the last six months had flourished in Chicago to such an extent that ordinary matches drew from $8,000 to $10,000 without publicity, and when only those on the inside knew where they were to be staged, was ordered stopped by Chief of Police Fitzmorris, tonight.

The action is the result of a campaign by the Chicago Law and Order League, which had its investigators play hide and seek with the boxing fans to obtain sufficient evidence to present to Mayor Thompson. The Mayor directed Chief Fitzmorris to issue orders to all commanding police officers to prevent future matches.

The contests, prohibited in the State by law, have been staged in remote sections of the city almost every night with capacity crowds in attendance. The locations of the matches were not revealed in newspapers, which merely referred to them as being staged before a "suburban club."

Joe Burman, a contender for the bantamweight championship; Jock Malone, the St. Paul middleweight; Pal Moore the Memphis bantamweight, and others, are reported to have engaged in recent matches here.

## CARPENTIER NOT READY.

### Injured Hands Will Not Be in Shape for Months.

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ST. MORITZ, Feb. 15.—"It will be months before I can fight Siki, Beckett or anyone else," said Georges Carpentier today. "The broken bones are healed in both hands, but are still glassy and it is impossible to punch hard. I doubt if there will be real interest in a return match with the negro."

Georges is skiing, bobsledding, skating, tangoing, skimmying, smoking cigarettes, and even taking a few cocktails, but he appears to be in good shape and will proceed to Monte Carlo soon.

## BECKETT SIGNS FOR BOUT.

### Will Meet Dick Smith in 20-Round Match in London May 14.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Joe Beckett and Dick Smith, heavyweights, have signed a contract to meet in a twenty-round bout May 14. The men were to have fought next Monday night, but the bout was postponed because of an injury to Beckett's left hand.

## BATTLING SIKI NOTIFIED.

### Receives Word in Berlin of Lifting of His Suspension.

BERLIN, Feb. 15.—Battling Siki received here by telegraph word that the French Boxing Federation had lifted the ban against him. Siki is in Berlin to appear in a film to be produced by a Dutch concern.

**Gould Outpoints Taylor.**

Willie Gould of Boston was the winner over Sandy Taylor of Harlem in the feature bout on the card of the 102d Medical Regiment show at the armory last night. The bout went ten rounds, but Gould was well in the lead on points. He weighed 148 pounds, while Taylor tipped the beam at 143½.

# EDGAR APPLEBY IS BEATEN BY KLINGER

## Carelessness Paves Way for Defeat in Class A Billiard Tourney by 300-273.

A big surprise was sprung in the interstate Class A 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Recreation Academy in Brooklyn last night when Jacob Klinger defeated Edgar T. Appleby, the national and international amateur champion, by a score of 300 to 273. The winner made high runs of 46 and 40 and averaged 9 3-33. Appleby's best innings produced 58 and 45 and his average was 8 17-32.

Without detracting in the least from the credit that is due Klinger for the fine showing he made, it must be stated that Appleby's defeat was due in great measure to the fact that he became careless toward the close of the match, and when he discovered that he had a real battle on his hands he was unable to regain his stroke in time to prevent his defeat.

Appleby had amassed a commanding lead in the fifteenth inning. The score then stood 205 to 122, a margin of 85 points in his favor. This big lead was accumulated largely by his run of 58 in the fifth inning and his cluster of 45 in the eighth. These two runs were productive of some brilliant billiards. During them Edgar displayed much of the form that carried him to the crest a year ago. But thereafter he seemed to be careless and his execution dropped off to such an extent that Klinger, by steady playing, was able to win out. The story of the game is told in the last four innings. During this stretch Klinger amassed 90 points while Appleby was collecting a meagre 19.

The score by innings:

Jacob Klinger—0 5 22 0 83 10 3 12 0 0 10 4 12 1 1 0 18 0 1 0 46 0 0 10 1 2 1 0 13 23 40 14. Total, 300; high runs, 46, 40, 33; average, 9 3-33.

Edgar T. Appleby—6 0 2 7 58 0 2 45 6 3 7 29 4 9 27 4 0 0 6 1 5 2 1 23 2 1 0 4 5 8 0 6. Total, 273; high runs, 58, 45, 29; average, 8 17-32.

## *MATHEWS NOW TIED WITH DR. ROSCOE*

### *Leaders Will Play for National Amateur Class B 18.2 Title Tonight.*

STANDING OF PLAYERS IN BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

| Player. | Won. | Lost. | P.C. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dr. Richard Roscow | 3 | 1 | .750 |
| C. P. Mathews | 3 | 1 | .750 |
| J. R. Beardsley | 2 | 2 | .500 |
| C. J. Steinbugler | 2 | 2 | .500 |
| J. R. Johann | 0 | 4 | .000 |

By defeating Joseph R. Beardsley in the national amateur Class B 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Amateur Billiard Club of New York last night, Charles P. Mathews moved into a tie with Dr. Richard Roscow of Baltimore for first place and they will meet in a play-off to decide the title tonight at 8:15. The chance for this tie was brought about when Morris Brussel withdrew from the competition after losing two games. Dr. Roscow had defeated him as had Joseph R. Johann and both of these contests were thrown out.

The score of last night's match was: Mathews, 200; Beardsley, 115. The winner made high runs of 28, 25 and 24 and averaged 6 24-31. The loser made two high runs of 18 each and another of 13 and his average was 3 25-30.

At no time during the game was Mathews in real danger. He took the lead soon after the start and by playing consistently he managed to gradually increase the margin until in his thirtieth inning he clinched the victory by injecting his high run of 28. Beardsley could not get going. He made some excellent shots but could not hold the balls once he had gathered them.

The score by innings:

C. P. Mathews—0 1 1 0 4 8 0 24 1 0 7 8 5 18 1 0 1 8 1 7 25 2 1 4 0 8 2 16 0 0 2 28 3 Total, 200; high runs, 28, 25, 24; average, 6 24-31.

J. R. Beardsley—0 0 0 7 2 0 4 6 18 18 0 4 1 1 0 0 2 4 1 2 9 13 3 7 0 1 6 0 1. Total, 115; high runs, 18, 18, 13; average, 3 25-30.

## *BILLIARD RESULTS.*

In the interclub pocket billiard championship tourney at Lawlor Brothers' Academy, Brooklyn, last night, the St. Agnes A. C. defeated the Lafayette A. C., 75 to 58. With his side facing defeat, Watson, who represented the St. Agnes Club, together with Bullock, made a run of 27 which brought the victory. The losers were represented by D. and A. Gordon. In the three-cushion handicap tournament, Dr. Greenbaum defeated Ray Baker, 25 to 16, while J. Goldenberg defeated R. Gans, 25 to 17. In the junior tournament, S. Woods defeated M. Richardson, 75 to 68, and the latter won from A. Tobin, 75 to 64.

S. Rosen defeated L. Friedland, 35 to 17, in last night's game in the handicap three-cushion tournament at Thum's Billiard Academy. The game went to seventy-one innings. Both were playing from scratch. Rosen had three runs of 3 while Friedland had one run of 3.

Carl Hambacher, national amateur road champion in 1922, was an easy winner over Arthur Nieminski, the 1921 titleholder, in a special bicycle roller race at one mile, the feature of the competitive program at the national motor cycle show at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory last night. The mannikin indicated that Hambacher had won by approximately 400 yards. His time was 1:48 1-5. The winner of the half-mile junior race was Charles Garin, New York State champion. The 15-year-old rider took the honors away from Marcel Caw and Henry Garin, who finished second and third, respectively. Charles Eichelen was the winner in the half-mile consolation, his time being 0:36 1-5.

George Bartin, holder of the amateur snooker title, suffered his first defeat in the amateur snooker championship tournament last night when he lost to Leo Flynn at Doyle's Academy by a score of 100 to 43. Flynn played the best game that has been exhibited in the tournament thus far, and his remarkable safety play never allowed Barton to get started. In the three-cushion tournament, Charles Shongood defeated William Adams, 25 to 20, in thirty-two innings.

In the New York amateur three-cushion tournament at Cranfield's Billiard Academy, 145th Street, last night, Clifford Basch defeated George LaRue, 25 to 21. The game was a long-drawn-out affair, requiring ninety-five innings. Basch had a high run of 3, while LaRue's best run was 2.

Gus Gardner defeated Samuel Swennerton, 150 to 134, last night in the 18.2 balkline billiard tournament at the Broadway Academy for the Metropolitan Class C championship. Gardner had a high run of 27 and Swennerton one of 16. The average of the winner was 2 48-51, and of the loser 2 34-50.

## MISS TERRE HAUTE LOST.

### Speed Boat Catches Fire Off New Orleans and Has to Be Sunk.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.—Miss Terre Haute, speedy motor boat owned by F. K. Casebeer of Terre Haute, Ind., burst into flames late today while running against time in the New Basin Canal here. Backfire from the motor ignited gasoline. The craft was headed into shallow water and was sunk. None of the crew was injured. She was being driven by her owner.

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Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last Page.

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, FEB. 16, 1923.


## ALWAYS SOME OTHER WAY.

It would not be fair to accuse Senator BORAH of always being "of the contrary mind." Yet he certainly is hard to suit. During recent years he has too often reminded even his friends and admirers of the characterization of HALLAM as a man whose mouth was filled with "cabbage and contradiction." The Senator may desire ardently the same ends as others, but has acquired the habit of strenuously objecting to their plans. The thing is always better to be done some other way. Of the resolution which he introduced in the Senate on Wednesday it may be said that it breathed throughout the spirit of the League of Nations and of the International Court, yet took infinite pains to dissociate itself from them both.

Its subject-matter might easily occupy all the time of Congress and of the Parliaments of Europe for the next twenty years. So lightly does Senator BORAH undertake to "outlaw" war, to draft "a code of international law of peace, based upon equality and justice between nations," and to create "a judicial substitute for war." This latter would be an international court, though Mr. BORAH carefully omits mention of the one that already exists under the League of Nations. He would have it modeled upon our own Supreme Court, especially in the matter of relying for the enforcement of its decrees solely upon "enlightened public opinion." But is this an accurate description of what would happen were a Federal Marshal undertaking to enforce a decision of the Supreme Court to be resisted? Not perhaps in the days of ANDREW JACKSON, but certainly in the time of any President that Senator BORAH ever knew, the Marshal would be backed up, if necessary, by the whole military power of the United States Government.

We have, however, no desire to be as critical and captious as Mr. BORAH sometimes shows himself. In his new attitude, almost that of a convert, he is to be welcomed as a reinforcement for all those who have for years been maintaining that world affairs are to be treated as a whole, and that in them America must play a more and more important rôle. Perhaps in time Senator BORAH will develop a better spirit of "team-play," when he finds that he at heart agrees with the men whose particular plans to attain the common purpose have not been to his somewhat fastidious taste.

## PAPER MARKS AND GOLD MARKS.

The somewhat incoherent dispatches from Berlin regarding the action or purposes of the Government in the gold market are of interest chiefly as illustrating the confusion created by Germany's inflated currency. Wednesday's statement by a European news agency that the Cuno Ministry had asked the Reichsbank, for purposes of "stabilizing" exchange, to "throw 350,000,000 gold marks on the market," was on its face incredible. At the day's quotation for the mark such an amount of gold would have been equivalent to nearly 1,700 billion paper marks, and that would be three-fourths of Germany's outstanding paper circulation.

Even a rumor of this character, however, calls attention to important aspects of the German currency situation. One is the curious fact that the exchange market's value of the Reichsbank's gold reserve is today much greater than the exchange market's valuation of the entire German paper currency. When the mark fell to two-thousandths of a cent at the end of January, one gold mark was worth 11,900 paper marks, which made the billion-mark gold reserve worth nearly twelve trillion paper marks. But the paper currency outstanding on that day was 1,983,000,000,000 marks. Yesterday, the mark's price having recovered to five-thousandths of a cent, the Reichsbank itself fixed 100,000 paper marks as its price for a 20-mark gold piece, and, since the paper currency had increased to 2,252,000,000,000 marks, the New York exchange market's valuation of the whole outstanding paper issue was $112,600,000 in American money, whereas the Reichsbank's gold reserve was worth $238,000,000.

This being so, it might possibly be imagined that the way out of the dilemma for the Reichsbank and the Government would be to buy up a large part of the currency through use of the gold reserve. But this would be far from a simple operation. It is not to be supposed that execution of buying orders on such a scale would leave the mark's price at two-thousandths of a cent, or even at the price of five-thousandths or thereabout reached on this week's recovery. No one could say beforehand what price the mark would bring under such stimulus. But even the recent recovery of the mark from the extreme depreciation of January has already had the effect of greatly upsetting the German markets because of the resultant violent fall in prices. Supposing the mark's recovery, say, to a value of one cent—a five-hundred-fold advance from the low January valuation—the result in the markets may at least be imagined.

As matters stand, it is hardly conceivable that any large repurchase of the German paper marks with gold would be undertaken until after a maximum valuation had in some way been fixed. But other preliminaries also would be unavoidable. Nothing could well have been more fantastic than the idea of the Reichsbank buying up paper marks with its gold reserve at the very moment when, as Wednesday's Reichsbank statement showed, new paper money was being issued at the rate of 268 to 329 billion marks per week. No such redemption or "stabilizing" is possible until the printing of new paper currency is stopped.

That itself would probably have to come along with a decline of German prices. The output of nearly 1,000 billion marks in German paper currency since the beginning of the year was partly in response to demand for more currency to meet the requirements of business under the rapidly mounting prices. It was very largely also, however, due to the discounting of Treasury bills to meet the public deficit. Such discounts thus far in 1923 have exceeded 600 billion marks, and the magnitude of the public deficit thus indicated is mainly the outcome of the rise in German prices, which, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung's averages, amounted to nearly 250 per cent. in January.

This, then, is the formidable alternative confronting Germany—output of paper currency in geometrical progression, ending eventually with currency and prices in the condition of those of Russia, or, on the other hand, a halt in the process, with whatever of shock or derangement the forcible arrest of inflation might bring to German business. Yet this is precisely the alternative that has confronted every Government in history which has long indulged, like Germany, in the opium dream of unlimited paper inflation.

## REGULATING LABOR UNIONS.

Mr. UNTERMYER had a field day at Albany on Wednesday. A long list of capitalists opposed his plan to regulate capital. A longer list of labor leaders angrily attacked his bill for the control of their unions. Both labor and capital need regulation when they press their own interests to the prejudice of others. The regulation required for both labor and capital is the sort which signifies protection in rights as well as restriction in misconduct. Some unionists have so misconducted themselves that there is a general feeling in favor of disciplining unions as corporations have been disciplined when they were guilty of acts harmful to the public welfare.

Capitalists do wrong for profits. Capital, therefore, cannot make such pleas in confession and avoidance as labor does when it defends itself on the ground of benevolence and humanity. Labor is so sincere in thus excusing inexcusable acts that it has even succeeded in convincing lawmakers that it is laudable to pass statutes exempting unions from punishment for acts which are crimes when done by others. Permission to incorporate is not attractive to unions, for the reason that they wish to escape all regulation and to do whatever they wish on plea of high aims. No citizens are more necessary or more admirable than humble workers demanding all their lawful rights. Yet they ought to concede to all what they insist upon for themselves.

It is one of the curiosities and perplexities of the situation that those who reject regulation are foremost in demanding that others shall do what they refuse to do themselves. Labor exhausts ingenuity in requiring everybody to take the physic which labor itself rejects. Mr. UNTERMYER pointedly recalls Mr. GOMPERS's testimony to labor's position that it must be let alone even in injustice. Mr. GOMPERS declared that he had no confidence in the courts, but had all confidence in Legislatures which passed laws in favor of the unions. No matter how badly union rules worked, he would not approve "any" measure increasing the power of the courts to control union organizations. In one breath Mr. GOMPERS admitted breaches of right and morals by unions, and in the next urged "patience" until the unions reformed themselves. He excused even PARKS and BRINDELL. His view was that the obligation of contracts should be passed upon solely by unions.

Mr. GOMPERS might offer to unionism the life preserver of incorporation under a charter and by-laws which should teach humble workers both their rights and duties. With that sort of union capitalists would be the best of friends. Consumers of the products of both labor and capital would be so benefited by the results of such co-operation that there would be short shrift for those offending against one of the first of civic rights in the name of the higher humanity.

## AN "EFFICIENCY MOVE."

By an executive order of March 31, 1922, President HARDING dismissed summarily Mr. JAMES L. WILMETH, Director of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and some twenty-five chiefs, foremen, and so on, all holders of executive posts in that great plant; and the places of seventeen other employés were abolished. The reason given at the White House for this sudden decapitation was "for the good of the service."

Some Democratic Senators swore that the removals were simply for the purpose of inserting Republicans. There was much heat in the Senate. Mr. NEW avowed that he regarded the substitution of a Republican for a Democrat as a sufficient reason for removals. Mr. MOSES defined practicable civil service reform as "turning the Democrats out and putting the Republicans in." The discharged officials tried to find out why they were discharged. Secretary MELLON said there was no charge of dishonesty against them. "It was purely and simply an efficiency move." Mr. HARDING wrote the President of the National Federation of Federal Employés that "no action less sweeping than was taken could give complete assurance of the full protection of the Government's interests."

Yet a discharge "for the good of the service" is not exactly a flattering testimonial. For weeks and months everybody was at sea about the matter. The Department of Justice began an investigation. The Treasury conducted an investigation. Large stories about the "flooding" of the country with counterfeit money and Government securities were invented and disseminated. Representative JOHNSON of South Dakota asserted in the House his definite knowledge that the amount of duplicated and uncanceled bonds in circulation "reached $400,000,000." But Mr. MELLON had denied categorically the yarns about the extensive manipulation and falsification of Government securities three weeks before the South Dakota sage uttered his definite knowledge and cried for an investigation.

Well, after months of surmise we now know that "hundreds of bonds bearing the same serial numbers" were known to be in existence last year. Who was responsible for the duplication? The President made his "clean sweep" and "efficiency move." But the duplicating culprit was mechanical, not human. Abnormalcy in the Bureau of Engraving numbering machine "impressed the same figures upon more than one bond," and so "a large number of bonds" bear the same serial numbers. Nobody is injured. The Government has the money; the holders will get it back at the maturity of the bonds.

Seventeen extruded employés are made "eligible to re-enter any part of the classified service in appropriate positions for a period of five years from March 31, 1922." This is very kind, but they can't get their old places and pay again. Three women have already been re-employed elsewhere in the Treasury Department. Eight others of the discharged have been retired upon annuity. So, justice is supposed to be satisfied; and we hope that the victims of the crazy machine are satisfied, too. This has been a curious tragi-comedy. It has not been too well played. It looks as if somebody had been imposed upon.

## GENERAL CRONKHITE'S CASE.

The law under which Major Gen. CRONKHITE was dropped from the active list of the army is Section 2046 of the Compiled Statutes (1918):

When any officer has served forty-five years as a commissioned officer, or is 62 years old, he may be retired from active service at the discretion of the President.

The power lodged in the President is without qualification. It might be used unwisely, even arbitrarily. But the words "at the discretion of the President" imply full inquiry by him and deliberate judgment upon the merits of each case. General CRONKHITE did not wish to retire. He seems to have been physically sound. He resisted the suggestion of General PERSHING and Secretary WEEKS that he apply for retirement, and "found himself," he says, "subjected to the increasing disfavor of his military superiors." Secretary WEEKS declares that "there is nothing to the Cronkhite case except that the War Department wanted a Major General who could do active duty, and there was no prospect that General CRONKHITE could." In other words, General CRONKHITE was, from the official point of view, spending so much time in clearing up the mystery of his son's tragic death at Camp Lewis that his army work suffered.

There is more to "the Cronkhite case" than Secretary WEEKS is willing to admit. The General had served in the army for forty-three years with distinction. He was known as an able artillery officer before the World War, fond of the service, energetic and zealous. He belonged to an army family. His father was also a graduate of West Point. His son, who was killed in the State of Washington by an accidentally inflicted wound, or was murdered, was educated at the Military Academy. In France General CRONKHITE commanded the Eightieth, or Blue Ridge, Division. Of Dutch descent, no officer was more loyal to the cause of the Allies, more outspoken in urging the American people to employ all their resources to insure victory. "Our plain and simple duty," he said in an article published in The Bayonet, the Camp Lee soldiers' paper, "is to get our forces ready, the more and the faster the better, get them on the battlefront and in action before the new forces of German are available."

When General CRONKHITE lost his son, who gave promise of a brilliant career in the army, he refused to believe that the wound which caused the death of Major CRONKHITE was an accident. At the time the young officer was leading a practice march on which no arms were supposed to be carried. Suspecting foul play, General CRONKHITE began an investigation. He enlisted the aid of the Department of Justice. There were two arrests. One of the prisoners made a confession involving an officer of good reputation, but retracted it. The case is still in a Federal court in the State of Washington. Perhaps the clearing up of the mystery, the desire to see justice done, became an obsession with General CRONKHITE. The War Department granted him time to pursue his investigations. It avers that his quest unfitted him for military assignments. This he denies, and submits that at least he should have been allowed to go before a court of inquiry to defend himself. Should not the President's "discretion" in such an unusual case include an order for a court to bring out all the facts?

The decision of the Military Affairs Committee of the Senate to suspend action upon the nomination of Brig. Gen. HANSON E. ELY to succeed General CRONKHITE while Congress considers whether there shall be an inquiry is to be commended. If the retired officer can prove that he is mentally as well as physically fit for duty, he should be restored to the active list.

## NEWSPAPER CONSOLIDATION.

Two Pittsburgh newspapers have just announced that they are to discontinue separate publication. They are The Dispatch, publishing morning and Sunday editions, and The Leader, afternoon and Sunday. The Dispatch has been printed in Pittsburgh for seventy-seven years and The Leader is of respectable age. Both have sold their plant and good-will to other Pittsburgh newspapers, with which they will hereafter be merged. The reason stated for the consolidation is the same as that which has led to similar action in recent years by other newspapers in other cities. In Philadelphia, in Cleveland, in Detroit, in Chicago, in St. Louis, even in New York, newspapers have quit the field, though they have long had a national reputation and were apparently well established. The result is such a seeming anomaly as the fact that cities of the size of Cleveland and St. Louis have now but one morning newspaper each, while Chicago has only two.

The causes assigned in Pittsburgh merely hint at the great change in the conditions of newspaper publishing, which is accentuated by these combinations in the journalistic field. Everywhere it is a story of mounting costs of production. The great increases are seen not only in the prices of white paper and of mechanical equipment and the wages of labor, but particularly in the expense of gathering and presenting news from all parts of the world. The total outlay now involved never entered into the imagination of those who founded the chief existing American newspapers. They would have been staggered at the very thought of the amount of money required to develop and maintain a high-class newspaper today.

Instead of occasional items of foreign news by mail which were the rule before the Civil War, we are now accustomed to daily dispatches from every corner of the earth, frequently amounting, as in THE NEW YORK TIMES, to 10,000 words of cables and wireless in issue after issue. When one adds the increased expense in countless other directions which is laid upon a newspaper that strives to keep up with the times and to rival or outstrip competitors, he begins to see how large and costly an enterprise the publication of a fully equipped modern newspaper has become. The old casual advice, "Well, start a newspaper for yourself if you don't like any that is published," must sound today, to any one who knows about the business from the inside, very much like exhorting a man to build a railroad of his own if he is disgusted with the others.

It is not only business necessities which bring about the merging of newspapers. There is always the desire to give the public better service. Larger capital is thought of as a means of broadening the scope of the news laid before daily readers, and also of providing wider facilities for the business men of the community. If there is a tendency to make newspapers fewer, it is also to make them stronger. What has happened at Pittsburgh is only a fresh reminder of the way in which new appeals are constantly made to the conductors of the leading American newspapers, which they can meet only by the command of large resources and an ample income, and by the most skilled management of what has necessarily become, if it is to be successful in meeting the demands made upon it, a vast property interest.

## PRIVATE AID FOR THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Whatever the growth of this city may be, its heart will be its central Public Library. That is the place where the past is kept in touch with the present—not a "sepulchre of thought," but a great basin through which the "fountain of wisdom flows"—perpetually from unseen sources. The splendid gifts to this library by Mr. JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER Jr., Mr. PAYNE WHITNEY and Mr. HARKNESS reported yesterday are in total not more than an average of a dollar each for every man, woman and child in the city; but when concentrated they give an immense asset to the city. The interest at 5 per cent. on the contribution by Mr. ROCKEFELLER is one-third of the amount saved yearly, as Mr. ROCKEFELLER said a few weeks ago, by the use of 38 instead of 39 drops of solder on every tin of oil; but gathered into such a sum it becomes like the widow's cruse of oil that never failed. Its continued use for years will not exhaust it.

These notable gifts to the central library, enabling it to operate for the present without a deficit, should have two indirect effects: first, it should stir the city to provide more generously for the circulating libraries and sub-branches (of which there are nearly fifty in Manhattan, Richmond and the Bronx), and it should also encourage other private benefactions to provide for the ever-increasing demand upon the service of the central library to the public, since the books in the central library and the means of operation are entirely provided out of private endowments and gifts, the city's contribution being the site and the building.

With the assurance that "this first library in the world in point of use" is now to be put in the way of a better service, the City Government and the people privately should be stimulated to go on till it becomes the very first in point of service as well. So far as the per capita appropriation by the city is concerned, we are well toward the bottom of the list of representative cities—fourth from the last of thirty-six—but in the matter of private giving New York must have been carried well toward the top of the list by these magnificent gifts. And it is the giving out of the common treasury that, after all, yields the true measure of a city's interest in things beyond those which provide for physical necessities.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**They Leap to Defend Our History.**

Senator HIGGINS and Assemblyman GRAY have introduced in their respective branches of the State Legislature identical bills which, if they receive the attention their sponsors hope, will revive the always exciting and therefore always interesting controversy over what should be put into textbooks used in our public schools for teaching American history to American children.

Each of these statesmen is sternly determined that hereafter every such book shall be barred if it "ignores, omits, discounts or in any manner belittles, ridicules, falsifies, distorts, questions, doubts or denies the events leading up to the declaration of American independence or connected with the American Revolution, or the spirit and determination with which the United States of America has established, defended and maintained its rights as a free nation against foreign interference, encroachment and aggression." Moreover, all of the things just listed are forbidden with respect to "the deeds and accomplishments of the noted American patriots," and never must the worthiness of their motives be questioned or any aspersions be cast on their lives. Schools that use such books are to get no State money till they stop doing it, and whether they do or not is to be decided by the Commissioner of Education whenever he is asked to do so, and the only appeal from his decision will be to the Board of Regents.

It is fair to suspect that Messrs. HIGGINS and GRAY had Great Britain in mind when they drew their bill, for seemingly they did not realize the possibility of getting any part of our history wrong except the Revolutionary period, or, if they did realize it, they didn't care. Anyhow, they ignore that possibility—a fact that may be called to their notice by rival reformers in the South.

**All Histories Open to Attacks.**

Every good citizen, of course, is desirous that American history, as taught in the public schools and elsewhere, should be accurate and of a kind to develop in the younger generation love of country and willingness to defend its institutions with their lives if need be. We all agree with Messrs. HIGGINS and GRAY that none of the enormities they rehearse should be committed. A good many of us are aware, however, that probably no history of this or any other country ever was written, or ever will be, against which one or more persons could not bring charges of error or guilt of one sort or another, and we recognize that not even in American history is every question yet settled—that in it are opportunities for honest differences of opinion—that the American Government is not necessarily always right, and that not all Americans, even in Colonial days, were always saints and heroes.

There are those among us, too, who think that our annals should be written with whatever approach to accuracy circumstances permit, and that the American child is more likely to be hurt by myths that make him regard himself as a superior being merely because he is an American than by learning that he comes of a race composed of human beings much like other human beings and still is obliged to justify his pride by his own conduct and character.

It is not well that any one group of citizens should be encouraged, whenever it chooses, to exploit its private prejudices and animosities by attacking school textbooks satisfactory to the general, and small indeed is the chance that any local School Board will undertake or permit the teaching of treason. If any does, enough law already exists to put a stop to such work, and the passage of a new one, particularly one so ill-drawn that most of its words could be variously interpreted, is entirely unnecessary.

**Wants Him Put in a Pyramid.**

Sir H. RIDER HAGGARD, who wrote more than one book about Africans and Africa that became the "best seller," it deserved to be, naturally is keenly interested in the discovery of TUT-ANKH-AMEN's tomb, and he feels, as do a good many other people, that there is something unkind, if not actually wrong, in frustrating that ancient monarch's desire to rest undisturbed in the home so carefully prepared and furnished for occupancy after death. The inventor of "She-who-must-be obeyed" does not go so far as to condemn the opening of the tomb and the examination of its contents; he only says that, after all that can be learned in this way has been made permanently available, the dead King should be put deep in the greatest of the Egyptian pyramids and walled up there so firmly behind reinforced concrete that nobody ever would interrupt his rest again.

There are attractive features in that suggestion—for folk sentimentally inclined—but this is a late day, for trying to carry out the wishes of personages who died more than 3,000 years ago, particularly as their wishes already have been ignored by those much more nearly contemporaneous than is anybody living today. Archaeologists of all nations will regard this talk about "respecting graves" as idle chatter, and doubtless will go on about their business in cool disregard of it. They are ruthless hunters for information about olden races and their history, and they have their justification in their numberless achievements for the satisfying of intelligent curiosity, their own and that of other people.

It hardly is pertinent to the controversy, perhaps, to say that TUT-ANKH-AMEN is not hurt by anything that can be done to whatever is left of him now. Everybody knows that, but it is equally true of the much more lately dead, yet nobody says it of them.

**His Changes Might Be Perilous.**

Is Mr. STEINMETZ quite sure that our present methods of utilizing the sun's energy some day will be bettered and that what he regards as terrible wastes all will be eliminated? The wastes are there, at every step along the line from the sun to the breakfast table, but after all nothing is lost, and perhaps if the more nearly direct processes he advocates were discovered and used there would be unpleasant disturbances of balances and reservoirs of force.

He mentions the successes of the Germans during the war in finding substitutes for the older-fashioned foods and fabrics, but the successes were not so brilliant that the use of the substitutes was continued for a moment longer than necessity compelled, and everybody was extremely glad to get rid of them.

But his talk was, as always, full of interest and suggestion, and everybody will wish him luck in the search for light without heat and for edibles that cost less than do the meats and groceries now on sale.

His ambition to cut out a lot of middlemen also is commendable—or would be if first he would draw a line separating the producers from the distributers, and prove that the latter did not earn their livings about as honestly as do the former.

## TUT-ANKH-AMEN.

However once he wore that dizzy crown,
However once, dreaming upon his throne,
All Asia and all Africa bent down
Prostrate before him, and his Queen alone
Dared be companion of his majesty—
Dust of these many centuries has blown
Across his splendor. Eyes that cannot see;
Lips whose last utterance is forever said
And silenced; royal feet that were so free,
Whose narrow tomb is now too wide to tread—
Lo, the great King, Tut-ankh-Amen, is dead!

They laid the lotus-flow'r within his tomb,
And it is dust. They heaped pomegranates there,
And they are perished into dust. The doom
Of desert dust lies thick upon his chair
Of sovereignty; forlorn the dusty gem
Fastens those crumbled garments that were fair
With golden needlework from breast to hem
(Wrought with forgotten needles!) long ago,
When once the mighty King was robed in them
And watched the scarlet sun, stately and slow,
Pass down his heaven—into blackness so.

Almost his memory was forgotten; he
For whom the tomb was fashioned; who yet lies
Waiting in his austere solemnity
To look again on blue Egyptian skies
Undazzled, and bend graciously to hear
Thousandfold plaudits of his pow'r arise
From thousand throats.
Knows he the day is near?
Knows he that alien hands will touch his bed
And alien eyes be curious to peer
At him?
For he whose lightest word was dread,
He, the great King, Tut-ankh-Amen—is dead!

MARY LESLIE NEWTON.

## MAGIC OF EGYPT.

### Enthusiasm of an Amateur for the Nile Revelations.

*To the Editor of the New York Times:*

In 1887 or 1888, when the writer was a school-girl, it was her happy fortune to meet the Rev. Dr. Charles Seymour Robinson, then pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, who came to be regarded as the patron saint of her class in school.

Dr. Robinson, who had made several visits to Egypt, was full of eager enthusiasm over the discoveries which were at that time setting before the world new chapters of the ancient nation's history. His talks, vivid and picturesque, opened a gateway of fascination to my young fancy. When I read in the Century magazine articles dealing with Professor Maspero's great find, the mummies of Rameses the Great, his father, and other Pharaohs of their period, the pages were as a gospel to my newly aroused ardor. And when a complimentary copy of Dr. Robinson's own attractive little volume, "The Pharaohs of the Bondage and the Exodus," was presented to me, I was fairly transported.

That was a long time ago, but the fire kindled then has never even flickered low. "Egypt" has continued to be a word of magic. Accounts of successive revelations yielded by excavation have seemed more alluring than any romance; while the development of the Egyptian wing at the Metropolitan Museum has been a source of frequent excitement and steady satisfaction. When the handful of objects which made up the early exhibit was temporarily withdrawn until the first of the present rooms should be ready for opening, the interval seemed unconscionably long, but the wonder of the expanded display furnished full reparation.

All this is by way of introduction to a word of appreciation to THE TIMES for the daily news from the rock temples of the Nile and for the reproductions of Mr. Burton's photographs, which go far toward reconciling one to not being in the very midst of things with Mr. Carter and Mr. Lucas and Mr. Mace, who are doubtless thankful that amateurs must for the most part remain continents away from them and the delicate treasures under their care.

L. MARION LOCKHART.

Mount Vernon, Feb. 11, 1923.

### Short Courses on Farming.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

No excuse is needed to call to the attention of the readers of THE TIMES matters agricultural. For more than ten years the writer has been engaged in promoting in his work a better understanding of agriculture among people of New York City.

In this adjustment period many inquiries have come regarding the present or immediate future of the many types of farming. In an attempt to respond to this effort at readjustment between city and country a series of short courses has been arranged at Columbia University. These courses are given by more than usually "safe" instructors and advisers. Just now a short course on the soil possibilities of this region of the Northeastern States is being given by Professor E. O. Fippin of Washington, D. C. People who will invest or have recently invested from $5,000 to $25,000 in farm projects in this region will find more than mere entertainment from these discussions.

Following this course is one on pertinent farm management factors, this by Professor C. E. Ladd, Cornell University. After this one is a course on fruit and vegetable growing by Professor Hugh Findlay of Columbia University.

With a December price index of 92 for potatoes and 229 for eggs compared with 100 for the year 1913, there is the chance of good money in the right kind of farming in the right place as against a strong probability of failure by the ill advised.

O. S. MORGAN,
Department of Agriculture.

New York, Feb. 10, 1923.

### Friends of the Refugees.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The daily papers these days give us the news that Armenian refugees who escaped from Turkey and made their way to America are being sent back because they are in excess of the quota and because they are apt to become a public charge. Today's TIMES speaks of the deportation of fifty-one such refugees.

The papers also state that on their return to Turkey these people will either be killed or die of starvation. At any rate, they are being sent to death.

May I mention the fact that while America is thus shutting her doors to such victims, poor little overcrowded Greece is offering a home and refuge not only to 1,000,000 Greeks and 50,000 Armenians, but also to a considerable number of naturalized Americans and native-born Americans who fled from the Turk?

GEORGE P. MICHAELIDES.

New York, Feb. 11, 1923.

### Drinking in Norway.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I was greatly interested in an article in THE NEW YORK TIMES MAGAZINE of Jan. 28, under the caption "More Drinking in Dry Norway," which showed an increase of crime due to drunkenness under prohibition in that country, alarming in character and proportions, and creating a paradise for bootleggers. In behalf of strict accuracy, one slight correction should be made—namely, that Norway does not have prohibition, but does have a law forbidding the traffic in any intoxicating liquors except light wines and beer. Mr. Wayne B. Wheeler reported at the recent meeting of the World League Against Alcoholism that "Norway, in 1916, enacted a system of partial prohibition, limiting the amount of alcohol in permitted beverages to 12 per cent." All advocates of true temperance should feel grateful for this decisive exposure of the futile clamor for light wines and beer.

JAS. H. RANKIN.

Conneaut, Ohio, Feb. 10, 1923.

### Restricting the Coca and Poppy.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your editorial note in today's TIMES referring to the movement to suppress the excessive growth and illegitimate use of narcotic drugs pointed out clearly the only practical method of relief, namely, to attack the evil at its root. The crux of the problem is in the limitation of the production of the two plants from which the various derivatives of opium and cocaine are produced, namely the poppy and the coca plants. The difficulty of doing this is not to be underestimated. But it can be accomplished by an aroused public opinion to bring about an international agreement for the restriction of the growth of the plants and the strict control of the manufacture and distribution of the derivatives.

MARIE COLLINS ROONEY,
Chairman Society for the Suppression of the Narcotic Drug Evil.

New York, Feb. 9, 1923.

### Antiquity of "Booze."

*To the Editor of the New York Times:*

In addition to the statements concerning the origin of the word "booze" in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Jan. 23 and Feb. 4 I might add that I believe that the word can be traced back to the old English, inasmuch as Edmund Spenser, in "The Faerie Queen," written about 1580, uses a word that sounds suspiciously like it. I quote from the description of Gluttony in "The Faerie Queen," Book I., Canto IV.:

And in his hand did beare a bousing can,
Of which he supt so oft that on his seat
His drunken corse he scarse upholden can.

WILLIAM LOCKE.

Middle Hope, N. Y., Feb. 8, 1923.

## SAYS CHURCH WON'T BACK DR. MANNING

### Churchman Editorial Asserts Bishop Has Changed His Position Again in Grant Case.

### DISCUSSES CLUB SPEECH

### Episcopal Publication Asks When Dr. Manning Received Authority to Speak for the Whole Church.

The Churchman in its issue yesterday discussed the speech delivered by Bishop William T. Manning last Thursday evening at the annual dinner of the Church Club in the Waldorf-Astoria, regarding the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant case. The editorial, which is headed "A Contrast," says:

"In his address at the dinner of the Church Club of New York, on Feb. 8, the Bishop of New York returned to the case of Dr. Grant and challenged him to dare to deny the faith in clear and unevasive words. This is the second change of position which the Bishop has made. Before this he had urged Dr. Grant to be affirmative and positive in his statement of faith.

"Standing in a ballroom full of people Bishop Manning said: 'But the point to be kept clearly in mind is that the Church cannot take formal action against denial of her faith unless the denial is expressed in words that are clear and unevasive and are acknowledged by their author.' Evidently the Bishop has been advised by his ecclesiastical lawyer that an indictment must be so drawn, if the accused is to be successfully prosecuted before an ecclesiastical court; the alleged heretic must not only make specific denials, but must at the same time acknowledge that he made them.

"Until this address we were told by Bishop Manning's friends to believe that all the Bishop asked of Dr. Grant was an affirmative and constructive statement of faith in the divinity of Christ. In his letter to the Bishop, Dr. Grant was affirmative and constructive to a degree that surprised and rejoiced the hearts of many. But it seemed that the Bishop was now publicly daring him to make specific denials!

"Bishop Manning went further and talked as though he were not only the Bishop of New York, but was in some way the defender of the faith of the whole Church. 'I want to say with all possible plainness,' he said, 'at this representative gathering of our diocese, that if any minister of this Church, Bishop, priest or deacon, should deny the Deity of our Lord Jesus Christ and express this denial in words clear, courageous and unambiguous, such as the Church can deal with, no one need have the least fear that the Church will shrink from meeting this issue or that she will fail to take definite action, and the whole body of the clergy and people of this Church will approve and support such action.' Since when was he given authority to speak for the whole Church? The Episcopal Church will do no such thing.

"At this moment Bishop William Montgomery Brown is making 'clear, courageous and unambiguous denials,' not only of the divinity of Christ, but of the existence of God. When the case came before the House of Bishops in Portland last September the Bishops refused to do what Dr. Manning now declares the Church will do. Far more charitable than that, more tolerant and more wise, the Bishops decided that Bishop Brown is rather to be pitied than prosecuted."

Asked last evening regarding the editorial, Bishop Manning said he did not wish to make any comment. The Churchman is a national weekly of the Episcopal Church published in this city. It is the fourth successive week the Churchman has taken sides with Dr. Grant.

## OPPOSES EDUCATION BILL.

### U. S. Commerce Chamber Does Not Want New Federal Department.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The United States Chamber of Commerce announced today that its member organizations had voted almost three to one against a Federal Department of Education. A majority voted against two other propositions suggesting extension of the Federal Government's interest in education. As the chamber can be committed only by a two-thirds vote, no decision was reached on the second proposition. The proposals and the votes follow:

1. Do you favor the creation of a Federal Department of Education with a Secretary in the President's Cabinet? For, 447½; against, 1,291¼.

2. Do you favor enlarging the present Federal Bureau of Education? For, 590; against, 1,069.

3. Do you favor the principle of Federal aid to education in the States on the basis of the States appropriating sums equal to those given by the Federal Government? For, 576½; against, 1,175½.

The three proposals were submitted to a referendum of business organizations after the chamber's Committee on Education had studied the Towner-Sterling bill and other proposals before Congress, and had submitted majority and minority reports. The committee majority opposed a new department of education and Federal aid, but favored enlarging the present bureau. The minority advocated a new department, together with Federal aid, as proposed in the Towner-Sterling bill.

## MAINE IS HARVESTING ICE.

### Crop Is of Excellent Quality, Despite Adverse Weather Conditions.

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 15.—Harvesting of hundreds of thousands of tons of ice in Maine for State consumption is well under way and in some localities completed. Despite adverse weather conditions, continued snowstorms and the January thaw, the cut is considered of excellent quality.

Thousands of men have been employed, many for longer periods than usual, because of the necessity of repeatedly planing off the snow. The ice ranges in thickness from fourteen inches to two feet.

At Bangor, where the total cut will be between 25,000 and 30,000 tons, dealers have been hauling direct from the fields to the consumer to meet a shortage.

On the Kennebec River, once lined with big houses from which ice was shipped in large quantities by the American Ice Company to New York and the larger cities, and to the South before it became more profitable to manufacture artificial ice, the company has abandoned operations.

The company's Maine manager stated this week that there were only two places on the Hudson River where ice could be obtained this year, and that the company was now depending almost exclusively on the artificial output.

## PRO-TREATY MOVE IN PARIS.

### Friends of Washington Agreements Named on Senate Committee.

PARIS, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The Senate today appointed a subcommittee to examine the Washington armament conference treaties.

Among the members of the subcommittee are General Bourgois, reported of the Army Commission; Frederic Francois Marsal, former Minister of Finance, and Henri de Jouvenal, editor of the Matin, all of whom are known to favor ratification.

It is practically certain that M. de Jouvenal will be chosen reporter of the subcommittee. Consequently it is expected that the subcommittee at an early date will recommend the ratification of the treaties.

# GEN. VANDERBILT HOST TO OFFICERS

### Entertains at Dinner at His Fifth Avenue Home for Col. J. Mayhew Wainwright.

### ARMY AND NAVY GUESTS

### Second of the Jinks Dances at Pierre's and Fourth in Wednesday Night Series at Sherry's.

Brig. Gen. Cornelius Vanderbilt entertained at a dinner last evening at his home, 640 Fifth Avenue, for Colonel J. Mayhew Wainwright, Assistant Secretary of War and formerly division inspector of the Twenty-seventh Division. Among the guests invited to meet the Colonel were Rear Admiral Charles P. Plunkett, commander of the Third Naval District; Captain Powers Symington, Captain Percy Olmsted, Captain Richard D. White, Captain James P. Carter, Captain W. B. Duncan and Lieutenant Gordon B. Sherwood, aid to Rear Admiral Plunkett, all of the United States Navy.

The army officers attending included Major Gen. O'Ryan, Brig. Gen. Leslie Kincaid, Brig. Gen. G. A. Wingate, Brig. Gen. De Bevoise, Colonel Conrow, Colonel Olmsted, Colonel J. Daly, Colonel H. S. Starberger, Colonel D. Goodrich, Colonel F. R. Appleton, Colonel E. Giddings, Colonel W. Starr, Colonel C. W. Wickersham, Colonel J. T. Loree, Major W. B. Crowell, Major Todd, Captain W. H. Taft 2d, and Colonel Gaylord Murphy. Also ex-Governor Nathan L. Miller, ex-Governor Charles S. Whitman, Brig. Gen. Ronald Storrs, Military Governor of Jerusalem; Frank A. Munsey, George A. Cormack, Ogden Reid, Louis Wiley and Herbert Bayard Swope.

**Jinks Dance at Pierre's.**

The second of the Jinks dances was held at Pierre's last evening and many entertained at supper.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tucker had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. William Armour, Mr. and Mrs. S. Hinman Bird, Mr. and Mrs. W. Fellowes Morgan and Mr. and Mrs. Frederic T. Blakemore.

The guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Fuller were Mrs. Rufus Gore of London, Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Conner and Greenough Fuller.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stackpole had as their guests Mrs. Francis Bradley, Mrs. L. Havemeyer Butt, Rolph Adams and R. H. Chambers Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Howland B. Jones had as guests Miss Elsie Croll, George Amory and Juan M. Ceballos.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bayliss and Mrs. Condé Nast were guests of J. Victor Onativia.

**Wednesday Night Dance.**

The fourth of the series of Wednesday Night Dances for the benefit of the Yorkville Social Centre was given last night at Sherry's. Among those who gave dinners before the dance were Mrs. Barclay Ulman, Mrs. George Dadmun, Mrs. Robert K. Prentice, Miss Pauline Robinson and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney.

Bridge tables were taken by Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler Schaffells, Henry W. Warner, Mrs. Arthur Sterling, Mrs. George White, Miss Pauline Riggs, Mrs. W. E. Lambert, Mrs. Charles King Morrison, Mrs. R. B. Bowler and a number of others.

Mrs. A. Mansfield Patterson, who heads the committee in charge, was assisted by Mrs. J. Arthur Brooks, Mrs. Charles M. Connfelt, Mrs. Arthur M. Patterson, Mrs. Neville L. Hudson, Mrs. George H. Ingalls, Mrs. Charles A. Richards, Mrs. Ralph M. Johnson and Mrs. George de Boketon Greene.

## MARRIED IN GOWN OF GREATGRANDMOTHER

### Miss Marion W. Strauch Weds Buchanan H. Hill of Pittsburgh —Honeymoon in Europe.

The marriage of Miss Marion Webb Strauch, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Strauch of 25 West Ninety-fourth Street, and Buchanan Houston Hill of Pittsburgh, took place yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock at the home of the bride's parents. The Rev. Dr. Edgar Whittaker Work officiated.

The bride, whose father gave her in marriage, wore the same dress in which her great-grandmother, Miss Mary Lawrence of Flushing, L. I., was married to George Mitchell of Virginia in 1820. The gown, which is of ivory damask, was as crisp and fresh as though made yesterday.

Miss Rose Gray was the bride's only attendant. The ushers were Albert Strauch Jr., brother of the bride, and William Corcoran Hill, brother of the bridegroom. A reception followed the ceremony.

After a two months' tour in the Mediterranean and south of Europe, the couple will live in Pittsburgh.

**Page—Johnsen.**

Miss Elizabeth W. Johnson, daughter of John Holland Johnson of Penn Yan, N. Y., and William N. Page, son of Mr. and Mrs. William R. Page of this city and New Rochelle, N. Y., were married on Feb. 10, at Penn Yan, the marriage being attended only by the two families.

The bride is a graduate of Vassar, class of 1919. Mr. Page was a member of the Princeton Section, No. 253, of the United States Ambulance Service attached to the French Army, and served in France for nearly two years during the war.

**Chin—Connell.**

Announcement has been made of marriage of Miss Daisy Connell of New York, who until last May was soprano soloist of Christ Church, Syracuse, N. Y., and Ernest Chin of Fredericksburg, Md. Mrs. Chin is a graduate of the College and School of Music, Syracuse University, and was a member of chapel choir and University Glee Club. She was formerly soprano soloist of Christ Episcopal Church choir at Greenwich, Conn.

**Everett Colby Sees U. S. in League.**

Belief that the United States will join the League of Nations within a year was expressed yesterday by Everett Colby, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the League of Nations Non-Partisan Association, at a meeting of the Woman's Pro-League Council at the home of Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, 60 East Sixty-sixth Street. Mrs. Oliver Strachey of London asserted that every Englishman is in complete sympathy with the League, "imperfect as it yet is."

**Hears Ship Concert 2,700 Miles.**

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. McClay while sitting in their home at Forty-fourth Street and Blaisdell Avenue, South Chicago, enjoyed a concert on the Cunarder Berengaria while the steamer was 1,835 miles out at sea from New York and approximately 2,700 miles from Chicago. Mr. McClay was tuning in on various "whistles" when he ran into this announcement: "This is the Cunard steamship Berengaria, 1,835 miles out of New York. We hope Chicago will be able to hear this concert."

**Judge Beach Gives Up Yale Chair.**

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 15.—Judge John K. Beach, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Connecticut and Professor of Mercantile Law and Admiralty Jurisprudence in the Yale School of Law, has presented his resignation from the university, to become effective July 1. Increased pressure of legal work was given as the reason.

## SOCIAL NOTES

**New York.**

The Duke and Duchess de Talleyrand and Count Jay de Castellane left the Plaza yesterday for Boston to stay with Count Henri de Castellane, a student at Harvard and a nephew of the Duchess de Talleyrand, until Monday, when they will return to the hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bradley Lord of 270 Park Avenue will be at the Ponce de Leon at St. Augustine, Fla., for six weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Speyer are at the Ambassador in Atlantic City for a visit.

Mrs. David King has come from her home in Newport and is at the Belmont.

Mrs. M. Orme Wilson of 3 East Sixty-fourth Street entertained with music last evening.

Mrs. Claude Beddington of 819 Madison Avenue, who entertained at tea yesterday, is returning to England on the Celtic on Saturday, Feb. 24.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Waring entertained a luncheon party yesterday at the Marguery for Miss Gloria Morgan and her fiancé, Reginald C. Vanderbilt. Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Stewart were among the guests.

Prince and Princess Odescalchi, who have been at the Ritz-Carlton, have left for Palm Beach.

Lady Sarah Wilson returned from Palm Beach with Prince Christopher and Princess Anastasia and is at the Ambassador.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Sterry will leave for Bermuda Saturday to meet their daughter, Miss Virginia Sterry, who has been on a cruise to Panama, and they will remain in Bermuda a fortnight.

Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts and this city sailed for Bermuda yesterday. The Bishop has been for some weeks at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Lansing P. Reed, 158 East Seventy-first Street.

Brig. Gen. Ronald Storrs, Military Governor of Jerusalem, who is visiting Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, is sailing on the Berengaria on next Tuesday.

Mrs. George G. Bourne entertained at luncheon at Pierre's yesterday for the Princess Odescalchi, Mrs. George B. Wagstaff and Mrs. Bertrand L. Taylor Jr.

Mme. Alma Clayburg of 270 Park Avenue is entertaining at dinner tomorrow evening for Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas, Mrs. Phillip Lydig and the Rev. Dr. Percy Stickney Grant. Later they will go to the Astor, where Governor Allen will speak at the dinner of the Bankers Trust Company.

## HARDING ASKED TO ACT.

### Fellowship of Reconciliation Wants World Economic Conference.

President Harding was asked yesterday by the Fellowship of Reconciliation, of which Gilbert A. Beaver is Chairman and Paul Jones Secretary, to call a conference on economic readjustments to settle the controversy between France and Germany on reparation payments and to prevent further similar disputes. A message to the President stated that the occupation of the Ruhr had created a crisis and that the United States ought to take immediate measures to bring help to the situation.

"We approve your withdrawal of American troops from the Rhine," the message to the President read, "but believe that events now call for constructive action of a new sort. To prevent war, secure peace and re-establish confidence between the nations of Europe it is necessary to press at once for the settlement of reparations and debts by methods which shall not increase hate but which shall help to create a spirit of forgiveness, hope and good-will."

## SILK SHOW CLOSES.

### Estimated That at Least 200,000 Persons Visited Exhibition.

The second International Silk Show closed last night at 11 o'clock, and by midnight the work of dismantling the Grand Central Palace of the $3,000,000 worth of exhibits was well under way. It was estimated by Charles H. Green, managing director, that at least 200,000 persons visited the show. James A. Goldsmith, President of the Silk Association of America, declared that it had broken all records as an exhibition of industrial art, and that they have hopes of an even greater show next year.

Much attention was centred yesterday on the exhibition of fans which were sent from China as gifts for President and Mrs. Harding. Howard Greenley, the art director, who is the President of the Architectural League of New York, had as his guests at the show fifty artists, heads of various societies.

## ELKS AT BIRTHDAY DINNER.

### New York Lodge Entertains Grand Exalted Ruler Masters.

The fifty-fifth birthday of the Elks New York Lodge 1 was celebrated last night with a dinner to J. Edgar Masters, Grand Exalted Ruler, at the Hotel Commodore. More than 1,000 members of the lodge, located in West Forty-third Street, took part.

The Elks, according to the speakers, are enjoying greater prosperity that ever before. The speakers, who were introduced by Edward Leach, toastmaster, were Frank D. Fallon, Exalted Ruler of Lodge 1; Lawrence H. Rupp of Allentown, Pa.; Frank Fogarty of Brooklyn, Patrick J. McGrath of Lodge 1 and Mr. Masters, the guest of honor.

## ROOT, 78, GREETS FRIENDS.

### Receives Many Messages of Congratulation on His Birthday.

Elihu Root spent his seventy-eighth birthday yesterday at home receiving friends and messages of congratulation on his good health.

In the evening his son, Elihu Root Jr., went to his father's house and spent several hours with him welcoming friends.

**Olive Nevin Gives Costume Recital.**

Olive Nevin, soprano, assisted by Harold V. Milligan, gave a costume recital of "three centuries of American song" at the Town Hall last evening, before an audience that showed both interest in historic native composers and appreciation of the manner in which they were presented. Mr. Milligan, organist of the Park Avenue Baptist Church, not only presided at the piano, but lectured between groups on the periods of America's musical development. Miss Nevin in Colonial garb sang airs of Francis Hopkinson, and in hoop-skirts those of Foster, with later selections from MacDowell, Nevin, Parker, Mrs. Beach and many more.

**Maine Society Dances at Plaza.**

Members of the Maine Society gave a dance in the small ballroom of the Plaza last evening. Albert H. Bickmore was Chairman of the committee, in charge of the arrangements, assisted by William E. Pulsifer and Henry J. Shaw. Guy E. Tripp, President of the society, served as a Brigadier General during the war and was head of the Ordnance Department. This was the twentieth annual dance of the society, and a number of prominent members and their guests attended.

**'Romeo and Juliet' for Vassar Fund.**

Announcement is made of a special performance of the opera, "Romeo and Juliet," at the Metropolitan Opera House, the afternoon of Friday, March 9, for the benefit of the salary endowment fund of Vassar College, the metropolitan section of which has pledged $10,000. Tickets may be obtained from Miss Ruth Adams, Treasurer, the Vassar Club, 120 East Fifty-seventh Street.

# CATHOLINA LAMBERT DIES IN HIS CASTLE

### Paterson Pioneer Silk Manufacturer Succumbs at Bella Vista in His 89th Year.

### PROMINENT ART COLLECTOR

### His Gallery Contains Works of Titian, Jordaens, Romney, Michel, Reynolds and Gainsborough.

Catholina Lambert, a pioneer silk manufacturer of Paterson, N. J., died at his home, Bella Vista, on Garrett Mountain, overlooking Paterson, yesterday in his eighty-ninth year.

Born at Keighley, Yorkshire, England, he went to work in the Keighley textile mills when he was 10 years old. Seven years later he came to this country, landing in New York with a capital of $5.

His first job was in Boston with the firm of Tilton, Dexter & Co. and his wages were $4 a week. In 1855 the firm was dissolved and a new one formed in which young Lambert was made a partner. The new company established a mill in Paterson, the first silk mill ever built in that town. The business was prosperous and branches were opened in many parts of the world.

Bella Vista, or Paterson Castle, built by Mr. Lambert, is one of the show places of New Jersey. Constructed of granite and sandstone and modeled much on the style of English castles of the fourteenth century, it has been made by its builder the home of many rare works of art. In his collection of pictures were ten Michels, Titian's "The Entombment," Jordaens's "Daedalus and Icarus," besides paintings by Romney, Sir Joshua Reynolds, Gainsborough and others. In 1907 he bought Luini's "Madonna Enthroned" for a price said to be $50,000.

Mr. Lambert is survived by one son, Walter F. Lambert. Seven other children are dead. Funeral services will be held at the Lambert home Sunday afternoon.

The collection also included some of the best paintings of the late Ralph Albert Blakelock, among them the famous "Moonlight." Ten years ago this and much of the rest of the collection, which was valued at $1,500,000, was sold. "Moonlight" went to the Museum of Art at Toledo, Ohio.

## LAWYER PLEADS GUILTY TO SIX FORGERIES

### Admits Obtaining Dormant Accounts in Banks by Aid of Fictitious Administration Papers.

Lazarus Shenfeld, who said he lived at 1,197 Grand Concourse, the Bronx, was automatically barred from the practice of law when he pleaded guilty yesterday before Judge Collins in General Sessions to six indictments charging him with forging signatures to fictitious administration papers. Before his arraignment Shenfeld confessed to Assistant District Attorneys Myers and Hastings that he had forged letters and certificates of administration of fictitious estate and obtained about $16,000 from banks.

He said that he obtained information about dormant accounts in the banks through advertisements and that he prepared administration papers without the knowledge of Surrogates Foley and O'Brien, on which he obtained the money from the banks. He was arrested in his office at 120 Broadway about two weeks ago, and when he was taken before Surrogates Foley and O'Brien admitted that they had not signed any of the papers on which dormant accounts had been turned over to him.

Mr. Hastings's investigation revealed that in one instance Shenfeld forged the signature of the cashier of a bank. When this signature was called to the attention of the bank cashier, it was said, he was unable to say whether it was a forgery. Shenfeld later admitted that he had signed the cashier's name.

One of the indictments charged Shenfeld with obtaining $1,100 which John Zronick had deposited in the Yorkville Bank. Shenfeld obtained the money on forged letters of administration which told of the death of the depositor. The next day Zronik called at the bank to withdraw the money, and, when the cashier said, "You are dead," Zronik replied: "Not on your life; I'm as much alive as you are."

It was through Zronik's appearance at the bank that the lawyer's forgeries were discovered. Judge Collins remanded him to the Tombs without bail for sentence on Feb. 23.

## JUSSERAND IS ILL FROM INFLUENZA

### French Ambassador Added to List of Stricken Diplomats in a Recurrence of Epidemic.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—There has been a recurrence of the influenza epidemic in Washington, and many in official life or the Diplomatic Corps have been stricken with it. Another name today was added to the distinguished list of "flu" patients when it became known that Jules J. Jusserand, Ambassador of France and Dean of the Diplomatic Corps, was indisposed.

Secretary of State Hughes, who has been away from his desk with a slight touch of influenza for the last three days, was again absent from the department today. His condition, however, is not regarded as serious. Ambassador Geddes of Great Britain has a severe attack of influenza, but is believed to be on the road to rapid recovery. Ambassador Wiedfeldt, the remaining member of the "Big Four" ill with the "flu," had improved sufficiently today to be able to visit the White House.

## W. E. D. STOKES IS ILL.

### Counsel Says He May Not Be Able to Appear in Suit Next Week.

W. E. D. Stokes has been ill of pneumonia but his condition is improving. This became known yesterday when it was said at the office of Isidore Gainsburg, who has acted as his trial counsel, that it was unlikely that Stokes would be able to appear in court next week if the new trial of his wife's separation suit was called. The case is on the calendar for Monday.

Samuel Untermyer, counsel for Mrs. Helen Elwood Stokes, served notice yesterday on Nugent & Nugent, counsel of record for Stokes, who won their motion for a new trial of the separation suit after Justice Finch had decided for Mrs. Stokes but did not sign a decree, to appear this morning before Justice Guy on an application for additional alimony and counsel fee pending the new trial.

**Fashion Show Beauty Arrives.**

Miss Alyce McCormick, selected from 10,000 contestants as Nebraska's most beautiful girl, will arrive in New York tomorrow to represent her State at the Spring Fashion Show at the Hotel Astor on Monday night. With her mother she will be at the Astor as the guest of the City of Omaha. Miss McCormick will compete with four other beauties from Boston, Cleveland, Newark and Pittsburgh for the prize of a diamond-studded wrist watch. J. C. Bolton is director of the show.

## AIDED BY TIMES READERS.

### Frank Fallan, Who Lost His Savings, Gets $65 in Gifts.

Frank Fallan, a garage worker, who appealed to THE TIMES several days ago after losing his savings, which were to bring his wife and baby from England, has not recovered the money. He has, however, received gifts amounting to $65 from twenty-three TIMES readers.

Besides this aid, Fallan is to receive a substantial amount from his co-workers at the Commonwealth Garage, 132 East Forty-first Street, who are running a contest. A man who said he was a war veteran, like himself, handed Fallan $5 with the wish it could have been $500. Some of the contributions were brought to him to the garage and others were mailed.

In addition to the veteran's gift and a $10 donation from Mrs. Ruth B. Harter, which was acknowledged in THE TIMES yesterday, Fallan reported the following: Joseph Richardson $3, Carl Zeller $3, Mr. Warren $1, Louis Boselli $2, John Mortimer $5, William Wallace $2, Walter Newcity $2, Joe $1, David Plavey $1, Edward McMullen $5, Reynolds $1, William Glesden $1, Mr. Howes $5, Mr. Hardy $5, Mr. McCarthy $1, Andrew Lead Company $2, Oscar $3, Charles Connor $1, Mr. Conklin $1, James Larkin $3, and Lawrence Fitzpatrick $2. Fallin lives at 134 East Forty-third Street.

## SUES LIVINGSTONE ROE JR.

### Wife Seeks Divorce From Son of Original Standard Oil Director.

Mrs. Louise D. K. Roe filed suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for a divorce from Livingstone Roe Jr., whose father, now living at 1 Farragut Place, Morristown, N. J., was one of the directors of the original Standard Oil Company. Mrs. Roe alleges misconduct with Pearl Betts in Chicago in 1914, when he married Miss Betts there, and filed with her complaint an affidavit alleging that Pearl Betts had her marriage to Roe annulled in Chicago in 1917.

Because Mrs. Roe has not heard directly from her husband for years, she got a court order to serve the papers by publication in local newspapers and by mailing them to Santa Barbara, Cal., where he was living when she heard from him, and to his father's home. She married Roe in 1892 and alleges that he deserted her in 1906. The records show that she had him arrested in September, 1907, near her residence, then at 108 Madison Avenue, for annoying her because she refused to live with him after the alleged abandonment.

Roe was discharged in the Night Court by Magistrate Corrigan after he agreed not to molest his wife again. Roe stated then that he had been employed for fourteen years by the Standard Oil Company and that he got $25,000 a year salary. He was arrested in Pittsburgh less than a year later when Miss Bessie Wallace of that city complained that he had followed her there and was trying to force unwelcome attentions on her.

## CELEBRATE POSTAL BRANCH

### Advocates of Hudson Terminal Station Hail Its Reopening.

A luncheon was held under the auspices of the Committee to Restore the Hudson Terminal Post Office at the Railroad Club yesterday to celebrate the reopening of the branch office, the need for which was felt by large interests in the financial district, because of a great increase in the use of postal facilities.

Governor Smith sent a telegram of congratulation to the committee in which he said he could appreciate what the return of the office meant to business interests. A letter from Postmaster General Work, commented upon the increasing mail business of the district covered by the Hudson Terminal Branch and urged early and careful mailing by business houses. A letter from Acting Mayor Hulbert also was read.

The committee received the thanks of the Merchants' Association from F. D. De Berard; of the New York Chamber of Commerce, from David T. Warden; of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, through R. A. C. Smith; of the New York Telephone Company and other large corporations. Cornelius S. Loder, Chairman of the Committee to Restore the Hudson Terminal Branch, presided.

## TRANSFER ACTRESS'S SUIT.

### Miriam MacDermott Accuses Husband and Vaudeville Performer.

Papers in a suit by Miriam Nesbitt MacDermott, who appeared with Ada Rehan and with other stage stars, and is the wife of Marc MacDermott, actor and movie star, against Stella Helen Gilmore, vaudeville performer, were filed in the Supreme Court yesterday when the suit in which Mrs. MacDermott asks $20,000 damages for alienating her husband's affection was transferred here from Westchester County for trial.

Mrs. MacDermott is also suing her husband for a separation and had him arrested because she believed he would leave the State to avoid paying alimony. She also had Miss Gilmore arrested, and the latter gave a bond. Miss Gilmore appeared recently in a vaudeville sketch written by MacDermott.

## AIDS COLLEGES IN WILL.

### Guilford Smith Leaves Estate of $700,000.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Feb. 15.—The will of Guilford Smith, banker and manufacturer, who died last week, disposes of an estate estimated at $700,000 and makes bequests to several institutions and organizations. It was filed for probate today.

The bequests include $5,000 each to Berea College, Kentucky; Moody School, Massachusetts; Hampton (Va.) Institute, Foreign Missionary Society, American Mission Association, Congregational Mission Society, Association for Labrador Missions and Connecticut College for Women.

Several churches and hospitals in this section are to receive $5,000 each, the Willimantic Y. M. C. A. $10,000, and $25,000 is left for a library at South Windham. The family home at South Windham and a trust fund of $150,000 are set aside for the widow, and a bequest of $6,000 is made to Dr. F. E. Guild, the family physician.

## SHIP RAMMED IN WAR GAME.

### U. S. Destroyer Farquhar, Sinking, Taken in Tow Off Panama.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 15.—The destroyer Farquhar was rammed by a battleship while engaged in battle practice off Panama at noon today, according to a wireless message received at the naval station here.

The report said the destroyer was in a sinking condition and was being convoyed by the U. S. S. Arctic.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Navy Department has been notified that the destroyer Farquhar was rammed yesterday by another ship off Panama. The message which gave no indication as to the extent of damage said the U. S. S. Arctic had taken the craft in tow.

**Bishop Williams's Funeral Monday.**

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—Funeral services for the Rt. Rev. Charles D. Williams, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Eastern Michigan, who died suddenly last night, will be held here Monday from St. Paul's Cathedral. Interment probably will be at Woodlawn Cemetery here. The body will lie in state in the Cathedral from 9:30 A. M. until 2:30 P. M. with ministers of the diocese forming a guard of honor.

A number of Bishops from different parts of the country are expected to attend the funeral services. Among them are Bishop Brent of Western New York, Bishop Leonard of Ohio, Bishop William Lawrence of Massachusetts and Bishop Weller of Fond Du Lac, Wis.

## TO ATTACH PROPERTY OF J. S. LYLE'S WIDOW

### Mrs. Samuel, Now Wife of Parliament Member, Sued by Jersey Artist.

Supreme Court Justice Bijur granted an attachment yesterday against the property of Julia G. Lyle Samuel, who was the widow of John S. Lyle of Tenafly, N. J., when she married Alexander W. Samuel, member of the British Parliament. The attachment was applied for by William L. Brophy, who is suing Mrs. Samuel for a balance due on an assigned claim of John Theodore Bently, an artist, of Tenafly.

The papers state that Bentley gave Mrs. Samuel a bill for $3,725 for restoring paintings in her Tenafly residence and that she paid only $1,600.

Mrs. Samuel was Julia G. Hannon, a nurse at Presbyterian Hospital, when John S. Lyle, at the age of 92, married her in 1910, after she had nursed him two years. He had a large interest in Lord & Taylor and in the store it occupies. He died July 27, 1912, leaving about $3,000,000 to his widow. She married Alexander Wenyon Samuel of London in February, 1915.

After Samuel had been elected to Parliament for the East Division of Suffolk in 1918, he sued two political opponents for libel because of campaign statements concerning his domestic affairs, and got a verdict for £500.

**Dr. George Franklin Ketcham**

Dr. George Franklin Ketcham, 66 years old, died on Wednesday at his home, 378 Adelphi Street, Brooklyn, of a complication of diseases following an attack of influenza. Dr. Ketcham, who was born in Brooklyn, came of an old Long Island family and was of Revolutionary ancestry. After graduating from the Long Island Medical College in 1876 he was house surgeon at St. Peter's Hospital. He was a director of the old Long Island Free Hospital and a member of the Associated Physicians of Long Island Medical Society of the County of Kings, and Acanthus Lodge, F. and A. M.

**Jason Waters.**

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 15.—Jason Waters of New York, formerly a hotel proprietor, died today as a result of an injury suffered last December when a horse fell on him at the farm of George W. Elkins Jr., on the outskirts of this city.

Mr. Waters formerly was one of the owners of the Windsor Hotel, Atlantic City, managing director of the Ambassador chair of hotels and at one time was manager of the Flanders Hotel in this city.

**Carl Fischer.**

Carl Fischer, nationally known music publisher and maker of musical instruments, died on Wednesday after a long illness at his home, 2,211 Broadway. He was 73 years old.

At a young man Mr. Fischer came to this country from Germany and established his music publishing house in 1872. Until a month ago, in spite of his illness, he had been actively connected with the business. He left three daughters and one son, Walter, who was his partner.

**Bowery Bread Line Originator Dies.**

Gustav Schumann, originator of the Bowery bread line, died Wednesday at the Lenox Hill Hospital. He was in his seventy-seventh year.

Schumann in 1873 opened a bakery in Division Street, where he remained for nineteen years.

In 1893, after he had moved his shop to the Bowery, he established his bread line and each night passed out bread to hungry men. Early in the morning he had another line for women and children.

**James Fraser Dies of Injuries.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 15.—James Fraser, 50 years old, golf professional, died early tonight as the result of injuries received when his auto was struck by a fast line trolley car Tuesday.

**Jared Weed Bell.**

Jared Weed Bell, authority on city real estate, is dead at his home, 248 Lexington Avenue, in his 85th year. Descended from one of the founders of the New Haven colony, Mr. Bell had been actively identified all his life with Colonial and patriotic societies.

## Obituary Notes.

FRED L. ELLIS, President of Ellis & Goltermann, died yesterday at his home, 117 West Fifty-eighth Street.

DWIGHTY MOORE, manager of the Boston Excelsior Company, died yesterday at Miami, Fla., in his fifty-fifth year.

Mrs. ANNA GOLDMAN, widow of Moses Goldman, author of "The Proverbs of the Sages" and founder of The Haolm, a Hebrew daily newspaper, died yesterday on her fifty-sixth birthday at her home, 524 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOHN W. BORST, a mine owner of Brandy Station, Va., died suddenly from heart disease in the office of the Rumm Motor Corporation, 250 West Fifty-seventh Street. He was 64 years old.

EDWARD J. THAYER, 57 years old, for many years a proofreader on THE NEW YORK TIMES, died suddenly yesterday at his home, 1,146 Bryant Avenue, the Bronx. He was born at Princeton, Ill., and was a graduate of Rush Medical College, Chicago. He left a wife and two children.

WILLIAM H. VAN NOSTRAND, 68 years old, a retired market gardener and merchant of Little Neck, L. I., died at his home there yesterday.

The Rev. JOHN J. McNAMEE, chaplain of the College of Mount St. Vincent-on-the-Hudson, died on Wednesday at the college. He was 78 years old.

CHAUNCEY C. RYDER, a customs broker and for many years head of the firm of C. C. Ryder & Co., died yesterday at his home, 61 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, of apoplexy. He was in his seventy-seventh year.

Dr. GEORGE B. PHELPS, a retired physician, died yesterday at his home, 127 East Seventy-eighth Street. He was 68 years old.

Dr. GEORGE B. SNOW, dentist, formed Dean of the Dental College of Buffalo, N. Y., died yesterday at his home in Long Beach, Cal., aged 87 years.

## Married.

SILBERMAN—HERSHFIELD—In Chicago, on Thursday, Feb. 15, Miss Harriette Hershfield, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Hershfield of Kalamazoo, to Mr. Bill Silberman of Kansas City, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Silberman of 895 West End Ave., New York City.

WASHBURN—ORBISON—Mrs. David Van Stries announces the marriage of her sister, Miss Laura Orbison, to Dr. Alfred H. Washburn of Boston, at her home, Woodcliff-on-Hudson, N. J., on Feb. 15.

## Died.

ADRIANCE—Everett, on Feb. 14, at his home, 100 Maple Av., Rahway, N. J., in his 63d year. Relatives and friends, also members of the Cosmos Lodge No. 106, F. and A. M.; New Jersey Consistory S. P. R. S., 32d Degree; Lackawanna Veterans' Association, Railroad Square Club of Jersey City, and A. A. O. N. M. S., Salaam Temple, of Newark, N. J., are kindly invited to attend services on Friday evening, Feb. 16, at 8 o'clock.

AKASS—At Larchmont, N. Y., on Feb. 14, 1923, E. T. J. Akass, aged 76 years. Funeral private.

ALTHOLZ—Louis, Feb. 14, 1923, beloved father of Nathaniel, William, Samuel and Hattie Altholz and Mrs. Fannie Hoffman. Funeral service at his late home, 2,537 Decatur Av., Bronx, near 194th St., Friday at noon. Interment Cedar Grove Cemetery, Flushing, L. I.

ANGELL—At San Antonio, Texas, on Tuesday, Feb. 13, 1923, Florence De Wolfe, widow of Albert H. Angell, in her 70th year. Funeral services will be held at the Church of Messiah at Greene and Clermont Avs., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Feb. 17, at 2:30 P. M.

ASCHENBRAND—Sarah, beloved wife of Joseph and mother of Walter and Bernard, of Bergenfield, N. J., Feb. 15. Funeral from Millheuser Funeral Parlor, 1,460 Lexington Av., Sunday, Feb. 18, at 10:30 A. M.

BARNES—Edith Florence, on Feb. 15, beloved wife of William B. Barnes, daughter of late George W. Cornell and Mary E. Cornell. Funeral private.

BARRON—Jean, on Feb. 15, in Brooklyn, of pneumonia. Funeral notice to follow.

BELL—On Feb. 13, Jared Weed, at his residence, 248 Lexington Av., in his 85th year. Funeral private.

## Died.

BEVAN—Samuel L., at his home, Orangeburg, N. Y., on Feb. 13, 1923, age 70 years 1 month and 17 days. Funeral services Friday, Feb. 16, at 8:30 P. M. Interment Elmwood Cemetery, New Brunswick, N. J.

BOAS—Arthur E., beloved husband of Blanche Hechstadter, devoted father of Percy, Edith and Ethel, at Bresian, Germany, on Jan. 14. Funeral services in the chapel at Salem Fields, on Sunday, Feb. 18, at 11 A. M.

BOWIE — At McLean Hospital, Waverly, Mass., Edward Mandell Bowie, 43 years.

BROWN—At Newburgh, N. Y., at St. Luke's Hospital, Thursday, Feb. 15, 1923, Kansett Brown. Funeral services will be held at Green Mount Cemetery Chapel, Baltimore, Md., on Saturday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Green Mount Cemetery.

BUSH—At Belmar, N. J., Feb. 14, 1923, Robert Chase Bush, son of Joseph E. and Ellen M. Bush. Funeral Saturday, at 12 noon, Woodlawn Cemetery Chapel, Jerome Av. entrance.

CAMPBELL—At Watchung, N. J., on Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1923, Mary, beloved wife of William Campbell, aged 74 years. Brethren services at her residence on Hillcrest Road, Watchung, N. J., on Saturday, Feb. 17, at 2 P. M. Train leaves foot of Liberty St., New York City (C. R. R. of N. J.), at 12 o'clock. Cars will be in waiting at Plainfield station.

CARLSON—Suddenly of pneumonia, on Feb. 14, J. Sylvester Carlson, dearly beloved husband of Violet R. Bennett and son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred M. Carlson, in the 31st year of his age. Services will be held at St. Thomas's Chancery, 53d St. and 5th Av., on Saturday, Feb. 17, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CASTELLI—Mary G., Feb. 15, beloved wife of Louis M. and mother of Eileen M., of 2,185 Lamoine Av., Fort Lee, N. J. Notice of funeral later.

CLARK—At her residence, 738 East 176th St., on Wednesday, Feb. 14, Imogene P., wife of the late Charles Clark. Services will be held at the West Farms Reformed Church, Fairmount Place and Prospect Av., on Friday, Feb. 16, at 2 P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

CLAYTON—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Feb. 13, 1923, Robert Rowe Clayton, beloved husband of Ada L. Doty, in the 45th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 642 North Broadway, Yonkers, on Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

COOK—At White Plains, N. Y., Feb. 15, 1923, Frank A. Cook, in his 49th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 143 Orawamper St., on Sunday at 3 o'clock.

CROPPER—On Feb. 15, 1923, Ellen T. Funeral service at her late home, 2,047 7th Av., on Saturday, Feb. 17, at 4 P. M.

DECROW—At East Orange, N. J., on Thursday, Feb. 15, 1923, David Augustus Decrow. Notice of funeral later.

DODD—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, Feb. 13, in the 96th year of her age, Lydia Babbitt, wife of the late Edward M. Dodd, missionary in Turkey. Services Friday, Feb. 16, at 1:45 P. M., at Central Presbyterian Church House, Montclair, and at 2 P. M., Hilltop Church, Mendham, N. J. Kindly omit flowers.

DOUGHTY — Thompson Hart, beloved husband of Frederica L. Doughty, on Feb. 13. Funeral services The Funeral Church, Broadway, 66th St., Friday, Feb. 16, at 3 P. M.

DRISCOLL — Catherine, beloved mother of John, William, Frank, Mrs. Rose Mahoney and Mrs. Mary O'Brien. Funeral from late residence, 628 58th St., Brooklyn; solemn requiem mass at 11 A. M., on Saturday, Feb. 17, at the Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 59th St. and 5th Av., Brooklyn. Interment Calvary Cemetery; carriage funeral.

ELLIS—Feb. 14, 1923, Fred L., beloved husband of Addie Hall Ellis. Funeral services at his late residence, 117 West 58th St., Saturday afternoon, 1 o'clock. Toledo (Ohio) papers copy.

ESSLEMONT—At her home, 17 Lincoln St., Brunswick, Me., on Sunday, Feb. 11, 1923, Mary Anna Sherwood, wife of the late Peter Esslemont of Aberdeen, Scotland and daughter of Mrs. Lucy A. Sherwood of Danbury, Conn., in the 81st year of her age. Funeral services were held at Brunswick on Tuesday and cremation on Wednesday, the 14th, at Harmony Grove Cemetery Chapel, Salem, Mass.

FALK—At her residence, 812 West 29th St., Augusta Paul Falk, aged 86, widow of Paul Falk. Services at her late residence on Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

FEUCHTWANGER—Henry J., in his 75th year, at 418 Central Park West, beloved husband of Minnie and father of Mrs. Saul Asher, Mrs. Henry Ambrose and son William. Funeral private. Elmira papers please copy.

FISCHER—At his residence, the Apthorp, on Feb. 14, 1923, Carl Fischer, in his 74th year. Funeral services private.

FRANCESCHI—Sara, on Feb. 14, 1923, at her residence, 870 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the Lafayette Av. Presbyterian Chapel, 85 South Oxford St. Interment at Greenport, L. I.

FREEMAN—On Wednesday, Feb. 14, at her residence, 77 3d St., New Dorp, Staten Island, R

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Is this possible? Before you answer the question see how Wallace Irwin handles the subject in his powerful story "Lew Tyler's Wives" now running in Pictorial Review. The March instalment will explain a great deal about men, to women who can read between the lines.

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THESE ARE THE LARGEST EDITIONS OF ANY MAGAZINE IN THE HISTORY OF THE WORLD

# HARDING PLAN READY FOR BUREAU REFORM

## Linking Army and Navy Control Under One Cabinet Chief Proposed.

## A SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

## New Department of Education and Public Welfare Is Provided For.

## MANY FUNCTIONS SHIFTED

### President, in Letter Accompanying Brown Report, Tells of Obstacles Met.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Administration's recommendations for a regrouping of executive departments and bureaus were placed today before members of the Joint Congressional Committee on reorganization of the Administrative branch of the Government for study with the view of drafting legislation for the next session of Congress.

They are the result of more than a year of research and negotiation by Walter F. Brown, Chairman of the committee, and President Harding's personal representative on that body, in conjunction with the President, members of the Cabinet and scores of bureau chiefs. A mass of detail is simplified by a chart of the proposed changes drafted by Mr. Brown with the approval of the President and the Cabinet.

Although the outstanding change proposed is a consolidation of two executive departments under one Cabinet head and the creation of another department, virtually every department is affected by the recommended regrouping of the bureaus that have increased with the expansion of the Government.

**One Head for Army and Navy.**

Under Mr. Brown's plan, the functions of the ten executive departments would be changed to the extent of combining the War and Navy Departments and transferring to other departments non-military activities carried on by the army and navy, eliminating from the Treasury Department all bureaus of a non-fiscal nature and expanding the interior department to include in its jurisdiction all public works and improvements.

The proposed new Cabinet member, a change that was covered by one of President Harding's campaign pledges, is the Secretary of Education and Public Welfare. Under him would be four Assistant Secretaries heading subdivisions embracing bureaus transferred from other departments. These subdivisions would be Education, Social Service, Health and Veterans' Relief.

A regrouping of bureaus and of their present overlapping functions was another of Mr. Harding's campaign pledges. He apparently anticipated that the proposed changes would encounter marked opposition from entrenched officials, for after his election one of the agreements he secured from his prospective Cabinet members was that they would support his reorganization plan in its final stage.

**Harding Tells of Difficulties.**

Mr. Brown's report and charts were accompanied by a letter from President Harding to the Joint Congressional Committee, in which he said: :

"The changes, with few exceptions, notably that of co-ordinating all agencies of national defense, have the sanction of the Cabinet.

"In a few instances, which I believe are of minor importance, the principle of major purpose has not been followed to the letter, in order to avoid controversy which might jeopardize reorganization as a whole.

"Permit me to repeat what I have said to the members of the Joint Committee on Reorganization, that I regret deeply the delay in placing our suggestions in your hands. It has been caused solely by the difficulty which has been encountered in reconciling the views of the various persons charged with the responsibility of administering the Executive branch of the Government."

**Work for Under-Secretaries.**

Under the War and Navy Department consolidation plan there would be three Under-Secretaries, one in charge of the army, another of the navy and the third would have the direction of co-ordinating national, industrial and personal resources for defense. The non-military functions of the army, such as the work of the Engineer Corps upon rivers and harbors, the Mississippi and California Débris Commissions, the Board of Roads, the Commissioners for Alaska, and the supervision of public buildings and grounds in the District of Columbia would be transferred to the Department of the Interior.

Marine activities of the War Department, such as the Great Lakes survey, the supervision of inland and coastal waterways and the supervision of New York Harbor would go to the Department of Commerce. The Bureau of Insular Affairs, with administration over the Philippines and Porto Rico, would go to the Department of State. The naval observatory and the hydrographic office would be transferred to the Department of Commerce, while the Revenue Cutter Service, now under the Coast Guard of the Treasury Department, would be transferred to the Under Secretary of National Defense in charge of the Navy.

In the transfer of all non-fiscal bureaus and agencies from the Treasury to other departments, the public health service would go to the new department of education and public welfare, while the supervising architect's office would pass under the control of the interior department. The Bureau of the Budget and the General Supply Committee, now with the Treasury Department, would be made independent establishments directly under the President.

**Department of Communications Plan.**

The Post Office Department would be renamed the Department of Communications, with new bureaus established for the telephone, telegraph and the wireless.

Under the proposed regrouping the Interior Department would be entrusted with the administration of the public domain as at present, but added to it would be the control of the construction and maintenance of public works, a function now delegated to many bureaus in other departments. Some of the activities now under the Interior Department's jurisdiction would go to the Department of Education and Public Welfare, such as the Bureau of Pensions and the educational and health work of the department now carried on by the Bureau of Education, Indian Schools, Howard University, St. Elizabeth's Hospital and the Freedmen's Hospital. The Bureau of Mines and the Patent Office would be transferred from the Interior Department to the Department of Commerce.

From the Department of Agriculture the Interior Department would receive the Bureau of Roads. The Federal Power Commission, now an independent body, would come under the Interior Department's supervision of public works and the public domain.

The Department of Justice would receive the prohibition unit of the Treasury Department and the Alien Property Custodian's office. The solicitors of the various departments now under the control of the Department of Justice would be transferred to the departments of which they act as legal advisers. The administration of Federal prisons would pass from the Attorney General's control to the jurisdiction of the Department of Education and Public Welfare.

The Department of Commerce would have three major functions—the promotion of trade, the promotion of industry and the regulation and protection of the merchant marine. Each would be under an assistant secretary of commerce. In addition to the proposed transfers already noted, this department would receive from the Treasury Department the life saving service and the control of the American section of the Inter-American High Commission.

**Education and Welfare Bureaus.**

The bureaus and offices under the proposed new Cabinet officer, the Secretary of Education and Public Welfare, would be drawn from other departments as follows:

From the Department of the Interior, the Bureau of Education, Indian schools, Howard University, St. Elizabeth's Hospital, the Freedmen's Hospital, Bureau of Pensions; from the Department of Labor, Women's Bureau (part) and Children's Bureau (part); from the Treasury Department, the Public Health Service; from the War Department, Soldiers' Home; from the Department of Justice, office of the Superintendent of Prisons.

Independent establishments that would be consolidated with the new department are the Federal Board for Vocational Education, the National Home for Disabled Soldiers, the Columbia Institution for the Deaf and the United States Veterans' Bureau.

It is also proposed to include the Smithsonian Institution, but Mr. Brown admits some doubt as to whether this can be accomplished under the law on account of the Alaska Anaconda of the institution. In his opinion, however, its functions are in harmony with the proposed activities of the Department of Education and Public Welfare, and he recommends the propriety of its inclusion if the legality is unquestioned.

As few as possible independent bureaus and commissions would remain outside of departments under the Brown plan. These would be only bodies of a quasi-judicial character or which perform functions for all branches of the Government. The organizations remaining independent of departments and directly under the President would be:

The Civil Service Commission, Shipping Board and Emergency Fleet Corporation, Tariff Commission, Interstate Commerce Commission, Federal Trade Commission, Federal Reserve Board, War Finance Corporation, Coal Commission, Railroad Administration, Railroad Labor Board, World War Foreign Debt Commission, Bureau of the Budget, Government Printing Office, Bureau of Efficiency and the Bureau of Purchase and Supply, including the Government Fuel Yards.

## HARDING THREATENS SHIPPING BILL VETO

### *Won't Stand for Subsidy Being Made Contingent on Annual Appropriations.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—President Harding has definitely informed Senators favoring the Madden amendment to the Administration shipping bill that he would veto the legislation if sent to the White House with any provision attached making payments of Government aid to ship operators contingent on annual appropriations by Congress.

The President was said to have defined his position once again with reference to the Madden amendment, which was attached to the ship bill by the House and eliminated by the Senate Commerce Committee, at a White House conference last night attended by Senators McNary, Oregon; Gooding, Idaho; Bursum, New Mexico; Cameron, Arizona, and Lenroot, Wisconsin.

The conference was understood to have been devoted to consideration of amendments which would make the bill acceptable to the Senate before conferring with the executive. The senators were said to have made no commitments as to their attitude and the President likewise deferred decision on the various amendments with the exception of the Madden proposal.

The group of Republican Senators who are unalterably opposed to the bill, announced today that immediately the British debt settlement measure was disposed of they would seek to have brought up the Capper Truth-in-Fabric measure, and also that they were prepared to make an extended fight on the proposed motion of Senator Jones, Republican, Washington, in charge of the ship bill, to have it again made the unfinished business of the Senate.

## COMMONS TO GET DRY BILL.

### Dundee Member Will Introduce It With Some Labor Backing.

LONDON, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The House of Commons early in the present session, for the first time in its history, will have an opportunity to discuss a total prohibition bill, which Edwin Scrymgeour, Prohibition member for Dundee, will introduce, with the backing of two or three Labor members.

This has been made possible through Mr. Scrymgeour's luck in securing seventh place in the ballot held at the opening of each session of Parliament for the right of private members to introduce bills.

Such non-Government bills have only the slightest chances of being adopted, but the introduction of this one will afford an interesting opportunity of testing the feeling of Parliament on prohibition.

## TRANSIT BOARD SUBPOENAED

### Called in Queens Crossing Inquiry Into Firemen's Deaths.

Members of the Transit Commission were subpoenaed last night by District Attorney Dana Wallace of Queens to appear today before the Queens County Grand Jury, which is investigating the accident at the Long Island Railroad crossing at Union Course on Feb. 6, when two firemen were killed and a third fatally injured. They will be asked to tell what action the commission has taken for the protection of this and other grade crossings and to testify whether the railroad company had complied with the commission's orders.

Nine witnesses were examined by the Grand Jury yesterday. Mr. Wallace said he believed that the Grand Jury would be able to fix the responsibility.

"We are moving toward a complete elimination of all these dangerous crossings in Queens," he added.

## *Card Sharps Infest East Side; Seller of Marked Packs Seized*

Magistrate Moses R. Ryttenberg in Essex Market Court, yesterday reserved until March 1, decision in the case of Victor Fliegelman, 58 years old, owner of a stationery store at 84 Fourth Avenue, who was charged with having sold to Detective Dennis Wright a pack of "marked" cards. Fliegelman was held in $300 bail.

Detectives Wright and Cornelius O'Connell said they had received numerous complaints that the East Side was becoming infested with "marked card sharps." They visited Fliegelman's store and bought cards.

The stationer, through his counsel, Marcus Wolf, said that he had sold "marked" cards for years, his principal customers being theatrical concerns and actors who wanted them for stage use.

# MRS. RAIZEN HALTS FATHER AT TRIAL

## Asks Forgiveness, Then Collapses as Parent, in Tears, Testifies.

## HUSBAND IS A WITNESS

### Restaurant 'Bus Boy,' 62 Years Old, Tells of Friendship With Woman.

Mrs. Lillian S. Raizen, on trial before Justice James C. Cropsey in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn for the killing of Dr. Abraham Glickstein, collapsed yesterday as her father, Jacob Schaffer, took the witness stand to testify in her defense. Mrs. Raizen's condition compelled Albert Conway, her attorney, to withdraw Mr. Schaffer temporarily until the defendant could regain control of herself. The woman is charged with first degree murder.

"Papa dear, Papa dear," shrieked Mrs. Raizen hysterically as her father with tears streaming from his eyes walked toward the witness chair. "please forgive me for all the sorrows I have brought into your life," she continued and sank into her chair. Mrs. Mary Brennan, assigned by Sheriff Peter Seery to accompany Mrs. Raizen at the trial, rose to go to Mrs. Raizen's assistance.

"You are a jailer," said Justice Cropsey to Mrs. Brennan, "sit down there where you belong."

When Mrs. Raizen had recovered sufficiently Mr. Conway read the depositions of two persons who met her in Daytona, Fla., previous to the shooting of Dr. Glickstein. The first was that of Sigmund Freund of Valparaiso, Ind. The witness stated that Mrs. Raizen had "a strange, wild look" and appeared melancholy when he first saw her. He said that Mrs. Raizen talked about Dr. Glickstein and referred to him as that skunk.

"Her acts and conduct appeared to me to be irrational," testified Freund. "She had expressed an intention to kill this man, because she said he had wronged her and she could not eat and could not sleep and she would not and could not rest, she said, until she had put him out of the way. After she left I had the fear that something would happen, and I told my daughter to write to her father. She told me that Dr. Glickstein's face was always before her. Once when she was playing the piano she stopped and said: 'His face is always before me. I cannot play.'"

The second deposition was that of Mrs. Helen F. Webber of Valparaiso, Ind., Freund's daughter. She stated that Mrs. Raizen told her that she had been wronged by her family physician and that he would not let her alone, although he knew that she was married to another, and said that when she tried to think of other things a chill would come over her that she felt as though her breath was being sucked away and she was "overwhelmed by the urge to kill."

Mrs. Webber testified that Mrs. Raizen threatened to kill herself by taking carbolate of mercury or by inhaling gas.

Charles S. Raizen of 1,865 Eighty-second Street, husband of the defendant, was called to the stand by Mr. Conway.

**Husband Forgave Her, He Says.**

"Prior to our marriage on May 8, 1921, I noticed that Lillian was very absent-minded, but I attributed it to nervousness over the approaching wedding," said Mr. Raizen. "After the wedding breakfast I took her to an exceedingly funny play, but she would not laugh. She seemed sadder than ever. I asked her what the trouble was and she replied, 'nothing,' but that answer would not satisfy me and finally she told me about going with Dr. Glickstein. I forgave her right away. After the marriage she told me she wanted to go to the Christian Science Church. I went with her and bought her a Bible and some leaflets she desired. It was at the suggestion of a healer that we stopped talking of the Glickstein affair so that we would not perpetuate it.

"About 6 o'clock on the night of Dec. 10, 1921," Raizen stated, "my wife came to see me at my place of business and began to tell me about a baby that she had seen down in Florida and told me that she wanted a baby. She was excited, her hair was dishevelled and her eyes had a wild look. I asked her many questions but could get no answer from her. She told me later about shooting Dr. Glickstein."

Mrs. Edith Beck, of 932 Second Avenue, Manhattan, testified that she knew Mrs. Raizen from the time she was 8 or 9 years old. At that time, according to the witness, Dr. Glickstein used to take her on his lap and sometimes kissed her.

"You are anxious to help this woman on trial, you have been crying in court all morning, haven't you?" asked Mr. Gallagher of the witness.

"Why shouldn't I?" replied the witness, "I should be in her place."

Mr. Conway tried to get Mrs. Beck to tell what she meant by her reply, but Mr. Gallagher objected, and Justice Cropsey sustained him.

**Bus Boy a Witness.**

Albert Bradley, who said he had been a "bus boy" in a quick lunch room near where Mrs. Raizen was employed before her marriage, told of being attracted to Mrs. Raizen by her habit of taking a seat in the farthest corner of the restaurant. After eating, he said, she would sit and stare at the floor with folded hands. Bradley told of receiving a letter from Mrs. Raizen telling him to meet her at the steamship pier on the morning of Dec. 9, 1921, when she returned from Florida. He said that when the vessel warped into the pier Mrs. Raizen was at the rail, clad in a "dingy red sweater." Bradley told of spending more than two hours in inducing Mrs. Raizen to dress herself suitably to leave the vessel. He took her to the Hotel Bresiln, where she made an appointment to see him there the next day.

"I went there at 10 o'clock in the morning of Dec. 10, 1921," testified Bradley. "I called her on the hotel telephone and she told me to come upstairs. I went to her room and as I entered she locked the door behind me and put the key into her pocket. 'What's the idea?' I asked. 'The idea,' she replied, 'is that I am going to tell you something that will make you hate me. I must tell you. It is killing me by inches.' She told me that a man whose name she would not tell me had ruined her. 'A professional man' to whom she had gone for treatment had taken advantage of her, she said.

"She made an engagement to meet me at the place I was working in at 6 o'clock that evening. Shortly after 6 o'clock I was called on the telephone and a voice at the other end said, 'Is that you, Albert? I have done it. I have shot—' and then the voice became incoherent. About twenty minutes later I was called again by Mrs. Raizen. 'I have shot and killed Dr. Glickstein of 836 Bedford Avenue,' she told me. I asked her if she was coming to me and she said 'No, I am trying to find my father.'"

Under cross-examination by Mr. Gallagher, Bradley testified that he told Mrs. Raizen prior to March, 1921, that they could not be married because of three facts—his age, his poverty and their religion. He added that marriage had never been discussed in any but a jocular spirit.

"You thought a good deal of Mrs. Raizen?" asked Mr. Gallagher of the witness.

"I respected her," replied Bradley, and then added, "I do now."

Bradley testified that he was 62 years old and lived at the Hotel Gotham, on the Bowery.

Jacob Schaffer, Mrs. Raizen's father, was called by Mr. Conway. He testified to receiving two telephone calls from his daughter on the night of the shooting. The first call, Mr. Schaffer said, was between 6 and 7 o'clock.

"Pop, I shot Dr. Glickstein," Mr. Schaffer testified Mrs. Raizen said to him. "I thought she was still in Florida. She did not say any more. She called again about a half hour later. She told me at what hotel she was and that her husband was to call for her. Later I met her in front of her husband's place of business in Brooklyn. She was mumbling 'shot,' 'shot'; she did not know what she was saying."

The trial will be continued today.

## *Says Grape Fruit Rejuvenated the 'Tiger'; Secretary Sends Crate to Clemenceau*

When Georges Clemenceau, the "Tiger of France," was in this country he met the American grapefruit for the first time. He was so delighted with it that he not only had grapefruit for breakfast each day, but took some home with him. When M. Le Fevre, who acted as secretary to Clemenceau when he was in America, read in a newspaper on Wednesday that M. Clemenceau was a changed man since he was here, that he attended the theatre and ate other soup than onion, he was overjoyed. He remembered the aged statesman's fondness for grapefruit and declared that it was the effect of eating the fruit that had improved his health and restored his capacity for enjoying life.

This is the story that is behind the shipment on the French liner Rochambeau yesterday of a crate of grapefruit for M. Clemenceau's table. M. Le Fevre went to market and got the fruit and the Grape Fruit Growers' Association has broadcast the news.

# IMMIGRATION CURB REPORTED TO HOUSE

## Majority Report Defends Setting Quotas at 2 Per Cent. of Nationals Here in 1890.

## MINORITY ATTACKS BILL

### Charges Discrimination Against All Nationalities Except the British and Germans.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The new immigration bill, which would further reduce the influx of newcomers to 2 per cent. of the nationals here in 1890, instead of the present 3 per cent. of the 1910 census, was favorably reported to the House today. Upon this basis the annual immigration would be limited to 186,437, as against a possible 357,803 under the present law. The bill provides, however, for the admission of families of naturalized Americans—fathers, mothers, wives, minor children and minor brothers and sisters, as well as orphans.

The most radical change is a provision to prevent Japanese entering the United States except under sharp restrictions.

Indications are that the bill may pass the House this session, but the Senate leaders say it has no chance of being considered in the Senate.

The majority report says among other things:

"It should be stated that the reduction of the quotas to 2 per cent. of the foreign born in the United States according to the 1890 census, is not proposed for reasons in any sense discriminatory. The plan brings about as nearly as any set numerical plan of restriction can do so, an equalization rather than a discrimination. The use of this basis gives more equal proportion to those countries whose immigrants were the parents of children born in the United States and who, while representing social groups entitled to consideration, are in fact discriminated against under the present law for the very reason that they are better assimilated in our body politic.

"The rights of seamen under the Seaman's act are fully protected. They may quit at any port in the United States, but must have identification landing cards and are ashore on a time limit. Bonds in any amount may be required and the Secretary of Labor will be able to prevent the Chinese and others from entering the United States by the mere formality of a $500 bond. One United States Shipping Board ship recently turned in $29,000 in $500 forfeited bonds, representing the illegal entry of fifty-eight Chinese."

Calling attention to the decision of the Supreme Court that nationals of Oriental countries are not entitled to be naturalized as citizens of the United States, the report says: "The committee feels fully justified in offering its measure of provisions to correct the so-called 'gentlemen's agreement,' which is understood to be a mere memorandum. The committee believes that the exceptions relating to students, professional men and ministers of the gospel serve to clarify the gentlemen's agreement and that the enactment of the plan into law will end in a satisfactory manner without friction a troublesome problem.

"With respect to the Near East refugee problem the report said it was not possible for the United States to offer more than a modicum of relief, even if immigration restrictions were greatly relaxed. It is implied that the principal relief must come through the Near East Relief Association.

"This measure will restrict immigration greatly," continues the report. "It will place immigration on a more nearly scientific plan than anything heretofore attempted. If continued for but a few years it will provide the way for the handling of immigration to the United States just as the people of the United States want it handled, safely, sanely, humanely, with due regard for the right of the family to be considered as a unit, but with particular care for the welfare of the United States, the protection of the interests now and for all time of its people. The State Department will recognize no representation from other countries that interfere or threaten to interfere with that right. Our treaty-making powers will make no concession or treaty that takes away from this generation or any future generation the right to protect its solidarity, the comfort, the safety of our nation and those who comprise it."

**Minority Opposes Discrimination.**

The minority report says "the adoption of a 2 per cent. quota based on the 1890 census would be a 'deliberate discrimination against the so-called newer immigration.'" The minority report is signed by Representatives Siegel of New York, Mooney of Massachusetts and Sabath of Illinois. It continues: "If it was not intended arbitrarily to discriminate against the immigration from Austria, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Italy, Norway, Poland Rumania, Sweden and other countries, why did the proponents of the measure take the 1890 census? It is too apparent that it is intended not to reduce immigration from Great Britain and Germany, but to completely estop almost all immigration from all other countries."

The minority indorsed the allowance of a basic quota of 400 for the smaller countries, and the provision permitting near blood relatives to enter as non-quota immigrants. "We heartily approve of the provisions providing for the thorough examination and investigation of immigrants in the ports of embarkation before leaving for the United States, as well as the extremely strict provisions which will require immigration certificates," the three Representatives said.

One of the outstanding objections to the bill was that the doors would be closed to unskilled labor, the minority stating:

"We feel that the adoption of the 1890 census is unjustifiable, not only for the reason that it is discriminatory but because it will also prevent the admission of from 60,000 to 75,000 laborers, who will shortly be greatly needed. We are not interested in supplying, as some may term it, cheap labor, but we are deeply concerned in the welfare of the United States, whose prosperity depends upon having at least a sufficient amount of unskilled labor. This can be obtained, in a measure, by using the population figures of 1920 or 1910 as a basis in lieu of the 1890 census. We doubt whether our Northern and Eastern unskilled labor requirements can be drawn from the South without at the same time injuring the growing Southern industries. Surely, under the stringent provisions of the bill, no temporary common labor can be obtained from Mexico, as was done in 1916 and 1919 to relieve the shortage of labor in the cotton and sugar-beet fields in the Southern and Southwestern States."

**Anthrax Case in Brooklyn.**

A case of anthrax in Kingston Avenue Hospital, Brooklyn, was called to the attention of Health Commissioner Copeland yesterday. The patient is Selig Camorrow, 36, who lives in Johnson Avenue, Brooklyn.

# SAYS ATLANTIC CITY REEKS WITH GRAFT

## Zone Chief Appleby Declares Dry Violations and Disorderly Houses Are Sanctioned.

## ACCUSES PUBLIC OFFICERS

### Arrest of Mrs. Pearl Young Results in Promise to "Clean Up" Shore Resort.

The alleged treatment of Mrs. Pearl Young, a Federal prohibition agent, by the police and other officials of Atlantic City in bringing an extortion charge against her and throwing her into jail without the usual privilege of communication with persons on the outside who might aid her has so enraged the Federal prohibition authorities here and in Washington that a general "clean-up" of that resort is now being planned.

Mrs. Young was kept in prison from Saturday afternoon until Wednesday and during this time was permitted to wash her face and hands but twice. Zone Chief John D. Appleby, for whom Mrs. Young has been working for more than six months, was not permitted to see Mrs. Young when he went to Atlantic City Tuesday night to aid her. His request to see her was denied first at 2 A. M. Wednesday morning and then again at 9 o'clock.

So incensed was Mr. Appleby that he spent all day Wednesday and part of the night in conferences with his agents and representatives of the Department of Justice, both in Atlantic City and in Philadelphia, and he declared upon his return here yesterday that Atlantic City was the most corrupt city in the country as respects official sanction of prohibition law violations, gambling and disorderly houses.

A mass of evidence has been obtained, it was asserted, that shows how deeply involved are some of the officials of Atlantic City.

Mr. Appleby said that his information was that prominent men with plenty of money are being constantly trapped in the disorderly houses and made to pay to the police and other officials hush money running into thousands of dollars. The usual price is $5,000 to $10,000. He added that had Mrs. Young put up $4,000 or $5,000 she would have gained her freedom and there would have been no charge against her. The money is collected through public officers, Mr. Appleby said, according to the information he had obtained from his operatives.

Mr. Appleby said yesterday that he had learned that a boat seized a few days ago with 600 bags of whisky aboard belonged to a prominent official of Atlantic City.

**City Officials Deny Charges.**

Denials of the charges came from Atlantic City officials last night, and County Judge Smathers and Prosecutor Gaskill invited Mr. Appleby to submit to them any information he had of the corruption of public officials as well as violations of the prohibition and other laws. On the other hand, one of the leading ministers of that city came out strongly in support of the charges and declared that he had personally obtained much evidence of the existence of the conditions outlined by the prohibition official.

Mrs. J. V. Henning, proprietor of a north side café, who is the complaining witness against Mrs. Pearl Young in the extortion charge, was convicted in twenty minutes yesterday before a jury and County Judge William Smathers at Mays Landing of a charge of selling whisky in violation of the State prohibition law. She will be sentenced later.

The preliminary hearing of Mrs. Young's case is set for next Friday before Magistrate Joseph S. Paxson, but it was not believed here last night that there would be any examination before the Magistrate, as it was considered that the case in the meantime would be removed to the Federal Court.

County Judge William J. Smathers said in Atlantic City last night:

"I would be very glad to have Mr. Appleby submit any information he has and I promise him action in 48 hours. I do not believe Mr. Appleby has any such information regarding city officials or county officials. It was his duty to submit any such information to the authorities and not go back to New York without doing something about it.

"I will prosecute every politician and officeholder, no matter how large or how small, but I think it unfair to Atlantic City to broadcast any such statements without first seeing the proper authorities in the county. I would have put Mr. Appleby under bail as a material witness. I don't believe any disorderly houses exist here. Nine women before me today for sentence said that they had moved to other cities."

**Prosecutor Promises Aid.**

County Prosecutor Edmund Gaskill Jr., who is now trying before Judge Smathers 350 indictments for liquor violations, gambling and disorderly houses in Atlantic City, said that he was ready to put his whole organization at the disposal of Mr. Appleby in his search for prohibition law violators. He said he knew nothing of charges of graft or of a "red light" district.

Mayor Edward L. Dader of Atlantic City said:

"We want something more than empty statements. If anybody is receiving any graft, we want to know about it. We would like Mr. Appleby to prove his assertion."

William S. Cuthbert, Director of Public Safety, said: "I wish no controversy with Mr. Appleby. I have nothing to say. There is nothing to it. When we receive complaints, immediate attention is given, and if there is any condition that needs correcting, we take action. My department can be commandeered by Mr. Appleby. We are now loaning men to the Federal agents. Mr. Appleby may have the freedom of my office in his investigation."

The Rev. Mirza S. Poulson, pastor of the Ventnor Community Church, and Chairman of the Civic Affairs Committee of the Atlantic City Ministerial Union, which includes every Protestant minister in the city, revealed last night for the first time that the union has had private detectives gathering evidence regarding conditions in Atlantic City. Regarding Mr. Appleby's charge of graft among Atlantic City officials, Mr. Poulson said:

"I think every word is true. I have got the evidence. You cannot get away from the cases now in court. Such a condition prevails all the time. The very things for which the defendants are now being tried are still in existence. Some of the people convicted are already operating again. I personally investigated some of the conditions."

# MELLON WON'T TELL OF EMBASSY LIQUOR

## Informs House Committee He Cannot "Properly" Reveal Importations by Diplomats.

## HUGHES QUOTES THE LAW

### And Says the Department of State Has Nothing to Do With Administration of It.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Secretary Mellon has informed the House Judiciary Committee that he could not "properly" furnish Congress with information as to the amount of intoxicating liquors brought into this country by foreign diplomatic representatives. Secretary Hughes has written to the committee calling attention to rulings by Attorney General Palmer in 1919 that foreign diplomats were immune from the operation of the prohibition amendment and the Enforcement act.

Information as to importations by diplomatic representatives of foreign Governments and as to the authority under which they were permitted would be called for under a resolution introduced recently by Representative Cramton of Michigan after the police had stated that embassies and legations were the source of much of the liquor handled by Washington bootleggers.

The resolution was referred to the House Judiciary Committee and Chairman Volstead formally communicated its contents to Secretaries Mellon and Hughes.

After reading their replies Mr. Cramton sought today to have the House discharge the committee from further consideration of the resolution and to take a vote immediately on the measure itself, but Speaker Gillett ruled that a resolution from the Rules Committee offered by Chairman Campbell had the right of way. Mr. Cramton appealed from the ruling, but the House sustained it, 165 to 127. Mr. Volstead having declared it was unnecessary to clog the House machinery with the resolution.

Subsequently Mr. Cramton made public copies of the letters from the Secretaries.

**Immune, Says Mr. Mellon.**

Mr. Mellon wrote that it was well established that diplomatic representatives of foreign Governments are entitled to the free entry of goods as a matter of international usage and comity.

"In order to provide the necessary safeguards against unauthorized importations by persons not enjoying diplomatic status," the letter continued, "the Treasury requires that diplomatic credentials be presented and receives reports of all importations of intoxicating liquors by diplomatic representatives of foreign Governments.

"The Treasury does not, of course, endeavor to exercise control over the disposition of intoxicating liquors delivered to diplomatic representatives of foreign Governments, and it is manifest that it could not do so without infringing their diplomatic privileges and immunities. Nor could it properly give out any reports or other information as to importations of intoxicating liquors by foreign diplomatic representatives, in view of their diplomatic status and the protection of person and property to which that entitles them."

In his letter to Chairman Volstead Secretary Hughes said:

"I have the honor to state that I am entirely willing to furnish the committee of the information which I can properly transmit, and for this purpose the adoption of the resolution is unnecessary.

**No Rules by State Department.**

"1. Regarding the inquiry concerning the rules and regulations, if any, adopted by this department or any officer thereof with reference to the importation into the United States and transportation therein of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes for representatives of foreign Governments having a diplomatic status, I may observe that the administration of the law regarding this subject is, as you know, not vested in this department, and neither the Department of State nor any officer thereof has issued or prescribed any rules or regulations with reference to the importation or transportation of intoxicating liquors belonging to diplomatic representatives of foreign Governments.

"2. As to the inquiry 'to what representatives of foreign Governments having a diplomatic status in the United States have certificates of identification been issued by or on behalf of the Department of State since Jan. 17, 1920, for the purpose of enabling such representatives to secure any such importation,' I beg to say:

"As you are doubtless aware, diplomatic officers accredited by foreign Governments to the United States and received as such, together with the members of their missions, including their families and servants, are immune from arrest and their baggage and property cannot be distrained, seized or attached.

"In this connection I may call your attention to the provisions of Sections 4062 to 4065 of the Revised Statutes of the United States in relation to the inviolability of the person and property of diplomatic officers and their domestics and domestic servants. Section 4065 of the Revised Statutes provides that the immunities granted by the preceding section are not to 'apply to any case where the person against whom the process is issued is a domestic servant of a public minister, unless the name of the servant has before the issuing thereof, been registered in the Department of State and transmitted by the Secretary of State to the Marshal of the District of Columbia, who shall upon receipt thereof post the same in some public place in his office.' It has been customary for many years for this department to issue, at the request of foreign diplomatic officers, certificates of identification to themselves or for their domestic servants duly registered in order that such persons might not experience difficulties in obtaining the immunities to which they are entitled.

"Copies of the form of certificates of identification issued are enclosed. The department does not require a statement of the purposes for which these certificates are to be used, nor do the certificates that are issued indicate that they are to be used for any specific purpose.

"Copies of requests for certificates showing that they are desired in order to secure diplomatic privileges and immunities and the purposes of the requests were transmitted to the Treasury Department for its information.

**Hughes Cites His Authority.**

"3. Concerning the inquiry as to the authority of law under which the department acts in such matters, I may state that it acts under the recognized principles of international law, the sections of the revised statutes referred to above, and the pertinent court decisions."

Mr. Hughes enclosed copies of opinions by A. Mitchell Palmer, as Attorney General in 1919, and Alexander C. King, as Assistant Attorney General in 1920, holding that the prohibition amendment and enforcement act could not be made applicable in the case of diplomats and their domestic servants.

"Laws prohibiting importation are enforced by criminal prosecution and by seizure and forfeiture of goods," said Mr. Palmer's opinion. "They cannot be enforced against a diplomatic representative, who is immune from arrest and whose goods and chattels are not subject to seizure. It follows that a shipment of liquors from abroad addressed to a diplomatic representative in the District of Columbia cannot be seized or molested, and hence its entry must be permitted. Having thus entered the country, the transportation from the seaport to its destination is an incident of foreign and not interstate commerce, and hence not prohibited.

## *Union Sues to Make Man Quit His Non-Union Employment*

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 15.—An injunction suit to ascertain whether labor unions can bind members by contracts not to work in non-union shops was filed in Superior Court here today by the International Stereotypers and Electrotypers Union against Clifford Meyer, a former member of the union.

"We are seeking to learn if the decision by Chief Justice Taft in the Coronado case can be invoked by labor as well as by the employer," William Thorndyke, the union's attorney, said.

The suit alleges that on July 28, 1921, Meyer, then a member of the Electrotypers Union, signed an agreement not to accept non-union employment, but that he went to work for a non-union printing concern on Jan. 29, 1923. The suit asks the court to enjoin Meyer from continuing work in the non-union shop.

# MONTAGNES BEGIN THEIR PRISON TERMS

## Four Brothers, Wealthy Distillers and Prominent Socially, in Essex County Jail.

## GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

### Appear at Federal Building Early With Suitcases and Bundles of Magazines.

The four La Montagne brothers, Montaigu, Rene, William A. and Morgan E., wealthy distillers and prominent socially in New York and other cities, began yesterday to serve short prison terms in the Essex County Jail, near Newark, N. J., after having pleaded guilty last week before Federal Judge Francis A. Winslow to charges of conspiracy to violate the Volstead act and Internal Revenue law by withdrawing liquors on forged permits and selling the same to persons other than those holding the proper permits to purchase.

Each brother was fined $2,000 by Judge Winslow and all but Montaigu were sentenced to four months in jail. Montaigu was sentenced to two months because he was not named in the second indictment with the other brothers. When they were sentenced last week, Judge Winslow gave the defendants until yesterday morning to get their personal and business affairs in shape for a prolonged vacation.

Promptly at 8 o'clock yesterday morning they appeared at the Federal Building, fashionably dressed and carrying suit cases, and surrendered to United States Marshal William O. Hecht. The early hour was selected because it was desired to attract as little attention as possible. Marshal Hecht had been informed the day before as to the hour to expect the defendants and he was on hand with his chief deputy, Albert D. Bonner, and two deputies. With the four young men and their hand bags the marshal and his deputies proceeded by automobile to the jail near Newark. The suit cases contained linen and underwear. Each prisoner had a bundle of magazines and newspapers.

The prisoners at first appeared gloomy but soon recovered and joked with the Marshal and his Deputies and later with fellow prisoners. First the prisoners were taken to the jail office, where they were formally booked under the direction of Warden McGuiness. They gave their occupations as merchants. The warden put them in charge of keepers, who took them to cells in the north wing.

Montaigu inquired of the keepers as to the time of the first meal—luncheon—and as to what the menu would consist of. He was informed that he would have roast beef, mashed potatoes, lima beans and the choice of coffee or chocolate.

"That seems pretty good for 75 cents a day," he said. His reference was to the price the Federal Government pays to Essex County for the keep of Federal prisoners.

The prisoners considered that the jail seemed pretty much like a hotel, as they get free shaves, free baths, have electric lights, library privileges and good meals.

Apparently the brothers enjoyed their two meals yesterday. The meals were left in the corridors for them by one of the jail attendants. No napkins were provided. Breakfast this morning of eat meal, bread, butter and coffee cost 4½ cents, it was said. The supper last night consisted of macaroni, a little meat, bread and butter and tea, and cost 11½ cents a plate. Visitors will be allowed to see the prisoners from 1:30 to 2:30 P. M. on Tuesdays and Fridays. A handshake is permitted, but visiting will be carried on through a wire screen.

## SEIZE RUM IN CLUB ON RIVERSIDE DRIVE

### *Dry Agents Get a Key and Watch Dance by Women in Hawaiian Costume.*

Under the direction of Gus J. Simons, Chief Federal Prohibition Enforcement Agent for this State, dry agents early yesterday morning raided a club in a four-story residence at 152 Riverside Drive, near Eighty-eighth Street, and seized about forty quarts of whisky and champagne and arrested two men. There were about thirty persons in the place, and a Hawaiian band played while several women in Hawaiian costumes danced.

Chief Simons said he had received information that crowds gathered nightly at the house and freely partook of liquor. Agents Charles Guttman, Henry Drescher and Peter Reager ascertained that the only means of access to the house was by key to the front door. In some manner they obtained a key and as they wore evening clothes, no questions were asked. They allege that they had no trouble in obtaining drinks.

They arrested George Davis, the alleged owner of the club, and Hugo Zimmer, a waiter.

Five men were arrested yesterday afternoon by the same agents in connection with the alleged purchase of 25 cases of "White Horse Cellar" Scotch whisky. The prisoners gave their names as Munson G. Shaw, 45 years old, of 24 West Fifty-fifth Street, President of the Alex. D. Shaw Company, importers, with offices at 40 Water Street; George Watson of 12 Leonard Street, Brooklyn, a salesman for the company; George D. Smith of 496 Stone Avenue, Brooklyn, chauffeur for the company; Frank Grossman of William Rednepp, commission merchants, 1154 Nassau Street, and Joseph Guaino, 28 Hamilton Street, owner of a garage at 32 Hamilton Street.

The amount paid for the whisky was $1,675, according to the agents. The whisky was delivered at the garage. Payment was made in marked money. Then the prisoners were taken to the Clinton Street Station and locked up. Roy Nichoff, general Federal prohibition agent, is responsible for the negotiations that resulted, it is alleged, in the sale and delivery of the whisky.

The Alex

# MUSIC

By RICHARD ALDRICH.

### Bruno Walter Conducts.

Another of the visiting conductors in New York, "guests," made his appearance yesterday afternoon for the first time—Bruno Walter—conducting the New York Symphony Orchestra in the brief interim between Mr. Coates's departure and Mr. Damrosch's return. Mr. Walter has lately been active in Munich, and before that was in Vienna as an operatic conductor.

He showed yesterday, however, that he is also quite at home on the concert stage. His program comprised Beethoven's "Leonore Overture"—miraculous dictu, not No. 3, but No. 2—Mozart's Symphony in D, one not frequently played, and Brahms's first symphony. This is not such a selection as is usually made by "guest" conductors wishing to make impressive effects. Only the symphony by Brahms is among the familiar items of the orchestral repertory, and that, indeed, had been played here last week.

Mr. Walter's reading was not one devoted chiefly to attaining the fullest and richest colors, or to drenching the work in fine sonorities; although Brahms's orchestration was made to glow. He sought for the finest and subtlest exposition of the outline, delicate contrasts, significant phrasing, pulsing rhythms, subtle modifications of tempo—modifications that were not thrown at the listener's head, but were such as to be felt, rather than noticed. It was the reading of a sensitive musician, forceful without violence—the statement of the horn theme and one or two bursts of the kettle drum in the last movement made the nearest approach to violence—and finding and emphasizing more than anything else the poetic feeling, the romantic pulse of the movement. In one or two places some may have found the tempo more measured than was needful or right as the broad theme of the last movement. But on the whole the performance was one of distinction, a true representation of Brahms's thought and intention.

The playing of Mozart's symphony was especially fine in its delicacy, its clarity, its naïveté, its beauty of tone, its gracious spirit. And in giving a hearing to Beethoven's second Leonore overture Mr. Walter did a service to many who have not heard this version of the work or who have not heard it for many years. It is obviously less great, less magisterial than the form in which it is generally known; less moving in its dramatic suggestion. Yet it has a beauty and a practical significance of its own that make it something more than a historical document illustrating the workings of Beethoven's genius, a mere object of comparison.

Mr. Walter's methods as a conductor, so far as they are revealed to the public, are of the simplest. His movements are direct and explicit, intended to obtain results already known and accomplished at rehearsal. He has nothing for public view, either in the expression of his back or the curve of his left arm. He has authority and knowledge of orchestral technique. There was an evident intention on his part in yesterday's concert to play the several movements of the two symphonies without applause for rest, refreshment and applause; but the public accustomed to applaud at the end of each symphonic movement, did not allow this purpose to be carried out entirely.

Mr. Walter was hospitably greeted and received cordial approbation from his audience.

### Frederic Lamond's Recital.

Frederic Lamond, the British pianist, who, returning to New York after some twenty years played with the Philharmonic Society a short time ago, gave a recital last evening in Aeolian Hall. It was a notable occasion, even in this season crowded with the offerings of great pianists. Mr. Lamond's style is individual, his own. He is an artist who seeks the highest things, and whose interpretations are the result of a great artist's devotion to mastering and possessing himself of the meanings and intentions of great composers.

Mr. Lamond has the reputation of a certain austerity of style. When he appeared here twenty years ago, it was more noticeable than it is today. His style has been mellowed and enriched; and in his playing last evening there were the finer perceptions of many kinds and shades of beauty.

He began with Brahms's variations on a theme of Paganini's, one of the master's most involved and difficult works, itself regarded often as austere, a grim entertainment in moving the chessmen in many contrapuntal gambits. But Mr. Lamond showed that it was not so. He mastered the technical difficulties of this music in a way that enabled him to show an inner spirit of geniality, an artistic significance not easily uncovered in its maze of complex rhythms and difficult figurations.

Why Mr. Lamond has a special reputation as a Beethoven player was to be perceived in his playing of the "Appassionata" sonata of that master; a performance that was not the obligatory exercise of a pianist, but one that disclosed its beauty and its passion and at the same time the logic of them both. On the same level was his playing of Chopin's sonata in B flat minor. The sonata was delivered with power, even with vehemence; not, perhaps, with so varied a palette of tonal colors as some will bring to it, but with a wide variety of expression. That variety did not include a sentimental conception of the funeral march; it had somberness, a grave tenderness, and it seemed a definite exposition of the composer's meaning unadorned.

The other pieces on the program were by Glazounoff and Liszt. Mr. Lamond was much applauded by an audience of large size.

## JERITZA SINGS AT BENEFIT.

### Appears in "Tosca" at Metropolitan—Galli-Curci in "Rigoletto."

Jeritza in "Tosca" and Galli-Curci in "Rigoletto" sang to sold-out houses at the Metropolitan yesterday, the first "four opera" day this season in New York. The matinee was a benefit for The Boys' Club, at Avenue A and Tenth Street, whose patrons filled the boxes. With Mmes. Jeritza for the sixth time appeared Messrs. Martinelli, Scotti and a familiar cast, and Mr. Moranzoni conducted.

Messrs. Lauri-Volpi, De Luca and Rothier were among those heard with Mme. Galli-Curci last night, under Mr. Papi's direction, and while the cold wave had laid low some singers of late, it seemed to have been kind to the voices on Broadway.

## JOHN BARRYMORE IN FILMS.

### He Will Appear in "Deburau" and "Beau Brummel."

Before sailing for Europe last Saturday John Barrymore signed a contract to appear in motion pictures to be produced by Warner Brothers. It was announced yesterday. He will play the leading role in "Deburau," the screen rights to which the Warners recently obtained from David Belasco, and also in an adaptation of Clyde Fitch's "Beau Brummel," it is said. His work in the studio is expected to begin soon after his return from abroad.

### Scenario Contest for Colleges.

Carl Laemmle, President of the Universal Pictures Corporation, will conduct a scenario contest among college students this Spring, it was announced yesterday. A prize of $1,000 will be paid to the author of the winning scenario, an equal amount will be donated to the endowment fund of his college and in addition the screen rights to the scenario will be purchased from the author for not less than $500. The contest will close on May 15 next and information as to the rules under which it will be conducted should be obtained from the Universal Pictures Corporation, 1,600 Broadway, New York City. Each contestant must submit his scenario through his college and not directly to the corporation.

### Fern Oakley of "Follies" Married.

Fern Oakley, a member of the chorus of the "Ziegfeld Follies," was married yesterday to John Wilton Crosby, formerly a moving picture actor of 8 West Forty-seventh Street. The ceremony was performed in Greenwich, Conn., by Justice of the Peace O'Neil. Miss Oakley was accompanied by Miss Margery Whittington, also a member of the "Follies" chorus.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Humoresque," with Laurette Taylor as the mother in this dramatization of Fannie Hurst's story, is the vehicle at the Vanderbilt Theatre on Tuesday, Feb. 27.

A special performance of Eugene O'Neill's "The Hairy Ape" will be given at the Plymouth Theatre on Sunday evening, with the members of the Moscow Art Theatre and the Chauve Souris as guests of honor.

The first of a number of special matinees of "The Chastening," a new play by Charles Rann Kennedy, will be given this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre by the Equity Players. Edith Wynne Matthison, Margaret Gage and Mr. Kennedy are in the cast.

Paul Whiteman and his Palais Royal Orchestra have been engaged by Charles B. Cochran for the London Hippodrome, starting March 10.

A benefit performance for the United Home for Aged Hebrews will be given Sunday evening at the Earl Carroll Theatre.

A theatre party, for which the entire seating capacity of the house has been bought, will be given at "The Last Warning" by the Brooklyn League of the Hebrew National Orphan Home.

Rosalind Fuller, recently the Ophelia in John Barrymore's "Hamlet," will give a recital of English and Scottish folk songs and the mad scene from "Hamlet" at the Broadway Theatre on Feb. 25, at 2 P. M. She will be assisted by Anita Enters in "Danses Originals."

## MOTION PICTURE NOTES.

New photoplays on Broadway next week will be "Down to the Sea in Ships," with Raymond McKee and Marguerite Courtot, directed by Elmer Clifton, at the Cameo; "The Hottentot," with Douglas McLean, a Thomas H. Ince production, at the Strand, and "Racing Hearts," with Agnes Ayres, at the Rivoli.

"The Message of Emile Coue," the authorised film on autosuggestion made by M. Coue while he was in this country, will be shown on the regular program of the Rivoli next week. It will be privately exhibited at the Criterion Theatre tomorrow afternoon.

"The Christian," directed by Maurice Tourneur, will remain for a second week at the Capitol, beginning Sunday.

"Adam and Eva," with Marion Davies, and "The Einstein Theory of Relativity," will move from the Rivoli to the Rialto on Sunday.

Charlie Chaplin's latest comedy, "The Pilgrim," will be shown at the Strand week after next.

The German version of "Othello," with Emil Jannings as the Moor and Werner Kraus as Iago, will begin a two weeks' engagement at the Criterion on Feb. 25.

## MUSIC NOTES.

Lotta Van Buren will give a clavichord recital at the Abigail Adams Mansion, 421 East Sixty-first Street, tomorrow at 11 A. M., playing music by "eighteenth century children" whose names happened to be Galuppi, Mosart and Bach.

Hungarian and other musicians have planned a Louis V. Rosza memorial concert at the Hippodrome on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 25. Mr. Rosza, a baritone of the Metropolitan last year, died in Detroit while on tour with the Dippel company.

## GATTI LOANS A SINGER AND SAVES 'RHEINGOLD'

### Schuetzendorf of Metropolitan Replaces Zador, Ill, at Start of Cycle of Nibelung Dramas.

DER RING DES NIBELUNGEN, an opera representation in three days and an introduction. DAS RHEINGOLD, in four continuous scenes, prelude to the cycle. German text and music by Richard Wagner. At the Manhattan Opera House.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wotan | Friedrich Plaschke |
| Donner | Benno Ziegler |
| Froh | Heinz Bollmann |
| Loge | Paul Schwarz |
| Alberich | Gustav Schuetzendorf |
| Mime | Edwin Steier |
| Fasold | Alexander Kipnis |
| Ratner | Ernest Lehmann |
| Fricka | Emma Baasth |
| Freia | Hede Mex |
| Erda | Ottilie Metzger |
| Woglinde | Editha Fleischer |
| Wellgunde | Meta Seinemeyer |
| Flosshilde | Jessika Kostrick |

Conductor—Eduard Moerike.

Times have changed when the once warring Manhattan Opera House may ring up the Metropolitan Director's office at 11:30 A. M. to ask the loan of a singer for "Rheingold" at 2:15 the same day. A note in yesterday's bills of the opening "Ring" cycle, so narrowly got under way in Thirty-fourth Street after months of promise, said that "Through the courtesy of the management of the Metropolitan Opera House, Mr. Schuetzendorf has the kindness to sing the part of Alberich, in place of Desider Zador, who is indisposed." Mr. Gatti-Casazza, who has given pioneer Wagner performances in Italy in his day, received warm praise for his official action, without which the Berlin company's performance could not have taken place.

A beginning was thus made of the German artists' cycle of the Nibelung dramas, a re-entrance of the gods of the Bayreuth Mountain, to be continued in heroic or human sequel on Feb. 22, 24 and 26, in addition to repetitions of the first two in a second Starlit Evening meanwhile. There was a more than fairly large house. For yesterday's was the first "Rheingold" in New York since Feb. 1, 1917, in a then month-long cycle on Broadway, where the singers had been Matzenauer, Ober and Rappold, Hermann Weil, Sembach, Reiss, Goritz and Braun, few of whom remain here today.

The new singers of "the Ring" were those heard in Wagner's works for the first time at the Manhattan this week. As Rhine Maidens—a role in which great Lilli Lahmann had begun her career in 1876 at Bayreuth—there were Mmes. Seinemeyer and Koetrik, from last Monday's "Meistersinger," with Editha Fleischer added as high voice of their tuneful trio. Mr. Plaschke, the Hans Sachs, was now Wotan; Paul Schwarz, then a modest David, became a really striking and mischievous Loge, while Zador, the Beckmesser, was to have been the Alberich.

Gustav Schuetzendorf, singing the miser dwarf in his place, had but lately taken leave of Munich in the same role under the baton of Bruno Walter, yesterday's début ant symphony conductor elsewhere in town. The Metropolitan baritone made a thrilling effect in Alberich's curse of the lost gold; his mutterings as he lay bound on the stage carried to the furthest galleries in the intimate Manhattan accoustics. Editha Fleischer, a newcomer as Mime, was also acceptable. It was a good day all round for the men.

Mme. Ottilie Metzger, once a visitor in concerts here, sang Erda's noble music in the closing scene in superb voice, ringing and golden, but in absolute invisibility, owing to a failure of lights in her cave, until she came out to bow after the final curtain. Emma Baasth, heard in minor parts hitherto, was the German goddess Fricka, her voice at moments having a suggestion of Olive Fremstad. Hede Mex sang Freia, to some of Wagner's most Springlike melodies.

"Rheingold" was staged simply, the Rhine Maids running about instead of "swimming" on wires, yet not without marine illusion. The foreground of too, too solid rocks and trees in later scenes was kept dark, the figures silhouetted against a background bathed in color and light. An especially successful effect was the passage of thunder clouds and the rainbow bridge, built only by lantern light thrown on the scene.

Mr. Moericke again gained from the American orchestra a surprising degree of charm in Wagner's rich score, lightly played, but affording transparent contrast of recurring themes in alluring variety.

One of the largest audiences of the week greeted the Manhattan's first "light" opera last evening, Johann Strauss's "Die Fledermaus," his famous Viennese classic, first saw the lights of Broadway at the Casino March 16, 1885, and it once furnished a Roman holiday at Conried's Metropolitan benefit, Feb. 15, 1905.

Heinz Bollman and Marcella Roeseler were the Eisensteins of last night's masked ball, Miss Basath the Prince Orlofsky, Paul Schwarz the singing teacher, Miss Fleischer the maid, with Heffer as Frosch the jailer and Miss Lotte Baldamus, Messrs. Ziegler, Hegar and Hofbauer in other rôles. Otto Schwarz, unannounced, conducted the unforgotten and unforgetable waltzes and polkas of the palmy days.

### Cecilia Guider in Soprano Songs.

Cecilia Guider sang a program of familiar soprano songs before a small audience in Carnegie Hall last evening. Giuseppe Adami played several violin selections including Burleigh's "From a Wigwam," which seemed to please his hearers more than the others. The singing of "Non so piu cosa, son" from Mozart's "Le Nozze di Figaro" revealed a voice of strength and resonant tones, but little variety of style. Frederic Persson at the piano, afforded good support for the singing and violin playing.

## Today's Radio Program

Feb. 16, 1923.

**STATION WEAF, NEW YORK.**
400-Meter Wave Length.

6:30 P. M.—Solos by Lelia Brown, soprano.
6:45 P. M.—Genevieve Slingerman, piano.
7:00 P. M.—Lelia Brown, soprano.
7:15 P. M.—Piano solos by Genevieve Slingerman.
7:30 P. M.—Recital by Ethel Mae Nelds, soprano.

**STATION WJZ, NEWARK.**
360-Meter Wave Length.

9:00 A. M.—Early morning reports; prices on farm products.
11:58 A. M.—Standard time signals; weather forecast.
12:00 M.—Opening prices on active bonds and stocks, grain, coffee and sugar; midday reports and prices on farm products; music.
3:00 P. M.—Recital by Arthur Rubenstein, pianist.
4:00 P. M.—Closing prices on stocks, bonds, grain, coffee and sugar; fashions.
5:40 P. M.—Youth's Companion stories.
5:45 P. M.—Crystal Waters, soprano.
6:50 P. M.—Conditions of leading industries by the Magazine of Wall Street.
7:00 P. M.—Musical program.
7:30 P. M.—Yeah R. Lannanan, soprano; Esther Dickie, piano.
7:45 P. M.—"Sports," by W. J. Slocum.
8:15 P. M.—"The Business Outlook," by Dr. Warren Hickernall.
8:30 P. M.—Literary talks.
9:30 P. M.—Vocal and instrumental selections by the Right Quintet.
9:55 P. M.—Arlington time signals; weather forecast.
10:00 P. M.—Program to be announced.

**STATION WOR, NEWARK.**
400-Meter Wave Length.

6:00 P. M.—Recitations by Mrs. Lillian Block.
6:45 P. M.—Olive Eadie, contralto.
7:00 P. M.—Recitations by Mrs. Lillian Block.
7:15 P. M.—Songs by Olive Eadie.
8:00 P. M.—"Selecting the Right Vocation for the College Student," by G. H. Clark.
8:15 P. M.—"Chicago Six-Day Race," by Willie Sullivan.
8:20 P. M.—"Sporting News," by Fred J. Bendell.
9:00 P. M.—"Man in the Moon Stories."
9:00 P. M.—Maxim Saslow, violin.
9:00 P. M.—"Ancient and Modern China," J. D. Bush.
9:20 P. M.—Talk by C. Morley.
9:30 P. M.—Helen Romanoff, soprano.
9:45 P. M.—Recitation by Theodora Van Nest.
9:50 P. M.—National staff band and male chorus of the Salvation Army.
10:30 P. M.—Sterling Male Quartet.

**STATION WGY, SCHENECTADY.**
370-Meter Wave Length.

11:00 M.—Standard time signals.
12:00 P. M.—Stock market quotations.
12:15 P. M.—Weather report (485 meters).
2:00 P. M.—Music and talk, "Easy Methods of Cooking," Mrs. Edward P. Fressey.
3:00 P. M.—Produce and stock market quotations; news bulletins.
6:30 P. M.—"Grimm's Fairy Tales," by Kolin Hager.
7:00 P. M.—"Saving Sight," by Mrs. Winifred Mathewson.
8:00 P. M.—Radiodrama: "The Third Degree." Music by instrumental quartet.
10:30 P. M.—Concert by instrumental trio.

**STATION WBZ, SPRINGFIELD, MASS.**
422-Meter Wave Length.

7:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
7:45 P. M.—"Preparation of Federal Income Tax," by Thomas McCarry. "Sow Good Seed," from U. S. Dept. of Agriculture.
8:00 P. M.—Willard M. Clark, baritone; Benjamin F. Buxton, piano.

**STATION WGI, MEDFORD, MASS.**
360-Meter Wave Length.

10:30 A. M.—Weather forecast (485 meters).
3:00 P. M.—Midafternoon news.
5:00 P. M.—Children's stories.
6:15 P. M.—Code practice.
9:30 P. M.—Concert by the Huntington Trio—violin, 'cello, piano.

**STATION KDKA, EAST PITTSBURGH.**
360-Meter Wave Length.

10:00 A.M.—Music.
12:30 P. M.—Music and weather report.
6:15 P. M.—Concert by the trio from KDKA Little Symphony Orchestra.
7:15 P. M.—News; report of the New York Stock Exchange.
7:30 P. M.—"Dreamtime Lady."
7:45 P. M.—Report on world trade conditions.
8:00 P. M.—Business address.
8:10 P. M.—"Touch Stones," by Marjory Stewart.
8:30 P. M.—Concert by the trio from the KDKA Little Symphony Orchestra.

**STATION WWJ, DETROIT, MICH.**
400-Meter Wave Length.

8:30 P. M.—The Town Crier; The Detroit News Orchestra; Anne Campbell, poet; Earl M. Dodds, bass; Herbert Fehner, pianist.

**STATION KYW, CHICAGO.**
400-Meter Wave Length.
(Central Standard Time.)

6:30 P. M.—Bedtime stories.
8:00 P. M. to 9:00 P. M.—Musical program by Mary Judah, soprano; Andrew C. Grant, tenor; Isham Jones Orchestra; the Purple Derby Orchestra.
9:00 P. M.—News and sports.
9:05 P. M. to 9:25 P. M.—Book review.
11:30 P. M. to 1:00 A. M.—Midnight show.

**STATION WOO, DAVENPORT, IOWA.**
400-Meter Wave Length.
(Central Standard Time.)

6:45 P. M.—Chimes concert.
6:55 P. M.—Sandman's visit.
7:00 P. M.—Orchestra concert.
8:00 P. M.—"Thrift," by Frank B. Tutter.

**STATION WSB, ATLANTA, GA.**
400-Meter Wave Length.

8:15 P. M. to 9 P. M.—Joe Brattan, saxophone; Bonnie Barnhardt, soprano.
11:45 P. M.—Radiowl concert.

**STATION WHAS, LOUISVILLE, KY.**
360-Meter Wave Length.

8:30 P. M. to 10 P. M.—Vocal and violin solos.

**STATION NAA, ARLINGTON, VA.**
710-Meter Wave Length.

8:00 P. M.—Concert by U. S. Navy Orchestra.


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Extra Mat. Washington's Birthday
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MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION
Sally, Irene and Mary

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Mary The 3rd

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MOVES TO APOLLO Thes. MON. FEB. 19TH Next Week

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NATIONAL Th., 41st St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Wed., 2:30
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The Love & Laughter Hit, "MIKE ANGELO"
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F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present
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NAZIMOVA "DAGMAR" HERSELF as

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BEN-AMI in THE MARVELOUS
MUSICAL ROMANCE
JOHANNES KREISLER
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OLIVER MOROSCO Presents
EMILY STEVENS in The Sporting Thing To Do
A New Comedy by Thompson Buchanan with A TYPICAL MOROSCO CAST including: H. Reeves Smith, Clara Joel, William Boyd, Ethel Winthrop, Jack Raffael, Robert Hudson, Walter Dennett and others.

AL'S HERE PLYMOUTH 2:12TH PERFORMANCE TONIGHT 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30.
'The Old Soak'
By DON MARQUIS

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES & SUCCESSES.

EMPIRE B'WAY. 40th ST. Mts. Tom'w. Feb. 22
BILLIE BURKE in Booth Tarkington's "ROSE BRIAR"

JANE COWL as "JULIET" HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee TOMORROW and WASHINGTON'S B'DAY

LYCEUM 45 St., Near B'way. Evs. at 8. Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. at 2. MATINEE TODAY AT 2.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
DAVID WARFIELD as SHYLOCK in THE MERCHANT OF VENICE FAREWELL NIGHT, MARCH 10TH.

New Amsterdam Theatre, 42 St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:10
POP. PRICE MATS. TOMOR'W & FEB. 22
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

VANDERBILT 48 St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Tom'w & Wed.
GLORY
THE GLORIOUS MUSICAL COMEDY
Holiday Matinee Washington's Birthday.

GEO. M. COHAN THEATRE B'way & 43d St. MATS. TOMOR'W, WED. & FEB. 22.
THE LOVE CHILD

SAM H. HARRIS, who produced "Rain," "Secrets," "Music Box Revue," and other current successes, invites your attention to his latest success—
"ICEBOUND"
By OWEN DAVIS—Staged By SAM FORREST.
"If Moscow implores us to send a play in return for those that Moscow sent us, we might send 'Icebound,'" —*American.*
SAM H. HARRIS THEATRE W. 42nd STREET. Evs. at 8:10. MATS. TOM'W, WED. & FEB. 22.

KLAW, 251 W. 45 St. Evs. 8:37. Mts. Tom'w & Thurs.
THE LAST WARNING with WILLIAM COURTLEIGH
7th MONTH
EARL CARROLL Thes., 7 Av. 50 St.
THE GINGHAM GIRL with Eddie Buzzell and Star Cast
Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs., 2:30.
"Best Musical Comedy in Town."—Alan Dale.
Extra Pop. Mat. Fri., Feb. 23, 75c to $2
AT THE GLOBE
roars of laughter foll out on Broadway when merry makers get going in
LADY BUTTERFLY
—just the best musical entertainment in town
*Good seats at Box Office for all performances*
NEW MATINEE SATURDAY.
HOLIDAY MATINEE NEXT THURSDAY

ELTINGE 42 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:35 Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Feb. 22, 2:30
HELEN MACKELLAR in "THE MASKED WOMAN"
with LOWELL SHERMAN

MERTON OF THE MOVIES with Glenn Hunter—Florence Nash
CORT 48th, E. of B'way Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. and Feb. 22.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Feb. 22, 2:10
GEORGE M. COHAN COMEDIANS in The New American Song and Dance Show
"LITTLE NELLIE KELLY"

BETTER TIMES AT THE HIPPODROME EVES. 8:15. MATS. 2:15. 1,000 Seats Daily. Mats., 25c. Nights, 50c.

PUNCH & JUDY 49th, E. of B'way. Mats. Today and Tom'w
A SQUARE PEG

Music Box 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Feb. 22, 2:15
Irving Berlin's MUSIC BOX REVUE
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
Staged by Hassard Short
3 MATS. NEXT WEEK—WED., THURS. & SAT.

"THE FOOL'S REVENGE"
At BRAMHALL PLAYHOUSE
27th St. & Lex. Ave. EVERY EVENING AND TOMORROW MATINEE. Admission Free
FREE THEATRE

TOWN HALL
Tuesday Eve., Feb. 27th, at 8:15
RUTH ST. DENIS
with TED SHAWN
and THE DENISHAWN DANCERS
IN CLASSIC DANCES OF THE ORIENT AND THE OCCIDENT
SEATS $1.00 to $2.50 NOW AT BOX OFFICE. 113 WEST 48 ST.—PHONE 9447 BRYANT.
—KNABE PIANO USED—

OPERA TICKETS Phone 7877 Bryant 7878
Choice Seats for Tonight.
Subscriptions Bought Sold, Exchanged, All Operas All Parts at the House
CONSOLI 30 West 39th St. Casino Theatre Building.

CARNEGIE HALL, Thurs. Aft., Feb. 22 at 3—Song Recital—REINALD
WERRENRATH
POPULAR PROGRAM. (Steinway Piano)

AEOLIAN HALL, WED. AFT., FEB. 21 at 3
RECITAL
FRANCES NASH
Mgt: EVELYN HOPPER. (Chickering Piano)

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Louise Homer
Contralto, and
Louise Homer Stires
Soprano
Mon. Eve., Feb. 19, at 8:15.
Popular Prices

GAIETY B'way at 46 St. Evs. 8:40. Matinees Tom'w, Wed., Feb. 22
Loyalties By JOHN GALSWORTHY

LIZA DALY'S, 63D ST. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Tomorrow Midnight Perf. Every Wed. 11:45. Greatest Dancing Show

FULTON 46th St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Feb. 22.
SAM H. HARRIS Presents
MARGARET LAWRENCE SECRETS
Staged by SAM FORREST
2 MATS. NEXT WEEK—WED., THURS. & SAT.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomor'w & Thurs., 2:30.
510th Performance Tonight
DAVID BELASCO Presents
Lenore ULRIC as KIKI

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way, 38th St. Evs. 8:25. NIGHTS & SAT. MAT. & EVE., 50c to $2.50. Seats 6 Weeks Ahead.
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers
"Best Musical Production in Many a Day."—Sun.
THE CLINGING VINE with PEGGY WOOD
Extra Matinee Washington's Birthday.

¿Why Not? 39th St. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs., 2:30
"BEST COMEDY IN TOWN."—Life.
SPECIAL MATS. TODAY & TOM'W AT 2.
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON in The "CHASTENING," by Chas. Rann Kennedy.

HUDSON 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Wed. & Feb. 22, 2:30
GEORGE M. COHAN Presents
THE HIT OF THE TOWN
"SO THIS IS LONDON!"

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

KNICKERBOCKER GRILL
42d ST. AT BROADWAY— Telephone Bryant 2155
—BEGINNING TONIGHT—
10 P. M. TO 3 P. M.
SUPER DIVERTISSEMENT
HEADED BY
THE BARR TWINS—
"VERONICA"—MILDRED HALLIDAY
—SIBYLLA BOHAN AND OTHERS
DANCING—DINNER AND SUPPER
UNTIL 3 A. M.
EDDIE ELKINS' CELEBRATED ORCHESTRA

Nightly—after the Theatre
LILLIAN LORRAINE
*in Songs and Gown Creations*
THE GOLD ROOM
Atop the Beaux-Arts Building
80 WEST 40th St.
*Tel. Longacre 7470*
DANCING UNTIL 2 A. M.

HOTEL ASHTON
93d St. at Madison Ave. Lenox 0373.
Why pay high rates for unattractive accommodations? Here you pay little for just the rooms, service, etc., that you want. Rooms with or without bath.
The Ashton is convenient to all transit lines—one block from Park and Fifth Avenue.
Phone, Call or Write for Rates.

Hotel COLONIAL
56 West 81st Street, Northwest Corner of 81st St. & Columbus Ave.
Phone Schuyler 8380
Refined, comfortably furnished large rooms, sunny and quiet. The Colonial enjoys country-like atmosphere; near Central Park and the Drive; one of the most accessible hotels. "L" Station at door. Peculi

# BUSINESS WORLD

## COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Quarterly ..... 6@6½% for the best names.
Sixes and sevens ..... 6½@7% for the best names.
Four months' ..... 6@6½% for the best names.
Four mustaches are for six months' paper.

### Still After Winter Coats.

Despite the lateness of the season, there is still a certain amount of garment buying for Winter needs taking place here, according to some sellers. The demand, which comes from various sections of the country, is principally for coats of the medium and cheaper grades at job prices. It has been quite surprisingly long, and there is comparatively little merchandise available. It is explained that many retailers, including the largest, have had extremely good coat sales all season long, and the buying has been accentuated by the recent severely cold snaps, which have caused many women to buy new coats who had not planned on doing so.

***

### Raw Silk Situation.

There is no change to the local raw silk market. Business, according to H. L. Gwalter & Co., Inc., is limited to hand-to-mouth buying for the current needs of the mills. Prices rule firm under the influence of a strong tone in the primary markets. Double extra A is held at 2,230 yen and Sinshiu No. 1 at 1,170 yen at Yokohama, with no slightly increased transactions there over the week-end, the market has settled down again into inactivity. Any increase in buying is likely to advance prices. Quotations are nominal at Canton. They figure out at a basis about local parities for old season stocks. Little business is reported in new crop silk, buyers being unwilling to operate as far ahead as May-June shipments at present. A moderate demand continues at Shanghai for tussahs, with little stocks available of either steam filatures or testlees. The Milan market is higher, reelers asking 850 lire for best and 800 lire for single weaving for April-May shipment.

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### "Mama Doll" Competition.

Following the widespread popularity of the "mama" doll during the last season, one of this type is reported being placed on the market that can be retailed as low as 89 cents. Some of the exhibitors at the Toy Fair, now being held at the Hotels Imperial and Breslin, in talking of this new development yesterday, said that such a doll must be a greatly inferior one, marketed solely to meet the requirements of the cheaper retail trade, which wishes to have a doll of this kind that can be retailed around $1. While admitting the competition of this from a price standpoint, they pointed out that the voices used for it are low grade, costing about $21 per gross, whereas those used for the better dolls range upward from $30 per gross. The body of the cheaper doll is said to be stuffed with straw, and its clothing and general finish are not up to a high standard. The wholesale price to the jobbers of the better dolls ranges from $1 up, the popular retail price being about $2.

***

### No Eastern Quotations Yet.

Notwithstanding the rapidity with which Southern ginghams, recently priced for the Fall season, have been snapped up by wholesalers, Eastern makers of the goods are in no hurry to put out quotations on them. It is certain that nothing will be done this week in the way of pricing, and there is a possibility that the new quotations on Eastern ginghams will not become available before March 1 at the earliest. In quarters no effort is made of the fact that it is considered something of a gamble to price the goods now, with cotton in its present uncertain state, for delivery several months hence. In addition to this there is a belief that the wholesalers would rush as soon not be rushed into making Fall commitments, despite the fact that some of the Southern lines have already been sold up and withdrawn.

***

### Do Not Like Advances, but Buy.

Early indications are that the response of the retailers to the Fall offerings of underwear manufacturers who sell direct is very satisfactory, and that the retailers are operating, and conservatively and intelligently. While there has been considerable complaint at the price advances put into effect on some numbers, according to the current bulletin of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers, depleted stocks have more or less compelled buying. Although it is generally admitted that the advances which the manufacturers have put into effect are small in comparison to the increased production and materials costs, the retailers complain that the increases have put the goods out of certain definite price ranges that have become established by custom. This is especially true of boys' and girls' garments.

***

### Gray Goods Prices Strong.

Gray goods prices continued strong in this market yesterday and sales of standard printcloths were reported for deliveries running up to May on the basis of 12¾ cents for 39-inch 68-72s and 11¾ cents for 39½-inch 64-60s. Similar trading in 38½-inch 60-48s was reported at 9¾ cents. Prices on the higher count printcloths were firmly sustained on the basis of 13¼ cents for 38-inch 72-76s and 12¾ cents for 80 squares of the same width. Sheetings were fairly active yesterday, with the lighweight goods held at 10 cents for 36-inch 4-yard cloths and 9 cents for 6.50s of that width. Four-yard 56-60 sheetings were available at 12¾ cents, and 12¾ cents would buy 48-square cloths of the same weight. Sateens, pajama checks and fine-yarn cloths were reported more or less bare of feature.

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### Is Optimistic on Silks.

Silks are in active and strong demand at the present time, said Charles Cheney, Treasurer of Cheney Brothers, last night at the closing of the silk exposition. He added, "There are many indications that the improvement in these fabrics is based upon a sound foundation. The accumulation of stocks, which was a serious some time ago, has been liquidated and we no longer have this menace hanging over us. The trend of fashion is to silks, and the new styles call for a much larger yardage in each costume than has been the case for several years. Moreover, the changes in longer skirts precludes the possibility of remodeling or making over old garments and requires the purchase of new materials. As there does not appear to be any surplus of raw material, there is small likelihood of any break in prices and, consequently, small reason to postpone purchases in anticipation of lower quotations."

***

### Price Fall Dress Goods Lines.

Lines of cotton-warp and all-wool dress goods made by the Pacific Mills and sold through Lawrence & Co. were priced yesterday for the Fall season at levels showing advances of 5 to 10 per cent. over the last previous quotations. In the lines priced, in addition to staple storm and French serges, are cotton-warp and all-wool crepes, granites, Poiret twills, satin-faced Poirets, prunellas, &c. Comparative prices on some of the well-known staple lines follow:

| | Fall 1923. | Spring 1923. |
|---|---|---|
| 56-in. S. G., 35-inch storm serge | 48½ | .45 |
| 56-in. S., 35-inch French serge | .53½ | .52½ |
| 56-in. S., 41-inch French serge | .58½ | .62½ |
| 56-in. S., 35-inch storm serge | .67½ | .57½ |
| 56-in. L., 50-inch storm serge | .67½ | .57½ |
| 56-in. P., 54-inch storm serge | $1.03½ | .05 |
| 56-in. P. X., 54-inch French serge | 1.10 | $1.02½ |
| 56-in. P. X., 54-inch French serge | 1.45 | 1.35 |

* Cotton warp. † All wool.

***

### Colored Cottons Selling Well.

Percales and other colored cottons are selling freely here, despite the price advances that have been made on them of late. The recent rise of half a cent a yard in standard lines of percales has not lessened the call for them in cases where the goods are really wanted, buyers apparently now laying more stress on deliveries than on the price asked. The call for ginghams, chambrays and similar merchandise, as well as for the heavier colored goods that are still to be had, is generally strong. Jobbers in all parts of the country are buying well, with the possible exception of those situated in the coast section of the Carolinas. Reports from the Far South, notably New Orleans, tell of an excellent January business at wholesale, and trade was said yesterday to be in fine shape in Chicago, St. Louis and several of the other leading cities.

# DOEUILLET MODES HAVE SIMPLE LINES

## But Some Original Color Schemes Are Shown, Adapting Japanese Shades.

## BEADED AND EMBROIDERED

## Wraps and Coats Are Long at Back and Sides—Creped Materials for Gowns.

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By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Doeuillet's interpretation of Spring modes is along conservative lines, though strikingly original in color combinations and embroideries. Japanese colors and embroideries are Parisianized through a clever adaptation of the Far Eastern art. Many handsomely beaded evening gowns are shown, with a preference for all-white beaded garments, silver or gold lamée frocks, elaborately beaded or combined with all-over beaded chiffon. Elaborate evening wraps of lamée are shown to match the gowns, trimmed and lined with velvet in vivid shades of green, purple or cerise.

Afternoon frocks are of crêpe marocain satin or crêpe de Chine, in all new browns, from tortoise to Autumn shades. There are also smart frocks of black crêpe satin. Silk crêpe dresses are distinguished by a marked use of the apron, from an overskirt as long as the skirt in front and longer at the sides, due to the fact that horizontal drapery at the waistline is released over the hips, falling as a soft drapery to the hem and extending in a point below the hem. Skirts also are gathered across the front, and in addition is a cut circular movement in front. The tendency is to keep the back of the skirt and the bodice in a straight line, concentrating the drapery adn fullness at the sides or in front. A low waistline is adhered to throughout the entire collection, a bloused effect appearing only rarely across the front or back, and then just a slight blouse, which does not break the line of the silhouette. In evening frocks especially the beaded models, little blouse effects are seen, though the waistline is brought to the low hip line.

Short dinner gowns and formal frocks are quite sleeveless. Tailored suits and trotteur frocks are chiefly of dark blue crepe, relieved by smart touches of bead embroidery or bandings in brilliant shades of cerise, scarlet or Egyptian red. Misses' tailored suits have straight line, hip-length pony jackets, held at the neck but open in front below, revealing a smart suit blouse or gown bodice of plain white of finely figured silk crêpe. One smart three-piece suit for young girls has a Hindoo kerchief with a Copenhagen blue border knotted in front at the neck, serving as a collar for both dress and jacket.

Among the models which seem particularly adaptable for American femininity is a gown of black satin with full fourth tight sleeves and a deep V-neck bodice. Across the back of the skirt is a knee-length tunic, which gradually lengthens to the hem of the skirt at the sides and front, where it is of full circular cut. This tunic is slashed down the centre in front. A large ornament of coral beads is added at centre front. At the waistline is a tie girdle, ending at the right side, with coral bead tassels reaching to the hem.

An equally smart dress of black crêpe marocain has a bodice V-neck in front, rounded in the back, full gathered apron in front and a tunic edged with a knee deep border of many applied brilliant colored chiffon floral motifs, outlined with double gold cord stitching in Japanese embroidery. The tunic extends down the sides and back, with a wide sash at centre back, caught under in two puffs, the upper of peplum length, while the second ends at the knees.

A charmingly youthful suit has a skirt of light color tortoise brown cloth, straight poor jacket of silk crepe of the same shade, trimmed with applied vertical one-inch bands of the same cloth as used for the skirt. The bands are set on over the entire surface at one-inch intervals. Many of the smartest sports suits have half-length capes to match, fashioned with a new fitted shoulder. Some afternoon frocks are of white or light-colored silk crêpe, entirely covered by a full length coat of contrasting color reps. Separate coats are chiefly distinguished by the introduction of circular movement side hips and also side fronts.

### Call for Camel's Hair Fabrics.

The call for real camel's hair fabrics continues unabated. The largest factor making this goods is sold up to the middle of April and has been forced to allot orders. If it had the facilities, a representative of the concern said yesterday, it could have taken orders for at least three times its present bookings. Garment manufacturers using this fabric for coats, suits and skirts have tried to anticipate deliveries but have been unsuccessful. Added momentum to retail movement of camel's hair garments is expected during the next few weeks as, it is said, many stores will strongly feature them. The Paill lines of the leading producer will be shown shortly.

### BUSINESS NOTES.

Meetings of the toy buyers of the Dry Goods Union will be held at 432 Fourth Avenue on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

The bargain basement of Bloomingdale Brothers has been leased through Joseph P. Day's chain store department to the Bartlett Company. After extensive alterations, the leasing company will conduct a suit, skirt and dress business here.

Invasion of the Ruhr district by France will not prevent the holding of the annual Spring merchandise fair at Leipsic, Germany, and it will take place early next month, as previously scheduled. A Paill fair will be held there in August and September.

# ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ATLANTA, Ga.—B. F. Tully Corp., basement (Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.); B. F. Tully, muslin, silk underwear, petticoats; 131 W. 35th (Hart, Plainaman Co.).

AUGUSTA, Ga.—J. B. White & Co.; J. L. Haines, china, glassware, housefurnishings; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss M. Kinnecke, pictures; 34 W. 20th.

BALTIMORE—Henry Wessel Co.; L. Wessel, toilet articles, men's furnishings, gloves; McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; J. N. Hines, carpets, rugs; 354 4th Av.; Marquise.

BALTIMORE—Hecht Bros. & Co.; D. Horn, carpets, upholstery goods; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; B. Hornstein, dresses, skirts; 354 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss S. Singer, fur scarfs; 16 W. 35th.

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman Co.; C. A. Hinshardt, upholstery goods, rugs; E. B. Hood, representing; 115 W. 30th (Weil & Hartmann); Continental.

BALTIMORE—J. E. Hurst Co.; W. F. Traub, prints, ginghams; 1,193 B'way, Room 2; Breslin.

BAY CITY, Texas—Brunner-Oertling; A. T. Oertling, ready-to-wear; Continental.

BELHAVEN, N. C.—G. Raiff, ready-to-wear; Grand.

BOSTON—A. A. Blumbers, infants' knit goods (jobber); Breslin.

BOSTON—M. J. Borofsky, tailors' trimmings; Breslin.

BOSTON—B. J. Govner; C. S. Rubin, men's and boys' sweaters; Breslin.

BOSTON—F. Hovey Co. Basement—B. Harris Zousmer, representing, jobs Winter coats; 225 5th Av. Room 1805.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson; H. J. Simons, books, stationery, patterns, leather goods; 340 Madison Av.

BUFFALO—W. A. Morgan-Babcock Co.; B. C. Burlingame, silks, piece goods; 3 W. 29th; Martinique.

BUFFALO—Irving Tepper; L. Tepper, ladies' ready-to-wear; 115 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

BUFFALO—Sinclair Rooney & Co.; J. J. Weslow, flowers, feathers; McAlpin.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y.—F. W. Anderson, Jobs ladies' ready-to-wear; Grand.

CANTON, Ohio—Kenny Bros. Co.; J. H. Kenny, mdse. manager; dry, wash goods; Miss G. Kenny, women's negligees, skirts; Miss G. Frank, ladies' ready-to-wear, furs; Miss G. Hayes, women's underwear; 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan), Room 1403.

CHATTANOOGA—D. B. Loveman Co.; A. Goldstein, men's clothing, furnishings; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; F. E. Deubert, house furnishings, upholstery goods, carpets, 309 6th Av.

CHICAGO—S. Pierce, women's waists, Children's dresses; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; B. R. Hedges, Andrew J.—J. Kaplan.....$1,118.53

CHICAGO—Handmacher & Wolf; S. B. Wolf, women's suits; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—Philipsborn's; Miss L. Healy, dolls, toys, novelties; 225 B'way.

CHICAGO—L. Wechter, trimmings; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—S. P. Piatt; S. P. Piatt, children's dresses, rompers, wash suits, furs, 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan), Room 1403.

CHICAGO—S. P. Piatt; Miss O. Abrams, dresses (8-14); 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan), Room 1403.

CHICAGO—Komiss-Greene-Axman Co.; Miss A. Herget, jobs children's cheap gingham dresses; 1,182 B'way (L. Levitan), Room 1403.

CINCINNATI—Star Cloak & Suit Co.; M. Scheinrold, women's ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

CINCINNATI—Rollman & Sons Co.; Miss E. Meyers, art embroideries; 38 W. 32d (Littman & Storch).

CLEVELAND—C. Hasenohr, veils, handkerchiefs, embroideries; Latham.

CLEVELAND—M. Englander & Son; S. Englander, cotton dresses, sport silk Summer frocks; 115 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; Miss F. Freeman, jobs silk dresses; 1,182 Broadway, Room 1403.

CLINTON, N. C.—I. & M. L. Hurwitz, ladies' ready-to-wear, men's clothing; 1,133 B'way (Adams, Berlin & Co.).

COLUMBUS—Orwin's; I. Hillman, jobs dresses, children's coats; 870 7th Av. (A. Levy).

COLUMBUS—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss Charry, popular-priced dresses, house dresses, aprons; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DALLAS, Texas—H. Silvert & Son; H. Silvert, better grade silk dresses; 53 W. 32d (Kayser).

DAYTON, Ohio—L. S. Schoninger Co.; B. A. Ripple, coats, suits, dry goods; Martinique.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—Harned Von Maur, Inc.; C. Wagner, house furnishings, crockery; 23 E. 26th (Merchandise Reporting Co.).

DENVER—Nat Weinberg, jobs fur coats; 45 W. 34th, Room 1007.

DETROIT—Crowley, Milner & Co.; Mrs. B. Bowman, better-grade dresses; H. Cambilyn, mdse. mgr., housefurnishings; Miss Elberfeld, women's, children's gloves; 129 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

DETROIT—Kline's; Miss M. Landy, coats; 404 4th Av.

EL PASO, Texas—B. Farber & Brother, Inc., women's ready-to-wear; Breslin.

FRANKLIN, Ind.—Lorch Bros.; J. W. Standinger, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

GROVE HILL, Ala.—S. Gordon, dry goods, shoes; Imperial.

HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; Miss K. D. Sheean, muslin underwear, petticoats, &c.; Miss M. C. Wood, infants' wear; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance.).

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—L. S. Ayres & Co.; 225 5th Av, Room 1805.

KEOKUK, Iowa—Irwin-Pfeiffer Co.; W. S. Pfeiffer, notions, white goods, women's furnishings; 200 Worth (White & Pardee).

LANCASTER, Pa.—H. Gerlach & Co.; Jobs A. Cauller, men's furnishings; 1 A. H. Smith, F., jewelry; 115 W. 30th (B. Fanti).

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; E. Ayr, mdse.; Gattman, sport wear, skirts; 448 4th Av.

MACON, Ga.—B. Goldman, suits, dresses, capes; 36 W. 29th (Kaufman & Shapiro).

MACON, Miss.—W. M. Lamberson, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

MEADVILLE, Pa.—Lorch Bros.; Miss H. Dorsey, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Boston Store Co.; H. Metz, mdse.; L140 B'way, Room 604; Claridge.

MINNEAPOLIS—P. Resler & Son; J. Resler, clothing materials; Breslin.

MONROE, N. C.—Lee & Lee; M. K. Lee, piece goods; Imperial.

MOUNT POCONO, Pa.—The Leader; W. Rakusin, dry goods; Imperial.

NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Edward Malley Co.; W. J. McGuire, men's furnishings, knit underwear; Miss M. McNamara, infants' wear; G. Sullivan, representing; 105 Grand (Jay & Co.).

OIL CITY, Pa.—C. H. Smith Sons Co.; P. J. Morkin, rugs, draperies; 105 Grand (Jay & Co); Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Fashion Shop, Inc.; J. Greenberg, wearing apparel, neckwear; Martinique.

PHILADELPHIA—Albert Gratt & Co.; A. F. Lippincott, carpets; Martinique.

PHILADELPHIA—Miller & Rhoads; Mrs. Miller, jobs children's taffeta, dotted Swiss, gingham dresses; 35 W. 32d (B. Kayser).

PITTSBURGH—Max Azen; M. Azen, children's crepe dresses, white confirmation dresses, fancy children's dresses; 115 W. 30th (National Purchasing Co.).

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; F. Wachenheimer, men's overcoats; 404 4th Av. (M. L. Hoyman.)

PORT HURON, Mich.—H. W. Nordhouse, ready-to-wear; 171 Madison Av. (R. J. Cronin).

PORTLAND, Me. The Vogue; B. E. Dec Roy, coats, suits, dresses, skirts for special sales; Prince Georges.

PORTLAND, Me.—Eastman Bros. & Bancroft Co.; W. Fower, toys; 404 4th Av.; (D. G. Alliance.).

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Burke & Curran; J. Tillow, notions, hosiery, underwear.

READING, Pa.—J. Tillow, Schuler & Co.; E. Fancy goods; Imperial.

RENO, Nev.—Grey, Reid & Wright Co.; Mrs. C. V. Knight, ready-to-wear; 362 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fanti).

ROCHESTER—L. Black & Co.; A. W. Black, trimmings; Pennsylvania.

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co. Upstairs—Mrs. N. Whatford, stouts' dresses, coats, suits, skirts; L. Gradinger, skirts; 1,261 W. 32d (B. Solemon).

SALISBURY, N. C.—Belk-Harry Co.; A. W. Harry, general mdse., ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

SANFORD, N. C.—Williams-Belk Co.; Miss L. Williams, general mdse; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

SAN FRANCISCO—Raphael Weill & Co.; A. E. Yates, trimmings, feather boas, belts, notions, findings, ribbons, jewelry, laces, embroideries, silverware; C. S. Allen, men's, boys' clothing; J. A. Donnelly, umbrellas, parasols, women's neckwear, vellings, small leather goods, handkerchiefs, toilet articles; 915 E. 26th.

SAN FRANCISCO—Kaufman, Goldman Co. (formerly Lauter Mdse. Co.).; E. D. Goldman, N. Lauter, sweaters, notions, pipes; 31 W. 31st.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney Dry Goods Co.; Miss B. Freibergs, handkerchiefs; 171 Madison Av.

ST. LOUIS—Schwartzmann Toy Co.; O. F. Schwartzmann, toys, novelties; Latham.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller; Miss A. Cornick, women's silk and muslin underwear; P. Ullman, laces, embroideries, handkerchiefs, umbrellas; 347 B'way.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Schuneman & Evans; G. A. Sears, silverware, glass, artists' supplies; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins); Imperial.

SYRACUSE—Majestic Rug Co.; Miss M. Cohan, silk, wool children's dresses, women's sweaters; 115 W. 30th (B. F. Levis).

TROY, N. Y.—Hartigan & Dwyer; G. Weston, notions, laces, ribbons; Continental.

TULSA, Okla.—Plants-Abrahams Silk Co.; R. Plants, silks; Latham.

WARREN, Ohio—L. Marks, ready-to-wear; Breslin.

WHEELING, W. Va.—Graham & Co.; A. W. Graham, women's ready-to-wear; Breslin.

WORCESTER, Mass.—E. A. Sullivan Co.; D. Rosner, roshanara blouses, better grade, youthful, large size women's dresses; 1,182 B'way (Silverstein Buying Corp.).

# BUSINESS RECORDS

## BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

### Petitions Filed—Against

MAX LIPSCHITZ, dealer in hardware and electrical supplies, 1,432 Prospect Avenue—By Lena Bernstein on a claim of $600.

WILLIAM GLASER and ISIDOR ROSEN, trading as the R. & G. Stationery and Toy Company, 866 Fourteenth Street, Brooklyn—By Benney & Smith Co. for $171.65; L. Eisenfield, $412.79.

### Petitions Filed—By

ALEX. SOBEL, restaurateur, 1,297 Hoe Avenue, Liabilities, $59,380; no assets. Liabilities were incurred as endorsed for the G. & J. Lunch Co., Inc., which failed last July and another unnamed restaurant company. Principal creditors are Joseph Tino, $8,000; H. Heidenreich, $6,500.

SAM HIRTH, livery stable, 79-81 Mangin Street, Liabilities, $11,766; assets, $7,480. Principal items being horses, carriages and harnesses, $6,000; accounts, $1,295. Principal creditors are David Schleander, $4,480, secured; Samuel Schwartz, $2,500, secured.

CHARLES BEADON, broker, 522 Fifth Avenue. Liabilities, $4,779; no assets.

CHARLES TUNICK, tailor, 1,145 Longfellow Avenue. Liabilities, $5,540; assets, $1,700.

SAMUEL E. GUMBINNER, salesman, 250 West Ninety-fourth Street. Liabilities, $4,224; no assets.

NATHAN RACHMELER, hacking business, 336 Georgia Avenue, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $15,566; no assets.

FRANK S. JAMESON, physician, 138 Remsen Street, Brooklyn. Liabilities, $24,402.69; assets, $319.

### Assignment.

IRVING BLANK, dealer in cotton goods and wiping cloths, at 46 Howard Street, to H. Bernard Cohen of 99 Nassau Street.

### Receivers Appointed.

CARLISLE TIRE CORPORATION, 927 Market Street, Wilmington, Del.—Judge Learned Hand appointed Robert L. Baird ancillary receiver, under $10,000 bond. Equity receivership and bankruptcy proceedings are pending against the corporation in the Federal Court in Delaware and Connecticut.

CARLISLE RETAIL TIRE STORES, INC., 927 West Tenth Street, Wilmington, Del.—Judge Learned Hand appointed Robert L. Baird ancillary receiver, under $10,000 bond. Equity receivership and bankruptcy proceedings are pending against the corporation in the Federal Court in Delaware and Connecticut.

D. LOVENTHAL'S SONS, INC., shoes, 92 Lenox Avenue—Judge Learned Hand appointed Maurice Potter receiver, under $5,000 bond. Liabilities about $50,000, assets about $15,000.

S. C. GORDON, riding habits, 37 West Twenty-eighth Street—Judge Learned Hand appointed John J. Lyttle receiver, under $3,000 bond. Liabilities not stated, assets about $15,000.

NEW YORK ART METAL WORKS, 831 East Seventeenth Street—Judge Learned Hand appointed David S. Foller receiver, under $1,000 bond. Liabilities about $7,000, assets about $2,000.

NATHAN BROS., clothing, 693 Broadway—Judge Learned Hand appointed Walter L. Bryant receiver, under $1,000 bond.

### Schedules Filed.

STYLISH PETTICOAT CO., INC., 40 West Twenty-seventh Street—Liabilities, $83,365; assets, $11,098; main items being accounts, $6,790; stock, $4,300. Principal creditors are Beck Solomon, $5,392, secured; G. Sidenberg & Co., $1,187; Rogefort Textile Co., $1,089; Danforth, Clark & Co., $1,858; S. Slater & Sons, $1,537; New England Comm. Co., $1,522; Public National Bank, $1,500.

MAX BERNSTEIN, furniture, 3,911 Third Avenue—Liabilities, $51,623; assets, $18,158; main item being stock, $16,000. Principal creditors are Crescent Show Case Co., $700; Rockford Republic Furniture Co., $1,276; Premier Furniture Co., $940; Rockford Chair & Furniture Co., $967.

LAX MAYER, doing business as The Kiddies' Smart Dress Shoppe, 804 Westchester Avenue—Liabilities, $12,662; assets, $2,625, main item being stock, $2,500.

HARRY SCHACHTER, doing business as Commercial Leather Co., 157 Spring Street—Liabilities, $4,615; assets, $809.

MYERS & MINSKY, hardware, 851 East 180th Street—Liabilities, $2,435; assets, $500.

### Out of Town.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ROCHESTER, Feb. 15.—Cola W. Lyon, attorney, of East Hamburg, filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $11,888.76 and assets of $6,902.

*Special to The New York Times.*

UTICA, Feb. 15.—George Schrodt, doing business as C. G. Schrodt Stationery Company, manufacturers, of Albany, filed a petition in bankruptcy today with liabilities of $12,401 and assets of $10,424.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed here today by Paul Carlson, cement contractor, 3,108 South Leonis Street, with liabilities of $31,000 and assets of $410.

An involuntary petition was filed against the L. P. Kunsman Shoe Company, 45 South Wells Streets, on claims of $40,000.

An involuntary petition also has been filed against the Milwaukee Department Store, 848 and 856 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago. Liabilities $80,000, assets $40,000.

## JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

### In New York County.

Albert, T. Otto & Sons, Inc.—A. T. Doyle.....$2,128.07

Alley, Eells & Co. Construction Corp.—Jameson & Bond Co.....$172.75

Asmo, A. Abrahams.....$172.75

Abrahams, Alexander—A. Rusch et al.....$3,318.29

Brukenfeld, Morris—A. Rosen.....$5,737.92

Bushman, Francis X.—Durland Co.....$150.90

Breese, Sidney E.—Brooks Bros.....$135.07

Buck, Richard C.—E. B. Reynolds (costs).

Bengal, Isaac—American Broom & Brush Co.....$121.62

Bartley, Rose—Wilmington Realty Corp.....$175.98

Bail, Louis J.—W. H. McElwain Co.....$44.80

Brennan, John—R. Altman & Co.....$268.20

Brinckerhoff, Harriet C.—J. H. Veteran.....$133.79

C. D. & H. Corp—W. F. George Chemicals Inc.....$258.03

Clark, Anson ... and Edgar L. Phelan (as son L. Clark of Wm. H. Rayner & Co., Importers & Exporters, Inc.....$380.22

Condren, Bernard M.—Alexander Hamilton Institute.....$147.20

Coletis, Costos—Muntes.....$225.20

Clark, Adele S.—W. A. Delano et al (costs)

Carley, Edw. R.—F. M. Gabler, Inc.....$184.82

Cushman, Robert E., Jr.—A. Wait.....$116.79

Van Dam, Inc.—R. R. Heywood.....$1,049.45

Ferencsritch, Katherine and Steve—D. Nietzen et al.....$536.51

Franco, Lewis C.—N. Y. Telephone Co.....$225.88

Gross, Harry—H. Lorber.....$225.88

Galvin, Charles E. & Co., Inc.—Alliance Printing Corp.....$1,030.06

Goldstein, Benjamin—Industria, Comm. State of N. Y.

Greenblatt, Jacob (Greenblatt Electric Co.—Independent Electrical Supply Co., Inc.).....$848.20

Gormley, Clarence W.—J. Buhman et al.....$100.44

Greenberg, Saul—L. Rudges.....$431.27

Grosner, Pauline—Wirth Realty Corp.....$147.16

Gross, Harry—A. Lorber.....$1,024.64

Hedges, Andrew J.—J. Kaplan.....$769.71

Hirsch, Louis, and Joseph Schwartz—Page Hanley, Walter H.—Alexander Hamilton Institute.....$1,161.65

Haddock, Ivan S.—E. B. Latham & Co., Inc.....$1,000.00

Hull, Franklyn—W. I. Megie.....$1,492.84

Hoss, Louis—Simon Gasner & Sons Co.....$119.70

Investors Merchandising Service Co., Inc.—Paul Overhage, Inc.....$605.65

Jenkins, Bacon, Wm. J. Burns and James Muroney—E. M. Aaron.....$1,713.48

Llevow, Hermand, and Max Ferber—W. Cohn et al.....$121.46

McCarthy, John F.—O. J. Gu de Co N. Y.....$1,633.45

Same—same.....$261.20

Kraus, Lee—L. H. Kaplan.....$323.14

McConnell, Ernest A.—Brown Auto Supply Co.....$106.99

Morey, Bart—Moyses & Dreytus, Inc.....$122.55

Winthrop ... Barney Margolies—B. Mathis, John A., John Kelsch and Peter Saly—Westchester Trust Co.....$1,560.87

Same—Same.....$361.25

Meyers, J. Lester and Annette (American Beauty Salon)—Permanent Wave Machine Corp.....$536.15

Master, Machines Corp.—Lyman Bros.....$630.58

Minsky, William—F. R. Rich.....$285.50

Meyerhoff, Henry—W. H. Granger.....$325.90

Newman, Eugene—H. Falbers.....$517.83

Pennsylvania R. R. Co.—W. S. Rossbach, Ney, Irma B.—L. Zimmermann et al., costs.....$16,141.86

Novelly, Egon V.—J. T. McClellan.....$106.70

Palmieri, Vivian J.—R. M. Page.....$225.80

Pearson, John F.—A. McCleave et al.....$218.78

Pepe, Anthony—R. A. F.....$772.30

Russo-Asiatic Bank—O. I. Hoppe.....$281.90

Rayoroft, Chester—L. Rosenthal.....$206.98

Rathinell, Fred—W. J. Hinrichs & Blanchard Bros. Co., Inc.....$2,540.16

Rabin, Benjamin—H. Harway.....$101.85

Siegel, Joseph—A. Beinstock et al.....$12.15

Smokeless Coal and Dock Co., Inc.—Spring Coal Co.....$781.58

Sanders, Nathan N.—Peter Stuyvesant Operating Corp.....$11,910.16

Sloane, Richard—J. Finn.....$610.36

Stabins, Max—E. Reiss.....$488.90

Stokes, Howard K.—Penn Coal and Coke Corp.....$2,685.90

Soderseine Co.—et North America—W. C. Wood et al.....$3,585.84

Silbermall, Clarke—Trustees of the Sailor Snug Harbor in the City of N. Y.....$221.95

Small's Theatrical Enterprises, Inc.—Gimbel Brothers, New York.....$1,082.26

Steigleder, Hilda, or Mrs. Harman Steigleder—Hotel Imperial Corp., New York City.....$7,304.43

Stallone, Joseph—J. Bonsnipper.....$406.24

Terecane, Stephen—Eastern Steamship Corp.....$2,645.54

Topper, Joseph E.—S. Lowenstein.....$2,285.39

Taylor, Louis A.—J. M. Taylor.....$121.75

Thurnoff, Max and Minnie—R. I. Rimler.....

Tay Cuban Cigar Co., Inc.—A. Reder.....$220.95

Taylor's, Inc.—Battery Park Land Corp.....$749.48

Tay Cuban Cigar Co., Inc.—A. Reder.....$1,373.68

United Portable Building Mfrs. Corp.—L. A. Wattes.....$370.60

Valley Creek Lumber Co.—Kalt Lumber Co.....$122.98

Waller, Isidor, and Jacob G. Goldberg (Waller & Goldberg)—L. Fishman.....$244.40

Walsh, Ethel M.—S. Soldar.....$226.65

Wright Cork, Inc.—M. Paddock et al.....$3,607.51

Wright, Garrett—M. W. Keller.....$224.40

Walker, Charlotte—Wilmington Ton Delivery Co.....$135.77

Wiener, Daniel—E. I. Goodrich et al.....$269.92

Yalowitz, Morris—F. Schaffel.....$1,262.87

### In Bronx County.

Allgoever, Marie—M. Hoenack.....$109.60

Axelrod, Rubin—Groller Society of London Diamond Trading Corp.—Chase Nat. Bank Glaser, Charles H.—Imperial Paint Co.....$1,628.30

Indhar Realty Co., Inc., and Adela M. Harrington—H. Weisfeld Fire Door Works, Inc.

Judge, James—V. Lane.....$200.00

Kaufman, Samuel, and Morris Kaiser—S. Schwartz.....$39.57

Korman, Joseph, and Isidore Jaffe.....$665.65

Gellinas et al.....$1,921

Lyons, John W.—Citizens Finance Corp.

Same—Same.....$4,360.09

Lord, Townsend—A. Naughton et al.....$4,072.63

Same—Same.....$350.22

Miraglia, Salvatore—O. Weishaupt.....$155.79

Singer, George G.—M. Mayer et al.....$84.41

## SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

### In New York County.

Marrin, William—S. Roth et al; Jan. 9, 1922

Conklin, Grace—Stern Bros; July 21, 1921

Levy, Florence—Same; May 25,1914.....$123.27

Same—Gimbel Bros., N. Y.; Sept. 17, 1915.....$179.05

Brandshaft, Alter—T. H. Reynolds; Sept. 29, 1920

Regan, Aurora—R. Van Nostrand; Jan. 9, 1923

Liptak Fire Brick Arch Co.—Girtanner Engineering Corp; Dec. 27, 1922.....$1,685.29

Marmo, Thomas and Fidelity Deposit Co. of Md.—People &c.; Nov. 28, 1922 (vacated)

Scarangi, Victor and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c.; Oct. 16, 1922 (cancelled)

Cassatto, Ralph and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—Same; Apr. 12, 1920 (canceled)

Same—Same; Feb. 24, 1920 (canceled).....$5,000.00

Jornson, Geo. W. et al—H. A. Tuller; Oct. 30, 1922.....$1,500.80

Steinberg, Abraham et al—A. Goldman; Oct. 21, 1922.....$748.36

8th Av.—R. R. Co.—J. Harpman; Nov. 19, 1921.....$20,116.40

Nicola, Andrew—Obelisk Waterproofing Co.; May 9, 1922 (vacated).....$15,115.74

Paranzino, Frank and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—People &c.; Oct. 17, 1922 (vacated).....$3,404.40

Healy, Anna L.—A. H. Ferber; Sept. 5, 1916.....$2,000.00

Merckle, Harold—Hotel Claridge Inc.....$366.77

Oct. 20, 1922.....Oct.

Burkander, William and Anna L. Healy.....$382.12

John A. Wood & Son Co., Inc.; Dec. 29, 1916.....$283.64

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# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Recovery in Stocks and Foreign Exchange—Call Money 6 Per Cent. Again.

Without any determining cause so far as the day's news was concerned, yesterday's stock market pretty much recovered the losses of the day before. On this occasion the foreign exchanges moved up along with the stock market, sterling going at one time within ⅛ cent of the $4.60 price of Dec. 13. The advance in stocks was checked only partly by a 6 per cent. call money rate, whose recurrence is not altogether easy to understand but which nowadays is not a matter of great significance.

Indirectly it may reflect the existing activity of trade, further testimony to which was provided yesterday by the car-loading figures for the week ending Feb. 3. Traffic usually decreases in that week and it was shown to have done so by the published figures, but comparison with the same week in other years gave none the less striking results. The total loadings exceeded by more than 200,000 cars, or 26½ per cent., the highest previous record for the week. This is a greater increase than was shown by December's weekly loadings; which adds interest to yesterday's computation that the complete net earnings for December foot up 5.15 per cent. of property valuation—a percentage never exceeded under the present Railway law save by the 5.83 of last March and the 5.40 of October, 1921. The percentage of the eleven preceding months was 4.02 per cent.

Sterling's advance was not the only point of interest in yesterday's exchange market. The German mark, measured in ten-thousandths of a cent, rose from 44½ to 52¾, making a total recovery of 163 per cent. since 20 was touched on Jan. 30. This movement of the mark has puzzled even international bankers. There was no confirmation yesterday of Wednesday's cabled story of 350,000,000 gold marks from the Reichsbank reserve being ordered "thrown on the market" in purchase of paper marks. The only authentic report of a German Treasury operation was of the payment in gold at London yesterday of German bills for 46,000,000 gold marks, made out to Belgium six months ago on account of deferred reparations. But that transaction has involved, not purchase of paper marks by the German Treasury with gold, but sale of paper marks to establish a foreign gold credit.

Francs advanced with the other European exchanges yesterday, but fell back at the last to Wednesday's price. The failure of the franc to hold any substantial recovery is plainly enough a consequence, first of doubt over political complications which may arise from the Ruhr experiment; second, of an idea that the French Government may find the occupation enormously expensive. Of this second supposition there is as yet no confirmatory evidence. Expensive such an expedition necessarily will be; but yesterday's statement of the Bank of France reported 100,000,000 francs of its debt to the bank paid off by the Government this past week and 233,302,000 reduction in note circulation. As compared with the week in which the French forces entered the Ruhr, the Government's indebtedness to the bank is today unchanged; the note circulation is 211,000,000 francs smaller.

The Department of Commerce published yesterday the first figures of our imports since the new tariff, classified by countries of origin. Like everything else thus far in this unhappy jumble of Fordney law statistics, the figures are clumsily presented. We shall probably never know what the total imports were last September or last October. The statement gives us the imports from Sept. 1 to Sept. 22 (the date of the new tariff), and those from Sept. 22 to Oct. 31. The figures, added up, show $573,877,000 imported during the two months in 1922 as against $367,310,000 in 1921, and this is assumed to be "evidence that the statute has had no detrimental effect" on our foreign purchases. Perhaps so; but since the period includes in 1922 three weeks of abnormally large "anticipatory imports," no serious person would base conclusions on the two months' totals.

## MONEY.

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1923.

Stock Exchange call money fluctuated erratically, opening and renewal charge of 5 per cent. being succeeded by two fractional advances to 6, day's maximum when similar fractional declines brought rate back to 5, at final. Time money ruled firm, with no new money loaned under 5 per cent., though borrowers bid freely at 4¾ per cent. Renewals were arranged at 5 in most instances. Thirty-day bankers' acceptances were advanced an eighth to 4⅝@4 per cent. commercial paper market moderately active, discount unchanged.

**Call Loans.**

| Renewals. | High. | Low. | Last. | Wednesday's Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5½ |

**Time Loans.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Mixed collateral, 60-90 days | 4¾@5 |
| 4, 5 and 6 months | 4¾@5 |
| All industrial collateral, 60-90 days | 4¾@5 |
| 4, 5 and 6 months | 4¾@5 |

**Commercial Paper.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Best names, 4 to 6 months | 4¼@4¾ |
| Other names, 4 to 6 months | 5 |

**Rediscount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days | 4 |
| Liberty bonds, Victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 60 to 90 days | 4 |

**Bankers' Acceptances.**

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Call loans against acceptances | 4½ | |
| Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase: | | |
| 30 days | 4 | |
| 60 days | 4 | |
| 90 days | 4 | |
| 4 months | 4 | |
| 6 months | 4 | |
| Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days | 4½ | 4¾ |

**London Market.**

Money in London up ¼ at 2 per cent.; short bills unchanged at 2⅛@2¼ per cent.; three months' bills unchanged at 2⅛@2⅛ per cent. Gold bullion 1d lower at 88s. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s per fine ounce as par, the market quotation of gold would represent a price of 103⅛ at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 106 on Jan. 30. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 149⅝, on Feb. 6, 1920; the lowest, 103⅛, on Feb. 12, 1923.

**Clearing House Exchanges.**

Exchange of checks at the New York Clearing House, $874,000,000; balances, $99,000,000; Federal Reserve credit balance, $66,000,000; exchange this day a year ago, $777,800,000.

## SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¼d lower at 30⅝d; New York price for domestic silver was quoted at 66⅝c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver unchanged at 63¾c.

Range for 1923:

| | Highest. | Lowest. |
|---|---|---|
| London | 32¼d Jan. 24 | 30¼d Feb. 8 |
| New York | 67⅛c Jan. 15 | 63⅝c Feb. 5 |

Range for 1922:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| London | 37¾d May 22 | 30¾d Dec. 15 |
| New York | 73¼c May 22 | 63¾c Dec. 15 |

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4% Bonds
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# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1923.

| Day's Sales. | Wednesday. | Tuesday. | A Year Ago. | Two Years Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,365,725 | 1,388,910 | 1,419,084 | 759,387 | 590,401 |

| Year to Date. | Same Period 1922. | 1921. | 1920. | 1919. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 32,958,677 | 23,280,400 | 21,993,959 | 34,868,145 | 18,061,324 |

| 1923 High. | 1923 Low. | Sales. | Stock and Dividend Rate. | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. | Closing Bid. | Closing Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 73½ | 68 | 500 | Adams Express (4) | 73⅝ | 73½ | 73 | 73 | — ⅛ | 72 | 73⅝ |
| 65¼ | 57½ | 500 | Air Reduction (4) | 64½ | 65 | 64½ | 64½ | + ½ | 64 | 64⅝ |
| 14⅝ | 12¾ | 500 | Ajax Rubber | 14 | 14⅝ | 14 | 14⅜ | + ⅛ | 14 | 14½ |
| ¾ | ¾ | 100 | Alaska Gold Mines | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ | | ¾ | 1 |
| 1¼ | 1 | 3,100 | Alaska Juneau | 1 | 1¼ | 1 | 1⅛ | | 1 | 1⅛ |
| 106 | 102 | 200 | All American Cables (6) | 104 | 104 | 103½ | 103½ | — ⅜ | 103 | 104 |
| 80 | 71¾ | 800 | Allied Chem. & Dye (4) | 76 | 77 | 76 | 77 | + 1 | 76¾ | 77 |
| 111⅞ | 109 | 200 | Allied Chem. & Dye pf. (7) | 111 | 111 | 110¾ | 110¾ | — ⅛ | 110¾ | 110⅞ |
| 56 | 45 | 1,400 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. (4) | 45¾ | 49 | 45¾ | 49 | + ⅞ | 46¾ | 46⅞ |
| 33⅜ | 29½ | 800 | Am. Agricultural Chemical | 33 | 33¾ | 33 | 33 | | 32½ | 33⅜ |
| 63¾ | 58⅝ | 100 | Am. Agri. Chemical pf. | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 | — ¾ | 63 | 63½ |
| 49½ | 36 | 1,000 | American Beet Sugar | 45¼ | 45⅝ | 45¼ | 45½ | + ⅜ | 45⅜ | 45½ |
| 90 | 78¼ | 100 | Am. Beet Sugar pf. (6) | 80 | 80 | 80 | 80 | + 1 | 79½ | 80 |
| 82¼ | 70¾ | 900 | Am. Brake Shoe & F. (4) | 81 | 82 | 80 | 82 | | 81 | 82¾ |
| 110 | 106½ | 200 | Am. B. S. & F. pf. (7) | 109¾ | 109¾ | 109¾ | 109¾ | + ⅛ | 108 | 110 |
| 99¼ | 73½ | 48,300 | American Can. (6) | 94½ | 99¼ | 94⅞ | 98¾ | + 3½ | 98 | 98¼ |
| 188 | 178 | 200 | Am. Car & Foundry (12) | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | — 1 | 183½ | 186 |
| 7¼ | 5¾ | 200 | American Chicle | 6⅜ | 6⅝ | 6¼ | 6½ | | 6½ | 7 |
| 20¾ | 14½ | 200 | American Cotton Oil | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | + ⅜ | 17 | 18 |
| 7¾ | 6⅝ | 1,300 | Am. Druggist Syndicate | | 7 | 7 | 7 | | 7 | 7¾ |
| 12½ | 11 | 400 | Am. Hide & Leather | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 12½ | 12½ | — ⅛ | 12½ | 12⅝ |
| 71¾ | 66½ | 900 | Am. Hide & Leather pf. | 71⅝ | 71½ | 71 | 71½ | + ⅛ | 71 | 71⅞ |
| 110 | 98½ | 1,600 | American Ice (7) | 108 | 110 | 108 | 109¾ | + 1⅝ | 108 | 109 |
| 29⅞ | 24¾ | 500 | American International | 28¾ | 29 | 28 | 28 | | 27½ | 28¼ |
| 12 | 11¼ | 300 | Am. LaF. Fire Engine (1) | 12 | 12 | 11⅞ | 12 | | 11⅞ | 12 |
| 96 | 95 | 200 | Am. LaF. Fire Eng. pf. (7) | 95 | 95 | 95 | 95 | — ½ | 93 | 96 |
| 36⅜ | 29⅝ | 5,700 | American Linseed | 34¾ | 36¾ | 34½ | 36¼ | + 1⅞ | 36¼ | 36⅜ |
| 59 | 51 | 2,100 | American Linseed pf. | 57 | 59 | 57 | 58¼ | + 2½ | 58½ | 59 |
| 120⅝ | 120¼ | 4,200 | American Locomotive (6) | 126¼ | 126½ | 124¼ | 125½ | + ⅞ | 125 | 125¼ |
| 54⅝ | 50¼ | 5,100 | American Metal (3) | 52¾ | 54 | 52¾ | 53¼ | — ⅝ | 52¾ | 52⅝ |
| 85 | 76 | 100 | American Radiator (4) | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | 84½ | — ⅝ | 84½ | 84⅝ |
| 100⅝ | 98 | 300 | Am. Roll. Mill pf. (7) | 99⅞ | 99⅞ | 98 | 98 | | 97 | 98½ |
| 9 | 6¼ | 2,400 | Am. Safety Razor (25c) | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | 8⅝ | — ⅛ | 8⅝ | 8¾ |
| 21⅜ | 18½ | 700 | Am. Ship & Commerce | 20 | 20 | 19⅝ | 19⅝ | + ⅛ | 19⅝ | 20 |
| 64⅝ | 53 | 3,000 | Am. Smelting & Refining | 64⅜ | 64½ | 63½ | 63⅝ | — ¾ | 63⅝ | 64¼ |
| 101½ | 98⅝ | 100 | Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf. (7) | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ | — ¼ | 100⅜ | 101¼ |
| 149¾ | 140 | 100 | American Snuff (12) | 145 | 145 | 145 | 143 | — 2 | 144 | 147 |
| 39⅝ | 35½ | 2,000 | Am. Steel Foundries (3) | 38⅝ | 39⅜ | 38⅝ | 39 | | 39 | 39¼ |
| 105¾ | 102 | 300 | Am. Steel Fdrys. pf. (7) | 104¾ | 105 | 104¾ | 105 | — ⅛ | 104½ | 105 |
| 85 | 76 | 3,000 | American Sugar Refining | 82⅞ | 83½ | 82 | 83¼ | + ⅜ | 83 | 83½ |
| 108¾ | 106¼ | 100 | Am. Sugar Refining pf. (7) | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107¼ | 107¼ | + ¼ | 107 | 108 |
| 36⅝ | 24½ | 1,100 | Am. Sumatra Tobacco | 35¼ | 35½ | 33¾ | 33¾ | — 1 | 33½ | 35 |
| 66⅜ | 55¾ | 200 | Am. Sumatra Tobacco pf. | 64 | 65 | 64 | 65 | | 62 | 65 |
| 124 | 121¼ | 2,400 | Am. Tel. & Tel. (9) | 123⅜ | 123⅝ | 122⅝ | 123¼ | + ⅝ | 123 | 123¼ |
| 161⅜ | 150 | 900 | American Tobacco (12) | 159⅝ | 159⅝ | 157 | 158 | — 1⅞ | 158 | 159 |
| 156⅜ | 148 | 600 | Am. Tobacco, Cl. B (12) | 157½ | 157½ | 156⅜ | 157¼ | — ⅛ | 157½ | 158 |
| 104 | 103 | 300 | American Tobacco pf. (6) | 103⅜ | 103⅝ | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | | 103 | 104 |
| 30 | 27½ | 2,300 | Am. W. W. & Electric | 29½ | 30½ | 29½ | 30 | + ⅝ | 29¾ | 30 |
| 93 | 85¾ | 200 | Am. W.W. & E. 1st pf. (7) | 92 | 92 | 90¾ | 90¾ | — 1¼ | 91 | 92 |
| 56 | 45½ | 1,400 | Am. W. W. & El. partic. pf. | 54⅜ | 56 | 54⅜ | 55½ | + 1⅛ | 55 | 55½ |
| 102¼ | 94 | 2,700 | American Woolen (7) | 100⅝ | 101½ | 100⅝ | 101¼ | + ½ | 101 | 101½ |
| 111⅞ | 109⅝ | 300 | American Woolen pf. (7) | 111⅜ | 111⅞ | 111½ | 111½ | + ⅛ | 111 | 112 |
| 30 | 26 | 700 | Am. Writing Paper pf. | 29 | 30 | 29 | 29½ | | 28½ | 29½ |
| 17⅞ | 15 | 800 | American Zinc, L. & S. | 17⅛ | 17⅜ | 17⅛ | 17⅜ | + ⅛ | 17⅛ | 18 |
| 55 | 48¼ | 100 | American Zinc, L. & S. pf. | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | | 53½ | 56 |
| 18,100 | 14¾ | 200 | Anaconda Copper | 49¼ | 49⅞ | 49¼ | 49½ | + ½ | 49½ | 49¾ |
| 91 | 86¼ | 200 | Assoc. Dry Goods 2d pf. (7) | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 | | 91 | 91½ |
| 134 | 120¼ | 300 | Associated Oil (6) | 128¼ | 129 | 128¼ | 129 | + 1 | 127½ | 129 |
| 102⅜ | 100 | 900 | Atch., Top. & Santa Fe (6) | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼ | | 101¼ | 101½ |
| 90¼ | 88¼ | 300 | Atch., T. & S. Fe pf. (5) | 89⅝ | 89⅞ | 89¼ | 89½ | — ⅝ | 89½ | 90 |
| 24⅜ | 17½ | 200 | Atlanta, Birm. & Atl. | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | — 2½ | 21½ | 24 |
| 121 | 110¾ | 100 | Atlantic Coast Line (7) | 118¾ | 118¾ | 118¾ | 118¾ | | 118½ | 119 |
| 3¼ | 1⅝ | 200 | Atlantic Fruit | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | | 3¼ | 3½ |
| 27½ | 18⅞ | 1,000 | Atlantic Fruit ctfs | 2¼ | 2½ | 2¼ | 2½ | | 2¼ | 2¾ |
| 20¾ | 14¾ | 5,100 | Atl. Gulf & West Indies | 20 | 27½ | 26 | 27 | + 1¼ | 26 | 27 |
| 20¾ | 14¾ | 1,000 | Atl. Gulf & West Indies pf. | 19¾ | 20¼ | 19¾ | 20 | | 19 | 20½ |
| 160 | 119 | 1,200 | Atlantic Refining (4) | 142 | 147 | 142 | 147 | + 5 | 146 | 149 |
| 20¼ | 15¾ | 400 | Atlas Tack | 20½ | 20½ | 19¾ | 19¾ | — ⅛ | 19½ | 20 |
| 35½ | 29 | 500 | Austin Nichols | 30¾ | 31¼ | 30¾ | 31 | | 31¼ | 31½ |
| 140⅜ | 129¼ | 16,306 | Baldwin Locomotive (7) | 137½ | 138½ | 136½ | 137⅝ | + ⅛ | 137⅜ | 138 |
| 52⅞ | 40¾ | 3,300 | Baltimore & Ohio | 51⅝ | 52⅜ | 51⅝ | 51⅞ | + ⅜ | 51⅝ | 52 |
| 60¾ | 57¾ | 100 | Baltimore & Ohio pf. (4) | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | | 60 | 60½ |
| 34½ | 29 | 3,400 | Barnsdall Class A | 30 | 32 | 29 | 31¾ | + 1 | 31¾ | 31½ |
| 22 | 18⅝ | 600 | Barnsdall Class B | 19¼ | 20 | 19¼ | 20 | + 1 | 20 | 21 |
| 290¾ | 289 | 25 | Bank of Commerce (12) | 290½ | 290½ | 290½ | 290½ | — 1½ | 290 | |
| 61 | 50¾ | 100 | Bayuk Brothers | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | + ⅛ | 55 | 57 |
| 69¾ | 51 | 1,100 | Beech-Nut Packing (2.40) | 63 | 64¼ | 63 | 64¼ | + 1½ | 64½ | 65 |
| 67¾ | 60¾ | 8,400 | Bethlehem Stl. Class B (5) | 66¾ | 67¾ | 66½ | 66¾ | + ⅝ | 66⅜ | 66⅞ |
| 97½ | 93½ | 300 | Bethlehem Stl.pf., new (7) | 96 | 96⅝ | 96 | 96⅜ | — ⅛ | 95⅜ | 96⅝ |
| 7½ | 5 | 200 | Booth Fisheries | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | — ¼ | 6¼ | 7 |
| 69½ | 66¼ | 100 | Brit. Emp. Stl. 1st pf. (7) | 69½ | 69¼ | 69½ | 69½ | + 2 | 66½ | 70 |
| 26 | 24½ | 200 | Brit. Emp. Stl. 2d pf. | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | 25¾ | — ⅝ | 25 | 26¼ |
| 121¾ | 109 | 2,300 | Bklyn. Ed. Elec. (8) x d. | 114⅝ | 115 | 114¾ | 114½ | — 2¼ | 114½ | 114⅞ |
| 16¾ | 10⅝ | 3,100 | Bklyn. Rapid Transit | 10⅝ | 11⅛ | 10½ | 11⅛ | + ⅛ | 10⅝ | 11 |
| 13 | 9½ | 500 | Bklyn. Union Gas ctfs. of dep. | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | 9¾ | | 9¾ | 10¼ |
| 128 | 109¾ | 200 | Brooklyn Union Gas (8) | 122¾ | 122¾ | 122½ | 122½ | — 1 | 122½ | 123¾ |
| 63¼ | 60 | 1,000 | Brown Shoe | 61 | 62 | 61 | 62 | + 1½ | 61 | 62 |
| 99 | 98 | 100 | Brown Shoe pf. (7) | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | | 97½ | 99 |
| 144½ | 138¼ | 200 | Burns Brothers (10) | 139 | 139 | 139 | 139 | — 1½ | 135½ | 139 |
| 105¾ | 104¾ | 100 | Burns Brothers pf. (7) | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | — ¼ | 104½ | 105¼ |
| 43 | 39¾ | 100 | Burns Bros. Class B (2) | 39¾ | 39¾ | 39½ | 39½ | + ¼ | 38⅝ | 40¾ |
| 120 | 120 | 100 | Burns Bros. prior pf. (7) | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | | 120 | |
| 11¾ | 9¼ | 6,500 | Butte Cop. & Z. (50c.) x d. | 11⅜ | 11½ | 11 | 11¼ | + ⅛ | 11 | 11¼ |
| 33⅞ | 29½ | 4,500 | Butte & Superior (50c.) | 33 | 33⅞ | 32⅜ | 33 | | 32⅜ | 33 |
| 21¾ | 17½ | 100 | Butterick Co. | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19¾ | — ¼ | 19 | 19¾ |
| 9 | 6¾ | 100 | Caddo Cent. O. & R. | 8½ | 8¾ | 8½ | 8¾ | | 8¾ | 8½ |
| 87 | 79½ | 1,700 | California Packing (6) | 86½ | 86¾ | 86½ | 86¾ | + ¼ | 86¼ | 86⅝ |
| 85¼ | 69¾ | 38,500 | California Petroleum | 81½ | 85¼ | 80¾ | 84¾ | + 4⅛ | 84⅝ | 85 |
| 99 | 94¾ | 800 | California Petrol. pf. (7) | 99 | 99½ | 99 | 99¾ | + ⅝ | 99¼ | 99¾ |
| 12¼ | 9⅝ | 5,400 | Callahan Zinc Lead | 11¼ | 11½ | 11¼ | 11⅜ | + ⅛ | 11⅜ | 11⅞ |
| 149 | 140¼ | 600 | Canadian Pacific (10) | 148½ | 148½ | 148 | 148 | | 148 | 148¼ |
| 38⅜ | 32¼ | 4,100 | Central Leather Co. | 38 | 38⅜ | 37⅛ | 37⅝ | + ½ | 37⅝ | 38 |
| 75⅞ | 67⅜ | 500 | Central Leather Co. pf. | 74½ | 74¾ | 74½ | 74⅞ | | 74⅜ | 74½ |
| 46¾ | 42¾ | 10,000 | Cerro de Pasco Copper | 44⅝ | 46¾ | 45¾ | 45¾ | — ⅛ | 45 | 45¼ |
| 74½ | 61⅞ | 8,800 | Chandler Motor (6) | 74½ | 74½ | 73 | 73⅝ | + ⅝ | 73⅛ | 73⅜ |
| 79½ | 69¾ | 1,300 | Chesapeake & Ohio (4) | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | | 74½ | 74⅝ |
| 102¾ | 101¾ | 300 | Ches. & Ohio pf. (6½) | 102 | 102 | 102 | 102 | — ¼ | 101½ | 102⅜ |
| 3¾ | 2¾ | 500 | Chicago & Alton | 3⅝ | 3⅝ | 3¼ | 3⅜ | + ⅛ | 3⅜ | 3½ |
| 6¾ | 5¾ | 500 | Chicago & Alton pf. | 5⅞ | 6 | 5⅞ | 6 | | 5⅞ | 6¼ |
| 57¾ | 51 | 100 | Chicago & E. Illinois pf. | 56½ | 56½ | 56½ | 56½ | — ¼ | 56 | 57 |
| 7 | 4 | 500 | Chicago Great Western | 6½ | 6¾ | 6½ | 6¾ | + ⅛ | 6½ | 6¾ |
| 17 | 8½ | 500 | Chicago Gt. Western pf. | 15 | 15½ | 15 | 15½ | + ⅜ | 15 | 15⅞ |
| 26 | 20¾ | 5,200 | Chi., Mil. & St. Paul | 25¼ | 25⅞ | 25 | 25⅝ | + ⅜ | 25⅜ | 25¾ |
| 44¾ | 32½ | 11,400 | Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf. | 43⅞ | 44½ | 43¾ | 44 | + 1 | 43¾ | 44 |
| 85½ | 77 | 2,400 | Chicago & Northwest. (5) | 84⅜ | 84¾ | 83¾ | 84 | — ⅜ | 83½ | 84½ |
| 88⅞ | 82⅝ | 1,000 | Chi. Pneumatic Tool (4) | 87½ | 87⅞ | 86½ | 86½ | — 1 | 86⅜ | 87 |
| 36⅞ | 31½ | 2,800 | Chicago, R. I. & Pacific | 35⅝ | 36½ | 35⅝ | 35¾ | + ⅛ | 35¼ | 35⅜ |
| 30½ | 27¾ | 41,300 | Chile Copper (62½c.) | 29½ | 30¾ | 29½ | 29⅝ | + ⅛ | 29½ | 29⅞ |
| 27⅞ | 24⅞ | 8,000 | Chino Copper | 26½ | 26⅝ | 26 | 26⅝ | + ⅛ | 26½ | 26⅝ |
| 81 | 73¼ | 2,900 | Coca-Cola (6) | 76½ | 76⅝ | 75½ | 76⅛ | + ⅝ | 75½ | 76⅛ |
| 31¾ | 25¼ | 2,400 | Colorado Fuel & Iron | 30⅝ | 31⅜ | 30½ | 31 | + 1⅛ | 30⅝ | 31 |
| 45½ | 40 | 100 | Colorado Southern (3) | 44¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ | 44¾ | — 1½ | 44½ | 45 |
| 114 | 103⅞ | 14,200 | Columbia Gas & Elec. (6) | 113¼ | 113⅝ | 112 | 113 | — ⅝ | 112⅜ | 113 |
| 2⅞ | 2¼ | 600 | Columbia Graphophone | 2½ | 2⅝ | 2⅜ | 2⅝ | + ⅛ | 2½ | 2⅝ |
| 12½ | 8¾ | 100 | Columbia Graphophone pf. | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | | 10 | 11 |
| 43¾ | 39¼ | 100 | Commercial Solv. A. (4) | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | | 42 | 43 |
| 78 | 69 | 400 | Computing Tab. Rec. (6) | 77⅝ | 77⅝ | 76⅝ | 77⅝ | + 1⅝ | 76⅝ | 77⅜ |
| 39⅜ | 33 | 300 | Consolidated Cigar | 37 | 37 | 36½ | 36½ | — ½ | 36 | 36⅝ |
| 84¾ | 77 | 100 | Consolidated Cigar pf. (7) | 82½ | 82½ | 82½ | 82½ | + ½ | 82¼ | 83 |
| 67¾ | 60 | 7,500 | Consolidated Gas, new (5) | 66½ | 66⅝ | 65¾ | 65⅞ | — ⅛ | 65¾ | 66 |
| 19¾ | 13⅝ | 9,900 | Consolidated Textile | 13⅝ | 13⅞ | 13⅜ | 13⅜ | — ⅛ | 13⅜ | 13¾ |
| 50¾ | 43¾ | 3,200 | Continental Can (3) | 48½ | 49 | 48¼ | 48½ | — ¾ | 48½ | 49 |
| 103¼ | 92 | 100 | Continental Insurance (6) | 103½ | 103⅜ | 103¼ | 103½ | | 102 | 103 |
| 12¾ | 9 | 1,400 | Continental Motors | 10 | 10 | 9⅞ | 9⅞ | — ⅛ | 9⅞ | 10 |
| 139¾ | 123½ | 4,300 | Corn Products Ref. (10) | 134¼ | 135½ | 134¼ | 134½ | + ¼ | 134 | 134¼ |
| 58¾ | 50⅝ | 34,100 | Cosden Co. (4) | 57⅛ | 58⅞ | 57⅜ | 58½ | + ⅝ | 58⅜ | 58½ |
| 82½ | 67½ | 9,300 | Crucible Steel | 80½ | 82½ | 79¾ | 81 | + 1½ | 81 | 81½ |
| 93 | 88¼ | 100 | Crucible Steel pf. (7) | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | + 1¼ | 93 | 94 |
| 37⅜ | 23½ | 25,900 | Cuban American Sugar | 33 | 35 | 32½ | 35 | + 1¼ | 34⅝ | 35 |
| 102½ | 100½ | 200 | Cuban Am. Sugar pf. (7) | 102½ | 102½ | 102½ | 102½ | | 102 | 102½ |
| 20 | 12⅝ | 6,400 | Cuba Cane Sugar | 17⅛ | 17⅞ | 17⅛ | 17½ | — ⅛ | 17½ | 17¾ |
| 60⅞ | 37½ | 12,100 | Cuba Cane Sugar pf. | 55 | 55⅝ | 53¾ | 55 | — ¾ | 54¾ | 55¼ |
| 9¼ | 5⅞ | 6,500 | Cuban Dom. Sugar | 9 | 9¼ | 8⅝ | 9¼ | — ⅛ | 9 | 9¼ |
| 55 | 53 | 900 | Cuban Dom. Sugar pf. | 54 | 55 | 53 | 53 | | 53 | 53½ |
| 35¼ | 29 | 100 | Davison Chemical | 31¾ | 31¾ | 31¼ | 31¼ | — ¼ | 31½ | 32¼ |
| 25 | 23⅜ | 200 | De Beers Mines | 24½ | 24¼ | 24½ | 24½ | + ¼ | 24½ | 24⅝ |
| 124 | 103 | 300 | Delaware & Hudson (9) | 123½ | 124 | 123½ | 124 | + 2 | 123½ | 124½ |
| 130½ | 122¾ | 100 | Del., Lacka. & West. (6) | 127 | 127 | 127 | 127 | — 1½ | 125 | 128¾ |
| 44¾ | 39¾ | 4,800 | Dome Mines (2) | 40¾ | 40¾ | 39¾ | 40⅜ | — ⅝ | 40⅛ | 40½ |
| 3¾ | 3 | 100 | Duluth, S. S. & Atl. | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ | | 3¼ | 3½ |
| 121¾ | 106¼ | 6,200 | Du Pont de Nemours | 120 | 121¾ | 118 | 119¾ | + 5⅜ | 119½ | 119¾ |
| 86½ | 84½ | 100 | Du Pont de N. deb. (6) | 86 | 86 | 86 | 86 | — ½ | 85¾ | 86½ |
| 107 | 89¾ | 600 | Eastman Kodak (15%) | 106⅜ | 106⅜ | 106¼ | 106¼ | + ¼ | 106¼ | 106⅜ |
| 58 | 54 | 1,700 | Elec. Storage Bat. (14%) | 57⅜ | 57⅝ | 56½ | 57⅛ | — ⅜ | 57 | 57½ |
| 20⅜ | 16½ | 1,200 | Elkhorn Coal | 17 | 17¼ | 17 | 17 | | 17 | 17½ |
| 94¼ | 75¾ | 5,000 | Endicott-Johnson (5) x d. | 75¼ | 77¾ | 75¼ | 77¼ | + 1¼ | 77 | 77½ |
| 13⅜ | 10½ | 500 | Erie | 12¾ | 12⅞ | 12⅝ | 12⅞ | + ⅛ | 12¾ | 12⅝ |
| 20⅝ | 15 | 400 | Erie 1st pf. | 19¾ | 19¾ | 19 | 19 | — ⅛ | 19 | 19¼ |
| 14⅞ | 11¼ | 200 | Erie 2d pf. | 14½ | 14½ | 14¼ | 14¼ | — ⅛ | 14 | 14½ |
| 31 | 26 | 100 | Exchange Buffet (2) | 28½ | 28½ | 28¼ | 28¼ | — ¼ | 28 | 28½ |
| 13 | 9½ | 300 | Fairbanks Co. | 12¾ | 12¾ | 10 | 10 | — 3 | 10 | 12 |
| 93 | 82¾ | 3,900 | Famous Players-Lasky (8) | 89⅝ | 90⅜ | 89⅜ | 89½ | + ⅛ | 89⅜ | 89⅝ |
| 99¾ | 94½ | 100 | Famous Players-L. pf. (8) | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | 99½ | — ¼ | 99 | 99¾ |
| 12¾ | 8¾ | 100 | Federal Mining & Smelt | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | 12½ | + ⅝ | 11¾ | 12½ |
| 1,400 | 59¾ | 1,400 | Federal M. & S. pf. (7) | 59¾ | 59¾ | 58 | 58⅜ | — ⅝ | 58½ | 59 |
| 119 | 116 | 100 | Fisher Body pf. (7) | 118⅛ | 118⅛ | 118⅛ | 118⅛ | — ⅛ | 118⅛ | 119¾ |
| 101 | 96¼ | 200 | Fisher Body Ohio pf. (8) | 99 | 99 | 99 | 96 | — 1 | 99 | 100 |
| 16¾ | 13¼ | 3,400 | Fisk Rubber | 15⅝ | 16 | 15⅝ | 15⅞ | — ⅛ | 15⅝ | 15⅞ |
| 38¾ | 37⅜ | 9,700 | Fleischmann Co. | 38 | 38⅝ | 37⅜ | 37⅝ | — ⅛ | 37⅜ | 38 |
| 23¾ | 23½ | 5,700 | Freeport-Texas | 20¾ | 21¾ | 20½ | 20⅝ | + ⅛ | 20½ | 21 |
| 48 | 40¼ | 2,700 | General Asphalt | 48 | 48½ | 47 | 47 | — ½ | 47 | 47½ |
| 91 | 90 | 700 | General Cigar (6) | 90⅝ | 90⅞ | 90½ | 90½ | — ⅛ | 90 | 91 |
| 110 | 100 | 200 | General Cigar pf. (7) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | + 3 | 100 | 110 |
| 187½ | 186¾ | 1,800 | General Electric (8) | 186¾ | 188 | 186¾ | 187½ | + 1⅝ | 187 | 187½ |
| 14¾ | 11¼ | 500 | Gen. Electric Special (60c) | 11⅝ | 11¾ | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | | 11¼ | 11½ |
| 14¾ | 14¼ | 17,600 | General Motors (50c) | 14⅝ | 14⅞ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ | + ⅛ | 14⅝ | 14⅝ |
| 100 | 99½ | 100 | Gimbel Brothers pf. (7) | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | — 1 | 99½ | 100½ |
| 10⅝ | 10⅛ | 200 | Glidden Co. | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | — ⅛ | 10⅜ | 10⅝ |
| 6 | 5⅞ | 300 | Goldwyn Pictures | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | | 5⅞ | 6 |
| 38¾ | 35⅞ | 4,100 | Goodrich (B. F.) Co. | 37 | 37 | 36½ | 37 | + ⅛ | 36⅞ | 37½ |
| 90 | 88½ | 100 | Goodrich pf. (7) | 88½ | 88¾ | 

## Federal Income Taxes

As an aid in the preparation of your next Federal Income Tax Return, we will send, upon request, our Investment Record Folder, which provides a simple method for the systematic accounting of income from securities in accordance with requirements of the Revenue Act of 1921.

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# B.R.T.
## Reorganization

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# CLASS 1 RAILROADS GAIN IN INCOME

## Net Operating Receipts of 193 Lines Were $776,421,400 in 1922, or 4.14%.

## BELOW I. C. C.'S FAIR RETURN

### Figures for December Show Big Gain Over Previous Year—Expenses Have Been Reduced.

The 193 Class 1 railroads of the United States reported for the year ended Dec. 31 last an aggregate net operating income of $776,421,400, or equivalent to a return of 4.14 per cent. on their tentative valuation, according to the compilation of the American Railway Associations statistical bureau, based on returns to the Interstate Commerce Commission. This figure was somewhat in excess of preliminary estimates, which had ranged around $750,000,000 as the year's net; but the return of 4.14 per cent. was still below the amount fixed by the Interstate Commerce Commission at 5.75 per cent. as a fair return.

During December the railroads' net operating income was $79,154,900, which was at the annual rate of 5.15 per cent., or only six-tenths of 1 per cent. below the figure set by the Interstate Commerce Commission. This figure compared with $49,656,600 for December of 1921, or a return of 3.23 per cent. By districts, the December report showed, as compared with the previous December, an increase of 24.5 per cent. in the Eastern district, an increase of 19.7 per cent. in the Southern district and an increase of 3.1 per cent. in the Western district. Forty-two of the 193 railroads had operating deficits.

For the full year, the aggregate net operating income of $776,421,400, compared with $615,945,600 the year before, or the equivalent of 4.14 per cent. on tentative valuation in 1922, against 3.28 per cent. the previous year. Operating revenues of the Class 1 carriers totaled $5,616,284,800, an increase of eight-tenths of 1 per cent. over 1921 and operating expenses aggregated $4,454,939,700, or a reduction of 3.2 per cent. During the month of December, operating revenues amounted to $513,575,800, an increase of 20.8 per cent. over December of 1921, while operating expenses totaled $404,808,100, an increase of 15.2 per cent. The biggest single increase reported during December was in the cost of equipment maintenance which amounted to $116,810,900, or an increase of nearly 25 per cent. As evidence of the results obtained from this increased expenditure was the report that the number of cars in need of repair during December had been reduced 10,277 as compared with the previous month, while the total of locomotives awaiting repairs had been reduced 2,460.

A large part of the increase in the net operating income of 1922 was due to a reduction in operating expenses and greater efficiency in management. While there was an increase of about 9 per cent. in the amount of freight traffic carried by the railroads during the past year, compared with the year before, measured in net ton miles there was an actual decrease in operating expenses of 3.2 per cent. Due to reductions in freight rates that have been made during the past year, however, the increase in operating revenues of the carriers was less than 1 per cent. over the year of 1921.

The ratio of operating expenses to operating revenues for the railroads of the country in 1922 was 79.32 per cent., while in 1921 it was 82.61 per cent.

In the Eastern district the Class 1 railroads had a net operating income in 1922 of $342,749,000, a return of 4.01 per cent. on their tentative valuation. In 1921 those roads had a return of 3.20 per cent. In the Southern district the railroads had a net operating income of $109,718,780, or a return of 5.04 per cent. on their tentative valuation, compared to 2.64 per cent. in 1921. In the Western district the roads had a net operating income of $323,953,400, or 4.03 per cent. In 1921 it was 3.54 per cent.

## ATLAS POWDER SALES GAIN.

### Report for 1922 Shows Net Income of $2,189,603 for Year.

The Atlas Powder Company's annual report for 1922 shows sales of $16,723,735, compared with $14,495,016 the year before. Net income, after allowing for all charges, including taxes and interest, was $2,189,603, which represents a return of $18.93 per share on the common stock outstanding at the end of the year, after payment of the usual 6 per cent. dividend on the company's preferred shares. This compares with $634,484 last year and a return of $1.71 on common shares.

The general balance sheet shows current assets of $10,178,549. Permanent investments, including plant and equipment, increased from $15,223,074 to $17,800,125. Reserve for depreciation and other contingencies now amounts to $4,000,000, as compared with $3,786,509 a year ago.

In his letter to stockholders President W. J. Webster points out that in the ten years of the company's history its high explosive plants have been increased from three to six and its black blasting powder plants from four to five.

During the year the company retired its outstanding bonds for cash or by exchange for its common stock and now has no bonded indebtedness. Of its 2,246 employes, some 796, or 35½ per cent., have become stockholders.

## MERGE LOCOMOTIVE FORCES

### General Electric and American Locomotive Companies Plan Economies

The General Electric Company and the American Locomotive Company have entered into an arrangement whereby both companies will co-ordinate more closely in the design and manufacture of electric locomotives for use on railways. Improvements in construction, as well as economies in manufacture are expected to result.

The arrangement has been due in large measure to the increased interest and business in railway electrification in the United States and abroad, particularly within the last year, and anticipates a larger volume of business in the immediate future.

## FINANCIAL BRIEFS.

The Bank of America has published a pamphlet entitled "The Courts and the Trade Associations," which gives the first complete text, available for general distribution, of the decision of Judge Knox disbanding the Gypsum Industries Association.

Faulks & Murfitt have issued an analysis on "The Great Britain of South America."

C. W. McNear & Co. announce the opening of a Detroit office at 920 Penobscot Building, under the direction of Philip R. Molanton.

The Petroleum Heat and Power Company has removed its office to the Colonnade Building, Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street.

The Equitable Trust Company of New York has been appointed transfer agent of the stock of the Texas Consolidated Oil Company.

M. S. Hart, formerly of the General Electric Company, is now associated with Bonbright & Co.

C. Austin Bechtel, formerly with Graham, Parsons & Co., is now with R. G. Harper & Co. in their sales department.

George W. Lent, formerly with the Federal Trust Company and the West Side Trust Company, Newark, has joined the sales force of Hoagland, Allum & Co.

J. Bleibtreu of Abraham & Co. sails next Tuesday on the steamship Berengaria on a business trip through England, France and Italy.

Thomson & McKinnon will remove their New York offices on Saturday to the sixteenth floor of the New York Stock Exchange Building.

Kelley, Drayton & Co. announce the opening of an uptown office at 50 West Forty-second Street, under the management of Frank M. Johnson.

# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1923.

| Day's sales: | 1923. | 1922. | 1921. | 1920. | 1919. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| U. S. Government bonds | $2,036,400 | $8,215,400 | $6,434,050 | $8,144,650 | $10,472,000 |
| Other domestic bonds | 7,514,500 | 6,234,500 | 2,508,000 | 2,883,500 | 1,754,000 |
| Foreign bonds | 2,997,000 | 3,227,500 | 768,000 | 1,746,500 | 1,081,500 |
| Total all bonds | $12,547,900 | $17,677,400 | $9,710,050 | $12,774,650 | $13,307,500 |
| Year to date: | | | | | |
| U. S. Government bonds | $113,100,200 | $282,920,300 | $274,501,250 | $443,428,850 | $300,734,000 |
| Other domestic bonds | 245,250,500 | 218,871,500 | 125,058,500 | 85,598,000 | 60,149,000 |
| Foreign bonds | 77,124,000 | 65,352,500 | 34,604,500 | 48,801,500 | 91,615,500 |
| Total all bonds | $435,474,700 | $567,144,300 | $434,164,250 | $577,828,350 | $452,498,500 |

## UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

| Range Since Date of Issue. High. | Date. | Low. | Date. | Ran ge. '23. High. | Low. | Sales. | Issue. | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. | Closing Bid. | Asked. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 103.02 | Oct. 19,'22 | 98.04 | June 3,'21 | 101.90 | 100.94 | 133 | Liberty 3½s, 1932-47 | 101.78 | 101.84 | 101.74 | 101.78 | +.04 | 101.74 | 101.80 | 3.39 |
| 102.70 | Oct. 19,'22 | 98.14 | July 11,'21 | 101.76 | 100.76 | 2 | Liberty 3½s, registered | 101.54 | 101.54 | 101.54 | 101.54 | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 101.68 | July 25,'22 | 93.00 | May 19,'20 | 93.90 | 93.64 | ... | Liberty 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 98.70 | 99.20 | 4.09 |
| 101.30 | July 24,'22 | 93.80 | May 19,'20 | ... | ... | ... | Lib 1st. cv. 4s, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 100.80 | July 22,'22 | 91.40 | May 20,'20 | 98.70 | 97.74 | 2 | Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-42 | 98.70 | 98.70 | 98.70 | 98.70 | +.28 | 98.58 | 98.70 | 4.10 |
| 100.54 | July 14,'22 | 91.56 | May 21,'20 | 98.50 | 97.80 | ... | Liberty 2d 4s, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 102.00 | July 16,'22 | 90.00 | June 7,'20 | 96.00 | 96.10 | ... | Lib. 1st 2d cv. 4¼s, 32-47 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | 98.70 | 99.28 | ... |
| 101.78 | July 13,'22 | 94.00 | May 21,'20 | 99.20 | 98.24 | 100 | Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 32-47 | 98.90 | 98.90 | 98.80 | 98.82 | —.04 | 98.80 | 98.88 | 4.35 |
| 101.40 | July 24,'22 | 94.00 | July 20,'20 | 98.80 | 97.96 | ... | Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 101.00 | July 24,'22 | 91.40 | May 20,'20 | 99.10 | 97.82 | 376 | Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, | 98.70 | 98.88 | 98.68 | 98.68 | —.08 | 98.68 | 98.74 | 4.35 |
| 100.80 | July 22,'22 | 93.50 | Dec. 23,'20 | 98.86 | 97.70 | 1,206 | Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42 | ... | 99.04 | 99.00 | 99.00 | —.08 | 99.00 | 99.04 | 4.45 |
| 101.00 | July 20,'22 | 95.00 | Dec. 20,'20 | 99.16 | 98.02 | 2,206 | Lib. 3d 4¼s, 1928 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 100.86 | July 25,'22 | 92.40 | May 19,'20 | 99.04 | 98.44 | 5 | Lib. 3d 4¼s, reg. | ... | 98.94 | 98.94 | 98.94 | —.10 | ... | ... | ... |
| 101.86 | July 27,'22 | 92.00 | May 20,'20 | 99.18 | 98.02 | 835 | Lib. 4th 4¼s, 1933-38 | 98.94 | 98.96 | 98.80 | 98.86 | —.08 | 98.86 | 98.88 | 4.35 |
| 101.62 | July 26,'22 | 92.44 | May 20,'20 | 99.00 | 98.00 | ... | Lib. 4th 4¼s, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 100.98 | May 10,'22 | 94.70 | May 20,'20 | 100.32 | 100.18 | 62 | Victory 4¾s, 1923 | 100.18 | 100.23 | 100.18 | 100.20 | +.02 | 100.20 | 100.20 | 3.82 |
| 100.90 | Apr. 8,'22 | 94.68 | May 21,'20 | 100.06 | 100.00 | ... | Victory 4¾s, 1923, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 100.14 | Oct. 19,'22 | 96.90 | Oct. 27,'22 | 100.04 | 99.80 | 226 | Treasury 4¼s, 1947-52 | 100.00 | 100.02 | 99.98 | 100.02 | +.02 | 99.98 | 100.00 | 4.35 |
| 100.00 | Feb. 14,'23 | 99.84 | Oct. 7,'22 | 100.00 | 99.80 | ... | Treasury 4¼s, reg. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

## FOREIGN BONDS.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Argentine 5s, 1945 | s f 5s, 1948 | 5s, 1926 | 34.... 88¼ | 1947 int rcts | 2.... 97¼ | 3.... 70¾ | s f 6½s interim ctfs, 1953 | Un Kingdom of Gt Brit & Ire 5½s, 1929 |
| 1.... 81 | 2.... 93¾ | 5.... 100¼ | 1.... 93¾ | 12.... 90¾ | 3.... 97 | 5.... 70½ | 17.... 99¼ | 12.... 115 |
| temp 7s, 1927 | 1.... 93¾ | 5½s, 1929 | 19.... 83½ | 9.... 90¼ | 2.... 98¾ | 10.... 70 | Rep. of Colum | 9.... 115¼ |
| 15.... 102 | 4.... 63½ | 10.... 101½ | 39.... 83¾ | Jap Govt 4s, | 4.... 97¾ | 1.... 70¾ | 6½s temp | 3.... 115¼ |
| 2.... 102¼ | 2.... 94 | 2.... 101⅞ | 5.... 93¾ | 1931, ster lis | 8s, 1945 | 11.... 70 | ctfs, 1927 | 10.... 115¼ |
| 12.... 102¼ | 1.... 93¼ | 8s, 1931 | 13.... 93¾ | 30.... 81 | 1.... 100¼ | Rep of Bolivia | 1.... 93⅞ | 50.... 115¼ |
| 16ff.. 102¼ | s f 8s, 1947 | 1.... 100¾ | 5.... 93¾ | 2.... 81½ | 2.... 100½ | temp s f 8s, | 5.... 94 | 1.... 116¼ |
| 1.... 102¾ | 5.... 94 | 1.... 100⅞ | 5.... 93¾ | 22.... 81¾ | 1.... 100¼ | 1947 | Rep of Haiti | 1.... 115¾ |
| 4.... 102¾ | Cy of Sao Paulo | temp 5s, 1952 | Framerican | 5.... 81¾ | 1.... 100¼ | 13.... 92¼ | s f 6s ser A | 34.... 115¾ |
| 4.... 102½ | s f 8s, 1952, | 25.... 99¾ | Ind Dev tem | 5.... 81¾ | Kgdm of Italy | 8.... 92¼ | int ctfs, | 11.... 115 |
| 5.... 102⅞ | int rcts | 1.... 99½ | deb 7½s, 1942 | 5.... 81¾ | 6½s, 1925 | 5.... 92¼ | 1947 | 5½s, 1937 |
| Chinese Ry 5s, | 4.... 98 | 10.... 99¾ | 3.... 87½ | 4½s, 1925, | 1.... 94¼ | 1.... 92¼ | 18ff.. 96⅞ | 1.... 103¼ |
| 1951 | 2.... 98¼ | 1.... 99¾ | 4.... 88 | a/ar loan | Kgdm of Neth | 2.... 92¼ | 2.... 95⅞ | 8.... 103¼ |
| 1.... 81 | 2.... 98¼ | 17.... 99¾ | 6.... 87½ | 25.... 93 | s f 6s, 1972 | 3.... 92¼ | 6ff.. 95⅞ | 10.... 103½ |
| City Bergen | Cy Soissons | 8.... 99¼ | 5.... 87½ | 4.... 93½ | 68.... 99½ | 1.... 92¼ | 2.... 96 | 2.... 103¾ |
| 8s, 1945 | 8s, 1936 | 5.... 99¾ | FrenchGv 7½s, | 2.... 93½ | 36.... 99¾ | 1.... 92¼ | 25.... 96⅞ | 16.... 103¼ |
| 1....108¼ | 6.... 74¼ | Dutch E. Ind | 1941 | 1.... 93¾ | 1.... 99⅞ | Rep of Chile | 1.... 96⅞ | 2.... 103¼ |
| City Berne 8s, | 2.... 75 | 15ff., tr | 15.... 91¼ | 3.... 93¾ | 2.... 99⅞ | s f 7s interim ctfs, | 2.... 96 | U S of Brazil |
| 1945 | City Zurich | rcts | 5.... 91¼ | Erie 1st con | 6.... 99⅞ | 1942 | Rep of Uruguy | 7½s, 1952 |
| 1.... 111 | 8s, 1945 | 210.... 94½ | 1.... 91¼ | g 4s, 1996 | 3.... 99¾ | 1.... 93⅞ | s f 8s, 1946 | 7.... 103 |
| City Bordeaux | 5.... 112 | 5.... 94¾ | 2.... 91¼ | 1ff.... 57¼ | 10.... 100 | 2.... 96¾ | 10.... 104¼ | 1.... 102¾ |
| 6s, 1934 | Czechoslovak | 64.... 94½ | 1 aff.. 91¼ | 1st gen 4s, | 6.... 99¼ | 6.... 96¾ | 3.... 105¼ | 11.... 102¾ |
| 4.... 75¾ | Rep 8s, 1951, | 28.... 94¾ | 4.... 91¾ | 1996 | 10.... 99¾ | 2.... 96¾ | 2.... 105 | 16ff.. 102¾ |
| Cy Christiania | int ctfs | 11.... 94¾ | 2.... 91¾ | 2ff.. 47¼ | 10.... 99¾ | 19.... 96¾ | State of | 5.... 102¾ |
| s f 8s, 1945. | 22.... 83¼ | 240.... 94¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 1.... 104¾ | 20.... 99¾ | 2.... 96¾ | Queensland | 8s, 1941 |
| 1.... 110 | 5.... 83 | 1ff.. 94¾ | 2.... 91¾ | 3.... 98¼ | 10ff.. 99 | 2.... 96¾ | 6s, 1947 | 6.... 97¼ |
| Cy Copenhgn | 5.... 83¼ | 2ff.. 94¾ | 7.... 91¾ | cv 4s, A.1953 | Kgdm of Nor- | 97.... 96¾ | 14.... 101 | 13.... 97 |
| 5½s, 1944 | 2.... 83¼ | 28.... 94½ | 1.... 91¾ | 1.... 40 | way s f 6s, | 5.... 97 | 4.... 101¼ | 3.... 96¾ |
| 1.... 90 | Danish Munic | 16.... 95 | 2.... 91¾ | cv 4s, B,1953 | 1952, int ctfs | 3.... 96¾ | 1.... 117¾ | 1ff.. 96¼ |
| 12.... 90½ | s f 8s, Ser | 3.... 95 | 1.... 92 | 3.... 50½ | 4.... 98¼ | 4.... 96¼ | 5s, 1951 | Cent Rys of |
| 4.... 90 | A, 1946 | 8.... 94¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 10.... 50 | 16.... 98¼ | 4.... 96½ | 2.... 97¼ | Brazil Elec |
| Cy Gr Prague | 4.... 108¾ | 25.... 94½ | 2.... 92 | 5.... 49¾ | 2.... 98¼ | 5.... 96¾ | Lorillard Co | 7s, 1952 |
| 7½s, 1952, | 1.... 109 | 8s,1962,tr rcts | 1.... 92 | cv 4s, D,1953 | Kgdm of Swe- | s f 8s, 1926 | 5s, 1951 | 5.... 85 |
| int ctfs | Ser B | 34.... 98¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 15.... 50¾ | den 6s, 1925, | 1....101¾ | 3.... 97 | 20.... 84½ |
| 2.... 70¼ | 1....108¼ | 4.... 93¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 52.... 50¾ | tmp 5s, 1965 | 5ff.. 101¾ | Louis & Nash | U S of Mex |
| 4.... 70 | 2....109 | 91.... 93¾ | 1.... 91½ | Cuba R R 5s, | 8.... 105½ | State of Rio | temp ref | 5s, 1945 |
| City Lyons | 1....108¾ | 7.... 93½ | 1.... 92 | 1952 | 3.... 105½ | Grnde do Sul | 5½s, 2003 | 11.... 84 |
| 6s, 1934 | 1....108¾ | 15.... 93¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 1.... 85 | 8.... 105¾ | 8s, 1946 | 1....104½ | 15.... 84¼ |
| 5.... 76 | 1....109 | 8.... 93¾ | 1.... 91¾ | 1st ref 4½s, | 5.... 105¾ | 10.... 88¾ | Ill Cent & C, | 10.... 84¼ |
| 4.... 75½ | Dept of the | 135.... 93¼ | 1.... 91½ | 1970 | 20.... 105½ | 2.... 88¾ | St L & N O | 5.... 84¾ |
| 2.... 76 | Seine 7s, 1942 | 1.... 93¼ | 1.... 92 | 1st ref 4s, | 11.... 105¾ | 1.... 88¾ | jt 5s, A,1963 | 10.... 84¾ |
| 1.... 75¾ | 2.... 82¼ | 1ff.. 93¼ | 1.... 91¾ | 1951 | 17.... 106 | 2.... 88¾ | 5.... 95 | 18.... 84¾ |
| 1.... 70½ | 2.... 82¼ | 9.... 93¼ | 1.... 91¾ | 1st ref 4s, | 10ff.. 106 | 1.... 88¾ | Ill St 4½s,1940 | 12.... 84¾ |
| Cy Marseilles | 2.... 83 | 15ff.. 93¾ | gn 4½s, 1992 | 1955 | 5ff.. 106½ | 1.... 88¾ | 8.... 92¾ | Un Kingdom of |
| 6s, 1934 | Dom Rep 6s, | 4.... 93¾ | 2.... 85¼ | 1.... 74¾ | 11.... 107 | 1.... 88¾ | Ind St 5s, 1952 | Gt Brit & Ire |
| 4.... 75½ | 1926 | 135.... 93¼ | 1.... 85 | 1st ref 4½s, | 5.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 2.... 101¼ | A, 1962, w i |
| 1.... 76 | 8.... 99 | 1.... 93¾ | 1.... 84¾ | 1950 | 2.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 10.... 101¼ | 4.... 83¼ |
| Cy Montevideo | 5½s, 1942, | 1ff.. 93¾ | Chi & Alt 3½s, | 26.... 28½ | 5.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | Int-Met 4½s, | per in ... 83¼ |
| temp s f 7s, | int ctfs | 9.... 93¼ | 1950 | 2.... 28½ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1956 | B, 1962, w i |
| 1952 | 3.... 87½ | 15ff.. 93⅜ | 2.... 20 | C P & Q gen | 2.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 8½ | 2.... 67 |
| 4.... 90 | Dom of Can | S W div | C P & Q gen | 4s, 1958 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | Guar Tr ctfs | 6s, Ser C, |
| Cy Rio de Jan | | 3½s, 1925 | 4s, 1958 | 2.... 87½ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 16¾ stamped | 1932, w i |
| | | 12.... 93¼ | 1.... 81 | temp 1st & | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 16.... 1¼ | 4.... 95½ |
| | | 5.... 93¾ | Chi Cy & Con | ref 5s, 1971 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | Int R T 1st & | adj 5s, 1967, |
| | | 4.... 93⅞ | Ry 1st & | 3.... 100¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | ref 5s, 1966 | w i |
| | | registered | ref 5s, 1927 | 9.... 100 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 3.... 72½ | 15.... 63 |
| | | 1.... 90¼ | 13.... 86 | Ill div 3½s, | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 72¾ | 5.... 62¾ |
| | | 2.... 90 | Chi & Nast Ill | 1949 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 4.... 72¾ | 1.... 62½ |
| | | 1st & ref 6s, | gen 5s, 1951, | 3.... 80¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 3.... 73 | 2.... 63 |
| | | 1942 | temp ctfs | 4.... 81 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 23.... 63 |
| | | 6.... 93½ | 13.... 80¾ | Chi Gt Westn | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 9.... 73¼ | Mo Pacific 4s, |
| | | 5.... 93¼ | 3.... 81 | 4s, 1959 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 5.... 73¼ | 1949 |
| | | 1.... 93¼ | Chi Gt Westn | 5.... 53½ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 2.... 73¼ | 2.... 96½ |
| | | 12.... 92¾ | 4s, 1959 | 2.... 53¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 3.... 96¾ |
| | | 3.... 92¾ | 5.... 53½ | 1.... 54 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | gen 4s, 1975 |
| | | 40.... 92¾ | 2.... 53¾ | 1.... 53¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 62 |
| | | s f 6s, 1948 | Chi Ind & Lou | 1.... 97¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 3.... 61¾ |
| | | 12.... 90¼ | 1st & gen 6s, | Chi Ind & So | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 61¾ |
| | | 15.... 90¾ | 1956 | 4s, 1956 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1st & ref 5s, |
| | | 15.... 90½ | 1.... 97¾ | 1.... 84 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1926 |
| | | Braden Cop | Chi Ind & Louis | Chi M & St P | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 15.... 95¾ |
| | | s f 6s, 1931 | 1st ref 6s, | gn 4s, ser A, | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Mont Power |
| | | 8.... 99¾ | 1947 | 1989 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 5s, Ser A, 1943 |
| | | 4.... 99½ | 1.... 97¾ | 2.... 74¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 97¼ |
| | | 7.... 99¾ | Chi Ind & So | 4s, 1925 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 96¾ |
| | | 5.... 99¾ | 4s, 1956 | 1.... 70¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 96¾ |
| | | Brier Hill 8½ | 1.... 84 | 7.... 70¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Montl Trmwys |
| | | 1st 5½s,1942, | Chi M & St P | 1.... 69¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1st ref 5s, |
| | | int rcts | gn 4s, ser A, | 14.... 80¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1941 |
| | | 3.... 93 | 1989 | 5.... 80¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 89¾ |
| | | 2.... 94¾ | 2.... 74¾ | 26.... 80½ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 4.... 90 |
| | | Bklyn Edison | 4s, 1925 | 4s, 1934 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 89¼ |
| | | gen 6s, 1930 | 1.... 70¾ | 1.... 61¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Morris & Co |
| | | 1.... 103 | 7.... 70¼ | 1.... 61¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | s f 4½s, 1939 |
| | | gen 7s, Ser | 14.... 69¾ | 10.... 61¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 5.... 86 |
| | | C, 1930 | 5.... 69¾ | 10.... 60¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Nassau Elec |
| | | 5.... 106 | 26.... 69¾ | cv 4½s, 1932 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | RR 4s, 1951 |
| | | Ser D, 1940 | 4s, 1934 | 3.... 67 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 67 |
| | | 3.... 107¼ | 1.... 61¾ | 7.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | NatRys of Mx |
| | | Bklyn Rap Tr | 1.... 61¾ | 7.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | pri in 4½s, |
| | | gold 5s, 1945, | 10.... 61¾ | 1.... 67 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1937, July'14 |
| | | ctfs of dep | 10.... 60¼ | 10.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | coupon on |
| | | 3.... 77 | cv 4½s, 1933 | 5.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 81 |
| | | 5.... 76¾ | 1.... 61¾ | 16.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Nat Tube 5s, |
| | | 7s, 1921 | 1.... 61¾ | 10.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1952 |
| | | 5.... 94¼ | 1.... 61¾ | 5.... 67¼ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 10.... 100¼ |
| | | ctfs of dep, | 1.... 61¾ | cv 5s, 1940 | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 5.... 100¼ |
| | | stamped | 1.... 61¾ | 1.... 97¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 100¾ |
| | | 2.... 90 | 1.... 61¾ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Nwark Gas 5s, |
| | | Bklyn Un El | 14.... 80¾ | 5.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1948 |
| | | 1st 5s, 1950 | 5.... 80¾ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 95 |
| | | 2.... 83 | 4s, 1934 | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | New Eng TAT |
| | | stamped | 1.... 61¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1st 5s, 1952 |
| | | 3.... 84 | 1.... 61¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 10.... 99 |
| | | 1.... 84¾ | 10.... 61¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 98¾ |
| | | Bklyn Un Gas | 10.... 60¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 98¾ |
| | | 5s, 1945 | cv 4½s, 1932 | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | N O Texas & |
| | | 1.... 97¼ | 3.... 67 | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | Mex 6s, ser |
| | | 6.... 97¼ | 7.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | A, 1925 |
| | | 1st & ref 6s, | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 101¼ |
| | | Ser A, 1947 | 5.... 67¾ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 5.... 101 |
| | | 2.... 103¾ | 14.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | inc 5s, 1993 |
| | | registered | 10.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 3.... 83 |
| | | 1.... 90¼ | 5.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | N Y Cent deb |
| | | 1st & ref 6s, | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 6s, 1935 |
| | | Ser A, 1942 | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 104¼ |
| | | 2.... 103¾ | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 22.... 104¼ |
| | | Bur, C R & N | 10.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | ref & imp 5s, |
| | | col tr 5s, 1934 | 5.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2018, ser C |
| | | 1.... 99¾ | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 97 |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 13.... 96¾ |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 3.... 97 |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 10.... 96¾ |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 13.... 97 |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 1.... 96¾ |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 96¾ |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 14.... 97¼ |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.... 94¾ | 1.... 106⅝ | 1.... 88¾ | 1.... 73¼ | 2.... 97 |
| | | | 1.... 67¼ | 1.

JACKSON & CURTIS
Established 1879
43 Exchange Place
New York

Province of
ALBERTA
4½% Gold Bonds
Due February, 1924
Payable in New York
in United States Gold Coin
To Yield 5%
Canadian Bond Corporation
of New York
100 Broadway
Phone 4863 Rector

SECURITIES we recommend are selected as result of our analyses to establish their advantage in relative worth.
$7 Preferred Stock
Cumulative Convertible
1. Price to yield 7.10%.
2. Convertible privilege holds distinct appreciation possibilities.
3. An old, successful and well known local company.
4. Net tangible assets equal $295 per share; net earnings, year 1922, estimated over 4 times dividend requirements and outlook indicates increased earnings.
Full information on request
FOSTER, McCONNELL & CO.
14 Wall Street, New York
Telephone Rector 4220

Alabama Power Company
$7 Preferred Stock
For the calendar year 1922, the earnings of the Alabama Power Company were equivalent to over five times the present annual dividend requirements on this Preferred Stock.
Price 98 and accrued dividend yielding
7.14%
F. S. Smithers & Co.
Established 1877
19 Nassau St. New York

Republic of Cuba
External Loan Sinking Fund
5½% Gold Bonds
Due January 15, 1953
Price 99¼ & Interest
To yield over 5.55%
Descriptive circular on application.
Frank B. Cahn & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
111 BROADWAY 7 ST. PAUL ST.
New York Baltimore

# MINNEAPOLIS BONDS PUT ON MARKET HERE

## Bankers Trust and Eldredge & Co. Offer $2,247,000 Gold Obligations.

## $1,000,000 IN POWER ISSUE

### City of Yonkers Bonds Totaling $1,258,000 Are Obtained by Sherwood and Merrifield.

New bond offerings today include State and municipal and public utility issues. The Bankers Trust Company and Eldredge & Co. are offering a new issue of $2,247,000 City of Minneapolis, Minn., gold 4½ per cent. bonds, due serially March 1, 1924, to 1953 inclusive. The bankers state that the bonds are a legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut. They are offered to yield 4.25 per cent. for 1924 to 1928 maturities, 4.20 per cent. for 1929 to 1933 maturities, 4.15 per cent. for 1934 to 1938 maturities, 4.10 per cent. for 1939 to 1943 maturities, and 4.05 per cent. for 1944 to 1953 maturities.

Eastman, Dillon & Co. and W. C. Langley & Co. are offering $1,000,000 Pennsylvania-Ohio Power & Light Company 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock at 93½ and accrued dividend to yield 7.49 per cent. The company serves a district of approximately 600 square miles between Cleveland and Pittsburgh, according to the bankers.

Estabrook & Co. are offering a new issue of $375,000 City of Minneapolis, Minn., 4½ per cent. and 5 per cent. bonds, due serially 1923 to 1932, at prices to yield 4.20 per cent. These bonds are a legal investment for savings banks and trust funds in New York and other States, it is stated.

George B. Gibbons & Co., Inc., is offering a new issue of $210,000 Thompson, New York, (Sullivan County) 4½ per cent. refunding bonds, dated March 1, 1923, and maturing as follows: $5,000 annually 1924 to 1952 inclusive, and $65,000 March 1, 1953, at prices to yield 4.20 per cent. for the 1924 to 1942 maturities, and 4.15 per cent. for the 1943 to 1953 maturities.

P. W. Chapman & Co. are offering a new issue of $73,000 Dallas County, Iowa, 4½ per cent. funding bonds, dated Jan. 1, 1923, and due serially May 1, 1928 to 1934, at prices to yield 4.35 per cent.

Aldred & Co. announce on behalf of Aldred & Co., Ltd., that the offering of £200,000 6½ per cent. debenture stock of the St. Maurice Power Company, Ltd., made in London yesterday, was oversubscribed. This was the first offering of Canadian securities in the London market since 1914, it was explained. On Feb. 6 $9,026,000 first mortgage 6½ per cent. bonds of the same company were offered in the United States and Canada.

Sherwood & Merrifield yesterday obtained an issue of $1,258,000 City of Yonkers, New York bonds, consisting of $791,000 4¼ per cent. bonds and $467,000 4½ per cent. bonds. The bid of the company was 101.58. Two other bids were made for the issue.

The Directors of the International Cement Company have voted to call the five-year 8 per cent. convertible gold notes immediately.

## UNITED FRUIT INCOME GAINS

### Report for 1922 Shows Total Surplus is Now $43,807,092.

The United Fruit Company for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports total income of $22,561,549, against $20,579,836 in the previous year. Net income available for dividends amounted to $18,861,318, equal to $13.85 a share earned on the $100,000,000 capital stock outstanding. In 1921 reported earnings were equal to $16.97 a share. The detailed income account for 1922 and 1921 follows:

| | Yr. ended Dec. 31, '22 | Yr. ended Dec. 31, '21 |
|---|---|---|
| Total income | $22,561,549 | $20,579,836 |
| Interest | | 6,906 |
| Taxes | 3,710,231 | 3,950,167 |
| Net income | $18,861,318 | $16,975,763 |
| Dividends | 10,000,000 | 8,000,000 |
| Surplus | $8,861,318 | $8,975,763 |
| Previous surplus | 34,955,774 | 25,980,011 |
| Total surplus | $43,807,092 | $34,955,774 |
| P. & L. credits | 1,162,930 | |
| P. & L. surplus | $44,970,022 | $34,955,774 |

The item of $1,162,930 credited back to profit and loss account represented reserves set aside for uninsured losses.

## MARKET AVERAGES.

American Sugar replaces Consolidated Gas in the list of stocks from which THE NEW YORK TIMES stock market averages are computed, a change made necessary by the reduction in the quoted price of Endicott-Johnson shares, which were traded in yesterday, ex the 20 per cent. stock dividend.

### STOCKS.

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 25 railroads | 65.09 | 64.60 | 64.79 | — .01 |
| 25 industrials | 116.54 | 114.90 | 115.82 | +. .59 |
| 50 stocks | 90.81 | 89.79 | 90.30 | + .29 |

DAILY RANGE OF STOCKS.

| | High. | Low. | Last | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 14 | 90.77 | 89.40 | 90.01 | — .43 |
| Feb. 13 | 91.01 | 89.89 | 90.44 | + 42 |
| Feb. 12 | Holiday. | | | |
| Feb. 11 | 90.18 | 89.56 | 90.02 | + .50 |
| Feb. 9 | 90.08 | 89.11 | 89.52 | + .01 |
| Feb. 8 | 90.10 | 88.98 | 89.51 | + .31 |
| Feb. 7 | 90.03 | 89.01 | 89.20 | — .13 |

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

| Feb. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1923 | 91.01 Feb. 13 | 85.92 Feb. 1 | 90.20 |
| 1922 | 73.71 Feb. 27 | 68.25 Feb. 1 | 73.00 |
| 1921 | 71.72 Feb. 17 | 66.31 Feb. 24 | 69.30 |
| 1920 | 87.96 Feb. 3 | 75.43 Feb. 18 | 80.24 |
| 1919 | 85.53 Feb. 27 | 70.33 Feb. 10 | 74.58 |

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1923 | 91.01 Feb. 13 | 84.17 Jan. 17 | 90.20 |
| †1922 | 72.10 Feb. 15 | 66.21 Jan. 10 | 71.23 |

Full Years.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1922 | 93.06 Oct. 18 | 66.21 Jan. 10 | 86.58 |
| 1921 | 73.13 May 6 | 53.35 June 21 | 68.56 |
| 1920 | 94.07 Apr. 9 | 67.20 Dec. 22 | 67.90 |
| 1919 | 98.47 Oct. 31 | 80.73 Jan. 21 | 90.83 |
| 1918 | 80.16 Nov. 12 | 64.13 Jan. 15 | 78.39 |

### BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE DOMESTIC BONDS.

| | Net Change. Day. | Month. | Year. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 40 issues | 79.35 | —.05 | +.69 | +2.56 |

DAILY RANGE OF DOMESTIC BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 14 | 79.40 | +.02 | Feb. 9 | 79.30 |
| Feb. 13 | 79.38 | +.11 | Feb. 8 | 79.30 | +.08 |
| Feb. 12 | Holiday. | | Feb. 7 | 79.22 | +.20 |
| Feb. 11 | 79.27 | —.03 | Feb. 6 | 79.02 | —.01 |

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1923 | 79.40 Feb. 14 | 78.51 Jan. 31 | 79.35 |
| †1922 | 77.07 Jan. 23 | 75.01 Jan. 3 | 76.79 |

Full Years.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1922 | 82.54 Aug. 22 | 75.01 Jan. 3 | 79.12 |
| 1921 | 76.31 Nov. 29 | 67.86 June 20 | 75.27 |
| 1920 | 79.14 Oct. 21 | 66.57 May 31 | 66.86 |
| 1919 | 79.06 June 2 | 71.05 Dec. 7 | 73.66 |
| 1918 | 82.38 Nov. 13 | 75.45 Sep. 27 | 78.78 |

*To date.
†To corresponding date last year.

FOREIGN BONDS.
YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

| | Net Change. Day. | Week. | Month. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 10 Gov't issues | 98.87 | —.25 | —.06 | —.48 |

DAILY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Feb. 14 | 99.12 | —.29 | Feb. 9 | 99.10 | +.17 |
| Feb 13 | 99.41 | +.05 | Feb. 8 | 98.93 |
| Feb. 12 | Holiday. | | Feb. 7 | 98.87 |
| Feb. 11 | 99.36 | +.36 | Feb. 6 | 98.93 |

YEARLY RANGE 10 FOREIGN BONDS.

| | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| *1923 | 100.56 | 96.56 | 98.87 |
| †1922 | 104.87 | 96.06 | 99.91 |

*To date.
†Full year.

# FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

## Sterling at a New High for the Year—Marks Display Unusual Strength.

Following a comparatively lethargic behavior during the last two days, sterling yesterday registered a new high for the year, although the final quotation yesterday at $4.68⅝ represented only ⅛ cent advance from the close of the preceding day. At $4.68⅝, made in the early trading sessions yesterday, London exchange displaced the previous top price of $4.68 9-16 made on Feb. 10, and proved to be the best quotation for sterling since Dec. 13, 1922, when $4.69 was reached. It is necessary to go back to March, 1919, to find an equal figure of $4.69 for sterling.

Marks continued their upward course yesterday in robust manner, and at the high for the day of .0062⅝ cent represented an appreciation of something like 160 per cent., as compared with the low of .0020 cent. made two weeks ago, on Jan. 30. In London and Berlin checks sold as high as 55, according to dispatches received in the financial district. Bankers assumed, in general, that the healthy display of strength in marks may have been partly due to the stabilizing efforts on the part of Government agents, but it was admitted that speculation on an extended scale was probably a more dominant factor in the situation. The closing price of marks yesterday was .0051¾ cent, an advance of .0007¼ cent, as compared with the preceding day.

Francs went up rapidly at the opening of the market, selling at 6.11¼ cents, but the closing quotation of 6.02 was unchanged from the preceding day. Lire advanced .03 cent, and exchange on Amsterdam, Madrid and Stockholm also showed small gains. The exchanges of the mid-Continental countries and the Far East were more or less colorless during the entire trading session yesterday.

In the subjoined table the quotation on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent:

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1923.

RANGE OF RATES, SIGHT EXCHANGE.

| | High. | Low. | Final. | Wednesday's Final. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| LONDON | $4.68⅝ | $4.68⅝ | $4.68⅝ | $4.68⅝ |
| PARIS | 6.11¼ | 6.01¾ | 6.02 | 6.02 |
| ROME | 4.80 | 4.78½ | 4.79½ | 4.76½ |
| AMSTERDAM | .39.53 | 39.49 | 39.49 | 39.46 |
| BERLIN | .0052⅜ | .0050⅝ | .0051¾ | .0044½ |
| MADRID | 15.64 | 15.63 | 15.64 | 15.61 |
| STOCKHOLM | 26.59 | 26.55 | 26.56 | 26.53 |

CLOSING RATES.

Parity of exchange is given as reported by the United States Mint, except in countries with a silver standard, where parity fluctuates with the price of silver.

Europe.

| | Thurs. day. | Wednes- day. | Week Ago. | Year Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| STERLING—Par $4.86½ per sovereign. | | | | |
| Demand | 4.68⅝ | 4.68⅛ | 4.67⅛ | 4.34⅝ |
| Cables | 4.68¾ | 4.68⅜ | 4.67⅝ | 4.35⅛ |
| Com., 60 days | 4.65⅞ | 4.65⅜ | 4.64⅛ | 4.31⅝ |
| Com., 90 days | 4.64⅛ | 4.64⅜ | 4.63¾ | 4.30⅝ |
| FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 6.02 | 6.02 | 6.21 | 8.96 |
| Cables | 6.02⅛ | 6.02⅛ | 6.21⅛ | 8.96⅝ |
| ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira. | | | | |
| Demand | 4.79½ | 4.79¼ | 4.85 | 4.35⅛ |
| Cables | 4.80 | 4.77 | 4.86½ | 4.36 |
| BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 5.29⅛ | 5.30 | 5.48⅝ | 8.29 |
| Cables | 5.30 | 5.30¼ | 5.49 | 8.36⅛ |
| GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark. | | | | |
| Demand | .0051⅜ | .0044⅛ | .0030 | .50¼ |
| Cables | .0051⅝ | .0044½ | .0030 | .50¼ |
| AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | .0014½ | .0014½ | .0014¼ | .03 |
| Cables | .0014½ | .0014¾ | .0014¾ | .03 |
| CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | 2.96¼ | 2.97 | 2.97 | 1.90½ |
| Cables | 2.96½ | 2.97 | 2.97 | 1.90⅝ |
| DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone. | | | | |
| Demand | 19.06 | 18.96 | 18.68 | 20.70 |
| Cables | 19.08 | 18.98 | 18.70 | 20.75 |
| FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finnmark. | | | | |
| Demand | 2.62 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.01 |
| Cables | 2.63 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2.01 |
| GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma. | | | | |
| Demand | 1.26 | 1.25 | 1.28 | 4.55 |
| Cables | 1.26 | 1.26 | 1.31 | 4.60 |
| HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin | | | | |
| Demand | 39.49 | 39.48 | 39.45 | 37.35 |
| Cables | 39.54 | 39.53 | 39.50 | 37.40 |
| HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown. | | | | |
| Demand | .03⅝ | .03⅞ | .03⅜ | .15⅛ |
| Cables | .03⅞ | .03⅞ | .03⅜ | .15⅛ |
| NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone. | | | | |
| Demand | 18.68 | 18.62 | 18.44 | 16.90 |
| Cables | 18.70 | 18.64 | 18.46 | 16.95 |
| POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark. | | | | |
| Demand | .0024 | .0025 | .0029 | .03 |
| Cables | .0024 | .0025 | .0029 | .03 |
| RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu. | | | | |
| Demand | .47 | .47 | .46¼ | .80 |
| Cables | .47 | .47 | .46⅛ | .80 |

| | Thurs. day. | Wednes- day. | Week Ago. | Year Ago. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar. | | | | |
| Demand | 1.00 | 1.01 | .92 | 1.82 |
| Cables | 1.00 | 1.01 | .92 | 1.82 |
| SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta. | | | | |
| Demand | 15.64 | 15.61 | 15.62 | 15.70 |
| Cables | 15.66 | 15.69 | 16.64 | 15.72 |
| SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krona. | | | | |
| Demand | 26.56 | 26.55 | 26.53 | 26.25 |
| Cables | 26.59 | 26.55 | 26.53 | 26.30 |
| SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc. | | | | |
| Demand | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.74 | 19.49 |
| Cables | 18.77 | 18.77 | 18.76 | 19.51 |

Far East.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| CHINA—Cents per silver dollar for Hongkong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking. | | | | |
| Hongkong, demand | 52.625 | 52.625 | 52.50 | 54.625 |
| Hongkong, cables | 52.75 | 52.75 | 52.50 | 54.75 |
| Peking, demand | 76.00 | 77.25 | 76.75 | 77.00 |
| Shanghai, demand | 71.88 | 72.125 | 71.38 | 73.00 |
| Shanghai, cables | 71.90 | 72.25 | 71.50 | 73.25 |
| INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at one-tenth of a pound sterling. | | | | |
| Demand | 31.81 | 31.88 | 31.88 | 28.25 |
| Cables | 31.93 | 32.00 | 32.00 | 28.375 |
| PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso | | | | |
| Demand | 50.375 | 50.375 | 50.375 | 49.50 |
| Cables | 50.625 | 50.625 | 50.50 | 49.75 |
| JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin. | | | | |
| Demand | 39.50 | 39.375 | 39.50 | 38.00 |
| JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen. | | | | |
| Demand | 48.31 | 48.31 | 48.31 | 47.31 |
| Cables | 48.43 | 48.43 | 48.43 | 47.43 |

South America.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar. | | | | |
| Demand | 37.15 | 37.07 | 37.07 | 36.75 |
| Cables | 37.18 | 37.13 | 37.13 | 36.81 |
| BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis. | | | | |
| Demand | 11.55 | 11.50 | 11.45 | 13.50 |
| Cables | 11.60 | 11.55 | 11.50 | 13.50 |
| CHILE—Par 36 cents per paper peso. | | | | |
| Demand | 11.75 | 11.70 | 12.10 | 10.13 |
| Cables | 11.80 | 11.75 | 12.15 | 10.16 |
| PERU—Par $4.8665 per pound. | | | | |
| Checks | 4.14 | 4.14 | 4.13 | 3.57 |
| Cables | 4.16 | 4.15 | 4.14 | 3.60 |
| URUGUAY—Par $1.0342 per gold peso. | | | | |
| Demand | 92.66 | 92.53 | 92.64 | 91.06 |
| Cables | 92.83 | 92.68 | 92.90 | 91.20 |

Canada.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar. | | | | |
| Demand | 98.93 | 98.82 | 98.82 | 96.15 |

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, $1.40 cents per ruble.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| 100 ruble notes, per ruble | .07 | .12 |
| 500 ruble notes, per ruble | .02 | .02⅛ |

## FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

### Prices Again Firm—Sharp Decline in Sterling at Paris.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—Prices were steady on the Stock Exchange today. Old 2½ per cent. consols, ⅛ higher at 57; 5 per cent. British war loan, 100⅝; 4½ per cent. war loan, 96, both unchanged.

Rand Mines, unchanged at 3⅛; De Beers Mining, ⅛ lower at 13⅝.

PARIS, Feb. 15.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 40 centimes lower at 58 francs 30 centimes; 5 per cent. war loan, 70 centimes lower at 75 francs 30 centimes.

Exchange on London, 1 franc 5 centimes lower at 76 francs 80 centimes per sovereign; American dollars were quoted at 16 francs 41½ centimes, against 16 francs 63⅝ centimes yesterday.

## FOREIGN SECURITIES.

| | Rate. | Due. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Arg. (unlisted) | 5 | Sep., 1945 | 77⅛ | 78¼ |
| Arg. (recession) | 4 | 1945 | 66 | 67 |
| Belgian Prem | | 1920 | 49 | 53 |
| Belgian (rest'n) | | Sep., 1919 | 45 | 49 |
| Brazil | 4 | 1889 | 39 | 41 |
| Brazil | 4½ | 1889 | 44 | 46 |
| Brazil | 5 | 1895 | 49 | 51 |
| British Victory | 4 | Sep., 1919 | 83⅝ | 85¼ |
| British Fund | 4 | Mar., 1960 | 81⅝ | 83¼ |
| Brit. Nat. W. B. | 5 | Oct., 1927 | 100¾ | 102¼ |
| Brit. Nat. W. B. | 5 | 1947-20 | 93¾ | 95¼ |
| Brit. Nat. W. B. | 5 | 1929 | 98 | 100 |
| Brit. Exchequer | 5¼ | 1929 | 97¼ | 99¼ |
| Canada | | 1927 | 101 | 101⅜ |
| Canada | 5½ | Nov., 1933 | 104¼ | 106¼ |
| Chile | 1st 5s | 1911 | 64 | 67 |
| City of Pelotas | 6 | 1911 | 64 | 66 |
| Colombia | 6 | 1913 | 63 | 66 |
| Costa Rica | 5 | 1911 | 58 | 62 |
| Cuba | 6 | 1929 | 91 | 93 |
| French Gov. Vic. | 5 | Jan., 1921 | 45 | 47 |
| French Loan | 5 | May, 1920 | 55½ | 57½ |
| French Loan | 6 | 1920 | 56 | 58 |
| French Loan, '17 | 4 | Jan., 1943 | 39 | 41 |
| Italy Loan | 5 | | 41 | 41 |
| Paris-Orleans R.R. | 6 | 1956 | 85½ | 87½ |
| Midi R. R. | 6 | 1960 | 85½ | 87½ |
| Russ., External | 6½ | June, 1919 | 12 | 14 |
| Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs) | | | 11 | 14 |
| Russ. ruble bonds | 5½ | Feb., 1926 | ½ | 2 |
| Russ. external | 5½ | Dec., 1921 | 13 | 13 |
| Do (Nat. City Bank ctfs.) | | | 10 | 13 |
| Russ. rentes of 1894 | | | 3 | 5 |
| Sao Paulo | 7s | 1946 | 105 | 115 |
| Swedish | 6 | June, 1939 | 105 | 105½ |
| Switzerland | 5½ | Aug., 1920 | 103¼ | 103⅝ |
| Uruguay | 5 | 1919 | 69 | 71 |

# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page Nineteen.

## DOMESTIC BONDS.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| non con deb 4s, 1956 | 1 | 101⅞ | Prod & Ref 8 f 8s, 1931 | 5 | 74⅝ | Stand Oil Ca deb 7s, 1931 | 5 | 103½ |
| 1 | 45¼ | 1 | 101⅞ | 2 | 85¼ | 6 | 75 | 1 | 106⅝ | 5 | 102¾ |
| 1966 | 17 | 107⅜ | 1 | 107 | 6 | 75¼ | 1 | 106⅝ | 1 | 102⅝ |
| 2 | 46¼ | 11 | 107⅝ | with warnts | 7 | 75 | 1 | 106 | Un S R. Corp s f 6s, 1942, temp | |
| 1 | 46⅝ | 5 | 107⅝ | 1s6f. 126 | 8 | 74⅝ | 5 | 106⅞ | 1 | 93⅞ |
| 5 | 47 | No States Pwr 1st & ref 6s, 1941 | 3 | 127 | 1 | 74⅞ | 7 | 105⅝ | 2 | 93¾ |
| cv 8½s, 1956 | 1 | 42¾ | Pub Serv Corp s f 5s, 1959 | 5 | 75 | 8 | 106¾ | Utah L&T 5s, A, 1944 | |
| 1 | 42¾ | 1 s10f. 100⅜ | 3 | 85 | Punta Alegre Sug temp s f 7s, 1937 | 50 | 88¼ | St & Tube gen s f 7s, 1951 | 12 | 87 |
| 1 | 43¼ | 1st & ref 5s, 1941 | 20 | 111⅛ | Seaboard Air L gold 4s, 1950 | 5 | 102¼ | 5s, 1944 |
| 3 | 44 | 1 | 91¼ | 1 | 111¾ | stamped | 5 | 102⅛ | Sug Es Oriente 7s, 1942, temp | |
| N Y O & W ref 4s, 1992 | 1 | 91¼ | Northwn Bell Tel 7s, 1941 | 4 | 111⅞ | 2 | 57 | 2 | 97¼ | Vertientes Sug s f 7s, 1942 intm ctfs | |
| 4 | 66¾ | 10 | 108 | 4 | 111⅞ | 1s10f. 55 | 2 | 97⅛ |
| N Y & Put 1st 4s, 1996 | 5 | 107⅞ | 2 | 112 | Sat 4s, 1959 | 5 | 97⅛ | Tenn El 1st & ref 5s, 1947 | 8 | 97⅛ |
| 2 | 82¾ | 2 | 108 | 1 | 111⅞ | 5 | 45⅝ | 2 | 97⅛ | Asiof. 97⅛ |
| N Y Rys ref 4s, 1942 | 2 | 107⅞ | 5 | 112⅛ | adj 5s, 1949 | 2 | 45⅞ | 1 | 97⅛ |
| 35 cfts of dep | 5 | 94¼ | Ohio Pub Ser ref 7s, ser B 1946 | 1 | 111⅞ | 1 | 45⅞ | Tex & Pac 1st 5s, 2000 | 1 | 94¼ | 2 | 97⅛ |
| 10 | 35 | 2 | 94¾ | Reading gen 4s, 1997 | 1 | 45⅞ | 1 | 94¼ | Va-Car Chem 1st 5s, 1923 | |
| adj 5s, cfts of deposit | 1 | 108 | 2 | 95 | 2 | 85¾ | 4 | 45⅞ | 1 | 94¼ | A, 1944 | 100¾ |
| 1942 | 5 | 100 | Ore & Cal 1st 5s, 1927 | 3 | 85¾ | 1 | 46 | adj 5s, 1949 | 2 | 94¼ | 12 | 87 | s f 7s, 1947, 1st ref | |
| 3 | 6¾ | 2 | 99⅝ | registered | 1 | 85¾ | 54 | 22¾ | Tex & Pac 1st 5s, 2000 | 5s, 1944 | 100¾ |
| 15 | 6 | Ore Shrt Line grtd ref 4s, 1929 | 1 | 83¾ | Rep Iron & St ref 5s, 1940 | 22 | 22¾ | 1 | 98¾ | 1 | 97⅛ |
| NY State Rys cv 4½s, 1962 | 2 | 92½ | 9 | 22 | 1s10f. 28¼ | 1 | 97⅛ |
| 1 | 68½ | 2 | 92¾ | con 6s, 1945 | 7 | 67⅝ | 1937 | 1 | 94 | 2 | 97⅛ |
| 15 | 68 | Ore-Wash R R & Nav 1st & ref 4s, 1961 | 2 | 80 | 10 | 67⅞ | 1 | 94 | 4 | 97⅛ |
| N Y Steam Cp 1st 6s, ser A 1947 | 1 | 80 | 1 | 67⅞ | ref 4s, 1960 | 2 | 93 | s f cv 7½s, Ser A, 1937 | |
| 2 | 97 | 1 | 79¾ | 5 | 67⅞ | 2 | 61 | 5 | 90 | with warnts |
| 1 | 97¼ | 1 | 80¾ | 5 | 67⅞ | adj 5s, 1960 | 1 | 60¾ | 1 | 94 | 1s7f. 98¼ |
| 6 | 97½ | 1 | 80¾ | 10 | 67⅞ | 20 | 61 | 1 | 60¾ | 1s7f. 98¼ |
| 1 | 97¾ | Otis Steel 7½s, 1947 | 5 | 94¼ | 1 | 60¾ | 5s6f. 93 |
| 1 | 98 | 5 | 94¼ | 2 | 67⅞ | 1 | 81 | Toledo Ed 1st 7s, 1941 | 10 | 80¾ | Va Ry & Pow 5s, 1934 | 85¼ |
| 2 | 97 | 5 | 94¾ | Sharn Stl Hp s f 8s ser A | 1 | 99¾ | 1 | 107 | Virginian Ry 1st 5s, 1962 | |
| N Y Tel s f deb 6s, 1949 | 5 | 94¾ | 1 | 107¼ | 9 | 97 |
| 10 | 99¾ | Sinclair Con col 7s, 1927 | 5 | 100¾ | 1 | 107¼ | 2 | 96¼ |
| ref 6s, 1941 | 1 | 100 | 3 | 100¾ | 5 | 107¼ | 3 | 107 | Tol Trac L&P 8% notes, 1925 | 2 | 96¼ |
| 17 | 106 | 4 | 100 | 11 | 100¾ | 3 | 107 | 1 | 96¼ |
| 1 | 106¼ | Pac Gas & El 5s, 1942 | 6 | 100¾ | 10 | 100¾ | Tri Cy 8s, 1923 | 2 | 96¼ |
| 16 | 106¼ | 13 | 91¼ | 10 | 100¾ | 1 | 99¼ | Va & So Wn con 5s, 1958 | 1 | 96¼ |
| 11 | 106 | 1 | 91¼ | Sinclair Crud Oil pur 5½s ser A, 1938 | 31 | 98 | Un B & F 1st 6s, A, 1942, intm ctfs | 1 | 79¼ |
| 1 sf. | 105¾ | Pac Pwr & Lt 1st & ref 5s, 1930 | 1 | 98¼ | 1 | 97⅛ | Va Ry & Pow 5s, 1934 | 85¼ |
| 1 | 106 | 10 | 99¾ | 35 | 98 | Un El L&P 5s, 1932 | 1 | 96¾ | Virginian Ry 1st 5s, 1962 | 95 |
| 5s7f. | 105¼ | 1 | 100 | 5 | 97¼ | 1 | 96¾ | 9 | 97 |
| 1 | 105¾ | 1 | 100¼ | 5 | 97⅞ | Un O of Cal 6s, A, 1942 | 1 | 96¾ | 2 | 96¾ |
| 6½s, 1939 | 4 | 100 | 2 | 98 | 1 | 101¼ | 1 | 96¾ |
| 2 | 93¾ | Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1937 | 5 | 92¼ | Un P 1st 4s, 1947 | 1sf. | 92¾ | Warner Sug 1st s f 7s, 1942 | 5s7f. | 104 |
| 4 | 93¾ | 5 | 98¾ | 1 | 67⅞ | 1 | 92¾ | 5 | 104½ |
| 1 | 94 | 7 | 98¾ | 34 | 68 | 4 | 93 | Wn Maryland 4s, 1953 | 1 | 84¾ |
| N Y Westchtr & Bost 4½s, 1946 | 5s, 1932 | 1 | 68¾ | conv 4s, 1927 | 5 | 90¼ | 11 | 64 | 5 | 83¾ |
| 1 | 47 | 3 | 91¾ | 34 | 68 | pur 5 6s ser B, w i, 1923 | 5 | 90¼ | 14 | 94¾ | 2 | 83¾ |
| Niagara Falls Pwr Co 1st 5s, 1932 | 1 | 91¼ | prior lien 5s ser A, 1950 | 2 | 93¼ | 5 | 95¼ | Western Pac 6s, 1946 | 1 | 82½ |
| 3 | 100 | 2 | 91¼ | 1 | 83¾ | 25 | 87¾ | 1 | 95 | 1 | 102¼ |
| 2 | 99¾ | 2 | 91¼ | 6 | 84 | Sinclair Pipe Line s f 8s interim ctfs, 1943 | 2 | 87¾ | 14 | 94¾ | 2 | 102 |
| ref 6s, 1932 | 2 | 91¼ | 10 | 83¾ | 25 | 87¾ | 5 | 93¼ | 1st 5½, 1949 | 1 | 104¾ |
| 1 | 104¾ | 2 | 91¼ | prior lien 6s ser C, 1928 | 1 | 83¾ | 2 | 87¾ | So Porto Rico Sugar col s f 7s, 1941 | 5 | 95¼ | 5 | 105 |
| Norfolk & Wn ev 4s, 1996 | 1 | 91¼ | 1 | 83¾ | 1 | 83¾ | 6 | 100¾ | 1 | 94¾ | 1 | 105¼ |
| 5 | 91 | 1 | 91¼ | 1st mtg 5½s ser D, 1942 | 1 | 83¾ | So Pac col 4s, 1949 | 10 | 94¾ | West Un fund & real est 4½s, 1936 |
| 5 | 91¾ | 3 | 91¾ | 5 | 82¼ | 1 | 83 | 10 | 94¾ | 2 | 91¼ |
| div 4s, 1994 | 3 | 107¾ | adj 5s, 1933 | 5 | 82¼ | 2 | 82¾ | 11 | 95 | Wn Un Tel 6½s, 1950 | |
| 1 | 96¾ | Pan Am Pet & Trans equip 7s, 1950 | 80 | 75¾ | 2 | 82¾ | 10 | 94¼ | 1 | 109¾ |
| Nor American Edison Co ss 6s, ser A, 1962 | 1 | 103 | 5 | 75¾ | cv 4s, 1929 | 1sf. | 92¼ | 1st & ref 4s, 2008 | 2 | 85¼ | Westingh E & M 7s, 1931 | 108 |
| 5 | 93¾ | 10 s7f. | 102¼ | 4 | 75¾ | 6 | 92¾ | 2 | 85¼ | 1 | 108 |
| 5 | 93¾ | Penn R R con 4½s, 1960 | 1 | 96 | 82 | 75¾ | 1sf. | 92¼ | 6 | 85¾ | Wickw Spen Steel s f 7s, 1935 | 100¾ |
| 2 | 93¾ | 24 | 4½s, 1965 | 22 | 65 | 14 | 93¾ | 8 | 92¾ | 5 | 85¾ | 5 | 97 |
| 2 | 93¾ | 5 | 94¼ | gen 5s, 1968 | 1 | 64¼ | 20 | 93¾ | 1 | 104¾ | Wilson & Co 1st 5s, 1941 | 100¾ |
| Nor Ohio Trac & Lt ref 6s, ser A, 1947 | 28 | 100⅞ | 10 | 64¼ | 1 | 104¾ | 1st ref 4s, 1965 | 2 | 97¼ | 1sf. 101 |
| 3 | 93¾ | 5 | 101 | 4 | 64¾ | 2 | 97¼ | 1sf. 100⅞ |
| 2 | 93¾ | 2 | 100¾ | 2 | 64⅞ | 1 | 97¼ | Un Rys Inv 5s, 1926, Pitts 1st ref 5s, 1947 | 1 | 97¼ | 1 | 101 |
| North Pac 4s, 1997 | 2 | 101 | 9 | 64¾ | 1 | 97¼ | 1 | 100⅞ |
| 4 | 85 | 4 | 100¼ | 12 | 65 | 1 | 97¼ | U S Rub 1st & ref 5s, 1947 | 7 | 89¾ | 3 | 100¾ |
| 5 | 85¼ | 2 | 100¼ | 1 | 64⅝ | 1 | 97¼ | 4 | 89¾ | conv s f 6s, 1928 |
| 2 | 85¼ | 2 | 100¾ | 1 | 64⅝ | 1 | 97¼ | 11 | 89¾ | 10 | 89¾ |
| 2 | 85¼ | sold 7s, 1930 | 10 | 100¾ | 1 | 64⅝ | 1 | 97¼ | 10sf. | 89¾ | 1 | 89¾ |
| 5s, 2047 | 10 | 100¾ | 2 | 64⅝ | 1 | 97¼ | 5 | 89¾ | 1 | 89¾ |
| 1 | 94 | 2 | 101 | St L Southwn 1st term 5s, 1952 | 1 | 80¾ | 1 | 97¼ | 5 | 89¾ | temp ctfs | 89¾ |
| 1 | 60¾ | 2 | 101 | 1 | 80¾ | con 4s, 1953 | 1 | 75¾ | gen 4s, 1965 | 1 | 97¼ | 1931 | 1 | 104¾ |
| 1 | 61¼ | 5 | 110 | 1st 4s, 1989 | 1 | 77¼

## THE GEORGIA RAILROAD AND BANKING COMPANY

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DUE JANUARY 1, 1917

The Georgia Railroad and Banking Company owns a line extending from Atlanta to Augusta, Ga., which provides the shortest link connecting the Atlantic Coast Line and Louisville & Nashville Railroads, operated by them.

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# MACKAY COMPANIES REPORTS BIG GAINS

### Traffic Handled by Land Line System in 1922 the Largest in Its History.

### NET REVENUE $8,458,910

### Radio Will Never Supersede Telegraph or Cable, Says President Mackay—Burleson Criticised.

The Mackay Companies, a holding concern for various cable, telegraph and telephone companies operating on all the continents, yesterday issued its annual report for 1922. It stated that traffic handled by the land line system was the largest in its history, although the volume of cable business was affected in the first half of the year by the trade depression and during August suffered interference in the operation of its Waterville, Ireland, connections because of their seizure by Irish irregular troops.

Due to a change in the date at which annual reports of the company are now issued, yesterday's statement of earnings could not be accurately compared with the year before which included the twelve months ended Jan. 31 while the 1922 report included only the eleven months ended Dec. 31.

For the eleven months ended Dec. 31 and for the twelve-month periods ended Jan. 31, 1921 and 1920, the income statement follows:

| | 1922. | 1921. | 1920. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Investment inc. | $8,623,181 | $4,309,253 | $4,863,988 |
| Op. expenses... | 164,272 | 172,210 | 129,147 |
| Net op. rev... | 8,458,910 | 4,226,482 | 4,333,588 |
| Divs. paid..... | 8,439,248 | 4,180,340 | 4,230,336 |
| *Final surplus.. | 46,142 | 103,253 | |

*The income from subordinate companies of the Mackay Companies is greater than is required to pay the dividends of the latter, but the Mackay Companies' policy is to take from its subsidiaries only enough to pay its dividends, all surplus earnings remaining with the subsidiaries.

The balance sheet of The Mackay Companies, as of Dec. 31, showed investments of $93,804,842 and cash of $188,987, or a total of $93,493,829. Liabilities included $50,000,000 of outstanding preferred stock and $41,380,400 of common and surplus amounting to $2,113,429.

In his statement to stockholders Clarence H. Mackay, President, stated that net income was so satisfactory during the eleven months of 1922 covered in the report as to warrant an increase in the annual dividend rate on the common stock, which was raised from 6 to 7 per cent., beginning with the dividend for the quarter ended Dec. 31 last, and also to warrant the payment of an extra cash dividend of 10 per cent., payable Jan. 2 last, to holders of common stock. The company also increased salaries 5 per cent. during 1922, exclusive of messenger boys, each of whom received a bonus of $10.

"A contract with the Radio Corporation of America was executed on July 10 which provided for the co-operation of the two companies concerned in the transmission of messages. Speaking of the possibility of the radio encroaching on the field of the telegraph and submarine cable companies, Mr. Mackay said:

"Experts who are familiar with both the radio and the cable art, all without a single exception, entertain the opinion that these two arts are entirely distinct and that one will never supersede the other."

Mr. Mackay also reported that the long distance telephone service of the Postal Telegraph System had been constantly growing and that gross receipts during the eleven months covered in the 1922 report were 30 per cent. above the figures of 1921. Referring to the dismissal at the motion of Attorney General Daugherty of the Government suit to recover $2,400,000 of the Postal Telegraph Company's earnings during the period of Federal control, Mr. Mackay said:

"Thus ended the last incident in the vindictive policy of ex-Postmaster General Burleson towards the Postal Telegraph System, which he persistently pursued because of the successful opposition of The Mackay Companies to his attempt to force Government ownership of the telegraphs and telephones under cover of 'war-time control.' One gratifying result of the whole procedure is that the experience of the American public with the Government operation of the wires was so unsatisfactory and the service so deplorable and the financial loss so great that we believe the Government ownership propagandists have been silenced for many years to come."

## CRUDE OIL OUTPUT DROPS.

### Daily Production for Week Ended Feb. 10 Averaged 1,719,000 Barrels.

Production of crude oil in the United States for the week ended Feb. 10 averaged 1,719,600 barrels daily, according to returns compiled by the American Petroleum Institute. The average daily production was 1,747,200 barrels in the previous week and 1,413,600 barrels in the same week last year. Virtually all States except California and Oklahoma reported smaller production.

The imports of petroleum at principal United States ports for the week ended Feb. 10 totaled 1,714,262 barrels, a daily average of 244,895 barrels, compared with 2,213,938 barrels, a daily average of 316,277 barrels for the week ended Feb. 3.

Receipts at Atlantic Coast ports were 947,995 barrels, a daily average of 135,428 barrels, against 1,098,938 barrels, a daily average of 156,994 barrels for the week ended Feb. 3.

Receipts at Gulf Coast ports were 766,267 barrels, a daily average of 109,467 barrels, against 1,115,000 barrels, a daily average of 159,286 barrels for the week ended Feb. 3.

## BARNET LEATHER REPORT.

### Net Profits for Year Were $303,818, Compared With $204,757 in 1921.

The Barnet Leather Company, Inc., for 1922 shows net earnings, after depreciation, of $346,096, compared with $336,194 in 1921. Net profits after all deductions were $303,818, compared with $204,757 in the preceding year. Net sales of the company in 1922 amounted to $3,816,149, as against $4,881,853 in 1921. The company added $65,943 to its surplus account.

Sylvan M. Barnet, President of the company, in a statement to stockholders, pointed out that the leather industry is one of the few that has not yet been able to recover materially from the prolonged depression. He said: "Advance orders were not generally placed by shoe manufacturers during 1922, due to the uncertain conditions in the shoe industry. Under these circumstances, the results may be considered quite satisfactory. The company has maintained large cash balances, and no bank loans were necessary throughout the year."

### Iron Products' January Earnings.

Net earnings for January of the Iron Products Corporation, manufacturers of water pipe, soil pipe, fittings and iron radiators, were approximately $200,000, according to an official.

### Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury certificates of indebtedness and notes of the different issues:

| Month. | Year. | P.C. | Bid. | Ask. | Yield. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 1923 | 3½ | 99⅞ | 100 | 3.43 |
| March | 1923 | 4½ | 100 | 100⅛ | 3.43 |
| May | 1923 | 4¼ | 100.20 | 100.22 | 3.84 |
| June | 1924 | 5% | 101⅝ | 101⅞ | 4.32 |
| June | 1923 | 3¾ | 99⅞ | 100⅛ | 3.62 |
| September | 1923 | 3¾ | 99⅞ | 100 | 3.74 |
| June | 1925 | 4½ | 99¼ | 100⅛ | 4.47 |
| September | 1923 | 4¼ | 99⅛ | 99⅜ | 4.49 |
| December | 1923 | 4 | 98⅞ | 100 | 3.98 |
| September | 1924 | 5% | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 4.37 |
| March | 1926 | 4¼ | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 4.30 |
| March | 1925 | 4½ | 100⅛ | 100⅜ | 4.40 |
| December | 1925 | 4¾ | 99⅞ | 99⅝ | 4.47 |
| December | 1927 | 4½ | 99⅛ | 100⅛ | 4.43 |

## BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

### FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values:

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| Argentine 5s, 1945 | M. & S. | 80¼ | 81⅝ |
| Argentine 7s, 1927 | F. & A. | 101½ | 101⅝ |
| Belgium 6s, 1925 | J. & J. | 95 | 95½ |
| Belgium 7½s, 1945 | J. & D. | 90¾ | 90¾ |
| Belgium 8s, 1941 | F. & A. | 98 | 98½ |
| Brazil Cent. Ry., 7s, '52 | J. & D. | 94½ | 94⅝ |
| Can. Steamship 7s, 1943 | M. & N. | 95¾ | 95½ |
| City of Bergen 8s, 1945 | M. & N. | 108¼ | 109 |
| City of Berne 8s, 1945 | M. & N. | 111 | 111¼ |
| City of Bordeaux 6s, '34 | M. & N. | 73 | 73½ |
| City of Gt. Prague 7½s, '56 | M. & N. | 70 | 70¾ |
| U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941 | J. & D. | 96¾ | 97 |
| U. S. of Brazil 7½s, 1952 | A. & O. | 102¾ | 103¼ |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926 | A. & O. | 100¾ | 100⅝ |
| Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929 | F. & A. | 101½ | 102 |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931 | A. & O. | 100⅝ | 101 |
| Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952 | M. & N. | 99¼ | 99½ |
| Holland-Am. Line 6s, 1947 | M. & N. | 90¾ | 90½ |
| Kingdom of Colombia 6½s, '27 | A. & O. | 93½ | 94 |
| Rep. of Chile 7s, 1942 | M. & N. | 96¾ | 96½ |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941 | F. & A. | 104 | 105 |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926 | A. & O. | 101¾ | 101¾ |
| Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946 | M. & N. | 103¾ | 103⅝ |
| Rep. of Haiti 6s, 1952 | A. & O. | 95½ | 96 |
| Chinese Gov. 5s, 1931 | J. & D. | 50½ | 51 |
| City of Christiania 8s, '45 | A. & O. | 109¼ | 110 |
| City of Copen. 5½s, 1944 | J. & J. | 90 | 90½ |
| City of Montevideo 7s, '52 | M. & N. | 89 | 90⅛ |
| Czechoslovak Rep. 8s, '51 | A. & O. | 83¾ | 84 |
| Rep. of Bol. s. f. 8s, '47 | M. & N. | 93¼ | 92½ |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944 | M. & S. | 94¼ | 94½ |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1949 | F. & A. | 89 | 90 |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949 | F. & A. | 83 | 83½ |
| Rep. Cuba ext. 5½s, 1953 | J. & J. | 89¼ | 89¾ |
| Denmark 8s, 1946 | A. & O. | 108½ | 109 |
| Denmark 8s, 1942 | J. & J. | 97½ | 97¾ |
| Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A. '46 | F. & A. | 108¾ | 109½ |
| Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B, '46 | F. & A. | 108 | 108½ |
| Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947 | J. & J. | 94¼ | 94⅜ |
| Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962 | M. & S. | 93¾ | 95⅞ |
| Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42 | J. & J. | 87½ | 88 |
| French Gov. 7½s, 1941 | J. & D. | 91⅜ | 91¾ |
| French Gov. 8s, 1945 | M. & S. | 95 | 95½ |
| Italy 6½s, 1925 | F. & A. | 94¼ | 95 |
| Japanese 4s, 1931 | J. & J. | 81⅜ | 81⅝ |
| Japanese 4½s, 1925 | F. & A. | 93 | 93½ |
| Japanese 4½s, 2d ser., '25 | J. & J. | 92½ | 93 |
| Jurgens U. M. W. 6s, '47 | J. & J. | 78 | 79 |
| City of Lyons 6s, 1934 | M. & N. | 73½ | 73⅝ |
| City of Marseilles 6s, 1934 | M. & N. | 75½ | 76 |
| City of Solssons 6s, 1936 | M. & N. | 74½ | 75 |
| U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954 | J. & D. | 54½ | 55 |
| U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945 | Q. Jan. | 54½ | 54⅝ |
| Mex. Irrigation 4½s, 1943 | M. & N. | 35⅝ | 36 |
| King. of S., C. & S. 8s, '62 | M. & N. | 60¼ | 60¾ |
| King. of Neth. 6s, 1972 | M. & S. | 96¼ | 96½ |
| King. of Norway 8s, 1940 | A. & O. | 111 | 111¼ |
| King. of Norway 6s, 1952 | A. & O. | 98 | 98½ |
| Paris-Lyons-Med. 6s, '58 | F. & A. | 70 | 70½ |
| State of Queensl'd 6s, 1947 | F. & A. | 101 | 101¼ |
| State of Queensl'd 7s, 1941 | A. & O. | 108¼ | 109 |
| State of Rio G. do Sul, 8s, 1946 | A. & O. | 96 | 98 |
| Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946 | A. & O. | 93½ | 94 |
| Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947 | A. & O. | 94 | 94¼ |
| Dom. Rep. 5s, 1958 | F. & A. | 97½ | 99 |
| Dom. Rep. 5½s, 1942 | M. & S. | | 97 |
| State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36 | J. & J. | 99¾ | 100 |
| City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52 | M. & N. | 98 | 98½ |
| Dept. of the Seine 7s, '42 | J. & J. | 83 | 84 |
| King. of Sweden 6s, 1939 | J. & D. | 105 | 106¼ |
| Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940 | J. & J. | 118 | 118½ |
| City of Tokio 5s | M. & S. | 72¼ | 72½ |
| Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946 | F. & A. | 106 | 105½ |
| City of Zurich 8s, 1945 | A. & O. | 112 | 113 |
| Un. K. 5½s, 1929 | F. & A. | 115 | 115¼ |
| Un. K. 5½s, 1937 | F. & A. | 103¼ | 103½ |
| U. S. S. Copen. 6s, 1947 | J. & J. | 88¼ | 90 |

### U. S. GOVERNMENT PREWAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2s, r, 1930 | 102⅜ | 102⅝ | Pan 2s, c, 1938 | 102¼ | 102¾ |
| 2s, c, 1930 | 102½ | 102⅝ | Pan 2s, r, 1961 | 94 | 95½ |
| 3s, r, 1946 | 95¾ | 97¼ | Pan 2s, c, 1961 | 95 | 97 |
| 3s, c, 1946 | 96¼ | 97½ | P 1 4s, '34 | 91 | 93 |
| 4s, r, 1925 | 103 | 103⅜ | P 1 4s, '36 | 91 | 93 |
| 4s, c, 1925 | 103 | 103⅜ | P 1 4s, '36 | 91 | 93 |
| Pan 2s, r, 1936 | 102¼ | 102⅜ | Dist of Col 3-65s | 98 | 100 |
| Pan 2s, c, 1936 | 102¼ | 102⅜ | | | |
| Pan 2s, r, 1938 | 102¼ | 102⅜ | | | |

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ad Rumely 1st pf | 17 | 18½ | Auto Sales | 2½ | 3 |
| Do pf | 47 | 53 | Do pf | 12 | 12⅝ |
| Alb & Sus | 180 | .. | Bald L pf | 114¼ | 116¼ |
| All Am C | 100½ | .. | B & A pf | 91½ | 94 |
| Allis-Ch M pf | 96½ | 98 | Bar Smith | 52 | 60 |
| Amal S 1st pf | 93 | .. | Do pf | 97 | .. |
| Am Bk N | 87 | .. | Batop M | ⅝ | ½ |
| Do pf | 50 | 56 | Bayuk Bros pf | 110 | 115 |
| Am B M | 37 | 39½ | B'ch Crk | 37 | 41 |
| Am Can pf | 114 | 115 | B'nut pf | 111 | 116 |
| Am C & F pf | 123 | 126 | Beth Steel | 64 | 65½ |
| Am Chicle pf | 25½ | 26 | Do 7% pf | 95 | 97 |
| Am Coal | 64 | .. | Do 8% pf | 109½ | 110¾ |
| Am Cot Oil pf | 34 | 35 | Booth Fish pf | 36 | 50 |
| Am Exp | 186½ | 140 | Brit E Sti | 9 | 9¾ |
| Am Ice pf | 87½ | 90 | Bruns Ter | 2 | 2¾ |
| Am Lo pf | 122 | 123 | B, R & P | 65 | 70 |
| Am Metals pf | 115 | 116 | Do pf | 86 | 91 |
| Am Pl pf | 122 | 124 | Buff & S | 86 | 115 |
| Am Sn pf | 95 | 103 | Do pf | 51 | .. |
| Am T & C | 56 | 58 | Bush Ter | 75 | .. |
| Am Whl pf | 96½ | 98 | B T Bldg | 90 | 20 |
| Ann Arbor | 19 | 20 | But'k Co | 19 | 20 |
| Do pf | 27½ | 28 | Cal & Ar | 57 | 58 |
| Art Metal | 15½ | 16¼ | Can So | 51 | .. |
| Assets R | ⅛ | .. | C'son H G | 8¼ | 9¼ |
| Asso D G | 69 | 69½ | Case Plow | .. | 5½ |
| Do 1st pf | 88 | 89 | Case (J I) | 30 | 35 |
| Atl R pf | 119 | 120 | Do pf | 74 | 78 |
| Atlas P'd'r | 159 | 165 | C R of N J | 224 | 230 |
| Do pf | 87½ | 89 | C'tain-teed | 42 | 45 |
| Aus N pf | 85¾ | 87½ | Do 1st pf | 85 | 88 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 74½ | .. |
| | | | C & E Ill | 36½ | 37 |
| | | | C & N W pf | 116 | 117 |
| | | | C R & P 7% pf | 93¼ | 95 |
| | | | Do 6% pf | 84 | 85 |
| | | | Chi Sty P M & Om. pf | 75% | 77 |
| | | | Do pf | 99 | 104 |
| | | | C, C, C & St L | 77 | 79 |
| | | | Cl & Pitts | 60 | 80 |
| | | | Do spec | 30 | .. |
| | | | Coa-Peab | 60¼ | 72 |
| | | | Do pf | 109 | 109½ |
| | | | Coca-Cola pf | 94 | 94⅝ |
| | | | Col F & I pf | 100 | .. |
| | | | C & S 1st pf | 80 | 82 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 50 | 55 |
| | | | Com S, B | 22 | 27 |
| | | | Cosden pf, ex div | 197½ | 108 |
| | | | Cons Dist | ¼ | ⅝ |
| | | | Conley T F | 19 | 21 |
| | | | Cont C pf | 106 | 107 |
| | | | Corn P R pf | 121 | 122 |
| | | | Crex Carp | 24 | 30 |
| | | | D P & Lt | 62 | .. |
| | | | Do pf | 81 | .. |
| | | | D & Co pf, ex div | 71 | 75 |
| | | | D, H & S W | 70 | .. |
| | | | Det Ed | 108¾ | 109 |
| | | | Det & M | 25 | .. |
| | | | Do pf | 40 | .. |
| | | | Det U Ry | .. | 70¼ |
| | | | D, S S & A pf | 5½ | 6 |
| | | | Du- Hon'y | .. | 27½ |
| | | | Do pf | .. | 86 |
| | | | E Kod pf | 110 | .. |
| | | | Elk H Coal pf | 35 | 39 |
| | | | Em Brant | 6½ | 8 |
| | | | Do pf | 25 | 32 |
| | | | End-J pf | 115 | 116 |
| | | | Erie & P | 52½ | .. |
| | | | Erie & P 5% pf | 74 | 8 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 5 | 30 |
| | | | Fid-P Ins | 120 | 125 |
| | | | Fisher Bdy | 160 | 165 |
| | | | G A T Car | 68½ | 70 |
| | | | Do pf | 100¾ | 101¾ |
| | | | Gen A pf | 76 | 79 |
| | | | Gen Bak'g | 81 | 83 |
| | | | Do pf | 110½ | .. |
| | | | Gen Cigar deb pf | 109 | 110 |
| | | | Gen M pf | 84½ | 85½ |
| | | | Do 7% d | 96½ | 99 |
| | | | Do 6% d | 84¼ | 85 |
| | | | Gil Oil pf | 45 | 70 |
| | | | Gimbel Bros | 45 | 48 |
| | | | Guan Sug pf | 100 | 102 |
| | | | G S S 1st pf | 98¾ | 105 |
| | | | Hack Wat | 17¾ | .. |
| | | | Heinz pf | 110½ | .. |
| | | | Homestake | 71½ | 78 |
| | | | Hyd S pf | 30 | 38 |
| | | | Ill C pf | 113¼ | 113¾ |
| | | | Do 1 l | 72¾ | 75 |
| | | | Indian Ref | 14 | 14½ |
| | | | Indian Ref pf | 7 | 7½ |
| | | | Int-Con pf | ⅝ | ¾ |
| | | | Int Agric | 8½ | 9¾ |
| | | | I & G N | 22½ | 23¾ |
| | | | Int Harv | 95¼ | 96¼ |
| | | | Do pf | 113½ | 116 |
| | | | Int Shoe | 66¾ | 66⅞ |
| | | | Do pf | 116 | 119 |
| | | | Int Pa pf stp | 85 | 110 |
| | | | Int Salt | 88 | 95 |
| | | | Iron Pr pf | 101½ | 103 |
| | | | Jel & Chi | 103 | .. |
| | | | Jewel Tea pf | 71 | 74 |
| | | | Jones B T | 55 | 55½ |
| | | | Kan C So pf | 53¼ | 56 |
| | | | Kayser (J) 1st pf | 100½ | 101¾ |
| | | | Kelly Sp T 6% pf | 87 | 89 |
| | | | Do 8% pf | 104 | 107 |
| | | | Kelsey Wh pf | 100 | 103 |
| | | | K & D M | 4 | 19 |
| | | | Do pf | 23 | .. |
| | | | Kresge(SS) pf | 111 | 116¼ |
| | | | Kress(S H) | 120 | .. |
| | | | Do pf | 105 | 120 |
| | | | Lacl Gas | 85 | 86 |
| | | | Do pf | .. | 77½ |
| | | | L E & W pf | 68 | 70 |
| | | | L & M, ex div | 214 | 220 |
| | | | Do Cl B, ex div | 210 | 220 |
| | | | Do pf | 115 | 116¾ |
| | | | Lima L pf, ex div | 123 | .. |
| | | | L-W B 1st pf | 105 | 115 |
| | | | Lorill'd Co pf | 118 | 119¼ |
| | | | Macy pf | 114 | 116 |
| | | | Mack Tr'ks 1st pf | 84½ | 85 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 86¼ | 90 |
| | | | M'kay Cos | 117 | 119 |
| | | | Do pf | 70 | 70½ |
| | | | Mal'son pf | 89¼ | 91 |
| | | | Man El S | 53½ | 54 |
| | | | Man Shirt pf | .. | 120 |
| | | | Mkt St Ry pf | 41¼ | 43 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 24 | 25½ |
| | | | Mar-Rock | 11 | 13 |
| | | | Martin-P, ex div | 27½ | 29¼ |
| | | | Max M, B | 16¾ | 16½ |
| | | | M Dep Sts pf | 116 | 117 |
| | | | Mex Pet | 240 | 270 |
| | | | Do pf | 85 | 105 |
| | | | Mich Cent | 340 | .. |
| | | | M St P & S M | 70 | 72 |
| | | | Do pf | 90¾ | 92 |
| | | | Do I | 65 | 66 |
| | | | M, K & T | 11½ | 12½ |
| | | | Do pf | 13¾ | 14 |
| | | | Do pf | 23¼ | .. |
| | | | Do pf 2d | 33½ | 37 |
| | | | Ment Pow pf | 112 | .. |
| | | | Mer & Ec | 77 | 79 |
| | | | Mul Body | 26 | 28 |
| | | | Do pf | .. | 90½ |
| | | | N C & St L pf | 118 | 123 |
| | | | Nat B pf | 123 | 125 |
| | | | Nat C & S | 64½ | 65 |
| | | | Do pf | 100 | 104 |
| | | | Nat C & C pf | 1¼ | 1½ |
| | | | N'pt N H, G & E pf | 90 | 93 |
| | | | Nat En pf | 100 | 101 |
| | | | Nat Ld pf | 113 | 114 |
| | | | N Y C & St L 1st pf | 93 | 97 |
| | | | N Y Dock | 23½ | 27 |
| | | | N Y L & West pf | 98 | .. |
| | | | N Y O & West | 20¼ | 21 |
| | | | N Y Shipb | 12 | 14½ |
| | | | N F Power pf | 107 | 108⅝ |
| | | | Nort So | 14¼ | 16 |
| | | | N & W pf | 76 | 78 |
| | | | Ohio F S | 64 | 66 |
| | | | Ont Min | 5½ | 6¼ |
| | | | Orph Circ pf | 86 | 90 |
| | | | Otis El pf | 100 | 104 |
| | | | Owens Bot pf | 108 | 110 |
| | | | Pac Coast | 5 | 15 |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 8 | 40 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 5 | 30 |
| | | | Pac Mail | 11¾ | 13 |
| | | | Pack M C pf | 95 | 98 |
| | | | P A R pf | 60 | 70 |
| | | | Pa Ed pf | 102 | 106 |
| | | | Penney pf | 102 | .. |
| | | | Peo & P | 14 | 15 |
| | | | Pere M pr pf | 73½ | 75 |
| | | | Petit-Mull | 30 | 37 |
| | | | Phila Co 6% pf | 44% | 49½ |
| | | | Phillips-J | 70 | 77 |
| | | | Do pf | 91 | 95 |
| | | | Pierce O pf | 42 | 43 |
| | | | P, C, C & St L | 80 | 100 |
| | | | Pitts C pf | 99 | .. |
| | | | Pitts & C | 125 | 134 |
| | | | Do pf | 139½ | 142 |
| | | | Pitts S pf, ex div | 91¾ | 99 |
| | | | P R A Yds pf | 89½ | 90½ |
| | | | P R A Tob | 70 | 75 |
| | | | Postum Cer pf | 112¾ | 114¼ |
| | | | Pure O pf | 98½ | 100 |
| | | | Ment Pow pf | 112 | .. |
| | | | Mer & Ec | 77 | 79 |
| | | | Mul Body | 26 | 28 |
| | | | Do pf | .. | 90½ |
| | | | N C & St L | 118 | 123 |
| | | | Nat B pf | 123 | 125 |
| | | | Nat C & S | 64½ | 65 |
| | | | Do pf | 100 | 104 |
| | | | Nat C & C | 1¼ | 1½ |
| | | | N'pt N H, G & E pf | 90 | 93 |
| | | | Nat En pf | 100 | 101 |
| | | | Nat Ld pf | 113 | 114 |
| | | | N Y C & St L 1st pf | 93 | 97 |
| | | | N Y Dock | 23½ | 27 |
| | | | N Y L & West pf | 98 | .. |
| | | | N Y O & West | 20¼ | 21 |
| | | | N Y Shipb | 12 | 14½ |
| | | | N F Power pf | 107 | 108⅝ |
| | | | Nort So | 14¼ | 16 |
| | | | N & W pf | 76 | 78 |
| | | | Ohio F S | 64 | 66 |
| | | | Ont Min | 5½ | 6¼ |
| | | | Orph Circ pf | 86 | 90 |
| | | | Otis El pf | 100 | 104 |
| | | | Owens Bot pf | 108 | 110 |
| | | | Pac Coast | 5 | 15 |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 8 | 40 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 5 | 30 |
| | | | Pac Mail | 11¾ | 13 |
| | | | Pack M C pf | 95 | 98 |
| | | | P A R pf | 60 | 70 |
| | | | Pa Ed pf | 102 | 106 |
| | | | Penney pf | 102 | .. |
| | | | Peo & P | 14 | 15 |
| | | | Pere M pr pf | 73½ | 75 |
| | | | Petit-Mull | 30 | 37 |
| | | | Phila Co 6% pf | 44% | 49½ |
| | | | Phillips-J | 70 | 77 |
| | | | Do pf | 91 | 95 |
| | | | Pierce O pf | 42 | 43 |
| | | | P, C, C & St L | 80 | 100 |
| | | | Pitts C pf | 99 | .. |
| | | | Pitts & C | 125 | 134 |
| | | | Do pf | 139½ | 142 |
| | | | Pitts S pf, ex div | 91¾ | 99 |
| | | | P R A Yds pf | 89½ | 90½ |
| | | | P R A Tob | 70 | 75 |
| | | | Postum Cer pf | 112¾ | 114¼ |
| | | | Pure O pf | 98½ | 100 |
| | | | Rdg 1st pf | 54½ | 55 |
| | | | Rem T, Ser S | .. | 104 |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 102 | 105 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 87 | 90 |
| | | | Rens & S | 116 | .. |
| | | | Reyn Tob | 90 | .. |
| | | | Do pf | 116½ | 118 |
| | | | R Reis | 17 | 17¼ |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 83 | 84 |
| | | | Rutl'd pf | 34 | 38 |
| | | | Sears-R pf | 113 | 117 |
| | | | Shell U Oil pf | 91¼ | 91¾ |
| | | | Sim'ns pf | 99 | .. |
| | | | So R, M & O | 60 | 67 |
| | | | Spicer pf | 95 | 97 |
| | | | Stand Mill | 95 | .. |
| | | | Spald'g 1st pf | 102¼ | .. |
| | | | Stern Bros pf, ex d | 108 | 114 |
| | | | Sup Steel | 31 | 32¾ |
| | | | Do 1st pf | .. | 100 |
| | | | T P L T | 280 | 350 |
| | | | T, St L & West | 60 | 66 |
| | | | Do pf | 53 | 53¾ |
| | | | T C I R T | 59 | 61 |
| | | | Do pf | 90 | .. |
| | | | Und Type | 150 | 160 |
| | | | Do pf | 110¼ | .. |
| | | | U B & P | 65 | 69 |
| | | | Un T Car | 80 | 82½ |
| | | | Do pf | 110 | 112 |
| | | | U Cig Sts, ex div | 215 | 224¾ |
| | | | Do pf | 114 | 122 |
| | | | U S Ind A pf | 96¼ | 98 |
| | | | U S Tob | 66½ | 68 |
| | | | Va-Car Ch, pf | 15¼ | 17 |
| | | | Va I, C & Coke | 55 | 59 |
| | | | Do pf | 80 | 82 |
| | | | Va R & P | 32 | 33 |
| | | | Wab pf, B | 20½ | 22 |
| | | | W-E & M 1st pf | 73 | 75 |
| | | | Wilson | 41 | 41½ |
| | | | Do pf | 86 | 87 |
| | | | Wis Cent | 31¾ | 32¼ |

## SUGAR REFINERS BACK.

### Re-enter the Market After Withdrawing Owing to Speculation.

The larger local sugar refiners reentered the market yesterday, but offerings carrying no guarantees were at much higher levels than those which prevailed when the refiners withdrew because of the wild speculation in the market for raw sugar which carried prices to the highest levels prevailing in more than two years. The American Sugar Refining Company yesterday quoted a price of 8.25 cents a pound for immediate shipment without guarantees. This represents an advance of a cent over last week's close. The Warner Sugar Refining Company re-entered the market at 8.30 cents while the Federal yesterday quoted 8 cents.

Speculation in raw sugar futures on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange was on a more moderate scale yesterday as compared with the speculation witnessed on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Actual sales of Cuban raw sugar were reported yesterday at 4¾ cents a pound, the Warner Sugar Refining Company having purchased 20,000 bags for February and March delivery. Yesterday was the first day refiners entered the market for raw sugar since the Department of Commerce issued its statement on the sugar situation, which statement was responsible for the speculation witnessed of late.

### Rand Mines Dividend.

The Bankers Trust Company, as depositary of certain ordinary sterling shares of Rand Mines, Ltd., has received dividend 39 of 80 per cent., and is paying to holders of its certificates for "American" shares (each such certificate representing two and one-half deposited ordinary shares) $2.35 per "American" share, the equivalent of such dividend at the current exchange rate. The dividend will be paid on Feb. 26, 1923, to holders of record of "American" shares on Feb. 20, 1923.

### Jaquith Becomes Vice President.

William H. Jaquith has been elected Vice President of the Coal & Iron National Bank, it was announced yesterday. He also assumes the duties of cashier, filling the vacancy caused by the resignation of Addison H. Day.

## SHORT TERM NOTES.

| Security. | Rate. | Due | Bid. | Asked. | Yld. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alum. Co. Am. | 7 | Nov., 1925 | 103¾ | 103⅞ | 5.40 |
| Alum. Co. Am. | .. | Oct., 1923 | 101 | 100⅝ | 6.20 |
| Am. Cot. Oil | 6 | Sep. 2,'24 | 91 | 92½ | .. |
| Am. Sum. Tob. | 7½ | June, 1925 | 97¼ | 98⅛ | 5.20 |
| Am. T. & T. | 6 | Feb., 1924 | 100¾ | 101 | 4.95 |
| Am. Thread | 6 | Dec., 1928 | 102¾ | 103¼ | 5.32 |
| Anaco Cop. Co. | 6 | Jan., 1929 | 102¼ | 102⅝ | 5.80 |
| Anaco. Cop. Co. | 7 | Jan., 1929 | 103¾ | 103⅞ | 6.20 |
| Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd. | 7½ | Apr., 1925 | 103 | 103⅜ | 5.90 |
| B. & O. R. R. | 6 | Apr., 1924 | 100¾ | 100⅝ | 5.85 |
| Bell Tel. of Can. | 5 | Apr., 1925 | 98¼ | 98⅝ | 5.95 |
| Bell Tel. of Can. | 7 | Apr., 1925 | 103 | 103⅛ | 5.25 |
| Beth. Steel | 7 | July 15,'23 | 103¼ | 103⅝ | .. |
| Can. Nor. Ry. | 5½ | Dec., 1924 | 100 | 100⅛ | 5.20 |
| Can. Pac. Ry. | 6 | Mar., 1924 | 101¼ | 101⅜ | 4.22 |
| Cent. Argentine | .. | Feb., 1927 | 90¼ | 95¼ | 6.40 |
| Emp. G. & E., (Emp. Coke) | 7 | May, 1925 | 98¼ | 99¼ | 7.25 |
| Hocking Valley | 6 | May, 1924 | 100¾ | 101 | 5.00 |
| I. R. T. Co. | 5 | Sep., 1922 | 94⅞ | 96 | .. |
| Kan. Cy. Term. | 6 | Nov.15,'23 | 100⅝ | 101¼ | 4.87 |
| Ken. Cop. Co. | 7 | Feb., 1930 | 104¼ | 104½ | 6.20 |
| Laclede Gas | 7 | Jan., 1929 | 100⅝ | 101⅞ | 6.75 |
| Morris & Co. | 7½ | Sep. 1,'30 | 106¾ | 106⅞ | .. |
| Nat. Leather | 8 | Nov.15,'23 | 101¾ | 102 | 7.83 |
| Nat. Clk. & Stff. | .. | Sep., 1923 | 102¾ | 103 | 7.00 |
| Sears, R. & Co. | 7 | Oct. 15,'23 | 101¾ | 101¼ | 4.82 |
| Sinc. Cr. Oil | 6½ | Apr.15,'25 | 98¼ | 98⅝ | 6.20 |
| Sloss-Sh. Steel & Iron | 7 | Aug.15,'25 | 97¾ | 98⅛ | 7.81 |
| Solvay Co. | 6 | Oct., 1927 | 104⅜ | 105¼ | 6.85 |
| St. P. U. D. | 5 | Dec.15,'23 | 100¼ | 100⅝ | 4.85 |
| S. W. Bell Tel. con. | 7 | Aug., 1925 | 102¾ | 102⅝ | 4.75 |
| Stand. Oil, N. Y. | 6½ | May, 1933 | 106⅝ | 107¼ | 6.55 |
| Vacuum Oil Co. | 7 | Aug., 1930 | 107¾ | 107⅞ | 6.20 |
| Va.-Car. Chem. | 6 | Dec., 1923 | 100 | 100⅛ | 5.75 |

## P. R. R. ORDERS 275 ENGINES

### Brings Total to 500 Since Jan. 1—Baldwin Co. to Make 375.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and the

Boston & Worcester St. Ry. 4½s
Lincoln Traction 5s, 1939
Laramie Hahns Peak & Pac. 6s
Amer. Public Utilities 5s
United Public Utilities 6s
Iron Steamboat 4s
Second United Cities Realty Pfd.
Rainey Wood Coke 6s & 7½s
Boise Gas Lt. & Coke 5s
Clinton Water Works 5s
Delaware Water Co. 5s
Joplin Water Works 5s
Muncie Water Works 5s
N. Y. Interurban Water 5s
Raystown Water Pr. 5s, 1938
Tiffin Water Works 5s, 1932

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Bond & Mtge. Guarantee
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Habishaw Elec. Cable Pfd. & Bonds
Kansas & Gulf 8s
Central Hudson Steamboat 5s & 7s
Coal District Power 6s
Dubuque Electric 5s
Sidney Electric 6s
Kansas Elec. Pr. 1st 6s & Pfd.
Southern Lt. & Trac. 5s

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Schulte Stores Pfd.

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Nor. Ind. Gas & Elec. 5s, 1929
United Light & Ry. 6s, 1932

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# 3 OIL AND ONE COAL DIVIDEND DECLARED

## Standard of N. J. and Kansas Announce First Payments Since Stock Bonus.

## POND CREEK DISTRIBUTION

### Pennok Company to Make Extra Disbursement With Its Regular Quarterly Amount.

The directors of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey yesterday declared a quarterly dividend of 25 cents a share on the increased capital stock payable March 15 to stock of record Feb. 26. This is at the rate of $1 annually on the inereased capital stock, and is equivalent to the $5 a share paid each year on the smaller capitalization prior to the declaration of a 400 per cent. stock dividend last October. No statement regarding the future dividend policy of the company was issued, but in supposedly well informed quarters it was said that the dividend declared yesterday does not establish a policy, and that if conditions in the petroleum industry warrant, an increase in the rate is possible before the close of the current year.

Directors of the Standard Oil Company of Kansas declared a quarterly dividend of 50 cents a share on the increased capital stock, payable March 15 to stock of record Feb. 28. This is equivalent to $2 a share on the capital stock, or at the rate of $32 a share on the old capital on which $24 a share was paid annually for a number of years with the exception of 1922, when dividends aggregating only $15 a share were paid. Under the recent readjustment of the company's capital structure, the stockholders received a 300 per cent. stock dividend. At the same time the par value of the stock was reduced from $100 to $25 a share, so that stockholders received sixteen shares of the new stock of $25 par for each share of old stock of $100 par held.

The Pond Creek Coal Company directors declared a partial liquidating dividend of $35 a share out of earned and paid-in surplus. This is payable to stockholders of record March 10. It also was announced that a special meeting of stockholders probably will be called soon for the purpose of dissolving the company. This liquidating dividend is in connection with the taking over of the property by Henry Ford, a transaction which was approved by stockholders. The exact price which Mr. Ford paid for the property never was announced, but based upon the initial liquidating dividend of $35 a share, it is calculated that the price was in the neighborhood of $8,000,000.

Directors of the Pennok Oil Company declared an extra dividend of one per cent. on the capital stock in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of the same amount. Both dividends are payable March 26 to stockholders of record March 15.

## Indiana Pipe Line Net $1,532,855.

The Indiana Pipe Line Company reports net income of $1,532,855 for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, after deductions for taxes, charges and depreciation. This is equal to $18.32 a share earned on the $5,000,000 capital stock of $50 a share par value. In 1921 the company reported net income of $1,163,550, equal to $17.65 a share. The company paid cash dividends aggregating $3,000,000, so that a deficit of $1,467,145 was reported after dividend payments, thus reducing the profit and loss surplus as of Dec. 31, 1922, to $1,755,854, against $3,382,998 at the end of 1921.

## W. J. Gilliland Promoted.

William J. Gilliland, Assistant Secretary and manager of the Jamaica office of the Home Title Insurance Company, was elected a Vice President, and Joseph V. McCabe and Eugene F. Mullen were elected Assistant Secretaries at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on Feb. 13.

## C. & O. Directors Meet Today.

Directors of the Chesapeake & Ohio and of the Hocking Valley Railroad Companies will meet today in Cleveland instead of New York as formerly, as a result of the passing of control to the Van Sweringen interests, most of the new Directors living in Cleveland. The meeting will be of a routine nature.

# BANK OF ENGLAND NOTE CIRCULATION REDUCED

## *French Bank Also Cuts Down Circulating Notes 233,302,000 Francs.*

Yesterday's statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes for the week:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Gold coin and bullion | increased | £2,606 |
| Reserve in banking dept., gold and notes | increased | 764,000 |
| Notes in circulation | decreased | 762,000 |
| Loans on Govt. securities | decreased | 580,000 |
| Loans on other securities | increased | 4,811,000 |
| Notes in reserve | increased | 765,000 |
| Public deposits | increased | 1,622,000 |
| Other deposits | increased | 3,382,000 |

Proportion of the bank's reserves to deposit liabilities this week is 19.98 per cent., comparing with 20.17 per cent. last week, which was the highest reached since March 24, 1920, and with 19.78 per cent. two weeks ago. The highest reserve percentage of 1922 was 19.97 per cent., on June 22; the lowest, 8.83, on Jan. 7. The highest percentage since the war began was 23.53, on March 17, 1920; the lowest, 7.30, on Dec. 30, 1920.

The statement compares with the corresponding week one and two years ago:

| | 1923. | 1922. | 1921. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Total gold holdings | £127,493,425 | £128,762,519 | £128,365,995 |
| Res. in bks. dept., gold and notes | 25,223,207 | 25,460,029 | 18,945,953 |
| Notes in circulation | 120,719,150 | 121,782,490 | 127,810,040 |
| Public deposits | 19,396,126 | 14,911,673 | 15,562,933 |
| Other deposits | 105,725,983 | 137,461,763 | 114,041,917 |
| Government securities | 48,506,811 | 64,423,565 | 43,512,016 |
| Other securities | 70,623,301 | 80,765,923 | 85,201,513 |
| Ratio of reserves | 19.98 | 18.75 | 14.63 |

The Bank of England's official minimum discount rate remained unchanged at 3 per cent., to which it had been reduced from 3½ on July 13, 1922. At this date of 1922 the rate stood at 4½ per cent., at 7 per cent in 1921, at 6 in 1920, 5 in 1919 and 1918, 6 in 1917, 5 in 1916 and 1915 and 3 in 1914.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes, in francs:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Gold in hand | increased | 153,000 |
| Silver in hand | increased | 68,000 |
| Notes in circulation | decreased | 233,302,000 |
| Treasury deposits | decreased | 545,000 |
| General deposits | decreased | 122,726,000 |
| Bills discounted | decreased | 109,587,000 |
| Advances | decreased | 41,785,000 |

The State repaid the bank 100,000,000 francs. Advances to the State now stand at 23,200,000,000 francs, as compared with 22,900,000,000 francs a year ago this week. The largest amount ever reached by these advances was 26,700,000,000 francs, in May, 1921; the smallest during the last three years was 21,200,000,000 francs, last March.

The principal items in the statement compare as follows with the same date one and two years ago, in francs:

| Gold— | 1923. | 1922. | 1921. |
|---|---|---|---|
| | 5,535,733,975 | 5,525,077,925 | 5,502,565,163 |
| Silver— | 280,392,000 | 280,857,495 | 262,772,209 |
| Circulation | 37,176,064,000 | 36,434,800,000 | 35,072,353,540 |

The highest point which the Bank of France's outstanding note circulation has ever reached was 39,645,896,000 francs, on Nov. 3, 1920. The highest point in 1922 was 37,514,493,000 francs, on Oct. 5; the lowest, 35,281,890,295, on March 23, which was also the lowest of any week since Aug. 28, 1919. The bank's official discount rate remained unchanged at 5 per cent., to which it was reduced on March 11, 1922, after a 5½ per cent. rate had been in force since July 29, 1921.

# CRUDE OIL ADVANCES.

## Increase of 25 Cents a Barrel Reported —Bradford at $4.25.

Another advance of 25 cents a barrel in the prices of the various grades of Pennsylvania Crude Oil was announced yesterday. Bradford district crude oil is now $4.25 a barrel, against $3 a barrel quoted at the close of 1922. The current quotation is the highest price posted for this product in almost two years. The high level for last year was only $4 a barrel.

Outside of the Bradford district, Pennsylvania crude was quoted at $4 a barrel, also an advance of 25 cents over the previous posted price. Corning and Ragland were quoted at $2.30 and $1.10 respectively. Corning being an advance of 15 cents a barrel and the latter an advance of 10 cents. Cabell is now $2.70, Somerset lights $2.80 and Somerset $2.55. Further increases are predicted in the Wyoming and midcontinent fields.

The increases caused additional speculation and further gains in the prices of the more important producing companies were recorded.

# WIDE DISTRIBUTION OF STOCK IS SOUGHT

## Columbia Gas and Electric Directors Approve Plan to Change Number of Shares.

## PUT UP TO STOCKHOLDERS

### Propose to Exchange Present 500,000 Shares for 1,500,000 of No Par, at Rate of 3 for 1.

Directors of the Columbia Gas and Electric Company yesterday approved of a proposal to change the capital stock of the company from the present 500,000 shares of $100 par to 1,500,000 shares of no par stock, to be exchanged on the basis of three shares of the no par stock for each share of the present outstanding stock. The recommendation will be placed before stockholders at their annual meeting on April 10 in the form of an amendment to the company's charter, a step which would be necessary in order to effect the change.

Philip C. Gossler, President of the company, explained that such a change would be desirable in that it would bring the number of shares outstanding more nearly into line with the company's assets and earnings and that it also would result in a wider distribution of the stock, through placing its market value within reach of the small investor.

The company's earnings for 1922, which were announced at the meeting, showed the highest gross in the company's history, the 1922 figure having been $16,592,603, as against $15,232,964 in 1921, while surplus after fixed charges, rentals and taxes amounted to $5,081,601, against $4,303,536 the year before. These earnings, however, included the reports of subsidiaries not wholly owned only to the extent of cash dividends received by the Columbia Gas and Electric Company. Total gross earnings of all companies constituting the Columbia Gas and Electric system were $35,322,087, while net earnings were $16,427,445.

# GROSS PROFITS $2,752,004.

## Van Raalte Company, Inc., Reports Net of $1,253,697 for 1922.

The Van Raalte Company, Inc., for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, reports gross profits from sales of $2,752,004. Net profits after all charges except Federal taxes were $1,253,697, while the balance available for the capital stock after taxes, was $1,097,141. The surplus after dividends paid on the first and second preferred stock was $806,816, and the profit and loss surplus on Dec. 31, 1922, totalled $2,005,408.

The balance sheet showed net current assets of $6,825,510, against net current liabilities of $2,348,408. The net current assets were divided as follows: Cash, $601,133; notes and trade acceptances, $2,622; accounts receivable, $1,365,054; inventories at cost or market, $4,628,294, and cash advances for merchandise purchases, $28,502. The net current liabilities were divided as follows: Notes payable, $1,979,000; accounts payable, $150,927; accrued accounts, $21,495, and estimated reserves for Federal taxes, $196,987.

## Machine Shop Workers Get Rise.

BIDDEFORD, Me., Feb. 15.—Announcement that an upward revision of wages would become effective on Feb. 26 in the plants of the Saco-Lowell machine shops in this city and Lowell and Newton, Mass., was made today. The company said this was due to a better outlook for business. The amount of the increase was not given. Several thousand employes will benefit.

## SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at the auction salesrooms Wednesday by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

578 shares Madeira Hill & Co. Class "A" common, $15 per share.

2 shares Tarrant Manufacturing Company, $500 lot.

380 shares Pathe Freres Phonograph Company 8% preferred, $5 lot; 3,000 shares Pathe Freres Phonograph Company common temp. ctfs., $5 lot.

$225,000 Long Beach Power Company 1st mtg. 6% bonds due 1940, $50 lot.

2,000 shares El Salvador Silver Mines, $45 lot.

250 shares Hudson Companies preferred, $17 per share.

100 shares Second Avenue Railroad Company, $8 lot.

50 shares Independent Chewing Gum Company, $3 lot.

$3,300 Independent Chewing Gum Company notes, $3 lot.

# NEW YORK CURB EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, FEB. 15, 1923.

## INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3,200 | Acme Coal | 65c | 62c | 65c |
| 14,000 | Acme Prod | 20c | 20c | 20c |
| 100 | Amal Leath. | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 200 | Am Cot Fab | | | |
| | 7% pf w l | 101 | 100½ | 100½ |
| 20 | Am G & El | 175 | 175 | 175 |
| 200 | Do new w l | 35¼ | 35¼ | 35¼ |
| 100 | Am Haw S S | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 50 | Am Lt & Tr | 137 | 137 | 137 |
| 10 | Do pf | 94 | 94 | 94 |
| 10 | Arm'r Co pf | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| 1,600 | Arm'r Co Del | | | |
| | 7% pf | 99¾ | 99 | 99¼ |
| 3,800 | Aut H Knit | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¾ |
| 16,500 | Aut H Knit Hose Co, w l | 24¾ | 23 | 23¾ |
| 100 | Berdan Co | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ |
| 100 | Brit-Int pf | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| 1,100 | Br-Am | 20¼ | 20 | 20¼ |
| 500 | Brk O R R | 9¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ |
| 2,000 | Bundy Bundh | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 2,200 | Cal Pet | | | |
| | Cent | 14¾ | 14 | 14¾ |
| 1,200 | Cent Sug | 2¾ | 2 | 2 |
| 500 | Do pf | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| 400 | Cent Rub | 28½ | 28 | 28½ |
| 2,400 | Chi Nipple | 4 | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 200 | Cley Motors | 30¾ | 30¼ | 30¾ |
| 155 | Col Power | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¼ |
| 1,000 | Cont Carb | | | |
| | vt tr ctfs | 41¾ | 41 | 41 |
| 1,100 | Cox O Stra | 6¾ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 250 | Cuyl Pow l | 61½ | 61½ | 61½ |
| 100 | Cort Mo Car | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 2,100 | Durant Mot | 62 | 60¾ | 60¾ |
| 500 | Dur Mo Ind | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ |
| 300 | Federal Tel | 8¼ | 8¼ | 8¼ |
| 30 | Ford M Can | 420 | 420 | 420 |
| 600 | Gardner Mot | 14¾ | 13¾ | 14 |
| 40 | Gillette S R | 278 | 278 | 278 |
| 1,100 | Glen Al Coal | 68 | 68 | 68 |
| 1,100 | G'dyear TAR | 15 | 14¾ | 15 |
| 1,800 | G'dyear T pf | 50 | 49 | 49½ |
| 100 | Gt W Sug, pf | 88¾ | 88¾ | 88¾ |
| 200 | Griffith (D W) | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 200 | Hanna (MA) | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| | 7% pf, w l | 102 | 102 | 102 |
| 200 | Hercules Pa | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ |
| 42,600 | Hourah'd Pa, w l | 36 | 35¼ | 35¾ |
| 300 | Ang-Am Oil | 18 | 17¾ | 17¾ |
| 1,800 | Atlan Lobos | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| 25 | Borne-Scrym | 118 | 118 | 118 |
| 20 | Buckeye P L | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| 400 | Cent Oil | 48¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| 20 | Crescent Pt | 46¼ | 46¼ | 46¼ |
| 30 | Cumber P L | 115 | 115 | 115 |
| 10 | Eureka P L | 112¼ | 112¼ | 112 |
| 465 | Gal Oil | 60½ | 60 | 60 |
| 6,500 | Humble Oil | 39¾ | 39¾ | 39¾ |
| 50 | Illinois P L | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1,415 | Imp O of Can | 168 | 168 | 168 |
| | coupon | 120 | 116 | 118 |
| 50 | Indiana P L | 97 | 97 | 97 |
| 10,400 | Internat Pet | 23¾ | 21¾ | 22¼ |

## MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000 | Am Fuel Oil | 5c | 5c | 5c |
| 200 | Ark Nat G | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ |
| 11,000 | Big Muddy Oil | 23c | 22c | 23c |
| 200 | Bk-Wyo Oil | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 4,300 | Carib Syndi | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 100 | Cardinal Pet | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 70 | Cities Serv | 188 | 187 | 187½ |
| 100 | Do pf | 89¼ | 89¼ | 89¼ |
| 1,900 | Cosden Pet | 2c | 2c | 2c |
| 6,000 | Cushing Pet | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 15,000 | Eagle Pet | 2c | 1c | 2c |
| 200 | Equit Pet | 20c | 19c | 20c |
| 17,700 | Federal Oil | 14¾ | 14¾ | 14¾ |
| 1,900 | Fensland Oil | 18¼ | 18¼ | 18¼ |
| 5,500 | Glen Rock Oil | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| 12,500 | Gulf Oil of Pa | 65¾ | 65 | 65¾ |
| 100 | HarrisCon Pet | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 12,000 | Hudson Oil | 2c | 1c | 1¾ |
| 25,000 | Key Ranger | 12c | 12c | 13c |
| 100 | Kirby Pet | 38c | 40c | 40c |
| 1,350 | Kst-L O Dev | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 800 | Liv'ston Pet | 90c | 77c | 77c |
| 200 | Lowry Oil | 1¾ | 92c | 99c |
| 4,000 | Lyons Pet | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 3,000 | Mammoth Oil | | | |
| | A | 51 | 50¾ | 50¾ |
| 300 | M'cabe Pt | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ |
| 1,300 | Mati O of Mo | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 200 | Alas-BCMets | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 1,000 | Am Com | 10c | 10c | 10c |
| 62,500 | Am Arix Globe | 70c | 57c | 70c |
| 2,000 | Ariz Ext | 38c | 35c | 38c |
| 800 | Heyden Chm | 2¼ | 2 | 2 |
| 100 | Hud & M RR | 11¾ | 11¾ | 11¾ |
| 500 | HudsonCo pf | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 200 | Hydrox Corp | 24½ | 24 | 24½ |
| 700 | Inter-C Rub | 6¾ | 6 | 6¾ |
| 200 | Lkph W Fire | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 25 | Lkph W O S | 88 | 88 | 88 |
| 100 | Lucay Mf, A | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 200 | Lupton Pub | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 2,900 | Mercer Mot | 2¼ | 2 | 2 |
| 5,500 | Do vt tr ctfs | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 200 | Motor Wheel | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| 800 | Nat Depart Str, w l | 34¾ | 33¾ | 34 |
| 200 | Do 1st | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1,500 | Nat Sup Del | 63¾ | 61¾ | 61¾ |
| 100 | Natl Leather | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ |
| 1,500 | New Mex Pe | 10¾ | 9¾ | 10 |
| 700 | NY Can, w l | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ |
| 1,000 | Oeelda Corp | 14½ | 12¾ | 13¾ |
| 400 | Penn C & C | 43¾ | 42¾ | 43¾ |
| 100 | Pur Hos, pf | 101½ | 101½ | 101½ |
| 100 | Pyrene Mfg | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| 2,000 | Radic Corp | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 2,500 | Do pf | 30¾ | 30¼ | 30¾ |
| 700 | Rex Motors | 13¾ | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 500 | Repetti Candy | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 5,700 | Shulte Stores | 67 | 63¾ | 64 |
| 9,000 | Sou C & I | 30c | 25c | 30c |
| 200 | Std Motors | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 900 | Stutz Motor Car | 19¾ | 18¾ | 19 |
| 200 | Techl Prod | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ |
| 800 | Tenn El Pr | 17¾ | 17¾ | 17¾ |
| 100 | Do 2d pf, w l | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 300 | Tenn Ry & L | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| 12 | Tob Prd Exp | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 100 | Todd Shpyds | 56½ | 55¾ | 55¾ |
| 100 | Tonk Dr Ax, new | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 400 | Utd P Shg, n | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ |
| 3,300 | Utd R Cdy | 6 | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| 200 | Do 1st pf | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 200 | Utd Shoe M | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 10 | Univ L Tob | 117 | 117 | 117 |
| 1,400 | U S Lt & Ht | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 100 | Do pf | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 400 | Wayne Coal | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| 200 | Yale&Towne | 62 | 61 | 62 |
| 400 | Yellow Taxi Corp N Y | 148⅞ | 147 | 147 |

## STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 235 | Magnolia Pet | 165 | 163 | 164 |
| 1,250 | Prai O & G | 247 | 240 | 246 |
| 1,100 | Ohio Oil, new | 139¾ | 138 | 138 |
| 1,280 | Prai O & G pf | 78 | 78 | 79¾ |
| 190 | Prairie Pipe L | 114¾ | 113¾ | 113½ |
| 50 | Solar Ref | 185 | 185 | 195 |
| 50 | South P L | 150 | 150 | 155 |
| 15,900 | Std Oil Ind | 65¾ | 65 | 65¾ |
| 1,400 | Std Oil Kan | 47¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| 3,300 | Std Oil Ky | 99¾ | 98 | 98 |
| | new | 46¾ | 46¾ | 46¾ |
| 600 | Vacuum Oil, new | 40 | 38¾ | 38¾ |

## OIL STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 200 | Marriott Oil | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 25,400 | Mexico Oil | 10¾ | 10¾ | 10¾ |
| 1,100 | Min de Gulf | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 3,000 | Mid Tex Oil | 15c | 15c | 15c |
| 5,900 | Mount Prod, new | 19¾ | 19¼ | 19¾ |
| 1,300 | Mutual Oil, ctfs | 14¾ | 14¼ | 14¾ |
| | 100 N E Fuel Oil | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| | 300 N Y Oil | 16¾ | 15¾ | 15¾ |
| 11,000 | Noble O & G | 28c | 27c | 27c |
| 2,000 | Northwest Oil | 18c | 18c | 18c |
| 38,100 | Ohio Ranger | 2c | 2c | 2c |
| 13,500 | Omar O & G | 17c | 16c | 16c |
| 1,500 | Penn Beav Oil | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 6,000 | Pennock Oil | 11¾ | 10¾ | 11 |
| 600 | Red Rand Oil | 16c | 15c | 16c |
| 2,400 | Ryan Cons | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 6,700 | Salt Ck Con | 18¾ | 18¾ | 18¾ |
| 1,500 | Salt Ck Prod | 24¼ | 24¼ | 24¾ |
| 1,800 | Sapulpa Ref | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 4,500 | *Seab O & G | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 17,000 | Sou P & R | 7c | 5c | 5c |
| 1,000 | Sou Sta Oil | 17¾ | 17¼ | 17¾ |
| 21,400 | Tri-Ter Oil | 70c | 57c | 60c |
| 1,700 | Turman Oil | 90c | 90c | 90c |
| 4,900 | Wilcox O & G | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| 1,000 | Woods O & G | 12c | 12c | 12c |

*Ex dividend.

## MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 18,000 | Belcher Ext | 4c | 4c | 4c |
| 5,000 | Big Ledge | 2c | 2c | 2c |
| 2,000 | Bison Gold | 20c | 20c | 25c |
| 1,000 | Bkhwk Con | 11c | 11c | 11c |

## MINING STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000 | Booth | 7c | 7c | 7c |
| 1,000 | Bos-MonCerp | 10c | 10c | 10c |
| 38,000 | Canarie Cop | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 4,000 | Candelc Sil | 33c | 31c | 32c |
| 4,000 | CashBoyCon | 11c | 11c | 11c |
| 900 | Con Coal Mines | 32c | 31c | 31c |
| 1,000 | Con Copper | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 1,000 | Con Mines | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 1,000 | Con Nev-U | 14c | 14c | 14c |
| 6,500 | Cortez Sil | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 100 | D L&W Coal | 83¾ | 83¾ | 83¾ |
| 200 | DoloresEsper | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 800 | Dryden Gold | 75c | 73c | 79c |
| 7,000 | El Salvador | 3c | 3c | 3c |
| 100 | East Butte | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ |
| 6,000 | Emma Silver | 3c | 3c | 3c |
| 59,000 | Eureka-Croe | 28c | 28c | 28c |
| 15,000 | Fortune Sil | 44c | 40c | 44c |
| 1,900 | Gold Coin | 65c | 64c | 66c |
| 3,000 | Goldf'd Con | 10c | 9c | 9c |
| 5,000 | Goldf'd Deep | 19c | 19c | 19c |
| 15,000 | Goldf'd Dev | 24c | 23c | 25c |
| 2,500 | Goldf'd Mor | 67c | 67c | 68c |
| 5,000 | Golden State | 22c | 22c | 23c |
| 2,000 | Goldf'dJckpt | 50c | 48c | 48c |
| 5,000 | Goldf'd Ore | 4c | 3c | 3c |
| 2,000 | Hard Shell | 10c | 10c | 10c |
| 9,000 | Harmill Div | 10c | 10c | 10c |
| 100 | Heda Min | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ |
| 1,000 | Henrietta Sil | 64c | 50c | 56c |
| 4,000 | Hilltop-Nev | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 500 | Holl'ger,new | 14 | 13¾ | 13¾ |
| 800 | Howe Sound | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 11,000 | Indpdce L M | 32c | 30c | 31c |
| 400 | Jar'Verde Dev | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 100 | Kerr Lake | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 2,000 | Kewanaa | 5c | 5c | 5c |
| 1,000 | La Rose | 33c | 33c | 33c |
| 9,000 | Lone St Con | 8c | 7c | 7c |
| 500 | Mason Val | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |

## BONDS.

(In $1,000 Lots.)

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | Allied Pack 8s | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| 1 | Alum 7s, '25 | 106¼ | 106¼ | 106¼ |
| 20 | Am Cotton Oil 6s, 1924 | 91¼ | 91 | 91 |
| 2 | Am G & E Co 6s, deb B, 2014 | 98¾ | 96½ | 96¼ |
| 9 | Am T&T 6s, '24 | 100⅞ | 100⅝ | 100⅝ |
| 34 | Anaconda 6s, '29 | 102¼ | 102¼ | 102¼ |
| 27 | Do 7s, 1929 | 103¾ | 103¾ | 103¾ |
| 3 | Anglo-A O 7½s | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 64 | Armour of Del 5½s, Ser A, '43 | 96 | 96 | 96 |
| 25 | Armour 7s, '30 | 105¼ | 105 | 105 |
| 3 | Atl G & W In coll tr 5s, '59 | 55¾ | 55 | 55¾ |
| 2 | Beaverb'd 8s, '33 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| 1 | Do 7½s, '42 | 106¾ | 106¾ | 106¾ |
| 7 | Beth Stl 7s, '23 | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ |
| 2 | Do 7s, '35 | 102½ | 102¼ | 102¾ |
| 30 | Bos & Me 6s, '33 | 94 | 83½ | 93¾ |
| 3 | Can Nat Ry 7s, 1935 | 106½ | 106 | 106 |
| 7 | Do 5s, '25 | 99¾ | 99¾ | 99¾ |
| 2 | Can Pac 5s, '54 | 99¼ | 99¼ | 99¼ |
| 7 | Chi Rys 5s, '27 | 67¾ | 67¾ | 67¾ |
| 4 | Laclede G 7s | 101 | 100¾ | 101 |
| 5 | Lib McN&L 7s | 101 | 100¾ | 101 |
| 30 | Louisville G&E Ser A, 6s, '52 | 89¼ | 89¼ | 89¼ |
| 5 | Lig-Win 7s, '42 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 2,000 | McKin-Dar | 20c | 20c | 20c |
| 25,000 | Mohican Cop | 40c | 35c | 39c |
| 2,000 | Mornington | 2c | 2c | 2c |
| 7,000 | Nat Tin | 2c | 2c | 2c |
| 1,000 | Nev Ophir | 16c | 16c | 16c |
| 1,500 | Cont Silines | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 1,100 | New Dom, A | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| | 200 N Jim Land | 17¼ | 17¼ | 17¼ |
| 5,000 | N T Pen | 46c | 46c | 47c |
| 2,500 | Niplssing | 6¼ | 6 | 6¼ |
| 4,000 | Ohio Cop | 45c | 46c | 47c |
| 3,500 | Ray Hercu | 1¼ | 1 | 1 |
| 5,000 | Red H Plor | 3c | 3c | 3c |
| 3,000 | Rex Con | 7c | 7c | 7c |
| 11,000 | Richm'd Min | 28c | 26c | 29c |
| 23,000 | St Anstorn Ken | 3c | 3c | 3c |
| 4,000 | Silver Queen | 48c | 46c | 47c |
| 3,000 | Silvermitn | 47c | 45c | 47c |
| 350 | Simon Sil-Ld | 31c | 31c | 31c |
| 100 | S A Gold&P | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 3,000 | SpearhdGold | 11c | 10c | 10c |
| 5,000 | Stew't Mines | 6c | 6c | 6c |
| 5,000 | Supersti Con | 9c | 8c | 9c |
| 5,000 | Sutherld Div | 5c | 4c | 5c |
| 800 | Success Min | 62c | 62c | 62c |
| 2,700 | Teck Hughes | 95c | 94c | 95c |
| 200 | Tono Belm't | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 4,500 | Tono Divide | 69c | 67c | 67c |
| 800 | Tono Ext | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| 100 | Tono Mining | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 14,300 | Tucl'meCop | 67c | 59c | 64c |
| 1,100 | UnitedEast'n | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 1,000 | U S Contl | 19c | 19c | 19c |
| 800 | UnVerdeExt | 23 | 27¾ | 28 |
| 100 | Unity Gold | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| 3,000 | W End Ext | 4c | 3c | 3c |
| 400 | W End Con | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |

## BONDS.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,775 | Subm Boat 6s | 12¾ | 12¾ | 12¾ |
| 250 | Super Oil | 6¾ | 6¾ | 6¾ |
| 1,375 | Skelly Oil | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 390 | Std Oil Cal | 12¾ | 11¾ | 12 |
| 260 | Std-W Speed | 94¾ | 94 | 94¾ |
| 150 | Strom Carb | 87¾ | 87¾ | 87¾ |
| 7,325 | Studebaker 7s | 107¾ | 107¾ | 107¾ |
| 80 | Sterling Pr | 81¾ | 81¾ | 81¾ |
| 1,775 | Subm Boat

# COPPER MARKET AGAIN IS ACTIVE

## An Advance in Red Metal to 15½ Cents a Pound Stirs the Trade.

## GERMANY SEEKS PRODUCT

### Renewed Demand by German Consumers Causes Much Speculation —Stocks Reach High Levels.

Two important developments featured the copper metal market yesterday. One was the advance in red metal to 15½ cents a pound for electrolytic copper delivered; the other the re-entrance of Germany in the local market.

The renewed demand by German consumers was considered most important in the trade world, for the demand on such a large scale indicated that German industrial heads expected an early settlement of the Ruhr troubles with France. Another development was the report that England was arranging a credit for Austria.

Local producers say that the buying for domestic account is unprecedented, with the exception of the war years. This buying, it was pointed out, is not for large amounts, but is widespread and is coming from every industry which consumes copper in the manufacture of finished products. Consumption, it was added, is running far ahead of production. A scarcity of labor also is said to limit production.

Many companies are sold ahead for several months, and producers are reluctant to accept new orders for large amounts, it was said.

There were numerous inquiries in the market yesterday for large blocks of copper at prices from 15¼ to 15⅜ cents a pound, but all such offers were rejected. The business accepted was mostly on a 15½ cents basis.

There was active speculation for copper metal shares on the New York Stock Exchange. Stocks of the more substantial companies advanced to the highest levels reported in several years. Gains from substantial fractions to more than a point were recorded, the more prominent issues including American Smelting and Refining, Utah Copper, Kennecott and Anaconda and Chile Copper. Others which were active and higher included Granby, United States Smelting and Refining and Miami.

### Will Join B. J. Baker & Co., Inc.

Warren P. Andrews, Vice President of the First National Bank of Forth Worth, Texas, will on March 1 become associated with B. J. Baker & Co., Inc., as Vice President, specializing in the investment requirements of banks, insurance companies and other institutions.

### S. W. Straus & Co. Buy Building.

S. W. Straus & Co. announced yesterday the purchase of the People's National Bank Building of Pittsburgh for the occupancy of its organization in that city.

### To Exchange Nickel Plate Bonds.

The Guaranty Trust Company of New York announces that it will deliver on and after Feb. 19 the New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad second equipment trust of 1922 5 per cent. serial gold certificates in definitive form, with coupons due March 1, 1923, and subsequently attached, in exchange for trust receipts of the Union Trust Company of Cleveland, Ohio, now outstanding, upon presentation of the latter at its trust department.

### Fidelity Mutual Report for 1922.

The Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Company yesterday reported that new paid-in business during 1922 totaled more than $39,000,000, and the annual income was increased to $11,697,000. After meeting all obligations and providing the required reserves, the company, which is a Philadelphia institution, increased its surplus or contingency reserve to $2,211,714 and brought its assets up to $51,439,244.

### L. & N. Bonds Ready Feb. 20.

The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company announces that it will exchange the temporary first and refunding mortgage 5½ per cent. gold bonds, series "A," for the definitive bonds of this issue on and after Feb. 20, 1923, on presentation of the temporary bonds at the office of the company.

## EARNINGS.

**Gulf Coast Lines—**

| | 1922. | 1921. | Decrease. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dec. gross | $378,718 | $234,177 | *$144,539 |
| Net after tax. | 249,935 | 196,021 | *50,814 |
| Total income. | 254,406 | 944,146 | 689,738 |
| Sur.after chgs | 157,247 | 838,947 | 681,700 |
| 12 mos. gross | 9,850,833 | 10,469,637 | 618,804 |
| Net after tax | 2,932,833 | 2,443,247 | *489,586 |
| Total income. | 2,961,834 | 5,003,853 | 42,319 |
| Sur.after chgs | 1,721,791 | 1,813,266 | 91,475 |

*Increase.

## METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Wednesday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Antimony | 7.12½ | 7.87½ | 7.12½ | 7.37½ |
| Quicksilver | 70.00 | ... | 70.00 | ... |
| Aluminum | 23.00 | 23.50 | 23.00 | 23.50 |
| Iron | No. 2X | | | |
| silicon | | 31.25 | | 31.25 |

Electrolytic copper was quoted at .15¼ on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

| | Yesterday. £ | s. | d. | Wednesday. £ | s. | d. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Copper, spot | 66 | 12 | 6 | 66 | 5 | 0 |
| Copper, futures | 67 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 17 | 6 |
| Tin, spot | 187 | 10 | 0 | 188 | 7 | 6 |
| Tin, futures | 189 | 7 | 6 | 188 | 5 | 0 |
| Spelter, spot | 35 | 2 | 6 | 35 | 5 | 0 |
| Spelter, futures | 34 | 0 | 0 | 34 | 17 | 6 |
| Lead, spot | 28 | 5 | 0 | 28 | 7 | 6 |
| Lead, futures | 28 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 0 |

## MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

**SAN FRANCISCO.**

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| COMSTOCK. | | Lucky Boy | .02 |
| Andes | .06 | Myrtle | .02 |
| Best & Belcher | .06 | Northwest | .04 |
| Caledonia | .70 | Operator | .02 |
| Challar | .05 | Silver King | .06 |
| Confidence | .07 | Smuggler | .07 |
| Con. Virginia | .10 | Sutherland | .06 |
| Gould & Curry | .12 | Zone | .07 |
| Hale & Norcross | .18 | GOLDFIELD. | |
| Justice | .18 | Booth | .06 |
| Mexican | .05 | Consolidated | .08 |
| Ophir | .06 | Crackerjack | .05 |
| Potosi | .03 | Development | .23 |
| Savage | .06 | Fraction | .03 |
| Scorpion | .02 | Grandma | .05 |
| Sierra Nevada | .06 | Great Bend | .03 |
| Union | .20 | Jumbo Extension | .07 |
| Utah | .02 | Kewanee | .04 |
| TONOPAH. | | Lone Star | .06 |
| Belmont | 1.40 | Red Hills | .03 |
| Cash Boy | .10 | Sandstorm | .03 |
| Crescent | .02 | Silver Pick | .06 |
| Halifax | .51 | Spearhead | .09 |
| McNamara | .06 | OTHER DISTRICTS. | |
| Midway | .06 | Harvard | .01 |
| Tonopah Belmont | .03 | Boundary Min. | .23 |
| Tonopah Exten. | .13 | Bullwhacker | .56 |
| Tonopah Mining | .18 | Carrie | .02 |
| Tonopah Nevada | .10 | Comb. Fraction | .97 |
| West End | 1.35 | Croesus | .29 |
| West Tonopah | .09 | Gold Key | .02 |
| DIVIDE. | | Hamilton | .02 |
| Aztec | .02 | Kendall | .05 |
| Belcher Extension | .02 | Manhattan Consol. | .03 |
| Ben-Hur | .05 | Mayflower | .02 |
| Ben-Hur Extension | .02 | Nellie | .11 |
| Davis | .03 | Ortman Contact | .10 |
| Broughton | .03 | Round Mountain | .20 |
| Divide Tonopah | .07 | Fairview Mtn. | .19 |
| Dividend | .02 | San Francisco | .03 |
| Extension | .10 | Simon Extension | .31 |
| Harmill | .06 | Simon Extension | .04 |
| Hasbrouck | .08 | Uncle Sam | .06 |
| High | .02 | United Western | .03 |
| Keystone | .03 | White Caps | .09 |

**COLORADO SPRINGS.**

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cresson | 2¾ | 2¼ | Mary McK. | 2 | 3¼ |
| Elkton | 1¾ | | Portland | 32 | 40 |
| El Paso | | 16 | U. Gold M. | 12 | 13 |
| Golden Cy. | 97 | 100 | Vindicator | 2¼ | 3 |
| Granite | 5 | 7 | Ross Nicol. | 2 | |
| Isabella | .023 | | | | |

# OUR IMPORT TRADE IN SEPTEMBER-OCTOBER

### First Attempt at Its Classification by the Countries of Origin.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The country's total imports from Sept. 22 last, the effective date of the new tariff law, until the end of October, were given as $345,082,699 in revised and final figures made public today by the Commerce Department.

Final figures for Sept. 1 to Sept. 21, inclusive, showed imports totaling $228,794,036.

The report furnishes the first complete information for any period since the new law went into effect, and was regarded by Administration officials as a further evidence that the statute has no detrimental effects on American buying abroad. The increases were generally distributed among the principal foreign countries.

The detailed figures follow:

| Grand Divisions. | Sept. 22-Oct. 31. | Sept. 1-Sept. 21. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | $116,524,708 | $81,681,752 |
| North America | 81,050,013 | 58,190,676 |
| South America | 38,920,831 | 27,645,845 |
| Asia | 99,966,590 | 60,113,417 |
| Oceana | 4,625,053 | 4,288,640 |
| Africa | 4,023,699 | 1,874,609 |
| Belgium | 6,525,919 | 3,585,014 |
| France | 17,494,771 | 11,146,016 |
| Germany | 18,021,186 | 10,653,634 |
| Italy | 7,257,583 | 4,894,645 |
| Russia in Europe | 17,915 | 57,612 |
| Spain | 3,353,574 | 1,659,272 |
| Sweden | 3,842,823 | 2,495,210 |
| United Kingdom | 45,536,819 | 31,851,221 |
| Canada | 46,809,126 | 28,081,379 |
| Central America | 2,243,553 | 1,585,463 |
| Mexico | 12,258,226 | 8,142,055 |
| Cuba | 16,738,235 | 14,403,530 |
| Dominican Republic | 366,000 | 294,991 |
| Argentina | 9,407,804 | 8,405,494 |
| Brazil | 15,012,692 | 9,925,767 |
| Chile | 6,423,556 | 5,919,255 |
| Colombia | 4,149,202 | 2,793,452 |
| Peru | 1,280,361 | 1,635,256 |
| Uruguay | 973,947 | 1,296,062 |
| Venezuela | 1,428,189 | 673,966 |
| China | 15,999,991 | 9,591,096 |
| Japan | 46,934,181 | 28,969,887 |
| Philippine Islands | 6,061,663 | 3,424,269 |
| Ecuador | 946,557 | 808,535 |

No comparison with previous years is possible from the above figures except by adding together the imports for the two fragments of the period Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, inclusive, and contrasting that two months' total with the imports for September and October, 1921. On that basis the total importations last year between Sept. 1 and Oct. 31 were $573,877,397, as compared with $367,310,469 in the same months, September and October, 1921.

Imports from the three continents with which our trade is largest make the following comparison, covering the two months' period in each year from Sept. 1 to Oct. 31,

| | 1922. | 1921. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | $198,206,460 | $130,162,235 |
| North America | 134,240,689 | 99,851,086 |
| South America | 66,509,176 | 34,804,629 |
| Asia | 166,480,000 | 97,758,000 |

The figures contained in the very large importations hurried in for delivery in advance of the higher tariff schedules.

## 865,675 CARS LOADED.

### Week Ended Feb. 3 Shows a Gain of 117,780 Compared With 1922.

Revenue car loading for the week ended Feb. 3 amounted to 865,675 cars, according to the report announced yesterday by the car service division of the American Railway Association. This figure was an increase of 117,780 cars over the corresponding week of last year and an increase of 165,957 cars over the corresponding week of 1921. Compared with the previous week, ended Jan. 27, last, the figure showed a decrease of 5,489 cars. Loadings of cars to and including Feb. 3 totaled 4,245,471 cars so far in 1923 against 3,533,014 and 3,523,477 for the corresponding periods of 1922 and 1921 respectively.

Loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous freight, which includes manufactured products, amounted to 505,250 cars. Loading of grain and grain products totaled 41,736 cars. Live stock loading totaled 33,675 cars. Coal loading amounted to 189,773 cars, 4,965 under the week before. This was, however, an increase of 5,475 cars above the same week last year. Forest products loading totaled 69,767 cars. Coke loading totaled 14,199 cars. Ore loading amounted to 11,239 cars.

### Fulton Trust Company Changes.

H. H. Cammann, who had served as Vice President of the Fulton Trust Company since the organization of the company, yesterday resigned, and Charles M. Van Kleeck was promoted from Second Vice President to succeed him. Arthur J. Morris was moved up from the position of Secretary to succeed Mr. Van Kleeck and Percy W. Shepard was promoted from Assistant Secretary to the Secretaryship.

## PUBLIC UTILITIES.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| American Gas & Electric | 174 | 176½ |
| American Gas & Electric pf. | 46 | 47 |
| American Light & Traction | 136 | 138 |
| American Light & Traction pf. | 94 | 95 |
| American Power & Light | 148 | 150 |
| American Power & Light pf. | 84½ | 86 |
| Amer. Public Util. | 19 | 24 |
| Amer. Public Util. pf. | 45 | 48 |
| Appalachian Power | 38 | 41 |
| Appalachian Power, new, pf. | 85¼ | 87 |
| Arkansas Light & Power | 26 | 27 |
| Carolina Power & Light | 64 | 66 |
| Cities Service | 187¾ | *189¼ |
| Cities Service pf. | 69½ | *69¾ |
| Cities Service, B. | 65 | 66 |
| Cities Service, bankers' shares | 18¾ | *19¼ |
| Colorado Power | 24 | 25 |
| Columbus Electric & Power | 95 | 97 |
| Columbus Electric & Power 1st pf. | 101½ | 102 |
| Columbus Electric & Pow. 2d pf. | 92 | 95 |
| Commonwealth P., Ry. & L. | 27 | 29 |
| Commonwealth P., Ry. & L. pf. | 70 | 73 |
| Consumers Power | 88 | 91½ |
| Connecticut Power pf. | 94 | |
| Eastern Texas El. | 92 | |
| Eastern Texas El. pf. | 81 | 84 |
| Electric Bond & Share | 96 | 97½ |
| Empire Gas & Fuel pf. | 90 | *95 |
| Federal Light & Traction | 54 | 57 |
| Federal Light & Traction pf. | 70 | 73 |
| Galveston-Houston Electric | 27½ | 29½ |
| Galveston-Houston Electric pf. | 69 | 72 |
| Lehigh Power Sec. | 19¾ | 20½ |
| Mississippi River Power | 27½ | 28½ |
| Mississippi River pf. | 82 | 84 |
| N. News & Hp. Ry., G. & E. | 56 | 59 |
| N. News & H. R. Ry., G. & E. pf. | 88 | 90 |
| National Power & Light | 46 | 49 |
| National Power & Light pf. | 84½ | 85½ |
| Northern States Power | 96 | 98 |
| Northern States Power pf. | 92 | 96 |
| Northern Texas Electric | 81 | 84 |
| Northern Texas Electric pf. | 78 | 81 |
| Oklahoma Gas & Electric | 90 | 94 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric pf. | 90½ | 92 |
| Pennsylvania Edison pf. | 101 | 105 |
| Puget Sound Power & Light | 51 | 53 |
| Puget Sound Pow. & Light 6% pf. | 79 | 82 |
| Republic Railway & Light | 13 | 15 |
| Republic Railway & Light pf. | 43 | 45¼ |
| South Calif. Edison | 103 | 104 |
| South Calif. Edison pf. | 125 | 125 |
| Standard Gas & Electric | 25¼ | 26½ |
| Standard Gas & Electric pf. | 48¼ | 49½ |
| Tampa Electric Power | 138 | |
| Tennessee Electric Power | 17 | 18 |
| Tennessee Electric Power 2d pf. | 52 | 55 |
| Tennessee Electric Power 6% pf. | 73 | 75 |
| Tennessee Electric Power 7% pf. | 87½ | 91 |
| United Light & Ry. | 92 | 94 |
| Do pf. | 76 | 79 |
| Western Power | 33½ | 35 |
| Western Power pf. | 81 | 84 |

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adirondack P. & L. 6s, 1950 | 100 | 101 | |
| Am. Gas & Electric 6s, 2014 | 96 | 97 | |
| Am. Power & Light 6s, 2016 | 96½ | 97½ | |
| Appalachian Power 1st 5s, 1941 | 90 | 91½ | |
| Cities Service deb. B | 128 | | |
| Cities Service deb. C | 94½ | | |
| Cities Service deb. D | 92 | 94 | |
| Cities Service 7s, 1952 | 74 | 100¾ | |
| Columbus Elec. & Pow. 6s, 1947 | 100 | 102¾ | |
| Cons. Cities E., P. & T. 5s, 1962 | 70½ | 75½ | |
| Col. Power 1st 5s, 1963 | 90 | 93 | |
| Commonwealth Power 6s, 1953 | 96 | 97 | |
| East Texas Electric 5s, 1942 | 88 | 91 | |
| El Paso Electric 5s, 1949 | 92 | 96 | |
| Empire Gas & Fuel 7½s, 1937 | 93½ | 93 | |
| Galveston-Houston 5s, 1954 | 86 | 88 | |
| Houston Electric 1st 5s, 1925 | 97 | 99 | |
| Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, 1927 | 92¾ | 93¾ | |
| Mississippi River Power 5s, 1951 | 92¾ | 93½ | |
| National Power & Light 6s, 1931 | 96 | 97 | |
| National Power & Light 7s, 1930 | 99½ | 102 | |
| National Power & Light 7s, 1972 | 90¾ | 91½ | |
| Northern States Power 5s, 1941 | 91 | 93 | |
| Northern States Power 6s, 1926 | 99¼ | 100 | |
| Nebraska Power 1st 5s, 1947 | 89 | 92½ | |
| North. N. Y. Util. 1st ref. 5s, 1963 | 90½ | 92 | |
| North. Texas Electric 5s, 1940 | 84 | 87 | |
| Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, 1941 | 104 | 105½ | |
| Savannah Elec. & Pow. 7s, 1941 | 104 | 106 | |
| Seattle Electric 5s, 1929 | 93 | 96 | |
| Seattle Electric 5s, 1920 | 93 | | |
| South. California Edison 5s, 1929 | 96½ | 98 | |
| South. California Edison 6s, 1944 | 101½ | 103 | |
| Stand. Gas & Elec. 6s, 1935 | 85 | 90 | |
| Stand. Gas & Elec. 6s, 1926 | 99 | | |
| Tampa Electric 5s, 1936 | 92 | 96 | |
| Utah Light & Traction 5s, 1934 | 104 | | |
| Western States G. & E. 5s, 1941 | 90 | 93½ | |

# N. Y. RESERVE BANK NETTED $3,721,593

### Report for 1922 Shows Total Earnings of $11,341,318, a Big Decrease From 1921.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in its annual report for the year ended Dec. 31, 1922, shows a net income of $3,721,593 after all deductions, as compared with net income of $26,093,832 for 1921. The bank's total earnings stood at $11,341,318, as against $34,704,938 for 1921, the decline being largely the result of the slump in rediscounts and advances to member banks.

These figures, which were issued in a preliminary form a short time ago, were epitomized by the bank in the following table, contained in the annual report:

| EARNINGS. | 1922. | 1921. |
|---|---|---|
| From rediscounts and advances to member banks | $8,970,209.76 | $30,762,021.40 |
| From acceptances owned | 1,619,512.13 | 1,329,665.00 |
| From U. S. Gov. securities owned. | 5,643,385.44 | 1,955,969.96 |
| Other earnings | 108,211.44 | 187,282.33 |
| Total | $11,341,318.77 | $34,704,938.69 |
| DEDUCTIONS FROM EARNINGS. | | |
| For current bank operation | $6,223,404.81 | $7,976,187.58 |
| Cost of Fed. Res. currency | 553,124.78 | 1,091,591.96 |
| For self-insur. and other reserves, depreciation, &c. | 843,196.31 | 443,326.95 |
| Total | $7,619,725.70 | $3,511,106.49 |
| Net income | $3,721,593.07 | $26,093,832.20 |
| DISTRIBUTION OF NET INCOME. | | |
| Dividends paid | $1,652,138.30 | $1,606,721.16 |
| Added to surplus | 206,945.43 | 3,762,671.19 |
| Paid U. S. Gov. as franchise tax | 1,862,509.29 | 20,702,439.94 |
| Total | $3,721,593.07 | $26,093,832.20 |

In its review of credit and banking conditions in the New York district in 1922 the bank states in part:

"The movements of production, trade and prices were closely interrelated, as to both cause and effect, with the banking developments of the year. Primary among these was the continued inflow of gold, which entered the country largely through the port of New York. Following the net receipt during 1921 of $687,000,000 of gold, $238,000,000 additional was received in 1922. While the gold imports were smaller in 1922 and tended to decline as the year advanced, they exerted nevertheless a more powerful influence upon banking conditions external to theReserve Banks than did the larger flow of the year before.

"In 1921 the gold flow found the member banks of the country still much indebted to the Reserve Banks, and the gold assisted largely in liquidating that indebtedness. In 1922, particularly after the first weeks of the year, member banks owed relatively little to the Reserve Banks; and when the gold in natural course found its way into the reserves of the Reserve Banks, so much of it as was not used still further to reduce debt, served as the basis for a possible expansion of member bank loans and deposits to a volume several times the amount of the gold received. The result was a very material increase in the lending power of the banks.

"A second development tending in the same direction was the refunding of bank loans and early maturing debt into longer term obligations. The Treasury issued $2,511,000,000 of two-and-a-half to four-year notes and $764,000,000 of twenty-five-thirty year bonds for the purpose of refunding the Government's early maturing debt, and it is estimated that during 1922 domestic bonds and notes were placed through the New York market amounting to $5,400,000,000, which were largely for the purpose of retiring bank loans or short-time notes, or for refunding other maturing obligations. In this way much debt which had been supplied by the banks and the discount market was supplied through the long-term investment market, and the banks and discount market were relieved accordingly.

"Closely allied with the foregoing was the continued reduction of the amount of bank credit required in the ordinary course of conducting business. The collection of amounts due, the lessened business activity of 1921, and the lower cost of materials and labor had enabled corporations and individuals to reduce their indebtedness at the banks and in many instances to build up balances and make investments for future use."

## NEW YORK BANK STOCKS.

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| America | 228 | 230 | Fifth Av. | 1075 | 1225 |
| Am. Exch. | 290 | 295 | Fifth | 213 | 223 |
| Bank of U. S. | 163 | ... | First | 1198 | 1210 |
| Battery | 135 | 142 | Garfield | 255 | ... |
| Bowery | 140 | ... | Gotham | 185 | 195 |
| Bryant Park | 155 | 165 | Greenwich | 280 | ... |
| B'way Cent. | 115 | 135 | Harriman | 360 | 370 |
| Bronx Boro. | 125 | ... | Hanover | 680 | 700 |
| Bronx Nat. | 130 | ... | Imp. & Trad. | 660 | ... |
| Butch. & D. | 130 | 140 | Manhat. Co. | 147 | 152 |
| Chase | 348 | 353 | Mech. & M. | 405 | 410 |
| Chat. & Phen. | 258 | 264 | Mutual | 300 | ... |
| Chelsea Ex. | 90 | 100 | Nat. Amer. | 135 | 145 |
| Chemical | 540 | 550 | New Neth. | 135 | ... |
| City | 333 | 339 | Pacific | 300 | ... |
| Coal & Iron | 214 | 224 | Park | 425 | 435 |
| Colonial | 350 | ... | Public | 300 | 310 |
| Columbia | 225 | 235 | Seaboard | 330 | ... |
| Commerce | 297 | 300 | Standard | 165 | 175 |
| Com'wealth | 253 | 265 | State | 345 | 355 |
| Continental | 135 | ... | 34th Ward | 250 | ... |
| Corn Exch. | 432 | 437 | Wash. Hts. | 215 | ... |
| Cosmopolitan | 95 | ... | Yorkville | 900 | ... |
| East River | 175 | ... | | | |

**Trust and Surety Companies.**

| | Bid. | Ask. | | Bid. | Ask. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Alliance | 94 | 99 | Kings Co. | 900 | ... |
| Am. Surety | 87 | 89 | Lawyers Mtg. | 160 | 165 |
| Bk. N. Y. & T. | 435 | 460 | Lawyers Title | 165 | ... |
| Bankers | 373 | 377 | M'facturers | 430 | ... |
| Brooklyn | 470 | 500 | Metropolitan | 305 | 315 |
| Cent. Union | 450 | 460 | Nat. Surety | 150 | 155 |
| Commercial | 115 | ... | New York | 345 | 350 |
| Empire | 165 | 175 | N. Y. T. & M. | 175 | 178 |
| Equitable | 183 | 187 | People's | 378 | ... |
| Farm. L. & T. | 523 | 533 | Realty Assoc. | 170 | 176 |
| Fid. Intl. | 220 | 230 | Title Guar. | 355 | ... |
| Fulton | 245 | ... | Unit. States | 1215 | 1250 |
| Guaranty | 255 | 260 | U. S. Mtg. | 315 | 325 |
| Hudson | 195 | ... | Westchester | 145 | ... |
| Irving-Col. | 237 | 242 | West. T. & T. | 210 | ... |

## NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

| | Yester-day. Bid. | Wednes-day. Asked. | Bid. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s, December, 1917 | 107⅛ | 108 | 107⅛ |
| 4½s, July, 1967 | 107½ | 108 | 107½ |
| 4½s, June, 1965 | 107½ | 108 | 107½ |
| 4½s, May, 1963 | 107½ | 108 | 107½ |
| 4½s, May, 1957 | 107⅛ | 107⅝ | 107⅛ |
| 4½s, November, 1957 | 107⅛ | 107⅝ | 107⅛ |
| 4½s, April, 1972 | 102⅝ | 103½ | 102⅝ |
| 4½s, March, 1964 | 102½ | 103 | 102½ |
| 4½s, March, 1963 | 102½ | 103 | 102½ |
| 4½s, Sept., 1960 | 102⅜ | 102⅝ | 102⅜ |
| 4½s, March, 1960-30 | 100⅝ | 101¼ | 100⅝ |
| 4s, November, 1958 | 99¼ | 99¾ | 99¼ |
| 4s, November, 1958 | 99½ | 100 | 99½ |
| 4s, May, 1959 | 99½ | 100 | 99½ |
| 4s, November, 1955 | 99¼ | 99¾ | 99¼ |
| 3½s, May, 1954 | 91 | 92 | 91 |
| 3½s, November, 1954 | 91 | 92 | 91 |
| 3½s, November, 1955 | 91 | 92 | 91 |

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5½s, 1940-1949 | 4.20 | 4.05 | 4.20 |
| 3¼s, 1923-1930 | 4.30 | 4.10 | 4.30 |
| 3s, 1940-1953 | 4.30 | 4.10 | 4.30 |
| 3s, 1923-1930 | 4.35 | 4.15 | 4.35 |
| 6½s, 1923-1931 | 4.23 | 4.10 | 4.25 |

## FEDERAL LAND BANK Farm Loan Bonds.

| Rate. | Maturity. | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5% | Nov., 1941, op. '31 | 100 | 101 |
| 5% | May, 1941, op. '31 | 100¼ | 101¼ |
| 5% | May, 1938, op. '23 | 100 | 100¼ |
| 4½% | Jan., 1943, op. '23 | 100% | 100% |
| 4½% | May, 1942, op. '32 | 100% | 100% |
| 4½% | May, 1939, op. '24 | 100% | 100% |
| 4½% | Nov., 1938, op. '23 | 99¾ | 100% |
| 4½% | May, 1937, op. '23 | 99¾ | 100% |

## DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

| Company. | Rate. | Per-iod. | Pay-able. | H'lders of Record. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Am. Tel. & Cable | $1.25 | Q | Mar. 1 | Feb. 28 |
| Dom. Mine | 50c | Q | Apr. 20 | Mar. 31 |
| Gt. Atl. & Pac. Tea | 50c | Q | Mar. 12 | Feb. 14 |
| Do pf | 1 | Q | Mar. 1 | Feb. 14 |
| Int. Cement | 75c | Q | Mar. 31 | Mar. 15 |
| Do pf | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 31 | Mar. 15 |
| Merrimac Mfg. | 1¼ | Q | Mar. 1 | Feb. 16 |
| Do pf | 2½ | SA | Mar. 1 | Feb. 16 |
| Montreal Cottons pf | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 15 | Feb. 28 |
| Nat. Candy | $2.50 | SA | Mar. 14 | Feb. 20 |
| Do 1st pf | $3.50 | SA | Mar. 14 | Feb. 20 |
| National Lead | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 31 | Mar. 16 |
| Ogilvie Fl. Mills pf | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 1 | Feb. 23 |
| Orpheum Circuit pf | $2.00 | Q | Apr. 1 | Mar. 15 |
| Pennok Oil | 10c | Ex | Mar. 26 | Mar. 15 |
| Do | 10c | EX | Mar. 26 | Mar. 15 |
| Tex. Gulf Sulph | $1.25 | Q | Mar. 15 | Mar. 1 |
| United Cigar St. pf. | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 15 | Feb. 28 |
| U. S. Gypsum | 1 | Q | Mar. 31 | Mar. 16 |
| Do pf. | 1¾ | Q | Mar. 31 | Mar. 16 |

# FEDERAL DISCOUNTS GAIN $84,100,000

### Deposits $66,300,000 Larger, Too, Than Last Week in Federal Reserve Report.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—An increase of $84,100,000 in discounted bills secured by Government obligations against only nominal changes in other discounts, acceptances and Government securities, accompanied by additions of $66,300,000 to deposits and of $25,800,000 by Federal Reserve note circulation, is shown in the Federal Reserve Board's weekly bank statement issued as at close of business on Feb. 14. Cash reserves show a nominal reduction though gold reserves increased by $2,400,000.

The reserve ratio shows a decline for the week from 77 to 75.3 per cent.

The increase in total discounts was due chiefly to an increase of $73,200,000 in the amount of discounted bills held by the New York bank, smaller increases in discounts being shown also for the Philadelphia, Cleveland and San Francisco banks.

Shifting of gold through the gold settlement fund accounts largely for the changes in the gold reserves of the individual banks. Cleveland shows an increase in its gold reserve of $15,900,000; Philadelphia, $8,300,000; Boston, $6,600,000 and Atlanta, of $5,600,000.

Small increases totaling $8,100,000 are reported for the Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis and Kansas City banks. The gold movement was away from New York, the New York Reserve Bank reporting a decrease in its gold reserves of $37,400,000. Small decreases, aggregating $4,700,000 are shown for the three remaining Reserve banks.

Holdings of papers secured by Government obligations show an increase for the week, from $344,600,000 to $428,700,000. Of the total held on Feb. 14, $197,200,000, or 46 per cent., were secured by United States bonds; $4,000,000, or 1.1 per cent. by Victory notes; $184,400,000, or 43.5 per cent., by Treasury notes, and $40,500,000, or 9.4 per cent., by Treasury certificates, compared with $165,200,000, $1,800,000, $144,400,000 and $33,200,000 reported the week before.

A summary of changes in the principal assets and liabilities of the Reserve banks on Feb. 14, 1923, as compared with a week and a year ago, follows:

| | Feb. 7, 1923. | Feb. 15, 1922. |
|---|---|---|
| Total reserves | +$400,000 | +$143,000,000 |
| Gold reserves | +2,400,000 | +142,400,000 |
| Total earning assets | +84,000,000 | −97,300,000 |
| Discounted bills, total | +84,100,000 | +132,200,000 |
| Secured by U. S. Govt. obligations | +84,100,000 | +101,100,000 |
| Other bills discounted | ... | +233,300,000 |
| Purchased bills | −900,000 | +106,200,000 |
| U. S. securities, total | +400,000 | −31,100,000 |
| Bonds and notes | +2,800,000 | +37,600,000 |
| U. S. certificates indebtedness | +3,200,000 | +68,700,000 |
| Total deposits | +66,300,000 | +173,200,000 |
| Members' reserve deposits | +66,600,000 | +220,100,000 |
| Government deposits | −8,400,000 | −85,800,000 |
| Other deposits | +1,100,000 | +11,100,000 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation | +25,800,000 | +73,700,000 |
| Fed. Res. notes in circulation, net liability | +200,900 | +79,900,000 |

+Increase. −Decrease.

## FEDERAL RESERVE STATEMENT.

The following table shows the total gold holdings and other chief items in this week's report of each of the twelve Federal Reserve Banks:

CLOSE of BUSINESS FEB. 14.

| District. | Gold Reserve. | Rediscount on Government War Paper. | Total Bills on Hand. | Due Members' Reserve Acct. | F.R. Notes and in Cir'la'n. | Ratio of Reserve to Deposits |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | $231,600,000 | $37,731,000 | $94,374,000 | $127,504,000 | $166,677,000 | 72.7 |
| New York | 977,764,000 | 259,758,000 | 324,048,000 | 756,686,000 | 960,010,000 | 74.9 |
| Philadelphia | 216,769,000 | 42,084,000 | 82,275,000 | 113,327,000 | 204,224,000 | 71.1 |
| Cleveland | 208,564,000 | 23,680,000 | 84,529,000 | 163,919,000 | 224,687,000 | 79.3 |
| Richmond | 106,418,000 | 16,000,000 | 58,218,000 | 62,425,000 | 99,031,000 | 76.5 |
| Atlanta | 145,294,000 | 1,519,000 | 23,536,000 | 57,323,000 | 122,441,000 | 83.4 |
| Chicago | 513,767,000 | 23,294,000 | 70,385,000 | 275,902,000 | 386,253,000 | 80.6 |
| St. Louis | 99,970,000 | 6,997,000 | 24,220,000 | 72,254,000 | 87,500,000 | 73.0 |
| Minneapolis | 53,577,000 | 7,911,000 | 21,068,000 | 61,367,000 | 55,554,000 | 73.9 |
| Kansas City | 103,125,000 | 4,338,000 | 15,161,000 | 67,587,000 | 65,981,000 | 69.3 |
| Dallas | 38,875,000 | 1,308,000 | 38,185,000 | 54,361,000 | 51,832,000 | 50.1 |
| San Francisco | 258,270,000 | 20,995,000 | 67,534,000 | 142,353,000 | 207,230,000 | 73.7 |

**In the Previous Week.**

| District. | Gold Reserve. | Rediscount on Government War Paper. | Total Bills on Hand. | Due Members' Reserve Acct. | F.R. Notes and in Cir'la'n. | Ratio of Reserve to Deposits |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Boston | $224,456,000 | $37,850,000 | $68,718,000 | $124,640,000 | $197,381,000 | 71.8 |
| New York | 1,015,130,000 | 193,106,000 | 248,443,000 | 719,607,000 | 554,344,000 | 80.2 |
| Philadelphia | 208,480,000 | 38,836,000 | 73,975,000 | 112,271,000 | 195,520,000 | 71.1 |
| Cleveland | 290,630,000 | 18,724,000 | 57,150,000 | 152,748,000 | 227,240,000 | 79.1 |
| Richmond | 105,532,000 | 16,981,000 | 39,495,000 | 63,425,000 | 99,536,000 | 76.3 |
| Atlanta | 197,735,000 | 2,567,000 | 25,426,000 | 57,439,000 | 118,068,000 | 82.6 |
| Chicago | 515,720,000 | $2,011,000 | 69,482,000 | 278,189,000 | 383,253,000 | 81.1 |
| St. Louis | 97,042,000 | 7,638,000 | 26,819,000 | 72,742,000 | 85,909,000 | 71.2 |
| Minneapolis | 51,461,000 | 1,490,000 | 21,256,000 | 48,525,000 | 56,077,000 | 76.2 |
| Kansas City | 100,126,000 | 8,324,000 | 13,159,000 | 62,072,000 | 66,580,000 | 66.7 |
| Dallas | 40,136,000 | 1,218,000 | 36,515,000 | 54,079,000 | 52,617,000 | 51.4 |
| San Francisco | 261,602,000 | 16,480,000 | 64,067,000 | 139,798,000 | 209,357,000 | 75.3 |

Consolidated statement of twelve Federal Reserve Banks compares as follows:

RESOURCES.

| | Feb. 14, 1923. | Feb. 7, 1923. | Feb. 15, 1922. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Gold and gold certificates | $302,180,000 | $307,567,000 | $382,260,000 |
| Gold settlement fund, Fed. Reserve Board | 572,152,000 | 569,278,000 | 531,354,000 |
| Total gold held by banks | $874,341,000 | $876,845,000 | $913,614,000 |
| Gold with Federal Reserve Agents | $2,144,036,000 | $2,139,375,000 | $1,960,660,000 |
| Gold redemption fund | 60,120,000 | 59,856,000 | 51,775,000 |
| Total gold reserves | $3,078,497,000 | $3,076,076,000 | $2,926,054,000 |
| Reserves other than gold | $140,464,000 | $143,288,000 | $139,586,000 |
| Total reserves | $3,218,961,000 | $3,219,364,000 | $3,075,940,000 |
| Non-reserve cash | 67,789,000 | 67,770,000 | ... |
| Bills discounted: | | | |
| Secured by U. S. Government obligations | 428,724,000 | 344,646,000 | 327,641,000 |
| Other bills discounted | 254,715,000 | 224,665,000 | 457,979,000 |
| Bills bought in open market | 184,476,000 | 184,845,000 

# TAX LAW CHANGES AS SEEN BY EXPERT

### Dr. Joseph J. Klein Forecasts a Possible Compromise by Next Congress.

### CRITICIZES RADICAL PLAN

### Restoration of Excess Profits and Higher Surtax Deprecated—Other Proposals Analyzed.

Proposed changes in the Revenue act of 1921, which are being sought by Treasury officials and certain Congressmen in the belief that the act, in seeking to alleviate some of the harsh provisions of the preceding war revenue laws, had gone too far and provided unwise "loopholes for taxpayers," were discussed last night by Dr. Joseph J. Klein, income tax expert of Klein, Hinds & Finke, 1,182 Broadway, in an address to the Accountants' Post of the American Legion.

"Observers do not believe that the proposed changes will become law at this session," said Dr. Klein. "Many close students of trends in tax legislation are of the opinion that a possible compromise between the radical and conservative wings will be reached in the December session, whereby the tax law will be amended to take effect as of Jan. 1, 1924. Such a delay will prove a boon to business and on the whole it would be desirable, though there may be inherent merit in some of the proposed changes."

Dr. Klein explained that the House had passed three amendatory bills which await action by the Senate. Other amendments are being considered. Enumerating some of the proposed changes, he said:

"Capital gain and loss provision: The Treasury Department is of the opinion that Section 206 is subject to much abuse. It is possible under this provision of the law to limit the tax on the gains resulting from the sale of investments held for over two years to 12½ per cent., but to secure a reduction of tax with respect to corresponding losses up to a maximum of 58 per cent. The proposal which appears to have the most influential backing is to apply the 12½ per cent provision to both capital losses and capital gain.

"Exchanges of certain property: Section 202 provides, in part, that when investment securities are exchanged for similar securities, neither gain nor loss results from the transaction. Certain Treasury officials believe that this provision of the law has been much abused and it appears likely that it will be repealed. Many instances are known where to tax the transaction would prove a hardship and be inequitable, but it seems as though the innocent will have to suffer with the offender.

"Reorganizations: Section 202 also provides that in reorganizations and in transfers of property to a successor corporation (with certain limitations), no gain shall result to the sellers until they have recouped their cost in cash or its fair equivalent. It is not unlikely that the law will be amended so as to subject to tax transactions of the kind referred to.

"Holding Companies—Many Congressmen do not understand the sound economic doctrine which gave birth to the so-called holding company. An attempt will be made to put 'teeth' into Section 220, which now provides 25 per cent. additional tax on unnecessary accumulations of corporate surplus profits. The first of these punitive clauses appeared in the 1917 act, but like so much other ill-conceived legislation aimed at business, it has been found impossible to enforce or apply the provision. I do not believe that legislation along this line will prove productive of revenue.

"Excess Profits Tax—Certain radicals in Congress are determined to re-enact an excess profits tax on corporations. I do not believe that they will succeed, and I am confident that enlightened public opinion will not support such a proposal.

"Higher Surtaxes—The radicals who are sponsors for the proposal to re-enact an excess profits act are also behind the movement to raise the present surtax rates. These Congressmen fly in the face of experience and do not seem to realize that Secretary Mellon has clearly demonstrated that there is no necessary connection between higher rates and larger yield and that, as a matter of hard fact, the higher the tax, the lower the yield. The chances appear at least as good for a reduction of surtax rates as for an increase.

"Exemption of State and Municipal Bonds, Salaries, &c.—The movement in favor of a constitutional amendment to remove the exemption from State and municipal bond interest, salaries, &c., has gained much headway. I doubt, however, that it will succeed in the near future."

## COMMODITY PRICES.

### *Striking Improvement Registered in Cash Markets—New Highs Reported in All Groups.*

Substantial price advances were reported in not a few of the cash staples yesterday, gains being found in most all divisions of the subjoined list with new high levels for the year in five products, these including wheat, coffee, sugar, copper and tin, while butter, eggs, lead and cotton also moved upward. Slight recessions were registered in corn and oats, with provisions steady and unchanged.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Thursday, a week before, and a year ago:

| | Feb. 15. | Feb. 8. | Feb. 16. |
|---|---|---|---|
| FOODSTUFFS: | 1923. | 1923. | 1922. |
| Wheat, No. 2 red | $1.54 | $1.50½ | $1.46 |
| Corn, No. 2 yellow | .93 | .93 | .74¾ |
| Oats, No. 2 white | .57 | .56 | .50 |
| Flour, Minn., patent | 7.35 | 7.25 | 8.75 |
| Coffee, No. 7 Rio | 18¾ | 18¼ | .05⅝ |
| Sugar, granulated | .06¼ | .07¼ | .06 |
| Butter, cream, 1-2 score | .50½ | .49¾ | .38 |
| Eggs, fresh - gathered, firsts, per dozen | .39@40 | .35@36 | .40 |
| Lard, Mid. W. | 11.70 | 11.70 | 11.90 |
| Pork, mess | 28.00 | 28.00 | 24.00 |
| Beef, family | 17.50 | 17.50 | 14.00 |
| METALS: | | | |
| Iron, 2X, Phila. | 30.25 | 30.25 | 21.25 |
| Steel billets, Pitts. | 38.50 | 38.50 | 28 00 |
| Lead | 8.12½ | 8.50 | 4.70 |
| Copper | 15.12½ | 14.75 | 13.00 |
| Tin | 41.50 | 40.12½ | 30.50 |
| TEXTILES: | | | |
| Cotton mid. upland | .28.20 | 27.85 | 17.90 |
| Printcloths | .08 | .07⅞ | .05½ |

Range of prices for year to date:

| | Highest | | Lowest | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | $1.54 | Feb. 15 | $1.44¼ | Jan. 8 |
| Corn | .93¼ | Feb. 14 | .88 | Jan. 8 |
| Oats | .57½ | Feb. 13 | .52 | Jan. 2 |
| Flour | 7.60 | Jan. 2 | 7.20 | Feb. 2 |
| Coffee | 18¾ | Feb. 15 | .14¾ | Jan. 2 |
| Sugar | .07¼ | Feb. 15 | .06 | Jan. 27 |
| Butter | .54 | Jan. 11 | .47 | Feb. 1 |
| Eggs | .48 | Jan. 2 | .35 | Feb. 2 |
| Lard | 12.50 | Jan. 19 | 11.60 | Jan. 6 |
| Pork | 28.50 | Jan. 2 | 28.00 | Jan. 19 |
| Beef | 20.50 | Jan. 19 | 17.50 | Jan. 26 |
| Iron | 30.25 | Jan. 11 | 29.00 | Jan. 2 |
| Steel | 38.50 | Feb. 4 | 36.50 | Jan. 2 |
| Lead | 8.50 | Feb. 13 | 8.37½ | Jan. 4 |
| Copper | 15.12½ | Feb. 15 | 14.62½ | Jan. 2 |
| Tin | 41.50 | Feb. 15 | 38.25 | Jan. 11 |
| Cotton | 22.75 | Jan. 23 | 28.46 | Jan. 2 |
| Printcloths | .08 | Jan. 27 | .07⅝ | Jan. 11 |

### Exposition of Inventions.

The first International Exposition of Inventions and Investments had an informal session at the Grand Central Palace last night. The purpose of the exposition, which is open to the public today, is to bring inventions and capital together and to give inventors the opportunity to demonstrate their ideas. Maurice Fereics, managing director of the Foreign Advertising and Service Bureau, is in charge.

# TAX ALLOWANCE FOR DEPRECIATION

### *Reasonable Deduction Provided for Wear and Tear to Business Property.*

The provisions of the revenue act of 1921 covering the matter of depreciation for Federal income tax purposes are explained in the following statement by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, issued as one of a series to guide taxpayers in the preparation of their returns:

"While the word 'depreciation' is not used in the revenue act of 1921, it provides that in computing net income there shall be allowed 'a reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property used in the trade or business, including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence.' The deduction is confined to property actually used in trade or business. In general it applies to capital assets, the cost of which can not be deducted as an expense.

"For example, a lawyer or physician is not permitted to write off as a current expense the cost of his professional library, but may deduct an allowance for its depreciation.

"Deductions are not allowed for depreciation of a taxpayer's home, the furnishings therein, his personal effects, nor automobiles used chiefly for pleasure or convenience. Depreciation does not apply to inventories or stock in trade, nor to the value of land, whether improved or unimproved.

"Depreciation may be claimed on all business property, which includes not only buildings, but machinery of a permanent character, automobiles, farm tractors, mines and mill equipment, furniture and books.

"The value to be cared for by depreciation is the cost of the property. However, in the case of property acquired prior to March 1, 1913, the deduction shall be computed upon its fair market price or value as of that date.

## LABOR CONDEMNS HYLAN.

### Central Trades Council Asserts Its Requests Were Ignored.

The Central Trades and Labor Council, meeting at Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth Street, last night, adopted a resolution, "unreservedly condemning" Mayor Hylan for failing to appoint a representative of labor on the Board of Education or to the Board of Trustees of the College of the City of New York. The resolution asserted that the Mayor had appointed representatives of the "business and real estate interests" to educational posts, and had ignored the request of the labor organization.

The meeting also adopted a protest to the Mayor, Commissioner of Plans and Structures Grover Whalen and Controller Charles L. Craig against the delay in paying city employes. It was said that employes pay checks, notably those of 110 boilermakers, have been held up five weeks.

## VOTE KNIT GOODS STRIKE.

### Committee is Empowered to Fix Date of Walkout.

Nearly 2,500 members of the Knit Goods Workers Union, at a mass meeting at Arlington Hall, 23 St. Mark's Place, last night decided on a general strike in the industry and empowered a committee of five to fix the date of the walkout.

Max Pine, general secretary of the United Hebrew Trades, and other speakers from the same organization, promised the knit goods workers the moral and financial support of their union. I. Laderman, manager of the union, declared that the general strike would affect 15,000 knit goods workers.

## ASKS RECEIVER FOR LAMAR.

### Creditor Thinks He Has Found Stocks to Apply on Rent Judgment.

An application for the appointment of a receiver of the property of the missing David Lamar was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by counsel for Chamberlain Dodds, who got a judgment for $2,400, of which $1,500 is still due. The judgment is based on rent due from Lamar for an apartment at 28 East Fifty-second Street at $800 a month.

Counsel for the judgment creditor said he believed he had found securities owned by Lamar which could be taken by the receiver and applied on the payment of the judgment, including 1,500 shares of Alcan Oil stock.

# RANGE OF COTTON IS A LIMITED ONE

### Prices Show Extremely Small Changes—Contracts Taken Only on Declines.

When compared with other commodities and the stock market, cotton was very quiet yesterday. An advance in sterling to highest figures since 1919 and a more active demand for March contracts left final prices 7 to 17 points higher than Wednesday. Owing to a reduction in the volume of commission house business, fluctuations were within a limited range, contracts being for sale on any advance but wanted on declines. So many lines had been liquidated recently that March made the best showing of any month on the list, ruling steady throughout the afternoon and reducing its discount under May. Another cold wave swept over the South.

The fact that European news contained no disturbing factors other than those already known, brought about a higher opening. An accumulation of over-night buying orders in both March and May started prices 20 points up and considerable cotton changed hands on the call. There seemed to be more July than May contracts for sale which caused irregularity in later trading. Activity in grain, sugar, coffee and stocks served to shift attention from cotton for the moment, leaving general business smaller than in some weeks. One prominent operator took several thousand May around 28.40, but when these orders had been filled May ran off 20 points to 28.32. Much liquidation was still evident during the afternoon hours, carrying March 33 points under May. New crop months reflected the strength of near positions on the one hand but were also influenced by a cold wave in the cotton belt. Lowest temperatures of the season were reported in the West, as low as 10 degrees in Texas and 16 at Oklahoma City. Four at 18 at Nashville and 28 at Atlanta. While not solving the problem of cotton distribution the coming six months, cold weather holds out hope of reducing insect life whereas the previous two Winters were abnormally mild. Whether based upon sound fact or not, part of the weevil activity of the past two Summers has been attributed to mild Winter temperatures.

The fact that March contracts in New York have been selling below both March in New Orleans and middling cotton at Southern markets evoked a query from the Department of Agriculture. This called attention to the desirability of the local stock from a mill standpoint, though containing only a small portion of low grades for which there is a more active demand, whether lots of this notice or not. March strengthened later in the day. One broker who had been selling March 30 points under May for several days became the most active buyer of the March, points to advanced the level to within 26 points of May at one time. A better demand for March served to stimulate the balance of the list, July touching 27.90 during afternoon trading. Each point advance, however, encountered contraction and the market was not broad enough to maintain an uninterrupted gain. There was a disposition in some quarters to replace contracts liquidated during disturbing European news of the last two weeks. Larger receipts and the absence of pressure helped maintain prices. Some reselling of cotton bought earlier in the day took place the last half hour, leaving final prices at about the low level of the session.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 28.08 | 28.14 | 28.00 | 28.09@28.10 | 27.92 |
| May | 28.40 | 28.47 | 28.30 | 28.32@28.33 | 28.20 |
| July | 27.80 | 27.90 | 27.76 | 27.77@27.81 | 27.70 |
| Oct. | 25.40 | 25.43 | 25.31 | 25.37@25.39 | 25.25 |
| Dec. | 25.05 | 25.13 | 25.04 | 25.07 nom. | 24.96 |

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 28.20c, 15 points advance, for middling upland; no sales. Southern spot markets were:

Galveston, 28.40c, 15 points advance; New Orleans, 28.50c, unchanged; Savannah, 28.33c, 8 points advance; Norfolk, 28.31c, 6 points advance; Memphis, 28.50c, unchanged; Houston, 28.25c, 10 points advance; Little Rock, 28c, unchanged.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

| | Yesterday. | Last Wk. | Last Yr. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Port receipts | 21,678 | 14,437 | 10,540 |
| Exports | 24,441 | 24,444 | 40,800 |
| Exports, season | 3,490,068 | 3,409,882 | 3,022,740 |
| N. Y. stocks | 69,415 | 71,089 | 134,443 |
| Ports stocks | 82,828 | 891,665 | 1,110,538 |
| N. Y. arrivals | 550 | 4,750 | 17 |

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton firm 9 point advance, 15.85d for middling. Sales 8,000 bales of which American 5,000; imports 14,000. American 13,000. Futures opened limit 1 point advance to 2 points decline. Closed steady 2 to 7 points advance. Prices: March 15.40d, May 15.26d, July 15.01d, Oct. 13.81d, Dec. 13.48d.

Manchester: Yarns quiet; cloths, moderate demand.

# STOP-LOSS ORDERS PUT WHEAT DOWN

### Chicago Values Drop in a Few Hours as Much as They Had Gained in Over a Week.

*Special to The New York Times.*

CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Heavy selling of May wheat by houses that were the leading buyers from $1.16 up to $1.22 of late, coupled with rumors that a large local house, credited with being short, had made a private settlement with the Eastern bulls, ran the market into stop loss orders, and, with general liquidation by scattered local and outside longs, prices dropped as much in a few hours as they have advanced in over a week.

At the inside figure, values were off 3½@4¼c from the early high point, with May leading, and the finish was within a fraction of the bottom and net losses of 2@3¼c.

While the house credited with having made the settlement denied having done so and said the only wheat they were short of was against cash grain, it failed to have any effect on the market, as it was heavily overbought, and many of the local traders who have been bearish at heart were caught long when the decline started.

The market failed to show any great rallying power throughout the day, and it was estimated that the Eastern houses sold out fully one-third of the line of May they were credited with holding for New York account. For three days long wheat has been coming out steadily on the bulges, and while recently there has been a let-up in pressure on breaks, the selling today was persistent and beyond the power of the market to absorb without prices easing off.

The new crop futures held better than the May, and July closed only 5 cents under the old crop future, against 6¼ cents on Wednesday.

The Chicago-Winnipeg May spread was down to 4¾ cents at the last, about the smallest difference of the season, compared with 6¼ yesterday and 8 cents recently, and it is known that considerable selling of May here yesterday and today was against purchases in that market. This resulted in a revival of the talk that a large line of long May here was hedged by sales in Winnipeg.

Export demand was slow and sales were estimated at around 300,000 bushels, the break failing to result in business. Cold weather over the Winter wheat belt was the basis for buying of deferred deliveries.

Corn values were affected by wheat and declined sharply, corn breaking 1¾@2¼ cents and oats 1¼@1⅝ cents from the early high, with a finish at losses of 1@1⅝ cents on corn and ⅝@⅞ cent on oats. There was scattered liquidation in both grains, but the decline to 75 cents and under for May corn a local professional became a big buyer, checking the break, with considerable assistance from commission houses on resting orders.

The country has sold practically no corn to arrive for two days, due to the break in prices. Export sales of corn at the seaboard were 500,000 bushels.

Primary arrivals of wheat today were 604,000 bushels, week ago 578,000, last year 826,000. Shipments were 549,000, week ago 403,000, last year 609,000.

Corn receipts were 1,194,000 bushels, week ago 918,000, last year 2,069,000, and shipments 674,000 bushels, week ago 590,000, last year 2,164,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | $1.24¾ | $1.19¾ | $1.20 | $1.23⅞ | $1.32¾ |
| July | 1.15¼ | 1.14¾ | 1.15 | 1.17¼ | 1.22¾ |
| Sept. | 1.16¼ | 1.13 | 1.13¼ | 1.15¼ | |

CORN.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .76¾ | .74¾ | .74¾ | .76¾ | .83⅜ |
| July | .77¼ | .75¼ | .74¾ | .77 | .85 |
| Sept. | .78 | .76¼ | .76¼ | .77⅝ | .87¼ |

OATS.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .47¼ | .45⅞ | .46 | .46¾ | .42⅜ |
| July | .46⅛ | .45 | .45¼ | .45⅞ | .43⅜ |
| Sept. | .44¼ | .43 | .43¼ | .43½ | .44¼ |

RYE.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | .90 | .87 | .87½ | .89¾ | 1.08 |

PROVISIONS.

| Lard— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 11.27 | 11.15 | 11.15 | 11.25 | |
| May | 11.42 | 11.27-30 | 11.30-42 | 11.42 | |
| July | 11.57 | 11.42 | 11.42@11.57 | 11.65 | |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| May | 10.90 | 10.80 | 10.80-90 | 10.25 | |
| July | 10.85 | 10.52 | 10.82 | 11.05 | |

### Merchants Endorse Police Bill.

The Merchants' Association has endorsed a bill by Senator Calder and Representative Isaac Siegel for a national police bureau. This bill originated in the police conference called by Commissioner Enright here last Summer.

# BROADWAY CORNER IN $3,000,000 LEASE

### Hotel Calvert and Adjoining Building at Forty-first St. Secured by Cooper Bros.

An important deal in the Times Square section was closed yesterday, when the seven-story Hotel Calvert, formerly the Delavan House, on the northeast corner of Forty-first Street and Broadway, and the adjoining three-story building at 1,458 and 1,460 Broadway passed to the control of Cooper Brothers of Chicago.

The transaction involves the purchase of the lease of the L. J. L. Realty Company calling for the payment of approximately $3,000,000 in rentals during the term of eighteen years and two months, besides a large-sized cash bonus for the lease.

The property fronts 102 feet on Broadway and 113 feet on Forty-first Street, the Broadway frontage extending up to the former Knickerbocker Hotel on the Forty-second Street corner now devoted to commercial use.

The L. J. L. Realty Company is composed of Tobias Lapan, Morris Jashnoff and Jacob and Max Laskin, and acquired a nineteen-year lease of the premises last April from the St. Regis Restaurant, Inc., at a recorded rental of $135,000 net per annum, the lease expiring in 1941.

The St. Regis Restaurant took back a lease on part of the premises for the use of one of its branches. A clause in this lease makes it unlikely that Cooper Brothers will be able to devote the building to similar use.

This is Cooper Brothers' second investment in Times Square realty. About two years ago they took over the restaurant property at the southwest corner of Broadway and Forty-eighth Street.

### Investor Buys West Side House.

The Realty Mortgage Company, Benjamin Mordecai, President, sold to an investor the nine-story apartment house at 119 West Seventy-first Street, being 75 feet front and rear by 102 feet 2 inches in depth. This building was erected by A. L. Mordecai & Son a few years ago. The property was held at $500,000. The broker was John H. Loscarn.

Arthur Greenbaum and Nathan Wilson, operators, have purchased from C. J. Stein the thirteen-story fireproof apartment house at 562 West End Avenue, on plot 75 by 100. The property adjoins the southeast corner of Eighty-seventh Street and has permanent south light. The building was held at $650,000 and rents for $95,000 a year. N. A. Berwin & Co. and Derschuck & Co. were the brokers.

Abraham Zauderer, Inc., purchased from Dora Schwarz a six-story modern elevator apartment at 618 West 142d Street, between Broadway and Riverside Drive, accommodating forty-two families, with a rental of $45,000. It was held at a $250,000. Byrne & Bowman were the brokers.

Samuel Kaplan sold for J. Silverman the Fremont, a seven-story elevator apartment house at 310 West Ninety-fourth Street, on a plot 62 by 100, located between West End Avenue and Riverside Drive, to a new owner in Morris Goldfinkel. The property was held at $200,000 and rents for about $20,000 per annum.

The Eskdale, a five-story elevator apartment house at 1,263 Madison Avenue, southeast corner of Ninety-first Street, has been sold by the New York Avenue and Ninety-sixth Street Realty Corporation to Mary Popkin. It has a frontage of 25.8 feet on the street and 100.8 on the avenue.

Justice Michael N. Kane of Warwick, N. Y., sold the five-story apartment house, with stores, at 110 and 112 West Ninety-ninth Street, on a lot 44 by 100, to a client for investment. Sherman & Kirschner were the brokers.

William Ward Jones resold for Jacob Breen the five-story flat on lot 25 by 100 feet, located at 135 West 138th Street, which is one of two adjoining flats which Mr. Breen purchased from the Freeze Estate in December.

L. & P. Realty Company sold for Samuel Auses 1,323 Second Avenue, a five-story apartment, with stores, on lot 25 by 72 feet, to Henry Wass.

The Cruikshank Company sold for Putnam Trust Company and Edgar Lockwood, trustee, 2,495 Third Avenue, north of 136th Street, consisting of a five-story tenement with stores, on lot 25 by 99. The purchaser will hold the property for investment.

Jouramire Silverman resold 310 West Ninety-fourth Street, a seven-story apartment, on plot 62 by 100, held at $180,000 to the Undercliffe Corporation.

### L. B. Elliman a Buyer.

Lawrence B. Elliman purchased the old Kennedy mansion at Lawrence, L. I., which he occupies under lease. It is a twenty-room structure from plans by Bruce Price on a little more than an acre at Kenridge place and Oceanview avenue, near the Rockaway Hunting Club, and was sold by the Stagg Realty Company.

### Realty Notes.

Sherman & Kirschner placed the first mortgage loan of $10,000 with the American Trust Company for Cohen & Aranow on the five-story premises designated as 77 East 109th Street.

Walter Russell, Inc., sold apartments in Kew Hall at Kew Gardens, L. I., to T. C. Cantrell, R. F. Forney, Charles Bates, Charles H. McAllister, William Ernst and Sidney Otis for John K. Turton Company, Inc.

## MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

### COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was irregular.

| | High. | Low. | *Close. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spot | | | | 10.80 10.35 |
| February | No sales | | | 10.80 10.45 |
| March | 10.93 | 10.84 | | 10.81 11.08 |
| April | No sales | | | 10.90 11.15 |
| May | 11.36 | 11.17 | | 11.17 11.38 |
| June | No sales | | | 11.20 11.43 |
| July | 11.56 | 11.35 | | 11.34 11.56 |
| August | No sales | | | 11.34 11.55 |
| September | 11.53 | 11.25 | | 11.30 11.53 |

Total sales, 9,700.

### COFFEE.

The coffee market closed 22@25 points net lower.

| | High. | Low. | *Close. | Close. | Prev. Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| December | 9.75 | 9.68 | 9.70 | 9.83 | 8.70 |
| March | 11.80 | 11.64 | 11.68 | 11.83 | 8.62 |
| May | 11.80 | 11.64 | 11.58 | 11.82 | 8.62 |
| July | 11.03 | 10.80 | 10.92 | 11.16 | 8.60 |
| September | 10.12 | 9.95 | 10.06 | 10.25 | 8.62 |

### SUGAR.

The raw sugar market closed 22@38 points net lower.

| | High. | Low. | *Close. | Close. | Prev. Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| December | 5.09 | 4.70 | 5.17 | 5.40 | 2.66 |
| March | 4.55 | 4.05 | 4.59 | 5.25 | 2.21 |
| May | 5.00 | 4.74 | 5.02 | 5.40 | 2.46 |
| July | 5.21 | 4.68 | 5.18 | 5.40 | 2.57 |
| September | 5.30 | 4.78 | 5.28 | 5.50 | 2.70 |

*Closing bid.

## PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts (Feb. 14): 19,365 packages. Market firmer on all grades. Creamery, higher than extras, 1 pound, 51@51½c; extras, 92 score, 50@50½c; firsts, 47½@49½c; seconds, 45½@47c; lower grades, 44@45c; centralized cars, 89 score, 49@49½c; 88 score, 47½c; 85 to 87 score, 46@47c; unsalted, higher than extras, 52@53c; extras, 92 score, 50½@51½c; firsts, 47½@49½c; seconds, 45½@47c; lower grades, 44@45c; held creamery, firsts, 47½@49½c; seconds, 45½@47c; State dairy tubs, finest, 49@50c; good to prime, 46@48c; common to fair, 40@45c; ladles, current make extras, 46@42c; firsts, 37½@39½c; seconds, 34@37c; lower grades, 24@35c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 35c; No. 2, 34@34½c; lower grades, 32@33c.

EGGS—Receipts (Feb. 14): 32,031 cases. All stock sold. Nearby gathered extras, dozen, 43c; extra firsts, 41@42c; firsts, 39@40c; seconds, 37@38c; fresh gathered dirties, Nos. 1, 34@35c; No. 2, 31@33c; checks, fair to choice, 29@31c; refrigerator seconds, 31@32c; under grades, 28@30c; refrigerator dirties, 28@30c; fresh, New Jersey, henery whites, uncandled, extras, 46@48c; nearby henery whites, extras, locally candled, 43c; nearby and nearby Western henery whites, average extras, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43@44c; firsts, 41@42½c; nearby gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 45@46c; under grades, 40@41c; mediums, 41@42c; nearby whites, pullets, No. 1, 39@40c; No. 2, 38@38½c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 44½@46c; extra firsts, 43@44c; firsts, 40@42½c; mixed firsts, 41@41½c; mediums, 40@41c; Pacific Coast pullets, No. 1, 38@38c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 40@42½c; New Jersey, henery browns, extra fancy, 46@48c; other nearby henery browns, extras, 44@46c.

# PLANS EAST SIDE HOUSE.

### Residences Will Replace Lenox Hill Dwelling, Held at $150,000.

The residence at 11 East Sixty-ninth Street was sold by Edwin C. Jameson to Mrs. J. Henry Lancashire. It is on a lot, size 32 by 100, and was purchased by the present seller through the brokers, William B. May & Co., two months ago, the seller having wished to protect his own home at 9.

The purchaser will remove the present structure entirely and build a new fireproof house for her own occupation from designs by Delano & Aldrich. This promises to be one of the most attractive modern residences on Lenox Hill.

The same brokers have sold during the last few months seven houses in this block, as follows: 3, 5 and 7 to Marshall Field, who will build a new house on this and the property running through to Seventieth Street; 8, for Mrs. P. A. Valentine, to F. B. Adams; 11 to Mr. Jameson, and now resold to Mrs. Lancashire, and 15, for Mrs. E. T. H. Talmadge, to W. J. Booker. The house at No. 11 East Sixty-ninth Street was held at $150,000 and was sold for all cash.

## BUYS OLD DWELLINGS.

### Frederick Brown Takes Over West Forty-fifth Street Row.

The five old-fashioned brownstone dwellings 41 to 47 West Forty-fifth Street have been purchased by Frederick Brown, an operator.

Four of the houses were purchased from Dr. Alcinous B. Jamieson. They are 41, 41½, 43 and 47.

The intervening property, 45, was secured from the estate of Ella S. Flagg, which has owned the parcel for forty-three years. There is 61.3 feet of frontage in the plot. Builders are negotiating for the property and Mr. Brown stated that he expects that another individual will hold the contract to the property by next Monday. John M. Thompson & Co. negotiated the deal.

### Commercial Leases.

Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., rented the entire building 48-50 White Street, consisting of 30,000 square feet, to Henry Glass & Co. for a term of years; entire building 29 Leonard Street to Ridley, Watts & Co. store and basement of 60-62 Lispenard Street to Leiman Brothers.

Mark Hrolsky & Co. have leased for a term of fifteen years for William T. Mattes the entire building at the northwest corner of 104th Street and Third Avenue to Loventhal Bros., who will alter the ground floor for their shoe business.

James Kyle & Sons have leased for Dr. Franklin A. Dorman the basement and parlor stores in building 135 East Fifty-seventh Street to the Yore Furriers, Inc. The lease is for a term of years and the aggregate rental of $50,000.

Robert M. Catts leased for ten years to the Interior Arts Studios, 9 West Forty-eighth Street, part of the ninth floor of the Park-Lexington Building.

Rosenberg Coffee Company leased in Graphic Arts Building, 205 to 215 West Twenty-fifth Street, through Spotts & Star, agents, store containing 12,000 feet to Louis Schmieder, manufacturers of paper box novelties; in 43 East Thirty-first Street, store and basement to Joseph Schoenfield, jobbers of woolens; in 178 Fifth Avenue store and basement to United Shoe Rebuilding Corporation.

### Trading in Brooklyn.

The McInerney-Klinck Realty Company, as brokers, have sold the three-store brick and limestone business and apartment building located on the west side of Nostrand Avenue, forty feet south of Winthrop Street. The property has a frontage of 20 feet on Nostrand Avenue and a depth of 100 feet. It was sold for Henry Mann to a client for investment.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. sold a plot, 97 by 100, on the south side of Eighty-third Street, 100 feet east of Colonial Road, for the estate of Abram Duryea to a client for improvement.

A. Mishkin sold for Mrs. J. Schulman to I. Kass a two-family dwelling, with double garage, on a plot 33.4 by 100, located at 1,164 East Tenth Street. The property was held for $16,500.

The Charles Partridge Real Estate Company, Inc. sold the three-story double brick and stone apartment building, containing two stores and six apartments, known as 750 Franklin Avenue, for the estate to a client for investment.

Edward J. Farrell sold for Arthur C. Good, the three-story and basement brick dwelling at the southwest corner of Joralemon Street and Sydney Place, to George W. Miller.

### Plan Brooklyn Theatre.

A moving picture and vaudeville theatre, to cost $350,000, will be erected in the block on Court Street, between Court and Schermerhorn Streets, Brooklyn.

The theatre is to be built near the State Street end of the block and will have an entrance on that street as well as on Court Street. It will be built by the Deentraus Corporation, consisting of a group of investors who yesterday purchased a lease of the block from Harold E. Witteman, builder and operator, who secured the property last August, with Samuel Ageloff, for a period of 40 years, at an aggregate rental of $2,000,000.

The new lease is for 40 years and considerably more than $2,000,000 is involved in the turnover.

### $400,000 Brooklyn Lease.

James B. Fisher Company leased for the Ageloff Realty Company all of the stores on the De Kalb Avenue side of the new building being erected at the northwest corner of De Kalb Avenue and Flatbush Avenue Extension. The lease is for a term of twenty-one years and calls for a rental of more than $400,000. S. A. Coufos, the lessee, contemplates conducting a restaurant in the corner store and sub-leasing the other units.

### New Apartments Planned.

Plans were filed for apartments in Manhattan and the Bronx yesterday as follows:

Broadway, northwest corner 175th St., for a six-story apartment, 100x154.1; Glick-Rose Holding Corp., 605 East 170th St., owner; D. S. Lang, architect; $350,000.

Valdo Av., east side, 226 feet north of 238th St., 5-story brick apartment, 124x176. Valhalla Corp., J. D. Pederson, 509 Willis Av., President, owner; George G. Miller, architect; $250,000.

Caudwell Av., east side, 312 feet north of 165th St., 5-story apartment, 90x100; Amer Realty Co., James E. Mautner, 209 Broadway, President, owner; Samuel Cohen, architect; $425,000.

### City to Buy Building.

The purchase of the Bergen Building, Tremont and Arthur Avenues, by the city for $800,000 was agreed upon by the Committee of the Whole of the Board of Estimate Wednesday. The action for the purchase of the six-story structure, which houses many of the city, borough and county offices, was taken on motion of Borough President Bruckner.

The Building is assessed at $725,000, $75,000 less than the purchase price. It is owned by William C. Bergen, Bronx builder.

### Private House Sale.

Charles Lurch sold 183 East Seventy-first Street, a three-story private dwelling having a frontage of 17 feet. The property was held at $40,000, and has not changed ownership since 1895. The broker in the deal was George R. Runk.

Frederick Fox & Co., Inc., have sold for the Estate of Charles B. Smith, the four-story dwelling, 25 West Forty-seventh Street, on lot 24 by 100, to an investor; the property was held at $110,000., H. S. Ely & Co., represented the seller.

### $225,000 Taxpayer Deal.

The Harding Realty Corporation, Joseph A. Polsky, President, sold to the L. & L. Realty Corporation, M. Levinson, President, the two-story taxpayer covering the block front on the east side of Eighth Avenue, 110th to 111th Street.

The building has an annual rental of $23,000 and was held at $225,000. J. Kaplan was the broker in the transaction.

# BUYING IN THE SUBURBS.

### Trading Indicates Demand for Dwellings and Home Sites.

The Quaker Realty Company sold a large corner plot of over an acre on Kelwyn Road, Scarsdale, to a client for improvement; for the Elsner Stevens Company, Inc., a plot on Sage Terrace South in Greenacres, Hartsdale. Nash & Kennedy were the brokers.

The Robert E. Farley organization sold for the Scarsdale estates a plot on River Road, in the Greenacres section of Scarsdale, N. Y., to Albert Hunt, who will build immediately.

Harry J. Stevens sold the one-family stucco building situated at 16 South Sixth Street, Newark, in the Roseville section, for the Century Holding Company to Catherine W. McArdle, for her personal occupancy. The property contains seven rooms and bath and modern improvements.

Another Roseville sale is that of the one-family brick dwelling located at 74 Ninth Avenue, which was sold to David and Mary McAdams for Frank J. and Daisy Grant. Mr. and Mrs. McAdams intend to occupy the property on passing of title. This property was sold through Harry J. Stevens.

H. Frankfort sold for T. A. McWhiney to Louis Frankel the private residence and garage situated on the south side of Frederick Court, Far Rockaway, and covering a plot of ground of about one acre. After extensive repairs the new owner will occupy.

H. Goldschmidt sold for Ethel Cornell a two-and-a-half-story brick dwelling and garage now in course of construction at Woodmere.

The same broker sold for Josephine Brower two plots on the north side of Allen Lane, Woodmere, to a client for improvement.

## THE BRONX MARKET.

### Investors and Operators Buy Apartment House Properties.

Alexander Selkin and David Mints sold for the J. M. R. Realty Company the five-and-one-half-story tax-exempt apartment house recently completed at 2,415 Davidson Avenue, on lot 86 feet on Davidson Avenue by 102 by 100 by 67 in the rear, to a client for investment.

The John Aclin Company resold 963-65-67 Home Street, on lot 50 by 95, to Jennie Rosenthal, taking in exchange thirty lots in Brook Haven, L. I.

Isaac Lowenfeld and William Prager have purchased from Frederick Brown, 1,222 and 1,226 Boston Road, near McKinley Square, two five-story new-law apartment houses, size 49 by 242, built 100 feet each, housing forty families, with a rental of $22,000, was held at $140,000. James J. Barry negotiated the sale. The purchasers recently acquired 1,230 and 1,234 Boston Road, which adjoins the property just purchased.

Arthur Weyl & Co. have sold for A. Fargen 1,125 Tinton Avenue, near 166th Street, a flat-story apartment, 40 by 127, held at $60,000. The property is under negotiation for resale.

### Seventh Avenue Improvement.

Under the terms of a long lease that has just been made by the 799 Seventh Avenue Corporation with the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, Anton L. Trunk acting as broker, one of the last remaining large plots in the improved with a seven-story and basement store and office building, from plans of F. B. & A. Ware, architects. Cunningham & Foley, Inc., have been selected for the building contract.

The property involved in the deal is at the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Forty-second Street, and contains a land area of 12,500 square feet, with a frontage on the avenue of 125 feet and 100 feet on the street.

The space taken by the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company has an area of about 40,000 square feet, in which will be consolidated under one roof, their billiard room equipment, automobile tires and phonograph departments, which are now located in different buildings.

### To Alter West Side House.

L. J. Phillips & Co. sold 9 West Sixty-e

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Fireproof, 100% Sprinkler. Light on Four Sides. 2-Pass., 2 Freight Elevators.

Lofts .....95x95
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# EASTERN PARKWAY

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East Side of Avenue, Bet. 84th and 85th Sts.

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To the North: Restricted Dwelling
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**4 Upper Floors**

EXCELLENT LIGHT

*75x100. Possession at once.*

100% SPRINKLER

H. J. Sachs & Co., 38 W. 21st St.

**OFFICES**

St. James Building

1133 Broadway, at 26th St.

Renting Office, Room 1621.

or Spear & Co., 1,261 B'way. Penn. 6520.

COLUMBUS CIRCLE OFFICES SHOW ROOMS

Huberth & Huberth

No. 2 Columbus Circle

Phone 5746 CIRCLE

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

New 14 Story Fireproof Building Ready for Occupancy

*39 Fifth Ave.*

at Eleventh Street

THREE ROOMS

$2,250—$3,000

Living Room 14'5 x 24'

Woodburning Fireplaces

Restaurant

Furnished and Unfurnished

*BING & BING*

CORPORATION

119 West 40th Street

Tel. 4180 Pennsylvania

APARTMENTS

*265 Central Park West*
Corner 87th St.
6-7 Rooms, 2 baths

Special ground floor corner apartment, 7 rooms, 2 Baths. Private entrance. Suitable for Doctor.

*745 Riverside Drive* Corner 152d St.
6-7 Rooms, 1 & 2 baths

High class elevator apartment house, overlooking Hudson. Decorate to suit.

*789 Madison Ave.* Corner 97th St.
2 Rooms and bath

With maid service. Spacious living rooms, open fireplace. Will decorate to suit tenant.

*2 West 87th St.*
3 Rooms, kitchenette, bath

ALSO TWO ROOMS AND BATH. Exceptionally large living room. Will decorate to suit.

*166 West 73d St.*
3 Rooms, kitchenette, bath

Will decorate to suit.

Inquire Supts. on premises or

RICHARD A. ABRAMSON

46 West 46th St. Bryant 4696.

In the Elite Plaza Section

**Apartments De Luxe**

Splendidly Appointed Superior Service

**36 W. 59th St.** Central Park South

2 to 5 Rooms and 3 Baths, $2,400 to $5,000

**47 East 57th St.**

5 Rooms and Bath, $1,600 to $2,200.

RESIDENT MANAGER ON PREMISES

**Huberth & Huberth**

2 Columbus Circle Phone Circle 5746

LOANS

Mortgage Loans.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY TO LEND on first mortgages on Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Nassau County real estate; quick decisions; reasonable terms. LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO., 59 Nassau St., New York; 189 Montague St., Brooklyn; 191-01 Jamaica Av., Jamaica.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS. $50,000 upwards. Principals only. ROSENBAUM COMPANY, 32 Wall St., New York.

APPLICATIONS solicited on first and second mortgages; city and suburban; moderate charges. Wallis Corporation, 225 Broadway. Rector 7981.

FOR SALE—Sacrifice, $1,600 from; value, second mortgage, Manhattan property, $9,000 equity over both mortgages. M. H., 1,307 Broadway.

FIRST and second mortgages; reasonable charges; no appraisals or options required. Apply Durosa Co., 281 Broadway. Barclay 8764.

I HAVE $1,000 to $4,000 for second mortgage investment; must first complete details. Burt, 78 Woodruff Av., Brooklyn.

LOAN applications invited for second mortgages; $25,000 to $500,000; principals only. Call 11 Wall St., Suite 1706.

MONEY to loan on second mortgages; any amount. Bert Leonard Corporation, 122 5th Av. Vanderbilt 1240.

LARGE FUND available for first mortgages; quick action. Atlas Mortgage, 51 Chambers St.

MORTGAGE money, private, accurate; quick action. Harry J. Rolgalow, 200 5th Av.

SECOND mortgage wanted; amounts up to $5,000. K. 871 Times.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

PRIVATE PARTY requires $200,000; will give as security first mortgage on modern six-story brick and stone apartment house with elevator service and all modern improvements; house is located on a corner fronting on street which forms main thoroughfare in Newark, N. J.; income, $26,500; principals only. Address Principals, 802 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE PARTY requires $25,000; will give as security first mortgage on modern four-story brick and stone apartment house fronting on a street which forms the main thoroughfare in Newark, N. J.; principals only. Address Private, 801 Times Downtown.

HOUSES.

Manhattan For Sale.

60TH ST., 160 EAST—6-story-and-basement dwelling; lot 18.5x100.5; possession may 1 next; price $34,000; brokers protected. Markham Realty Corporation, 31 Nassau St. Telephone Rector 3966.

70th—Unique bargain; two 18-footers, suburbing; $4,000 down, $2,000 on furnishings, gives possession; ideal remodeling or rooming. Clark Realty, 2,020 B'way. Columbus 6314.

70th (near Riverside)—Unusually artistic modern dwelling; great bargain. Murray Hill 6630.

72D, EAST (between 5th and Park Aves.)—4-story-and-basement dwelling, 22x100; $90,000. Lehman, Vanderbilt 0893.

84TH, 342 WEST—Handsome dwelling, parquet floors, electric lights; good condition; offered to settle estate. Caretaker on premises.

86TH ST. (Subway)—Sacrifice on account of sickness, five years' lease, 17 rooms, furnished; hot water heat; newly decorated. Schuyer 7981.

87TH, WEST—House, 14 rooms, 3 baths; $38,000; cash $4,000. Ellerson, 25 West 45d St.

137TH (near Riverside Drive)—Beautiful private house at sacrifice; price $16,000; $2,500 cash; suitable for 2 families. J. P. & L. A. Kissling, 806 5th Av.

176TH ST. (near University Av.)—13 rooms, all improvements. Bingham 2183.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Grand old-fashioned house in Charles St.; cheap at $17,500; now vacant. Duross, 155 West 14th.

TIMES SQUARE SECTION—Three-story and basement dwelling, 11 rooms; 17.6x100; possession May 1, 1923; price, $36,000; mortgage, $15,000, 5½%, for 5 years; terms; suitable for rooming house or table d'hote restaurant. John D. Peel Co., 262 West 23d.

BARGAIN, NEAR RIVERSIDE.

Dwelling, fine residential block; must be sold quickly. J. R., 23 Times.

Manhattan For Rent.

75TH, West of Broadway—15 rooms, 4 years' straight lease. 7061 Schuyler.

90TH, WEST—16 rooms, five baths, $350 month. Ellerson, 25 West 45d.

PARK AV., NO. 1,036, AT 86TH ST.

4-STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE.

Finest section; accessible by subway and crosstown cars, buses; reasonable rent. Mark Rudsky & Co., 21 East 40th St. Leon S. Altmayer, 42 East 86th St.

Bronx For Sale.

184TH (near Washington Av.)—Elegant corner house, all improvements; 5 story and 2 stores; 3 and 4 room apartments; rent $13,000; average $7.85 per room; price $76,000, cash $20,000. It's a bargain! McNULTY & MOFFA, 1,852 Arthur Av. Telephone Tremont 2084-2085.

FORDHAM SECTION—Private house, 9 rooms, garage, all improvements, 2 blocks station. Inquire store, 214 East Fordham Road.

GRAND AV. (near Burnside Av.)—Elegant 3-story double house; one entrance; 3 and 4 room apartments; rent $22,000; price $176,000, cash $35,000; all modern improvements. McNulty & Moffa, 1,852 Arthur Av. Telephone Tremont 2084-2085.

Brooklyn For Sale.

FOR RENT—$225 monthly, Flatbush, magnificent modern house; best section; 11 rooms, two baths, large sleeping porch, sun parlor; double garage, billiard room; completely equipped, parquet floors throughout; will give immediate possession. Address K 717 Times.

WESTMINSTER ROAD, 456—Fine one-family, 10-room house, heart of Flatbush; reasonable.

Long Island For Sale.

BAYSIDE BARGAIN—Owner going abroad, must sell Colonial house, 12 rooms and 2 baths; large living and dining room with fireplace; enclosed porch, shade and fruit trees; all improvements; excellently located near bathing beach and yacht club; plot 100x100; worth investigating; if you are looking for a real bargain, here is one. F. H. Rowe, Inc., Realtors, North Shore Properties, Broadway-Flushing, at R. R. station, Flushing 3823.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING—Unusual bargain, new tax exempt Colonial house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, oak floors, hot water heat, Galts, 614 Flatiron Building, New York.

EDGEMERE—Beautiful 15-room house; lot 80x115; at Beach 36th St.; 1 minute to station; 2 minutes to ocean; $28,500; principals only; no triflers. X 2290 Times Annex.

FLUSHING—$14,000; Colonial; six rooms, tiled bath, open fireplace; all modern improvements; plot 60x100 feet. Mortimer Whitman Jr., 26 Mitchell Av. Tel. 3615 Flushing.

HOLLIS—Owner leaving for Europe; must sacrifice nine room, semi-bungalow; tile kitchen and baths; parquet floors; plot 100 x100; tax exempt. Phone Jamaica 3350J.

HUNTINGTON or vicinity—See me before buying or renting. Gilbert P. Cairy, Real Estate Auctioneer and Appraiser, New York Av., Huntington, N. Y. Tel. 969-R.

LAWRENCE—Plot nearly one acre, containing dwelling, 14 rooms, 3 baths; 2 minutes from station; suitable for development; unrestricted; great value; bargain if sold at once. D 482 Times.

DO you want to buy a home—not merely a house? I want to sell my home in Far Rockaway, Long Island. It is a stucco house of prewar construction with seven bedrooms and three baths, hot water heat, parquet floors, &c.; grounds 230x100; plenty of room for one or two more houses; two-car garage with separate heating plant. Price $50,000. JOHN McBRIDE, 1,401 Broadway, N. Y. C.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. MENKIN, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, Feb. 16th, 1923, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 148 W. 36th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of buttons, shanks, trimmings, braids, dies, power presses, drill presses, lathes, hack saws, tools, motors, shafting, belting, office furniture, desks, typewriters, chairs, tables, safe, partition, fixtures, &c.

DAVID W. KAHN, Trustee.

SHAINE & WEINRIB, Attorneys for Trustee, 220 Broadway, New York.

SOLOMON MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy, 2 Rector St.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of REPUBLIC DOLL & TOY CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1923, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 120 Greene St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of 30 crates of rattan baskets.

GEORGE W. MARTIN, Receiver.

H. & J. I. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 205 Broadway, New York.

Inspection Feb. 20th and 21st.

HOUSES.

Long Island For Sale.

NORTH SHORE of Long Island, between Glen Cove and Oyster Bay; the most attractive rooms, two baths, all modern improvements, open fireplaces, shingle exterior, slate roof, one acre, shrubbery, evergreens, apple and other fruit; will rent furnished or unfurnished for the season, year or term of years. For information phone Glen Cove 72-W or write R. G. Wright, Mill Neck, N. Y.

WESTBURY—6-room house, bath, two rooms, cellar, garage, steam heat, electric, open fireplace; exclusive section; $16,000; plot, 75x103; rent, $100. John A. McKenna, Jr.

Westchester For Sale.

GREENWOOD, N. Y.—For quick sale, overlooking Bald pond; about 1-3 acre, only 1 from station, 45 min. from Grand Central; large shade trees, fruit and ornamental trees; 7 room, 2 bath house, heated, parquet hardwood floors, rolling screens, open fire, steam heat, all improvements; no assessments; $12,500; mortgage or cash. Jackson, Park View Heights. Phone Tuckahoe 1832-W.

GREENACRES—$21,000 Dutch Colonial, 9 rooms, 3 baths; near depot, school; positively best value. Merrell Smith, 25 Greenacres Av., Hartsdale. Tel. White Plains 3090.

LARCHMONT OPPORTUNITY.

Exceptionally well constructed, model home, built for exhibit, special features, copper gutters and leaders, cement piaz, Gruppe entrance hall, living room, dining room, kitchen, 3 large bedrooms, baths, hot water heat; now offered at $13,000, on liberal terms; key at agent's will convince. Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

NEW ROCHELLE SACRIFICE.

I will sacrifice a very beautiful little six-room semi-bungalow in a very convenient location, near a splendid school within 12 minutes of the station and business district; has large living-room with fireplace, three bedrooms and tiled bath with shower; plot 50-foot front; with garage; I am asking $11,000, but want to sell; make your offer. R. D. Acker, New Rochelle 5306.

NEW ROCHELLE—Highly restricted section, Colonial clapboard house, 7 rooms, 2½ baths, hot water heat, breakfast porch, sleeping porch, screens, excellent plot, fine condition; owner must sell and will consider any offer; price $18,500. DRUMMOND REALTY CORP., 223 Huguenot St., New Rochelle. Phone 3242 or Murray Hill 7223.

PELHAM MANOR SACRIFICE.

Charming Colonial clapboard house, large living room, fireplace, music room, library, dining room, pantry, kitchen, enclosed porch, 4 master bedrooms, 2 baths, garage, copper screens; beautifully landscaped, plot 75x125; quick action essential. Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

PELHAM—Builder must liquidate; stucco house on highest hill; 7 big rooms, 2 baths, porch, garage; reduced from $20,000 to $16,000. Thomas J. Good, Pelham, N. Y. Tel. 3543 Pelham.

PLEASANTVILLE—Charming new clapboard home, containing living room, fireplace, dining room, kitchen, pantry, 4 master bedrooms, bath, open attic, steam heat; 2-acre plot, exclusive residence section, near golf course and station; offered at $17,000. Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

WHITE PLAINS—In offering this charming Westchester home, with its acres of finely improved land, we are presenting a really exceptional opportunity to acquire a home whose character, location, accessibility and environment make it most desirable. The splendid English type house of brick and stucco, built on prewar standards, has but recently been decorated and redecorated throughout, including the installation of a new hot-water heating system. The spacious first floor includes the living room, library, dining room, breakfast porch, butler's pantry, kitchen and lavatory. There are 5 master bedrooms, 3 servants' rooms, 3 baths. The house is equipped with gas and electricity, hardwood floors throughout. The 4-car garage is of brick and contains chauffeur's quarters. The property is beautifully landscaped in lawns and gardens, with fine trees. A personal circumstance makes it imperative for the owner to sell at a price. This splendid small estate is offered exclusively through Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

WILL TAKE LOSS.

on my solid brick (not veneer) home at Pelham, located convenient to stores, station and schools; 9 rooms, 3 baths, sun porch; hot water heat; hardwood floors; this home was built to last, at a cost of over $23,000; I am willing to take as low as $20,000 for quick sale. You can get details and inspect; take no one this house by writing or calling L. C. Ramsdell, Pelham Manor, New York. Tel. Pelham 1182.

YOU MUST COME OUT

to White Plains and inspect this attractive home in exclusive residential section on plot 80x180, containing large living room, fireplace, dining room, pantry, kitchen, 4 master bedrooms, bath; third floor, maid's room, bath; all appointments in garage; owner instructions us to offer at $19,500 for quick sale. Chauncey R. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 9826.

ANXIOUS TO SELL

my home in White Plains; fine location, near schools and station; contains hall, large living room, kitchen, three bedrooms and tiled bath, sleeping porch, steam heat, gas and electricity; garage; price $17,700. Apply L. V. Fleming, White Plains, N. Y. Tel. White Plains 2076 or Murray Hill 9826.

BEFORE YOU BUY, read our booklet, "Suburban Westchester." It gives distance, commuting rates, population and description of each town within the forty-minute zone; send postage, 4 cents. Prince & Ripley, 342 Madison Av., New York City.

Westchester For Rent.

PHILIPSE MANOR, Tarrytown—Unfurnished or partially furnished 10-room house, floor places, heated garage; all improvements; 6 minutes station; beach privileges and excellent schools; beautiful surroundings; entire year; immediate occupancy. Phone 21 N., Weed, Murray Hill 2810.

EIGHT-ROOM house, two baths; furnished or unfurnished; screened porches, garage; shrubbery and fruit trees; 38 minutes con. K 549 Times.

New Jersey For Sale.

EAST ORANGE—Wonderful home, all modern improvements; twelve rooms, two baths; cellar concrete and tiled; first floor, vestibule and hall, French music room, living room, dining room, breakfast room and kitchen; beautiful stairway, hardwood floors and beamed ceilings.

Second floor, four bedrooms, dressing room, sleeping porch and tiled bath. Third floor, four bedrooms and bath; cathedral and French plate windows throughout; five fireplaces, back stairway.

Cannot be built for $40,000; on one of the best and most highly restricted streets in East Orange, five minutes' walk from Lackawanna and two trolley lines; cheap if sold quickly.

Owner, H. Kessler, 11 John St., New York.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.

$25,000 brick, stucco and timber centre hall plan dwelling; large living room, open fireplace; solarium; dining room; butler's pantry, kitchen; four bedrooms and two baths on second floor, three bedrooms and bath on third floor; wonderful construction and finish; two-car garage; great bargain. FRANK R. CORSON, 875 Bloomfield Av., one and one-half blocks to Lackawanna Station. Phone 7235; residence phone 6080 Montclair.

MOUNTAIN STATION, South Orange—Modern dwelling, all improvements; price $25,000; rent $150 per month. C. S. Thompson, 207 4th Av., N. Y. Telephone 3180 Gramercy.

RIDGEFIELD PARK—$780 and $85 monthly buys new modern six-room house, with up-to-date bathroom, steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer and all assessments paid; large plot for garage, garden and chickens; in progressive suburb, only 20 minutes from New York, with all city conveniences; near station, stores and schools; excellent transit service; $5.58 monthly fare. Photo and full description mailed upon request.

JOHN J. BALDWIN,
1 Mount Vernon St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.

RIDGEWOOD, NEXT TO NATURE.

Near New York.

Send for descriptive booklet.

Secretary, Box 128, Ridgewood, N. Y.

A SUBURBAN HOME FARM.

Ridgewood, N. J., 13½ acres, excellent soil; 8 acres cultivated; orchard; 2,000 straw berry plants, grapes; dwelling of 10 rooms; all improvements; 2-car garage, barn, poultry house; both land and buildings in excellent order; occupancy April 1. Owner, Box 81.

IDEAL COMMUTER'S home, 8-room Colonial house; all improvements, garage, small chicken house, 3 acres of land, 966 hour New York, 60 trains daily; possession gives $10,000; easy terms. Address F. E. Wagner, Waldwick, N. J.

TO DESIRABLE party will sell new six-room house; all modern improvements; one-half hour out; $800 cash; balance like rent. Owner, Room 401, 20 Church St., New York. Telephone Cortlandt 2140.

New Jersey For Rent.

FREE list of houses for sale and rent. VAN WINKLE CO., Rutherford, N. J.

Connecticut For Sale.

GREENWICH, Conn.—For sale, 7-room cottage; all improvements; very central and best location. X 2361 Times Annex.

STAMFORD, CONN.—Charming new six-room bungalow; large lot; two tile baths, tile kitchen, oak floors, copper screens, steam heat; fine bathing; honestly built; a rare bargain at $16,000.

Harris Construction Co.,
300-333 Atlantic St.

Other Sections For Sale.

QUAINT CAPE COD HOMES.

Garage and attractive homestead on main street Cape Cod's busiest village for sale; garage equipment complete, with three cars for renting; homestead furnished, has been in family 18 years; ill health only reason for selling; first and second mortgages may be arranged; income starts the day you take it over. Colonel S. de Morris, Hyannis, Mass.

PELDEAN COURT

High-class elevator apartments, 4-5 rooms and bath, 6 rooms and 2 baths; 2 minutes to station, 32 minutes to Grand Central.

THE JOHN T. BROOK COMPANY

Telephone 4705 Pelham, N. Y.

Furnished—West Side.

**Doctor or Professional**

Former Home of Successful Physician

140 WEST 74TH ST.

First floor, 22 feet wide, bath, parquet floors, furnished to suit. Call after 2 o'clock.

Unfurnished—West Side.

THE ROGER MORRIS

Elevator Apartments

FOUR ROOMS

EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT

400 WEST 160th ST.

OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS

Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.

PHONE WADSWORTH 9700.

Unfurnished—Queens.

ELMHURST APARTMENTS TO LEASE

New, every modern improvement, combination living and dining room, and kitchenette, bedroom and bath, shower; heat and hot water supplied, refrigerator; $75; combination living and dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen, bath, shower; heat and hot water supplied, refrigerator; $80 and $85; references required. GEORGE JOHNSTON, Owner, Office at The Elmhurst Avenue Subway Station, Elmhurst.

Unfurnished—East Side.

**290 Park Ave.**

*Apartment for Sale*

On 11th floor, 2 bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, large living room, kitchen and breakfast room. Will sell at great bargain.

WALTER RUSSELL, Inc.,

205 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 9600

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

# 150 EAST 73rd ST.

*SOUTHEAST CORNER LEXINGTON AVENUE*

NEW 11 STORY BUILDING CO-OPERATIVE APARTMENTS

5-6-7-8-9 ROOMS, 2-3 BATHS

**$17,100 to $33,600**

Larger suites specially designed

*30% TO BE SOLD CO-OPERATIVELY*
*70% TO BE RENTED FOR INCOME*

| For Owner Occupants | For Rent Paying Tenants |
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| No Rent | Reasonable Rents |
| No Assessment | Owner Management |
| Decreased Income Tax | Select Occupancy |

*Ready for Occupancy August 1st*

Descriptive booklet mailed on request

BRETT & WYCKOFF, Agents

403 MADISON AVENUE

at 48th Street Vanderbilt 3535

# *Jackson Heights*

22 Minutes from 42nd St. Subway Station

**New Elevator Garden Apartments**

*5 to 7 Rooms—2 to 3 Baths*

Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms *Social and Business Reference Required*

*Children's Playgrounds, Golf, Tennis, etc.*

Take Subway to Grand Central, Transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th Street Jackson Heights Station—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor—59th via Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

For Floor Plans, Illustrated Book, Terms, etc., apply to

**The Queensboro Corporation**

*Madison Ave.*—50 East 42nd St. Telephone, Murray Hill 7057

Unfurnished—East Side.

**1140 5th Ave.**

6 Rooms—3 Baths, $4400

Park frontage. Excellent light.

**1160 5th Ave.**

READY FOR OCCUPANCY

1-7 Rooms—1-3 Baths, $1000—$4700

4 Room Apartments, $2000 and up

*Our aim is to make our tenants satisfied with "French" buildings. The good will of the tenant is the best asset of agent, builder and owner.*

*Consult your own broker or*

FRENCH & FRENCH, INC.

Real Estate Management

350 Madison Ave., at 45th St.

Telephone Vanderbilt 8227.

**114 E. 40th St.**

*New Apartment—Near Park Ave.*

2 & 3 ROOMS

BATH & KITCHENETTE

2 Doctors' offices with separate entrances.

RENTALS $1500—$2750

*Renting Agent on Premises*

*Consult your own broker or*

FRENCH & FRENCH, Inc., Agents,

350 Madison Ave., at 45th St.

Tel. Vanderbilt 8227

## HOUSES WANTED

REALTOR has urgent request for five homes in Summit, Orange, Montclair; $20,000 to $35,000; owners and brokers requested to give detailed descriptions and unmounted photos, folded where possible. W 638 Times Downtown.

I want to buy a few real estate parcels for speculation. A. Kay, HUDSON BAY FUR COMPANY, 363 5th Av. (38th St.).

DESIRE to lease or purchase house, 14 rooms or more; must be good bargain; West 70th to 90th; specify terms. S 1070 Times Annex.

FIVE rooms, all improvements, one-year lease, commuting distance; may buy; rent not over $50. G 201 Times.

ATTRACTIVE! Cottage! (Furnished, unfurnished)! $1,500 Down. Quick Decision! "Teacher," G 457 Times.

## SUMMER HOMES.

### Long Island For Sale.

LONG BEACH — Stucco, all-year bungalow, near ocean; sale $5,500; $750 down, balance $50 monthly. Apply 745 West End Av. Phone Riverside 8092.

### Other Sections For Sale.

MAINE—For sale or lease, farm of 150 acres, with buildings complete, shore of Belgrade Lakes, including Summer hotel furnished and equipment; accommodates 150 guests; ideal spot for boys' or girls' camp. Further details, Dartmouth Real Estate Co., 21 Portland St., Portland, Me.

## LOTS.

### Manhattan.

605, AST—Plot, 100x200; garage or factory site; price $85,000; mortgage $45,000. Vanderbilt 0853.

### Bronx.

137TH (northwest corner and Willow Av., Bronx).—Plot, 80x100; consists of 2 buildings and a vacant lot; must sell to close estate. J. Chaimowitz, 28 West 120th.

### Long Island.

GOLF COURSE FOR SALE, ON LONG ISLAND; EASY TERMS. D. T. HOWELL, 47 WEST 34TH ST., N. Y. FITZROY 2700.

### Westchester County.

COLONIAL HEIGHTS—Four lots, beautifully situated; bargain. S 995 Times Downtown.

SCARSDALE (Edgemont Estate)—Building sites available in this beautiful community. Scarsdale Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 1570.

AT BRONXVILLE — Delightful knoll and gently sloping plot, in section of exclusive residences; adjoining foremost country club, 2-3 to 1¼ acres, highly improved, restricted, convenient; at fraction of next Spring's price. Ward Carpenter & Co., White Plains, N. Y.

## LOTS WANTED

WOULD LEASE vacant property in Bronx (Kingsbridge section, Fordham or Jerome Av.), or Brooklyn (good residential section only), or Manhattan, for tennis court purposes; must be over 100x200 and fairly level; cancellation clause acceptable. X 2387 Times Annex.

## FARMS

### New Jersey For Sale

66 ACRES,
near BASKING RIDGE, N. J.,
about 30 MILES from NEW YORK.
Brook, spring, small house, barn; a site for a gentleman's home; near the Lackawanna. For further particulars, John J. Radel, 30 Clinton St., Newark. Market 1731.

## EXCHANGE

### Real Estate For Exchange.

NORTH SHORE, L. I.—Free and clear, high-class estate, acreage, 5 acres or more up to 127 acres; surrounded by big estates; sell or exchange for well-financed income or well-located home, city, country. Room 429, 15 Broad St., New York.

SACRIFICE.
Builder will dispose of choice Mount Vernon dwelling costing about $25,000; will consider trade for vacant property suitable for stores and apartments. Apply to
WELD & BUYDAM, INC.,
Phone Vanderbilt 0634, 522 5th Av., N. Y. C.

FOR EXCHANGE—All classes of business lots and apartment realty, of any size or character. Call or write, Amos Lamphear, 140 Broadway, Manhattan.

## APARTMENT HOUSES & HOTELS

### Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

52D ST., 230 WEST—3d, 4th, 5th floors, furnished, suitable furnished rooms. Apply Romax Realty, 245 West 47th St. Bryant 4144.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS INVESTMENTS. 6-story elevator, on subway block; 41 families, threes, fours, fives, sixes; 112x100; fine condition; rents over $53,000; price $325,000; $75,000 cash.

NEAR WEST 181ST ST.
75x100; elevator; rental over $20,000; well financed; price $180,000; $35,000 cash.

FT. WASHINGTON AV.
200x110, two 6-story elevators, rental both houses, $52,000; average $18 room; $100,000 cash required; no brokers; further particulars, your office or mine.
CUSACK, 176 WEST 72D ST.
Columbus 2028.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION—Small apartment house; sell at sacrifice. Gaines, Van Nostrand & Morrison, 25 East 26th. Madison Square 0337.

YOU CAN'T BEAT IT.
75-foot 7-story fireproof apartment house, between Riverside and West End Av.; rent $39,600, $19 per room; price $225,000; easy terms.
WILLIAM H. PECKHAM,
Established 1897. Real Estate Investments. Tel. Vanderbilt 2928.

INVESTOR'S OPPORTUNITY!
$75,000 cash will purchase a modern fireproof ten-story apartment house on West End Av., assuring a substantial yearly income on a sound investment basis; principals only.
SIGLEY REALTY CO., INC.,
145 West 41st St. Tel. Bryant 9611.

SOUND INVESTMENT. ASSURED INCOME $25,000 will purchase 3 five-story tenements, with all improvements, 100x100, in a very good renting neighborhood; property in A1 condition; principals only.
SIGLEY REALTY CO., INC.,
145 West 41st St. Tel. Bryant 9611.

ABSOLUTE A-1 INVESTMENT.
Tax-exempt, 5½-story new law apartment house; Hunts Points section, Bronx; 27 apartments; rent $19,200; price $110,000; cash $20,000; offers solicited. Raymond C. Murphy, 391 East 149th St. Telephone Melrose 1447.

BROKERS—INVESTORS—ATTENTION.
5-story new law; finest construction; all improvements; 30 apartments, 3's and 4's; rental over $11,000; value $85,000; sacrifice for $65,000; excellent terms. Aaron Weiss, owner, 342 Madison Av. Murray Hill 8396.

9-STORY elevator, finest section below 79th St., near Park Av.; price $600,000; rent, $102,000; mortgages $480,000; net income $48,000; for investment, nothing better on the market; principals only. H. Reinheimer, 38 Park Row.

50% INVESTMENT.
16th St., near Avenue A.; five-story cold water tenement; 14 rooms on a floor; $4,000 cash; rent $3,800 per annum. Geo. Seewagen, 20 East 48th St. Vanderbilt 0031.

WE have several apartment houses to offer at five times the rent, $6,000 to $15,000 cash required. Rizzo & Rizzo, 177th St. and Westchester Av. Phone Westchester 5596.

FOR SALE—52 West 58th St., five-story tenement, 25x100; price $25,000 F. & C.; rents about $3,000. Horace S. Ely & Company, 76 William Street.

RENTS, $40,000; $25,000 cash; shows $14,000 profit; 75-foot apartment house in Washington Heights. Cutler, 176 West 72d.

INVESTORS, Builders—We have some attractive parcels to offer for sale. Edwin Welch & Co., 218 East 50th.

NEAR 72D ST., 40 ft. flat, $5,000 below assessment; one ownership 20 years. Leroy Coventry, 54 West 72d.

LIST your property with us; prompt attention. Sufrin & Jablin, 291 Broadway.

$35,000 FOUR STORY, 20-ft. Murray Hill dwelling; bargain. Murray Hill 8514.

### Other Sections For Sale.

ATLANTIC CITY—Commercial hotel, $50,000, $10,000 cash; boarding house, $28,000, $8,000 cash; combination home-hotel, $45,000, $8,000 cash; all equipped and furnished. W. H. Oliver, 10 Segal Building, Atlantic City.

## Apartment Houses & Hotels Wanted

FIVE-STORY single or double flat, good condition; Manhattan, uptown; particulars. K. K., 157 East 47th St.

AM in the market to buy a few houses for speculation. Send particulars to Kimmelman, 1,819 Broadway.

## Apartment Houses & Hotels Wanted

WE are in the market for high-class income producing properties of modern fireproof elevator apartment houses or business buildings, or building plots in prime locations which have sufficient income to pay taxes and interest until construction is begun.
We do not want property which has been sold several times in the past few years in which we would have to purchase two or three profits. We prefer property with not more than one mortgage, or free and clear, and which has been under one ownership for eight years or more.
Nor will be buy inflated rents. The rents must be reasonable and allow leeway for an inevitably declining market.
The larger and finer the proposition the better. Amount of cash unlimited. For properties qualifying to the above description we have a waiting list of clients immediately ready to purchase. Principals only send full particulars to
JOSEPH MILNER COMPANY,
505 5th Av. Vanderbilt 3637

## FACTORIES—BUILDINGS

### Manhattan—Bronx For Sale.

18TH ST., 640-642 EAST—3-story building, storage warehouse, stable. Larkin, 340 East 18th. Lexington 4548.

52D ST., EAST (near 3d Av.)—4-story brick, suitable light manufacturing; elevator; 14,000 sq. ft.; bargain. Murray & Barber, Telephone Murray Hill 6780.

CHERRY ST., 40 (near Franklin Square)—Building suitable warehouse or factory; strong floors; six-story elevator; open daily 9 to 10. Address H5, Northrop.

## LOFTS—FLOORS

Rate, 55 Cents Per Agate Line.

### Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

4TH AV., 373—With L to 26th St.; entire floor 7,500 sq. ft.; office 1,800 sq. ft., to let; 12-story fireproof building; 4 elevators, sprinklers; immediate possession. Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 71 Park Row. Tel. 5900 Cort.

5TH AVENUE.
Corner building, lower 50's; northerly half 3d floor, large open space with excellent light, unequalled for art gallery, modiste, milliner or business requiring light manufacturing; splendid building, fine service. Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

5TH AV., CORNER 16TH ST.
SPACE for rent, 17th floor front; 40x40; suitable for office, showroom, or light manufacturing; low rent. Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Gramercy 1092.

6TH AV., 786 (between 44th and 45th)—Large loft, for business purposes. Apply in store, 69 West 45th.

8D, 55 WEST (corner West Broadway)—Lofts for manufacturing; 50x90; 2 elevators, live steam. See Engineer.

89 EAST 20TH ST.—LOFT, 25x100. Reduced rent for immediate action.
BYRNE & BOWMAN,
30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 2371.

207TH, 124 WEST—Desirable loft, 75x100; very light; fireproof building; elevator, steam heat, service.

207TH, 40 EAST—7-story building, 25x98, elevator; lofts or entire building. Engineer on premises.

28TH, 137 WEST (1st floor)—Part of loft to sublet, about 25,000 square feet or less; reasonable rent; modern building; suitable for manufacturing or stock business. Phone Watkins 9456.

29TH, Call 252-258 West (7th Av.), Watkins 1023—Daylight lofts for 10 or 20 machines, dresses, cloak, fur, needle trade; elevators, heat, watchmen; also store and basement.

34TH, 254 WEST—New building, daylight lofts, offices, showrooms; manufacturing; (three) 1,800 feet, (one) 2,800 feet; lofts; electric elevator service; reasonable rent; must be seen to be appreciated.

35TH ST, 23 WEST—Light, airy, full and part of lofts suitable for showrooms, offices and manufacturing purposes; fireproof sprinkler building. Inquire on premises or call Mr. Sarnoff, Fitzroy 1789.

39TH ST., 28-30 WEST—Light, airy, newly remodeled lofts; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Inquire on premises or call Mr. Sarnoff, Fitzroy 1789.

45TH (near 5th Av.)—Large floor, suitable elite business; 2,500 feet; possession. MURRAY BARBER, Murray Hill 6790.

55TH, 26 EAST—Loft, top floor; roof available. Miss Newlin, Hotel Plaza.

137TH ST., 281 EAST (NEAR 3D AV.)
GROUND FLOOR AND BASEMENT AND UPPER FLOOR.
STEAM HEAT; ELEVATOR SERVICE, BEST MANUFACTURING SECTION BRONX
LIPPMAN. MOTT HAVEN 5740.

BROADWAY, 868—LOFT TO LET. APPLY WATKINS 0071.

MERCER ST., 235—Loft, low rent; sprinklers, steam heat, electricity, elevator; brokers protected. Apply Owner, Louis Jacobs, 197 Wooster St. Telephone Spring 6173.

## STORES

### Manhattan-Bronx For Rent.

18TH ST., 220 WEST—Store and basement, suitable for any business. Apply H. J. Schum, 323 West 39th.

29TH, 252-258 WEST (7th Av.)—Store, 20x80, with or without basement; heat. Watkins 1023.

39TH, 28-30 WEST—Stores, 22x100, suitable for millinery, novelties, jewelry, piece goods, rugs and carpets; ideal location near 6th Av. Inquire on premises or call Mr. Sarnoff, Fitzroy 1789.

46TH, 47 WEST—Small store, also loft showroom; one flight up; 20x60. Donovan, 4535 Cortlandt.

48TH (just off 5th Av.)—Store, 2,200 feet; a smart shop location; possession. Murray & Barber. Telephone Murray Hill 6780.

50TH ST., just west of 5th Av.—Splendid street level store in important retail district for highest class trade; at sacrifice rental to desirable tenant. Peter Grimm, 522 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7557.

7 WEST 51ST STREET.
STORE AND PARLOR FLOOR to lease for business of highest class; will make suitable alterations for responsible tenant.
H. M. WEILL CO.
221 West 33d St. Longacre 2817.

59TH ST., between Park and Lexington Aves.—Exceptionally desirable parlor floor store for high-class retail trade in building of highest character; low rent to responsible tenant. Peter Grimm, 522 5th Av. Vanderbilt 7557.

120TH (St. Nicholas Av.)—Large and small store; small loft for lease; any business. Inquire 650 1st Av.

123TH, 547 WEST (near Broadway.)
Sublease store; moderate rent.

125TH ST., WEST—Lease for sale; good location; suitable music shop, trunks and bags, jewelry, gents' furnishings, restaurant, corsets, waist shop. B 1099 Times Harlem.

BROADWAY (corner 74th St.)—Stores for rent to responsible business men; location right, rents right; now is time to house your business. See Renting Agent, 2,116 B'way.

BROADWAY store, financial district; street and Arcade; also others. Helm, 52 Broadway.

COLUMBUS AV. and 67TH ST., northeast corner store, 15x21; immediate possession.

HARRISON ST., 8 (adjoining Hudson St.)—To let, for term of years, store and superior lofts in modern building; heart of wholesale grocery, dried fruit and butter and egg district; excellent cold storage on premises. Inquire J. D. Mahr.

1,861 LEXINGTON AV.
Large corner store, 150 feet from 116th St. subway station; excellent coming location; suitable for grocery, florist, drug or chain store; moderate rent.
O. D. & H. V. DIKE,
220 West 42d St. Tel. Bryant 8553.

STORE for rent; most desirable; Lenox Av. and 136th St. Apply J. Goldstein, 934 3d Av. (corner 56th).

### Brooklyn-Long Island For Rent.

DAYLIGHT STORE.
1,035 Flatbush Av., near Beverly Road, Flatbush; 21x85; overhead light; steam heat; new, modern and well equipped for the retail merchant; best location for transient and local trade; immediate possession; excellent opportunity to secure a de luxe store. Fyle-Gray Real Estate Co., 201 Montague St., Brooklyn.

### Other Sections For Rent.

NEWARK, N. J., 100% LOCATION, SPRINGFIELD AV., FOR INFANTS' WEAR, SWEATERS, SHOES, JEWELRY, HABERDASHER, LEATHER GOODS, DRY GOODS, &C.; LATEST STYLE FRONT, JUST INSTALLED; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION, LONG LEASE. APPLY PERSONALLY, J. PERLSTEIN, 86 SPRINGFIELD AV.

CAFETERIA—Location near Broad and Market Sts., Newark; best spot in town; long lease; cheap rental. Inquire
THE WASHINGTON REALTY CO.,
186 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
Phone Mitchell 3765.
STORE LEASING SPECIALISTS.

AUTOMOBILE SHOW ROOM location, best spot in Newark, near the Four Corners. For information write
THE WASHINGTON REALTY CO.,
186 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.
PHONE MITCHELL 3765.

## OFFICES

### Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

DOWNTOWN OFFICES.

| | |
|---|---|
| 500 feet | $1,000 |
| 800 feet | $1,600 |
| 1,100 feet | $2,200 |
| 5,000 feet | $8,000 |

Fine light; good location.
OWNER, Rector 4677.

OFFICE.
2,025 BROADWAY,
99TH TO 70TH ST.
A small, light office at $30 month. See Mr. Turner in renting office.

OFFICES.
42d St., 47 West.
Fireproof, three-elevator building. Small, light office, $35. Inquire Room 425.

OFFICE.
Corner Elevator Building.
Small, Light Office, $25.
Call between 9 and 10 A. M.
Greenwood, Room 105, 96 Warren St.

OFFICE.
Columbus Circle, No. 5.
Good, light offices, $35.
Ask for Mr. Chezar, at elevator.

OFFICE
42d St., near 5th Av.
Small, light office, $30.
Salmon, Room 804, 17 West 42d St.

OFFICES.
Low Rents.
238 West 85th Street,
at Broadway.
Also a few completely furnished.

A NEW YORK BROADWAY OFFICE gives your business prestige; private furnished offices, $25 to $55; telephone service; mail privilege, $5. Duane Co., 296 Broadway.

ATTRACTIVE light offices for rent; phone stenographic and mail privileges; located near Pennsylvania Hotel and Station. See Logan, 8th floor, 124 West 32d St.

OFFICES upstown, downtown, furnished or unfurnished, 200 to 5,000 feet; $30 upwards; save time office hunting. Helm, 52 Broadway.

PRIVATE OFFICE, 90 square feet, elegantly furnished; phone, very light; reasonable rent. Call Room 1114, 38 Park Row.

180 SQ. FEET, unfurnished, telephone, heat, light, one flight up, opposite Hotel Pennsylvania, $30 per month. Fitzroy 0486.

PRIVATE office, 200 square feet; phone and stenographer's service. 1,140 Broadway, Room 1504. Madison Square 7779.

IMMEDIATE possession two furnished offices until May 1. Room 1815, 132 Nassau St.

OFFICES TO LET IN
Capitol Theatre Building, 1,689 Broadway.

OFFICES, large, small; also skylight studio room. Apply superintendent, 118 East 28th.

## DESK ROOM

### Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

4TH AV., 315—Attractive desk space; light office; moderate. Room 1806.

5TH AV., 300-311, SUITE 209.
Desk room, $25; exceptionally fine office.
Mail and telephone service, $5.

5TH AV., 500 (Suite 609)—Attractive proposition to right party.

26TH, 15 EAST—Desk room in large office; use of phone, mail privileges. Apply Room 1908.

34TH ST., 18 WEST—Desk room, with telephone service in quiet, dignified office. Room 71.

34TH, 47 WEST (Room 1044)—Desk room; also private office. Call afternoons.

40TH ST., 110 WEST (Room 1501)—Desk room in desirable light office.

42D, 180 WEST (Bush Terminal Building)—Desk space, telephone service. Room 1107.

BROADWAY, 233—Attractive office space, high-class office building, furnished, complete services; desirable for accountant. Call Room 1,146; 9 to 10:30; 12 to 1:30.

BROADWAY, 1,123—Desk or furnished private office; reasonable; telephone. Call Room 405.

BROADWAY, 1,133—Desk room with accounting concern; complete service. Watkins 0987.

BROADWAY, 321—Desk room, $15, with full service; mailing privilege $3. Kerfut.

CHURCH ST., 25; Dey, 20; Cortlandt, 25—Desk room, superior building, location; furniture, service, association; reasonable. Suite 912.

CHURCH ST., 30—Desk room on mail privilege; ideal location; see us. Suite 339.

CORTLANDT ST., 26—Desk room, superior building, location, furniture, service, reasonable.

MADISON AV. and 34th St.—Desk room; space or desk room, high class, finely equipped. P 55 Times.

WARREN, 27—Office, furnished, $20; desk room $10; mail privilege $2. Nelles.

MAIL AND TELEPHONE PRIVILEGES ONLY $3 PER MONTH
use of desk, space for supplies, stenography and typewriting, name on door, bulletin listing; every convenience; investigate, sure.
HYDE, 309-311 5TH AV.

DESK SPACE for commercial illustrators, architects, &c., 1st floor, north light, skylight; $10; switchboard service, 3 trunk lines. Chelsea 3837.

ROLLTOP desk, use of typewriter, telephone or mailing privilege, in private office. 25 West 42d St., Room 520.

SHARE pleasant office; stenographic and telephone service; all convenience. Rector 1240.

DESK ROOM, furnished office, reasonable to desirable party. 1,270 Broadway, Room 618.

DESK ROOM or mail and telephone service; Times Square office. Bryant 5877.

## BUSINESS PLACES (Miscellaneous)

### All Sections For Sale.

CORTLANDT ST. BUILDING FOR SALE,
Between BROADWAY and CHURCH ST., with possession or will lease.
STERLING INVESTMENT
Write G. B. Hanford, 14 Maiden Lane. Telephone Cortlandt 0618.

SACRIFICE BARGAIN.
Eighth Av., near 54th St., four-story building with three bake ovens; wonderful opportunity; price $70,000; may be worth $100,000 in two years; act quickly. J. P. and L. A. Kissling, 896 8th Av.

SMALL GARAGE, Times Square section; chance for repair man with $5,000 cash; J. K. Moors, 315 West 57th St.

### All Sections For Rent.

75TH, 113 WEST—Physician's office, modern dental office; part or whole time.

LONG ISLAND CITY—5,000 square feet, suitable for light manufacturing or private garage enterprise; ground floor; near Bridge Plaza; all modern improvements; electricity, steam heat, &c. Astoria 0798.

TEN WINDOWS.
Fifth floor, all light, 2,600 sq. ft., large freight elevator, steam heat, electricity; unusual fire exits. Engineer, 207-209 East 49th St.

OFFICES.
1,674 Broadway.
A small, light office in fireproof, 2-elevator building at $40 per month. See Mr. Widner in renting office.

FOR LEASE, NEW GARAGE, IN HEART OF CITY, NOW OPERATING; 37,500 Sq. Ft.; UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR RESPONSIBLE PARTY. N. C. House, 110 West 50th St. Circle 7874.

ON WEST 49TH ST., duplex studio, ground floor, occupied by millinery-tailor dressmaker; fully equipped for business; to sublet until July 31, 1924; $100 monthly. D 450 Times.

BEAUTY SHOP.
For rent, space for beauty shop in lobby of Hotel Sherman Square, 71st and Broadway. Apply at office of hotel.

IDEAL LOCATION for cigar store and fruit stand, Cortlandt St., near tubes; also tea room location, Greenwich Village. J. Arthur Fischer, 690 8th Av.

PRIVATE OFFICE, private telephone, all services; refined. 907 Brokaw Building, Times Square.

SPACE for light manufacturing, equipped office; state proposition. Michels, 27 Union Square.

SHOW ROOM and part stock; ladies' dress, man or similar line. 2 West 33d St. Room 1012.

STUDIO, doctor, dentist, chiropractor, Broadway corner, first floor; $75, $125. Columbus 6314.

## BUSINESS PLACES WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT, 4-STORY BUILDING, 25x100, FOR LIGHT MANUFACTURING; EAST OR WEST SIDE, IN NEW YORK. MEAGEN, 733 LORIMER ST., BROOKLYN.

ART STUDENT, young lady, wants share studio, north skylight preferred, with lady artist or art student; high-class references exchanged. G 455 Times.

STUDIO Wanted—Young lady wants single, well lighted room for studio; give particulars and terms; vicinity 34th and 5th Av. preferred. G 454 Times.

$3500 FIRST MORTGAGE—East Harlem tenement, value $35,000, assessed $18,000; mortgage formerly $12,000; no brokers. S 417 Times.

ENTIRE FLOOR, above parlor, 40's, 50's, 60's, Lexington to 6th Av.; dressmaking, living; $125; principals only. Plaza 5052.

## OFFICES

### Manhattan—Bronx For Rent.

4TH AV., 257—Sublet office, good light; best location; reasonable. Richard Grosser.

5TH AVE., 170, cor. 22d St.—Very light office or showroom, half first floor, oak partition, reasonable, ask for Supt.

6TH AV., 225—Office and showroom, furnished or unfurnished. Madison Square 2324.

15TH, 102 EAST (Hotel Laclede)—Large office, ground floor; suitable doctor, dentist.

27TH, 39 EAST—Will sacrifice large front office, one flight up, good for showroom; also small units $20.

28TH, 118 EAST—Private office and desk room, with or without service. Room 912. Telephone Madison Square 3742.

34TH ST., 18 WEST—Private office, fully furnished, with all modern conveniences, dictaphone and telephone service, necessities; moderate rental. Room 71.

42D, 11 EAST—Offices, small, $25 to $55 per month, monthly basis; phone service. Inquire at elevator.

42D, 250 WEST (Times Square)—Furnished office; reasonable. Candler Building, Suite 612.

BROADWAY, 126—Office to sublet, approximately 500 square feet; very light; partitioned into three rooms; reasonable rent; possession March 1. Inquire Room 1846, Equitable Building. Rector 9633.

BROADWAY, 1,270—Corporation having office space, fully equipped, telephone service, for executive purposes only. Room 1102 Wilson Building.

BROADWAY, 42D ST. (Brokaw Bldg.)—Private offices (furnished) at less than building rent; exceptional opportunity. Steingut, 1,457 Broadway.

BROADWAY, 220 — Well furnished office, 2-trunk phone; either separate entrance or not; with exceptional attendance. A. Emerson.

BROADWAY, 42—Dandy furnished office, independent, telephone installed, $55. Rowling Green 9079.

BROADWAY, 799—Office space and accommodation for rent in well equipped office. Call Room 519.

BROADWAY, 2,020—Two large front rooms; splendid for doctor; reasonable; all conveniences.

B'WAY, 1,540—Office, finely equipped, private, telephone, $40. Suite 510. Bryant 4576.

CEDAR ST., 140—Completely furnished office, 520 square feet, partitioned off; $100 per month; biggest bargain in finest office building. Joseph Levy, 90 West St.

FIFTH AV., 507—$30 monthly, half of furnished office, telephone. Room 608.

HUDSON TERMINAL—1,200 feet at $2.40. New York Machinery Exchange, 50 Church St.

MADISON AV., 280 (Room 701)—Small, attractive, outside office, furnished.

NASSAU ST., 132—Three-room suite; light, neatly furnished; telephone; immediate occupancy; rent or sale. Room 513.

WALL ST.—Desirable, one or two rooms and outer office; reasonable rental; references required. Call 2-4 P. M., Room 30, 40 Wall St.

DOWNTOWN OFFICES.
16-18 Exchange Place—
150 feet, one room, $550.
200 feet, one room, $800.
400 feet, two rooms, $1,200.
600 feet, three rooms, $1,800.
43 Exchange Place—
500 feet, T partitioned, $2,000.
534 feet, one room, $2,200.
1,200 feet, four rooms, reasonable.
2,400 feet, three rooms, reasonable.
68 William St.—
300 feet, one room, $850.
340 feet, one room, $1,080.
900 feet, suite four rooms, corner.
4,500 feet, will divide, reasonable.
WM. A. WHITE & SONS,
Established 1868.
46 Cedar St.
John 5700.

SMALL OFFICES,
Desirable Units,
Moderate Rents.
BOSCH BUILDING,
17-23 West 60th Street.
Apply Room 724.

DESIRABLE light, corner suite, 10 windows, 1,700 sq. ft., suitable for executive offices, rent reasonable. Apply Mr. Wilson, Room 2004, 303 Fifth Av. Lexington 3395.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—East Side.

5TH AV.—8 exquisite rooms and suites, with full service and cuisine. 3 East 51st St.

19TH, 102 EAST (Hotel Laclede)—3 large outside rooms; $35 week.

21ST, 130 EAST—Five sunny rooms, bath, rest kitchen, attractively furnished, $150. Apply Fischer, phone Madison Square 6836.

28TH, 24 EAST—Large sunny living room, bedroom, kitchenette and breakfast room; maid service and meals if desired.

42D, 122 EAST—Two large rooms and kitchen; all improvements; electricity. Furley.

44TH ST., 141 EAST (Apt. 7)—2 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; completely furnished; twin beds; piano; modern; $100.

49TH ST., 19 EAST—Sunny apartment to lease, furnished; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette arrangement. Telephone Vanderbilt 6366.

50TH ST. (448 Madison Av.)—Until October, completely furnished living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath. Phone Vanderbilt 2266 for appointment, mornings.

50TH—2 ROOMS, BATH—$175.
(5th)—Large living room, day bed, single bedroom; complete kitchenette; exclusive walk up. Plaza 0410.

57TH, 209 WEST.
MRS. PRESCOTT AND MISS WHELEN are offering for immediate occupancy a list of very exclusive personally inspected furnished apartments, many of which have never before been rented; east side 59th St., facing park, and several very desirable apartments on the west side; suites in buildings with restaurants and maid service.
209 WEST 57TH ST.
CIRCLE 1253. CIRCLE 3918.

60TH, 18 EAST—Single, double, two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. San Jacinto Hotel.

61ST, 252 EAST—Two bedrooms, living room, kitchen. Janitor; Miss Newlin, Hotel Plaza.

63RD, 38 EAST — Beautifully furnished apartment, suitable for two bachelors, one flight; shower bath, maid service; near subway.

75TH—Seven rooms, two baths; $250 month; piano; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80TH—Apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $100; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

82 EAST 80TH STREET.
Beautiful three-room apartment; very large rooms, elegantly furnished; reduced rents. Superintendent on premises.

83D ST. AT MADISON AV. (Hotel Ashton)—Hotel service, unprecedented rates, high-class rooms with and without bath; without, $12 up; one with bath, $15 up; also two rooms and bath at rates in proportion; all conveniences; subway, surface cars, bus and Park.

GRAMERCY PARK, 47—Until October or for longer lease. Apply ground floor.

LEXINGTON AV., 1—Beautifully furnished 8-room duplex apartment, until October; references required. Phone Gramercy 2189.

MADISON AV., 919—Handsomely furnished 7 rooms, 3 master bedrooms; $75. McGuire.

MURRAY HILL SECTION — Exclusive, furnished entire floor, private house, large light rooms, fireplace, service; references. Murray Hill 4421.

PARK AV., 815—Most attractively furnished 7 rooms, 3 baths, for 3 or 5 months; rent reasonable. Agent on premises.

DRAWING Room with 2 bedrooms, 2 bath rooms, exquisitely furnished; immediate possession; American plan optional. 3 East 51st St.

7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS.
Park Av.—2 master's, 2 maid's; 11th floor; elevator; restaurant. Plaza 0410.

PERSONALLY inspected apartments, all sizes. Smith-Gibbons, 503 5th Av. Murray Hill 0589.

### Furnished—West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST—Large studio, hall, dining room, bedroom, kitchen, bath room, for rent until September; artistically furnished, $275 monthly. Phone Stuyvesant 1031.

10TH ST., 54 WEST—Artistically furnished suite; living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; newly remodeled house; inquire Kirby, on premises, 5 to 7 Thursday, Friday; 3 to 6 Saturday; 11 to 1, 3 to 6 Sunday.

45TH, 341 WEST (HILDONA COURT).
Elevator apartments, one, two, three rooms and bath, showers, kitchens, kitchenettes; all newly furnished and decorated; $20 weekly up. Longacre 2580.

45TH, 119 WEST (Rialto Apartments)—High-class apartments, 2 rooms, bath; $100 monthly up; hotel service; references required.

45TH, 235 WEST—Entire floor, four rooms, beautifully furnished; day elevator, modern; accommodate eight.

49TH, 300 WEST—Five large outside rooms, well furnished. Phone Longacre 5666.

50TH—4 WEST.
SUNSHINE.
Delightfully furnished four-room housekeeping apartment near 5th Av. Superintendent will show. 1253 Circle.

50TH—Elevator apartment, two rooms, kitchenette, bath; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

51ST—34 WEST.
SUNSHINE.
Delightfully furnished kitchenette apartment, wood-burning fireplace, piano; housekeeper will show. Circle 1253.

52D ST., 223 WEST (CORNER BROADWAY) — MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; HOTEL SERVICE; ROOM AND BATH, $75 UP; 2 ROOMS, BATH, $110 UP. REFERENCES REQUIRED.

54TH, 24 WEST—Charming studio apartment, 1 large room, kitchenette; luxuriously furnished.

55TH ST.—Attractively furnished 4-room apartment in high class modern building; great sacrifice to desirable tenant; $2,500 year's lease. Apply
MRS. PRESCOTT AND MISS WHELEN,
209 WEST 57TH ST.
CIRCLE 1253. CIRCLE 3918.

55TH ST. (CORNER 7TH AV.).
THE REGAL, MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICE; ONE ROOM, BATH, $90 UP; 2 ROOMS, BATH, $125 UP; REFERENCES.

55TH, 50 WEST—Exceptional 1-room apartment; high-class house; reasonable rent.

56TH ST., 208 WEST.
HOTEL THORNDYKE.
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 150 WEST—Beautifully furnished high-class apartment; piano, large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchenette; also large studio, bath, kitchenette, roof garden apartment; lease October or longer; $200 month, service included. Boyle.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—ATTRACTIVE SUITE OR PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET. APPLY MANAGER, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 340 WEST—2-3 rooms and bath; maid and valet service; $100 up monthly; references.

59TH, 38 WEST (overlooking Park)—Two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; also sublet.

68TH ST., 45 WEST—Elegantly furnished 2 rooms, bath and kitchen. Inquire premises.

69TH ST., 140 WEST—1-room apartments, large beautiful outside rooms with bath, of a combination living room and bedroom; furnished or unfurnished; on leases only.

69TH, 19 WEST—"Congress Hotel," high-class furnished apartment; parlor, bedroom, bath.

71ST, WEST—Two new, handsomely furnished rooms, four large closets, tile bath, kitchenette, living room 20 by 20, bedroom 16 by 23, Knabe baby grand, Louis XIV. Sonora, Orientati rugs; March 1st until October; only those with best references considered; $250 monthly. Columbus 0306.

71ST (B'WAY)—6 rooms, 2 baths, outside, new bldg., grand piano, victrola, magnificently furnished; sacrifice $250. Columbus 1278.

71ST ST., 167 WEST—Beautifully, newly furnished 2 rooms and bath; all modern improvements; $125.

71ST, 304 WEST—Nicely furnished large front room; kitchenette, bath, piano; reasonable.

71ST, 220 WEST—3 rooms, bath, completely furnished; elevator; apartment. Beecher.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apartment Hotel)—Attractively furnished two-room suites, bath; hotel service; restaurant; by month or year, from $115 per month up.

72D, 254 WEST—Attractive 2-room front suite; bath, kitchenette; reasonable.

74TH, 41 WEST—ENTIRE FLOOR STUDIO APARTMENT; MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED; MONTHLY OR LONGER.

74TH, 103 WEST—Studio with kitchen, bath; also small room; all conveniences.

75TH, 226 WEST—Newly furnished large front room and kitchen, with private bath; $25; steam, phone, electricity.

76TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; beautifully furnished; southern exposure.

76TH ($44 West End)—Elegantly furnished three rooms; kitchenette; telephone; lease.

77TH, 10 WEST—VERY LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED; 2 ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, SEPARATE KITCHEN; COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

78TH, 250 WEST—A gem, 3-room apartment; lease. Schuyler 9016. De Leon.

79TH, 307 WEST—2-room apartment, all outside; will rent till Oct. 1; moderate rental; references required. Edwards.

## APARTMENTS TO LET.

### Furnished—West Side.

79TH, 20 WEST—Artistically furnished, remodeled house; 7 rooms, light, bath and kitchenette; all improvements; Oriental rugs, refined neighborhood, near Park; linen, silver; maid service; lease $100-$110 month. Superintendent.

80TH (B'WAY)—5 rooms, outside, elevator, Victrola; magnificently furnished; $140. Columbus 1278.

80TH—Apartment of five rooms, bath, piano; high class; $175. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

85TH, 257 WEST—Spacious, sunny suites, $95 up; floor suitable professional person.

86TH ST., 303 WEST (West End Av.)—Two rooms, bath and kitchenette; front apartment. Superintendent on premises.

86TH—(RIVERSIDE)—2-room, kitchenette, bath apt.; piano; magnificent; $135. Columbus 1278.

86TH, 257 WEST—Studio, two spacious rooms; unusually arranged; maid; piano; $223.

88TH, 103 WEST—Modern suite, 3 front rooms; private entrance. Riverside 3095.

91ST ST., 17 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS; 4 VERY LARGE ROOM AND BATH, $75; 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $100; MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

91

## FURNISHED ROOMS.

### West Side.

96TH, 59 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $12; SINGLE, $8.

70TH, 244 WEST—Comfortable rooms, conveniences, adjoining bath; small, $5; medium, $8.

70TH ST., 113 WEST—Double room, nicely furnished, running water, adjoining bath; conveniences.

70TH, 117 WEST—Large, comfortable room, private bath, kitchenette; electricity; references.

70TH, 254 WEST — Beautifully furnished large, front room; bath, shower; suitable two.

70TH, 135 WEST—Select house, double rooms, bath, $15; single, lavatory, $10.

70TH, 10 WEST—Exclusive residence; room, bath; single room; breakfast if desired.

70TH, 280 WEST—Large attractive modern suite; couple; inspection invited.

71ST, 343 WEST—Comfortably furnished large room, running water; also suite, private bath, kitchenette. Columbus 9184. Hamilton.

71ST, 37 WEST—Select house, newly remodeled rooms, complete bathroom; steam; cleanliness.

71ST, 61 WEST—DOUBLE ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES, $12; PRIVATE BATH, $16.

71ST, 21 WEST (HOTEL JOYCE)—ONE, TWO ROOM SUITES; $15 WEEKLY UP.

72D, 304 WEST—Large light double room, use of bath; $14. Columbus 8816.

72D, 118 WEST — Handsome double front room; gentlemen, business couple.

72D, 20 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; REASONABLE.

72D, 18 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

72D, 119 WEST—FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS, ALL KINDS; WEEKLY, MONTHLY.

72D, 124 WEST—Large room, southern exposure; no other roomers. Apt. 4A.

73D (West End Av., 290)—Newly decorated residence; attractively furnished large rooms; twin beds; $10, $12, $14, $18.

73D, 154 WEST—Newly decorated back parlor, private bath; double, single rooms.

73D, 25 WEST—Artistic rooms, near Hotel Ansonia; business people only.

73D, 140 WEST—FRONT ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $14.

74TH, 104 WEST—New, modern, handsomely furnished, medium, large; with, without bath; exceptional basement; bedroom; bath, kitchen privileges.

74TH, 41 WEST—LARGE, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED ROOM, PRIVATE ROMAN BATH; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

74TH, 5 WEST—Single and medium room, with continuous hot water; reasonable.

74TH, 122 WEST—Newly furnished south rooms; twin beds; private bath; $15.

74TH, 321 WEST — Unusual double room, dressing room; bath; business people. Columbus 10151.

75TH ST., 102 WEST (Apt. 32)—Beautiful room, private home; conveniences; very reasonable.

75TH, 324 West End Av.—Attractive, 1 flight, front, kitchenette; electricity; reasonable.

75TH ST., 25 WEST—Artistic front room; steam heat, running water; references.

75TH, 327 WEST—Attractive rooms with, without bath, steam, excellent service.

76TH, 105 WEST—Front parlor, private bath, alcove, parquet floor, electricity.

76TH, 102 WEST.
Single, $6; double, running water (45).

76TH ST., 140 WEST—Nicely furnished large back parlor and bath and small room in beautiful private house; convenient to elevated and subway stations; electric lights; rent reasonable.

76TH, 60 WEST—Large room, elevator apartment; business people; reference; $10. Manning.

76TH, 319 WEST.
Attractive room in refined home; references.

76TH, 323 WEST—Attractive large room with private bath; also single; gentlemen; references.

76TH, 305 WEST—Attractive rooms with, without private bath; skylight, $6; refined.

76TH, 119 WEST—Large front room, private bath, electricity; plenty hot water.

76TH, 112 WEST—Newly furnished rooms, twin beds, private baths; $15-$18.

77TH, 10 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE, SINGLE AND MEDIUM ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

77TH, 117 WEST — Beautifully furnished parlor floor, running water, electricity; suitable physician.

77TH, 115 WEST—Beautiful room, private bath; kitchenette privileges; electricity; business people; reference.

78TH ST. (61 Riverside Drive)—Beautifully furnished front or back parlor with private bath, or entire parlor floor, large open fireplaces; telephone; every convenience; very reasonable concessations.

78TH, 140 WEST—Attractive double, adjoining bath, twin beds; also back parlor.

79TH, 152 WEST—Attractive, large and small sunny rooms, electricity, telephone; reference.

79TH — Attractive outside room, in large apartment; elevator; block subway. Schuyler 4054.

80TH, 225 WEST—Very attractive room, every convenience; gentleman; $45 monthly. Risener.

82D ST. (near West End)—Two attractive rooms; lavatory, bath; together or separate; no other roomers. Schuyler 0653.

82D, 107 WEST—Sunny parlor, bedroom, electricity, phone, light housekeeping; $15. Morrell.

82D, 22 WEST—Beautiful, comfortable double room; private bath, twin beds. Owner.

82D, 250 WEST (Apt. 2 West)—Two connecting rooms, washroom between.

83D (on Riverside Drive)—Large, sunny room, independently situated, in home of small adult family; $50 monthly. Phone 11 to 3 P. M., Longacre 9062.

84TH, WEST—Attractive room with Christian family; reasonable. Evenings, Schuyler 0687.

84TH ST., 128 WEST—Finely furnished room, every convenience; $8; 1 flight up. Kneeland.

84TH, 321 WEST—Attractive double front room, three windows, private bath, kitchenette.

84TH, 268 WEST—Clean, attractive, large, light room, suitable two, single. Apt. 3.

84TH, 57 WEST—Large room, steam heat, bath; $10. Baxter.

85TH, 160 WEST—Large southern exposure room, running water, bath adjacent; all conveniences; modern, private house; references requested.

85TH, WEST—Private family; attractive front room; electricity, running water; $9; gentleman; references. Schuyler 2177.

85TH, 344 WEST—Newly furnished, warm, steam-heated room, adjoining shower bath; suitable 1 or 2. Apartment 2E.

85TH, 130 WEST — Attractive sitting, bed room, adjoining bath; private residence; reference.

85TH ST., 259 WEST—Attractively furnished, high class, large room; twin beds and bath.

85TH, 34 WEST — Newly furnished large room, with bath; conveniences; homelike.

85TH ST., 156 WEST—Large front room, private house; references.

86TH (547 West End)—Beautiful room, adjoining bath; kitchenette; reasonable; refined house.

86TH, 202 WEST (Broadway)—Immaculate rooms, charming private apartment, 6W. Ronza.

86TH, 315 WEST—Handsome two-room suite, private bathroom; private house; gentleman.

86TH, 202 WEST—Large, attractive front room, 3 windows; reasonable. Laurie.

86TH, 132 WEST—Studio room, also large room, private bath; southern exposure.

86TH, 314 WEST—Desirable room adjoining bath; housekeeping privileges.

87TH, 14 WEST—Nice, large, comfortable room; all conveniences; suitable for two.

87TH, 14 WEST—Large sunny room; all improvements, private house; suitable two.

88TH, 330 WEST—Furnished room, kitchenette. Schuyler 1428.

89TH, 321 WEST—Large, exceptionally well furnished room; private bath. Riverside 4086.

89TH, 303 WEST—Beautiful large room, with or without private bath; telephone.

91ST ST., COR. BROADWAY.
Neatly furnished, adjoining bath; modern; private family; $14; gentleman. Phone Riverside 6536.

91ST, 203 WEST—Attractive 2-room suite, breakfast optional; gentleman. Riverside 1904.

91ST ST., 45 WEST—Elegant front room, kitchenette, adjoining bath; electricity; very select.

92D, 202 WEST—Desirable light room, adjoining bath; steam; $6; gentleman. Riley.

92D, 131 WEST—Front, small, large, southern exposure; all conveniences, adjoining bath.

92D (West End Av., 662)—Pleasant front room, private bath, electricity, cooking.

92D, 207 WEST—Single and double, elevator apartment; reasonable; board optional. Edmunds.

93D, 250 WEST (Broadway) — Attractive front room; shower; reference. Apt. 2 West.

96D, 303 WEST—Large room, with private bath; all conveniences; good location; quiet.

93D, 21 WEST—Large room, running water, electricity, telephone.

### West Side.

96TH, 163 WEST—Attractive, large, newly decorated and furnished; private baths, kitchenettes; electricity, phone; reasonable; convenient subway, "L."

96TH, 336 WEST—Comfortable room, every convenience, elevator house; reasonable; private. Kane.

96TH (Riverside)—Front suite, 2-3 gentlemen; $15; modern apartment. Riverside 1381.

97TH, 230 WEST—Elegant front room, for two; kitchen privileges. Apt. 7B.

98TH, 254 WEST—Exquisite home; unusual opportunity; large, comfortable front room, bath, with shower; gentleman; references. Apt. 7.

99TH ST., 244 WEST—Attractive front room, twin beds; reference. Apartment 65.

100TH, 318 WEST—Large room for 2, twin beds, private bath; exceptionally high class. Russell, Riverside 5774.

(101ST) 940 WEST END AV.—Beautifully furnished large room, lavatory; homelike. 5D.

101ST (845 West End Av.)—Attractive double, use kitchen; $15. Apt. 1.

105TH—Lovely front room, $8; gentleman; French, private family; reference. Academy 2962.

105TH, 220 WEST—Living room, bedroom, nicely furnished. Apt. 4, Academy 2280.

106TH, 160 WEST—Two suites, suitable two or three; single room; elevator, phone; board optional; $10, $25, $35. Apt. 7.

106TH, 301 (corner Broadway)—Very desirable large outside room, running water; also single outside room. Apt. 3D.

107TH ST., 210 WEST—Attractive living and bedroom, suitable one or two; piano; all conveniences. Apt. 63.

107TH, 315 WEST—Elegant spacious room, Southern exposure; every convenience; permanent residence.

107TH, 236 WEST—Large, clean rooms, kitchenette, $10-$12; private house; references.

107TH, 308 WEST — DOUBLE ROOM; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12.

107TH, 330 WEST—EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; $12 UP.

109TH, 361 WEST, Apartment 5C—Unusually desirable front room; modern conveniences; moderate.

113TH, 508 WEST—Comfortable room, immaculate; elevator, electricity, telephone, shower. 1 West.

113TH ST., 610 WEST—Single room adjoining bath; elevator, telephone; $7. Apt. 5.

113TH, 546 W. (near B'way)—Large room, private bath, all modern improvements.

116TH ST., 417 WEST—Spacious, interesting environment, adjacent Columbia University; sunny single room, $7.50 (lavatory); larger, $8.50; en suite, $15.50; front suite, $17.50. Apartment 41.

116TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL).
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATHS; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

116TH, 328 WEST—DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, PRIVATE BATH, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; WEEKLY; REASONABLE.

118TH ST., 209 WEST—Front room for couple or two girls; kitchen and reception room privileges. Telephone University 0769.

122D, 540 WEST (corner Broadway)—Cheerful, comfortable double room adjoining bath; $7.

127TH, 602 WEST—Nicely furnished court room, $7; gentleman. Apt. 53.

129TH, 609 WEST—Newly decorated, large, front; kitchen privilege; private home; $11; single, $7; steam, shower, subway. Buzzell.

129TH, 585 WEST (Apt. 23)—Comfortable large room, running water; business people.

129TH, 571 WEST (Apt. 3)—Newly decorated room, steam, electricity, phone, shower.

149TH, 609 WEST—Room; conveniences; elevator; board optional. Apt. 4F.

156TH, 605 WEST (Apt. 41)—Attractive single room, private bath, near Riverside Drive. Call between 5 and 8 p. m.

156TH, 538 WEST—Newly furnished, large, sunny rooms; convenient; couple; kitchen privilege.

159TH (3,510 Broadway)—Neatly furnished front room, gentleman, business couple; near subway; all conveniences. Keenan, Apt. 3G.

170TH ST. (251 Fort Washington Av.)—Apt 32; large single room; gentleman; new apartments. Inquire evenings or Sunday.

173D (165 Audubon Av.)—Attractive, large dining, newly furnished double room; private; references. Wadsworth 0150. Apt. 5.

177TH—Large, warm, overlooking Hudson, park; private lavatory, refined surroundings. Wadsworth 9854.

181ST (4,260 Broadway) — Large outside room, adjoining bath; modern; convenient; gentleman. Lee.

184TH, 601 WEST—Outside, south; elevator; adjoining bath; shower; single; couple. Apt. 6A.

BROADWAY (602 West 157th)—Double, single, newly furnished, decorated, housekeeping privilege. (2D).

BROADWAY 3,605, Apt. 40—Lovely rooms, newly furnished; electricity; housekeeping. Audubon 4266.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 320 (92d) — Attractive single light room, next bath; elevator; business woman; $10. Riverside 0915.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 552 (95th) — Beautiful, modern, light, large rooms; $12 to $15 weekly.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Nicely furnished; running water; near bath; $10. Riverside 7388.

CLAREMONT AV., 150 (Columbia)—New. Apt. 31; attractive light room, $8 weekly.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 16 (141st block, west St. Nicholas)—Luxuriously furnished one-room apartment, kitchenette, continuous hot water; attractive, quiet, private house; exclusive neighborhood. Audubon 9068.

LENOX AV., 241 (122d)—Newly renovated, newly furnished room; modern improvements.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 322—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOMS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 548—Attractive, homelike and exceptionally clean double and single rooms; moderate rates. Apartment 2A. Telephone 5790 (Exchange) Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 263 — EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM, PRIVATE BATH; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGES.

RIVERSIDE (90s)—Desirable, large, well furnished, in exclusive home apartment. Riverside 5012.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 214 (94th)—Front room; housekeeping; running water. Apt. 23. Noble.

RIVERSIDE, 222 (94th), Apt. 73—Overlooking Hudson; bath; private family. Riverside 9045.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 151 (87th)—Large front room; five windows; smaller room; elevator.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126—Front parlor bedroom, piano; reasonable. 1 south.

VERMILYEA AV., 140—Room, next bath. Telephone Wadsworth 8656 after 7 P. M.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS — Large outside room, adjoining bath, one block from subway; private family; gentleman. 550 West 190th St., Apt. 3B. Phone Wadsworth 3046.

WEST END AV., 758 (Apt. 4)—Small, medium; all conveniences; refined home; $30.

Inspected rooms; service free; all prices. METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE, 2,321 B'way, corner 84th. Riverside 7487.
1,482 B'way (Times Sq.). Suite 405.
155 WEST 82D. SCHUYLER 5759.

Wash. Hghts., 600 W. 181st. Billings 3375.
PLEASANT ROOM—SERVICE FREE.
HOME RENTAL EXCHANGE,
116 W. 39TH ST. FITZROY 1568.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished parlor and bedroom; kitchen privileges; all improvements; absolute cleanliness; private family. Phone South 9750.

WELL FURNISHED room in private house; $15. Circle 1175.

### Brooklyn.

PROSPECT PARK, 18 SOUTHWEST—One or two gentlemen for 1 or 2 rooms, furnished all improvements; opposite Prospect Park.

## UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

53D, 45 WEST—Two rooms, large bath and kitchenette apartment; also duplex apartment, 6 rooms, 2 baths. Agent, on premises, or Lewi & Weyl, 117 West 46th St.

144TH, 468 WEST—Large front; all conveniences; near bath; business women; accessible.

## ROOMS WANTED.

### Furnished.

WE RENT YOUR ROOMS
OR REFUND YOUR MONEY
METROPOLITAN ROOM EXCHANGE.
Register with the office most convenient.
2,321 Broadway, corner 84th. Riverside 7487.
1,482 Broadway (Times Sq.). Suite 405.
155 W. 82d. Schuyler 5759.
Washington Hgts., 600 W. 181. Billings 3375.

ONLY AGENCY ENDORSED BY WELFARE ORGANIZATIONS.
Honest Methods and Efficient Service.
HOME RENTAL EXCHANGE,
116 W. 39TH ST. FITZROY 1568.

REFINED business woman desires room, kitchenette or share apartment with lady in the sixties to nineties; west side; reasonable. Address P. S. Virgil, 61 West 83d.

WRITER, employed, desires inexpensive room; permanent; sole occupant. K 837 Times.

YOUNG MAN, refined, musician, wishes room with piano; $5. G 440 Times.

## BOARDERS WANTED.

### East Side.

36TH, 20 EAST—Large room, private bath; second floor; tray service.

81ST, 5 EAST—Exquisite suites and rooms; exceptional. Fifth Av., Chambers.

MADISON AV., 213 (near 36th)—Attractive room; excellent table; references.

### West Side.

57TH, 351 WEST—Large, small rooms, private bath, French cooking, electricity, telephone.

58TH, 46 WEST—Double, single rooms; excellent table; references.

72D, 65 WEST—(The Little House)—Desirable rooms, private bath; table guests.

75TH, 34 WEST—Attractive warm room, private bath; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 49 WEST—Accommodations, single, double, dressing rooms adjoining bath; excellent American Hungarian cooking; home surroundings; reasonable. Berger.

79TH ST., 114 WEST
79TH ST., 132 WEST.
82D ST., 124 WEST.
Attractive homes, unique in a city like New York. Group capacity 250, permitting us to furnish service and conveniences found only in the residential hotel. Moderate accommodations moderately priced. Booklet.

93D, 128-130 WEST—Beautiful double and single rooms, electricity, excellent table; parlor dining rooms. Table guests reasonable.

93D, 256 WEST—Single, double, adjoining rooms; home cooking; table guests. Manion.

95TH, 65 WEST—Front room, private bath; small room; excellent table.

99TH, 254 WEST—Attractive large room; meals optional; references. Riverside 10146.

102D, 248 WEST—Large, sunny, one small room; good cooking; references.

WEST END AV., 666 (89TH)—Elegant single, double rooms, private bath, parquet, electric; American house; moderate. Riverside 9637.

WIDOW, having delightful apartment in West 60's, would accommodate couple. Columbus 1204.

REAL HOME.
Gentleman of refinement can secure room, bath and breakfast for $100 a month; private family in high-class building, in the west seventies; references required. Tel. Columbus 8643.

### Queens.

BEAUTIFUL residence, six baths; bountiful table; spacious living room; real home; Penn. Station 17 minutes; Christian house. Martin, 270 Sanford Av., Flushing, 2791 phone.

## BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG MAN, Protestant, wishes room and board west side, 116th and 125th St.; private family preferred. Richard Wheeler, 352 W. 118th St., care Nevel.

WIDOWER, Hebrew, with boy 10, wants room with private family, also board for son only; near Broadway and 168th subway. D 485 Times.

YOUNG Christian American business couple, 2½-year baby girl. G 448 Times.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

### New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE.
ELMWOOD HOTEL.
AMERICAN PLAN.
All rooms with bath and telephone.
$5 for 2; $6 per week in double room, with meals; also 3 rooms en suite; one block from D., L. & W. station. Tel. Orange 1461.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT, opens, closes, periodically posts books; tax returns. Miss Fields, Pennsylvania 6880.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—General office work; experienced, willing. Tepman, 587 Elton St., Brooklyn.

ASSISTANT, capable, desires position in cafeteria. Livingston, 1,407 Riverside.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography, seven years' experience controlling account, trial balance; $28; reference; capable. J 624 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, five years' experience; trial balance, financial statements; part or full time. Box 221, 1,413 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — Expert, ten years' experience, full charge; initiative; references. Underhill 0536.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, Christian; experience, capable, references; salary $35. G., 3,522 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; experienced; best references; $25. D 499 Times.

BOOKKEEPER — Expert; accounting; 10 years' executive; complete responsibility. W., 238 Columbus Av.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 19, experienced, good references; salary $22. J 626 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, secretary, executive ability, nine years' experience; $30. G 442 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 17, bright beginner, $12. Anna, 115 East Houston St. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, 5 years' experience, full charge; $25. M 747 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST; 6 years' experience; thoroughly competent. K 523 Times.

CLERICAL, worker, moderate salary, first class references. K 542 Times.

DECORATOR, expert interior, quick, draperies, draw curtains, portieres, furniture covers; 56 daily; city; country. Harriett, 200 West 108th St.

DRESSMAKER, absolutely competent; also remodels; out, $6; references. Miss Fairman, Clarkson 1260.

DRESSMAKER, clever, unknown, home or out, $4 daily. Helper, 338 Lenox Av.

GIRL—Refined young German, wishes position waitress or housemaid, private family, country or city; references. Tel. Melrose 1584R.

GOVERNESS, North German, nursery; fluent English; kindergarten; good sewer; best references. Frauleln, 7 West 75th St., City.

GOVERNESS, nursery, reliable, wishes position; references. Care of Richter, 103 East 92d St.

GOVERNESS companion to lady, French, experienced, visiting afternoons. A 247 Times.

HOLLERITH TABULATING—YOUNG WOMAN, EXPERIENCED SUPERVISING LARGE DEPARTMENT; EXPERT. K 552 TIMES.

HOUSEKEEPER, neat, colored girl; half-time or day worker. Paschal, 7412 Morningside.

HOUSEKEEPER, educated, German, wants work during day. Wadsworth 10184.

HOUSEWORKER, Colored girl, wishes position private family; full or part time; references. Telephone Columbus 3157. Mrs. Elizabeth Williams.

HOUSEWORK—Girl, Irish, wishes position with small private family in city. Call Friday, Dillon, 2,053 8th Av.

HOUSEWORK, part time; morning and afternoon; Finnish. Write A. K., 130 East 64th.

HOUSEWORKER, neat, colored girl, wishes part time. Telephone Audubon 1340, Apt. 53.

LADY'S maid, refined German, good seamstress; references. Box 102, 1,318 2d Av.

LADY'S MAID, experienced, wishes position Write Box 407, 1,318 2d Av.

MAID, visiting, Belgian-American; good seamstress; best reference. F 546 Times.

MAID, LADIES', OR LIGHT HOUSEWORK. AUDUBON 8297.

NURSE, European trained, with best New York references, for invalid couple or lady. Phone Audubon 0060, Apt. 64.

NURSE, care children, afternoons, evenings, mornings. Myles, 6219 Riverside.

OFFICE assistant, file clerk, thoroughly competent; conscientious; $15. M 750 Times Downtown.

SECRETARIAL — Graduate of Columbia seeks position where refinement, initiative and intelligence are desired. K 566 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent, proven capabilities, former executive positions, brains, education, mature mind, highest credentials. J 627 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, executive, knowledge stenography and accounts, 10 years' experience; $35. G. E. 1,077 Decatur St., Brooklyn. Bushwick 2081-J.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, college education, extensive commercial experience; A1 references. G 216 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience; no clock watcher; responsible worker. A 249 Times.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, initiative; salary $35. T. J., 209 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, alert and experienced, desires position, secretary to literary man or advertising copy writing. M 740 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY,
bookkeeper; efficient, experienced, capable of taking charge of office. A 254 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, knowledge bookkeeping, Spanish; experienced. L., 253 Broadway, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—High school graduate, 1 years' experience, wide awake, punctual, efficient. Intervale 2559.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, hard worker, accurate. Fay, 2 Sumner Av., Brooklyn, Williamsburg 2827.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; reliable, willing; references. M 79 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally bright beginner, high school graduate; $12. J 941 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, high school graduate; six years' experience. M 748 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Beginner, willing to work. Address Sarah Stabinsky, 593 Stone Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER—2 years' experience, high school graduate; references, $18. Telephone Lenox 5575.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; ten years' experience; part-time work. Blackford, Audubon 3544.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY to busy man; high-class; $35. M 901 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 17; references; $15. Clara, 115 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, thoroughly competent; $16. J 642 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD operator, capable handling busy board, wants position; American. K 534 Times.

TECHNICIAN, experienced, position with maintenance; suburbs preferred. Box 516, 852 Columbus Av.

WOMAN, Hungarian, desires position as cook, first class; must have good wages; best of references. Apply Mrs. Levy, 336 Franklin Av., Scranton, Penn.

WOMAN, with artistic ability in designing, capable fitter, able to handle customers, wishes position. X 2293 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY, 18, college student, active, ambitious, desires clerical position; particularly interested in social uplifting work. D 1011 Times Annex.

YOUNG LADY desires extra work evenings, Sundays; expert stenographer. Box 191, 206 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY desires position, general office worker, stenographer, bookkeeping. N 419 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, college, Christian, desires clerical or other congenial position; full, part time; best references. D 60 Times.

LEARNER wishes to connect with high-class establishment; ambitious to learn all branches of dressmaking. K 554 Times.

### Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Colored; cooks, laundresses, helpers, nurses, part timers. Golden Rule. Morningside 0686.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT - OFFICE MANAGER — Age 38; capable executive; competent take full responsibility large organization; experienced industrial, financial and mercantile concerns; factory costs, financing, collections, sales and management; several years' public accounting training; recent salary $75. D 459 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-EXECUTIVE.
Accountant, 36, married, resourceful; unquestioned integrity; ten years' experience as senior public accountant; capable of directing large staff; highest references; bond. D 449 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, Pace graduate; available immediately. Ellis, 31 Garden St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 19, university student; two years' business experience. A 265 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, seeks part time position with certified firm. D 494 Times.

ADVERTISING.
Young man, 21, 4 years' newspaper experience in advertising department of leading trade paper as head of make-up, detail and copy, also one year in advertising agency, wishes to connect with publishing house, advertising department of retail store or periodical, where a live wire can show what he is made of. Box 734, 1214 Wilson Bldg.

ADVERTISING PUBLICITY EXPERT, extensive successful experience; moderate salary. S 100 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 30, Christian, full charge auditing, controlling accounts, financial statements, credits, collections, correspondence; $40. A 255 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office man, 20, capable, conscientious, 10 years' experience, correspondence, desires position with future. K 525 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, experienced, desires position with progressive firm; best references. D 45 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

BOOKKEEPER'S assistant, clerk, experienced; high school graduate; neat, intelligent. K 545 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, typist; 18; recommended; $15. Joseph, 115 East Houston. Orchard 8277.

BOOKKEEPER, 18, experienced, knowledge stenography; high school graduate. Phone Lenox 7167.

BOOKKEEPER, 23, 7 years' experience, desires position; complete charge. K 539 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, experienced with furrier, can help in factory. D 58 Times.

CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANT desires part time employment. J 625 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC; 15 years' experience driving private families; desires position; city, country; own repairs; Locomobile, Pierce, Packard, Cadillac; good traffic driver; neat, courteous; excellent references. Walter, Apt. 5A, Morningside 4960.

CHAUFFEUR, 30, expert mechanic; any car; 12 years' experience; capable taking charge; good education; American born; speaks Italian; single; travel anywhere; clean living; references. Lo Piccolo, 194 Lawrence St., Auburn.

CHAUFFEUR, first-class, with reference, for one or two cars; do own repairs at all times; experienced all-around man, colored; who understands automobiles. A 262 Times.

CHAUFFEUR; 6 years' experience; own repairs; best references; honest, careful, neat; Christian, married; commercial or private. J. Lyons, 20 West 98th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Mechanic; French, expert driver, any car; good appearance, refined, unquestionable, credentials. Robert Gelein, 417 West 118th. Cathedral 4941.

CHAUFFEURS—High-class private chauffeurs supplied free. Society of Professional Automobile Engineers, 153-159 W. 64th St. Columbus 4956 Riv.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, highest grade, 21 years' experience, 11 years last position; city, country; $40. Flushing 3414.

CHAUFFEUR—Japanese with long experience, good habits, desires private position, go anywhere. Mas, 102 West 123d.

CHAUFFEUR—colored, desires position; willing, honest and experienced; references. Phone Morningside 4824.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 12 years' experience; neat, gentlemanly; first-class references. Columbus 3725.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 10 years' experience, Chandler, 106 West 90th St. Riverside 9010.

CHAUFFEUR, colored, mechanic, references, married, wants position; go anywhere Rushwick 2773.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER graduate, 23, seeks position in laboratory or plant; moderate salary; will travel. M 723 Times Downtown.

CLERK, 30, accurate, reliable, electrical, hardware, mechanical supplies, receiving, or stock records; long experience; best references; moderate salary. Glaser, 777 Fresh Pond Road, Brooklyn.

CLERK, typist, knowledge stenography; one year's experience; $15. K 674 Times Downtown.

CLERK, typist, two years' experience; efficient, willing; $15. M 904 Tmies Downtown.

COLLECTOR, real estate, 21, desires connection with established organization. D 458 Times.

COOK, first-class, and general housework; best references. M 737 Times Downtown.

CORRESPONDENT, COLLEGE MAN, EXPERIENCED, WRITER OF FORCEFUL LETTERS, SALES, CREDIT, COLLECTION; REFERENCES. K 556 TIMES.

CREDIT MAN'S assistant, Christian, six years' practical experience, thorough knowledge bookkeeping, correspondent, credits, collections. W. Lambert, Rector 3268.

EDITOR, 35, of long successful experience on dailies and business publications, now employed, seeks opportunity for expansion. Box M, Newspaper Club, 133 West 41st St., City.

EDITOR available for house organ or commercial publicity work. G 219 Times.

ENGINEER, erecting and operating, 20 years' progressive record, erection, operation and maintenance of power installations, &c., open for engagement to manage one or more plants. E 1241 Times Bronx.

ENGINEER, graduate M. E., American, 28, desires position with possibilities; power plant experience and maintenance of factories and large office buildings. G 436 Times.

EXECUTIVE—AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE CREDITS, FINANCE, ETC.; EXCELLENT CORRESPONDENT; SOUND, PROGRESSIVE ORGANIZER. HARD WORKER AND A WELCOME RELIEF TO AN OVERBURDENED EXECUTIVE; HIGHLY RECOMMENDED, COLLEGE EDUCATION, MARRIED, 29 YEARS OLD, WANTS POSITION WHERE TACT AND BREEDING COUNT B 1016 TIMES HARLEM.

EXECUTIVE, 32, excellent references; industrial and construction experience. G 432 Times.

GARDENER, caretaker, married, competent assume charge country estate; reliable. K 525 Times.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE desires position in law office. Call Boulevard 8068.

HOUSEWORK—Japanese, American school boy, wants job, board and room. Murray Hill 4681.

INVESTIGATOR, 23, casualty company experience; senior law student. M 739 Times Downtown.

JANITOR, five rooms, pay part rent. Gisborn, Harlem 4597. 51 East 129th.

JAPANESE wants job as butler; good, experienced, neat, clean boy. Riverside 2504. 343 West 88th.

JAPANESE COOK, housecworker; good experience; neat; references; anywhere. K 551 Times.

LABOR FOREMAN with large gang, men hourly basis, foreman weekly salary; start at once. M 736 Times Downtown.

MAN of 25 years' business experience; held last position 10 years as office manager of large advertising agency; duties included supervision of 40 persons, financing and accounting; will consider position in any general business capacity. S 156 Times.

MAN, 25, possessing good education, pleasing personality and six years of diversified mercantile experience, desires good connection; salary of secondary importance; employed. A 259 Times.

MASSEUR, license 7487, Swedish graduate; expert. Anderson, 51 West 84th. Schuyler 4234.

MECHANIC, first class, with 14 years' experience; been in business for past seven years; can do acetylene welding, battery repairing, generator and starters; trouble shooter second to none; references. Box 299, 131 West 38th.

MECHANICAL DENTISTRY—Young man, 21, wishes position with mechanical dentist; some experience; salary immaterial. C 1160 Times Downtown.

MECHANICAL ENGINEER, EXPERT MACHINE DESIGNER; REFERENCES; TERMS REASONABLE. K 654 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

NEWS WRITER wishes promotion work; experienced. D 491 Times.

PHYSICIAN desires retainment in medical capacity several hours daily. A 290 Times.

PIANIST-SINGER, male, at liberty, experienced, prefer dance orchestra. D 496 Times.

PLANT EXECUTIVE as superintendent of machine shop, tool room assembly, desires position; 10 years' practical experience, graduate mechanical engineer, 32 years old, married; salary based on qualifications. F 544 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, open for complete line of hosiery, underwear, general merchandise; Connecticut resident; prefer Connecticut territory; have machine; will devote full time on good proposition. X 2401 Times Annex.

SALESMAN (30), college graduate, experienced specialty man, neat appearance, initiative, with car, desires connection with staple company; salary or drawing account. K 546 Times.

SALESMAN and supervisor will take charge and build Long Island territory; big acquaintance; deals and territory known Brooklyn to Patchogue. K 649 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced specialties or imported novelties, part or whole time; Chicago and nearby territory. L. Flinker, Willmette, Ill.

SALESMAN—One of best general merchandise salesmen met tremendous success in his business; wants job. A 248 Times.

SALESMAN wants manufacturer's line, staple merchandise; city and nearby. K 531 Times.

SALESMAN wants line Eastern Pennsylvania. Levy, 108 Madison St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

SALESMAN 12 years' selling, desires staple proposition; any line. G 428 Times.

SALESMAN, retail clothing, window dresser, married, open for position. G 235 Times.

SALESMAN, 22, several years dress line experience; references. Schegs, 22 West 123th.

SALES MANAGER—AVAILABLE IMMEDIATELY; THOROUGH ORGANIZER AND CORRESPONDENT. CAN ROUTE MEN AND ANALYZE TERRITORY; SOUND, PROGRESSIVE AND DECISIVE THINKER; HARD WORKER SEEKING POSITION WHERE TACT AND BREEDING COUNT; MARRIED, 29 YEARS OLD, COLLEGE EDUCATION; REAL PROPOSITION WANTED; REFERENCES OR BONDS. B 1017 TIMES HARLEM.

SECRETARY-ASSISTANT, efficient, adaptable, varied experience. A 258 Times.

SPORTS OFFICER, Royal Marine Artillery, retiring from service in September, wonderfully successful in training young men, would like position in military school in America. Communicate with B. C. Rendle, 144 East 48th St., New York. Phone Vanderbilt 6225.

STENOGRAPHER—Good knowledge office routine; competent, Christian; $25. K 665 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, beginner, desires position. McMahon, 450 West 54th.

STEWARD desires position country club; excellent caterer, buyer, good chef; personal recommendations. Hamilton Grange, P. O. Box 7.

STEWARD—City, town, capable, reliable. 60 Wadsworth Terrace, Apt. 2. Wadsworth 10040.

**Closing Hours for Advertisements**

Sunday Edition

*TODAY, FRIDAY, 6 P. M.*—Undisplay classifications of Real Estate.

*TODAY, FRIDAY, 9 P. M.*—Advertisements for Editorial Section.

*TOMORROW, SATURDAY, 1 P. M.*—Undisplay classified advertisements (Business Opportunities 11 A. M. tomorrow, Saturday).

*THURSDAY, NOON*—Schools, Steamships, Hotels, Resorts and Amusements.

*THURSDAY, MIDNIGHT*—Display Apartments and Real Estate with text, plats, photographs, matrices or drawings.

Daily Edition

If received after 4 P. M. on date preceding publication, classified announcements for daily edition are subject to omission. Final closing time 5 P. M.

*Classified Advertising Rates*

Count six words to an Agate Line. (Minimum space two lines.) Agate Line.

| | |
|---|---|
| Situations Wanted | 40c |
| Furnished Rooms, Rooms Wanted | 45c |
| Boarders and Board Wanted | 45c |
| Help Wanted | 50c |
| Real Estate, Sale | 45c |
| Lost and Found | 50c |
| Apartments to Let and Wanted | 55c |
| Country Board | 60c |
| Mortgage Loans | 65c |
| For Sale, Sale | 60c |
| Automobile Exchange | 65c |
| Agents Wanted | 65c |
| Employment Agencies | 75c |
| Business Opportunities (Caps, 30c) | 15c Per Word. |
| Buyers' Wants—Offerings to Buyers | 15c |
| Book Exchange (Sunday) | 12c |

Lost and Found, Deaths, Marriages and Births accepted up to midnight.

Errors avoided by delivering advertisements well in advance of closing time.

## FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

Continued From Preceding Page.

"NATIONAL" EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
80 Church St.,
Hudson Terminal Building,
New York City.
Established 1909.

EXECUTIVE FILE HEAD—Prominent financial concern has attractive opening for young woman who has had four to five years' experience as executive file head of a bank or investment concern; research and statistical work of interesting nature involved; college graduate almost essential; a genuine position of responsibility; $50.

CORRESPONDENT—Downtown firm of high standing needs young woman with executive ability and tact, capable of assuming full charge of interesting correspondence; eventually will develop into position of office manager; unusually congenial atmosphere; real chance for advancement; $35-$40.

PRIVATE SECRETARY—Downtown publishing house needs secretary for general manager, capable of handling correspondence independently; a position where education and culture count toward advancement; $35-$40.

EXECUTIVE STENOGRAPHER — Midtown publishing house has opening requiring thorough knowledge of sales promotion or kindred line; publicity work requiring more than ordinary ability; will have assistant; good future; $30-$35.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Downtown brokerage firm offers a real opportunity to young woman with brokerage experience; old-established house; environment above ordinary; $30.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT — Uptown firm; unusual chance to capitalize on ability and experience; $35-$40.

BOOKKEEPER — Uptown commercial house has position for bookkeeper who can take full charge of set of books; opportunity to show ability; $28.

STENOGRAPHERS—Downtown brokerage houses; several openings in firms of very high character, where ability and initiative are appreciated; personality and secretarial experience a great asset; hours 9:30-4:30; salary to start, $25.

TYPIST-CLERK—Downtown S. S. company; most interesting work with congenial associates; prefer rapid typist with high school education, who can take care important detail clerical work; salary $20-$22.

FILE CLERK-TYPIST—Downtown trading corporation has opening in library; asset to young woman with commercial experience; future unlimited; minimum salary $25.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR AND RECEPTION CLERK—Little typing; 5th Av. merchants' association; small, exclusive firm; well groomed and educated type; $23.

BOOKKEEPER — Double entry; full charge; accounts payable; downtown newspaper; $20-$25.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER —Just a few hours a day; bookkeeper; downtown; very desirable location and surroundings; $25 week.

STENOGRAPHER — Downtown; exceptionally bright, keen young woman for high-class law concern; only commercial experience required; good advancement; $25-$28.

STENOGRAPHER—Downtown; will appeal to woman who likes nice environment and congenial associates; good advancement assured; $25.

STENOGRAPHER AND SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—Downtown; unusually attractive opening for young girl who likes a small office; must have a pleasant, well modulated voice and courteous manner; advancement in 2 weeks; to start, $20.

TYPIST AND CLERK—Downtown; rapid, accurate typist with a knowledge of filing; regular hours; $20-$22.

CORRESPONDENT — Executive office chain corporation, downtown; full charge correspondence; mail-order experience preferred; position with responsibility; $25.

CLERK — Well established brokerage firm, excellent location; slight knowledge subject filing; make herself generally useful about offices; hours 9-5; $16 to start.

CLERK—Elect. appliance concern; conveniently located Bronx; accurate at figures; good penman; age 18-21 years; hours 9-5; $16 to start.

Call 9-1. Seventh floor.

The "NATIONAL" is the LARGEST.
30 Church St.

MISS C. L. McGUINESS,
CARE NEW YORK BAR ASSOCIATION,
42 WEST 44TH ST.

Positions available for competent stenographers in high-class law offices.

COMPTOMETER, five years, $25; typist, 5 years, $25; clerical, $14; beginners, $10; stenographer, bookkeeper, $25. Gretser, N.Y. Employment Agency, 358 Fulton St., Bklyn.

THE BEST EMPLOYMENT AGENCY ROOM 1,121. 2 RECTOR ST.
Many positions available for immediate placement.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 200 BROADWAY.
Bookkeeper, controlling accounts, $35; stock clerk, $15; packers, $20-$25; boys, messengers.

MERCANTILE EXCH., 77 CORTLANDT.
Stenos., typists, dicto., stock record, clerks, key punch, assistant bookkeeper. Register free.

Instruction.

THE CANDY INSTITUTE.
COMMERCIAL CANDY-MAKING COURSE.
Elmer Hanna, Principal (formerly with Page & Shaw). ORIGINAL School; SCIENTIFIC Instruction. 60 West 50th St., New York. Phone Circle 6086. Send for Book T.

DESIGNING, dressmaking, pattern-cutting, draping and millinery thoroughly taught; individual instruction; day and evening. Established 1876. McDowell School, 58 West 40th St. Phone 7232 Longacre. Call or write.

BE A PRIVATE SECRETARY—special course for one month or three months duration; illustrative lessons and catalogue on request. Moon's Secretarial Schools, 50 East 42d St., N. Y.

MARK $50 weekly through Prof. Rohrer's famous Hairdressing, Manicuring, Beauty School, 119 W. 42d St., or Brooklyn, 15 4th Av. Newark Branch, 847 Broad St.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

ADVERTISING solicitor wanted having trade experience in engineering and mechanical lines; must have knowledge and bearing to make his presence acceptable to big executives and be able to layout campaigns to fit their special needs; opportunity for man with a paper of long standing and prestige is now open; salary basis. D 466 Times.

ADVERTISING agency wants young man, about 18 years of age, with some ability to handletter and make trade-paper layouts; one with previous experience preferred; fine opportunity for energetic worker. See Mr. Gilles at G. M. Basford Company, 17 East 42d St.

ARTIST, versatile, capable of doing pen and ink lettering and some retouching; call with sample of reproduce work in each line. Apply Room 2, 373 East 148th.

ART STUDENT, young man with knowledge of water colors, to help design stage decorations and make himself generally useful around studio; wonderful opportunity; bring sketches. Fine Arts Studio, 80 5th Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER wanted; experienced in steel contracting; state experience, references and salary wanted. J 282 Times.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

ASSISTANT CASHIER and teller wanted by a nearby bank, 30 minutes from Grand Central Station; a young man with banking experience; must have best of references. T 582 Times.

ATTORNEYS.
PERMANENT POSITION
IN OUR CLOSING DEPARTMENT.
We will consider applications of three attorneys who have had extensive experience in closing titles. Apply by letter only, giving digest of activities to date to
TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO.,
176 REMSEN ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography, one acquainted with the routine in heating contractor's office, also as to orders and market and material; real opportunity for right man. Call Saturday, between 2-4 P. M., William Hendricks, 528 East 70th.

BOOKKEEPER, one with general contractor office experience essential; must be accurate and thorough in every detail; state age, experience, salary and qualifications fully, otherwise applications will not be considered. X 2221 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, some knowledge of South American export and import business; salary $30; best reference required. Selma Mercantile Corp., 15 Moore St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, for building company; must be over 30; salary $35 to start; references. Write to Box J. C., 1111 St. Paul Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER—Linen importing house; understand figuring sterling and frame; permanent; excellent opportunity. K 541 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, at least 2 years' experience; state age, experience, nationality, religion and salary expected. W 633 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced and able to handle accounts payable and contractor's ledger; good penman; state salary and references. S 175 Times.

BOYS WANTED.

A large financial institution has openings for a few boys, 17 years of age or over; high school training preferred; all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion and there is opportunity for a good future for any boy who is selected for one of these positions who will show himself to be earnest and industrious. Apply in person between 2 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

BOYS.

The National Surety Company wishes to engage 2 or 3 bright boys, 14 to 16 years of age, for messenger and clerical work; all present openings offer good business futures to boys who are really in earnest. Apply Miss Vieta, 5th floor, 4 Albany St., two blocks west of 115 Broadway.

BOY—An opportunity for the better-than-average boy to start with large cotton converters; Christian concern; opening is in our cashier's department, enabling him to learn our line; starting salary $12. Write us fully about your age, experience, &c. T 533 Times.

BOYS wanted by N. Y. Stock Exchange firm; bright ambitious boys not afraid of work and anxious to learn stock brokerage business; state references and religion. M 905 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 16, wanted as beginners in large downtown marine insurance office; splendid opportunity for advancement for boys seeking future. Inquire Personnel Department, 54 Stone St., New York City.

BOY as messenger wanted by advertising agency in forwarding and delivery department; good chance for bright boy to learn the business. S 1068 Times Annex.

BOY in downtown office of insurance company; apply by letter only, giving full particulars as to religion and experience; $10 to $15 to start. V 889 Times Downtown.

BOYS—We have openings for several bright boys as messengers in the business office of downtown newspaper; salary $10 per week. Apply Mr. Losee, 73 Day St.

BOY, neat appearing, wanted, to assist in showroom and make himself generally useful, $12; hours 9:30 and 9:30. J. & F. Imbrey, 1,182 Broadway.

BOY wanted in office old white goods importing house; American boy, 17 or 18; good penman and references; start at $500 per annum. Dry Goods, X 2261 Times Annex.

BOY in office large Christian wholesale concern; $10 to start; good prospects for the future. Write Boy, 1006 Times Building.

BOYS, general office work; good opportunity with engineering and contracting company. Child & Scott Co., 112 Wooster St.

BOY wanted in law office. Write W 539 Times Downtown.

CLERK — Hotel night clerk, middle aged, Connecticut. Room 905, 149 B'way, after 4 P. M.

COMPOSITOR.

Thoroughly experienced, for the printing department of a large downtown house; only a first-class man on job work need apply. Address

"F. P.," P. O. BOX 822,
CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

COUPLE, white; man, chauffeur; woman, cook and general housewerker; city; Christian family of two; private house; must have good references. Phone Fordham 0074.

CREDIT AND OFFICE MANAGER, department store experience; real opportunity for a capable executive; give details of your experience and salary desired. G 240 Times.

DRAFTSMEN.

Detail and layout men; those with airplane experience preferred.
CURTISS AIRPLANE AND MOTOR CORP.,
GARDEN CITY, L. I.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, competent, independent worker for industrial construction; state experience, salary expected. Vanderbilt 1925, or A 266 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural, wanted, thoroughly experienced; unmarried and willing to go to North Carolina. Call G. H. Bishop, Hermitage Hotel, between 9 and 10 A. M.

DRAFTSMAN (mechanical), quick, accurate worker on jigs and fixtures; references; salary $30-$35. Call Berggreen & Pearson Machine Co., 321-327 Canal St.

DRAFTSMAN with tool layout and small attachment; experienced, also have practical ideas, can develop same, $30. See Mr. Frye, Rapid Addressing, 35 West 22d.

ELECTRICAL ESTIMATORS.

Experienced in house and factory wiring, salary, commission or bonus. Call Goldenberg Brothers, 367 Nostrand Ave.

ELLIOT-FISHER OPERATOR, experienced, who can operate comptometer, familiar with general office routine; state age, experience, salary expected. Write Room 306, 286 5th Av.

ENGINEER-ESTIMATOR, young graduate, in building specialty, Christian office. W 626 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATING clerk, wholesale steam supply jobber; must have actual experience in this line; state age, experience, references and salary. W 611 Times Downtown.

GENTLEMAN with wide acquaintance of best class to secure several gentlemen as house guests from now to June 1st, for an exclusive resort, 90 miles from New York; warm rooms, delicious food, open fire, every comfort; the tired man's opportunity; references required; commission basis. X 2332 Times Annex.

JEWELRY DIE AND HUB CUTTER, one with full knowledge of platinum and white gold ring mountings; only those with experience need apply; salary no object. Write Box 2267, 131 West 33d.

JUNIOR CLERK and office boy; high school graduate; excellent opportunity for alert young man interested in developing along bookkeeping line; salary $14, with special luncheon arrangement. Apply 1067 Times Annex.

LECTURERS on Health, preferably chiropractic doctors, to demonstrate and sell line of physical culture books; commission. Apply in person to Mr. Greene, 10-12 A. M., Health Lecture Store, southeast corner 44th St. and Broadway.

LAPIDARY.

Experienced; must state satisfactory references in application; steady employment for competent man. Box 850, 2501 World Tower Building.

MACHINIST wanted. Wilson Jones Loose Leaf Co., 316 Hudson St., 8th floor.

MECHANICAL AND STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS WANTED
CAPABLE LAYING OUT WORK
SUCH AS CONVEYORS; MACHINE SHOP LAYOUTS; STATE EXPERIENCE; GIVE REFERENCES. X 2265 TIMES ANNEX.

MEN to work extra time evenings and all day Saturday on counter work in radio store. Apply 167 West 125th St.

MILLINERY—Experienced store managers within Greater New York. Box 656, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

OFFICE BOY, steady position; good chance for advancement. Apply in own handwriting, stating salary desired. S 79 Times.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

OFFICE BOY in large advertising agency; good opportunity to learn; and advance. Apply 13th floor, 244 Madison Av.

OFFICE BOY willing to act as messenger; good opportunity for bright, ambitious boy. Call 88 Vesey St., 2d floor.

OFFICE BOY, no experience necessary. Apply Room 805, 37 West 39th.

PHOTOGRAPHER for photo gelatine process; able to retouch his own negatives; steady position to right party; write full information, stating salary, references, &c. Photographer, 814 Kinney Bldg., Newark, N. J.

PHYSICIAN, registered in New York State, to act as medical director of large advertising institution devoted to the treatment of chronic diseases of both men and women; a permanent and excellent opening for man who desires to get out of general practice and enter specialty work; must be of good appearance; a good diagnostician; have had at least ten years of general practice and be able to furnish unquestionable references as to character; state age, number of years in practice and other details in first letter. X 2262 Times Annex.

PORTER and packer, experienced. Golding Fabrics Corp., 295 5th Av.

REAL estate office desires to engage several experienced men of good personality to manage highest class apartment and loft properties; reply in confidence stating age, references and salary expected. K 564 Times.

REAL ESTATE RENTING MAN WITH KNOWLEDGE OF SECTION FROM 14TH TO 42D ST. HEIL & STERN, 1,165 B'WAY.

REPRESENTATIVES of personality, tact and integrity for membership committee of nationally known organization of high standing; attractive income; commission; congenial, permanent position for man of ability; references required. See Mr. Martini, 10 A. M.-1 P. M., week days, except Saturdays, Hotel Ansonia, 74th St. and Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK — Experienced, willing worker; importer millinery goods; good opportunity; state salary, references S 172 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK; must be experienced in shirt line; state experience, reference and salary. W 632 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

An exceptional opportunity for a young man in manufacturing concern of high standing, to work as assistant to editor of house organ; high school education or equivalent; advertising, printing or publishing experience helpful, but not necessary; state age, education, religious experience, if any, and salary desired.

H. S., 980 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, young man possessing clean, aggressive personality, who is not satisfied to do only those things which he is told to do, but who is thinking beyond his own scope for rapid advancement. Call personally between 10 and 11 A. M. Friday morning or telephone for appointment to Mr. Mayer, Industrial Extension Institute, 17 East 45th.

STENOGRAPHER, young man, with knowledge of office detail; unusual opportunity for advancement; Christian firm. Penn Worth 0667 (Mr. Gaines) for appointment.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER wanted, must be capable, thoroughly experienced and conscientious. Apply Sol. Simons, 105 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER in law office; state age, education, experience and salary wanted. J 639 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, wholesale meat and poultry house; must be accurate at figures, furnish references. W 622 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for credit department of commercial banking concern; credit experience not essential. V 878 Times Downtown.

STOREKEEPER — Man experienced in handling printing and stationery supplies to take charge of stock room for large corporation; state experience and salary desired. T 538 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT WANTED—Must have first-class license. Apply J. Romaine Brown, 10 East 43d, mornings.

TEACHERS for Manhattan and Brooklyn; age over 21. Call Room 509, 110 West 40th St.

TOOLMAKER and layout man on small accurate work; $28. See Mr. Frye, Rapid Addressing, 35 West 22d.

TYPIST for position with future; $35 month. Apply Room 1,737, 50 Broad.

YOUNG MAN with ability and ambition desired by Christian real estate firm for a clerical position, but with opportunity for advancement and of learning the business; knowledge of typewriting essential; recent graduate of college or high school preferred. Write, stating education, age, references, previous employ and salary desired. W 607 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, preferably of Stevens or Boston Tech, to join drop forge sales department, with or without experience; state $135 per month to start; state age, whether or not experienced and whether married or single. Address Sale, X2277 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, for a general office position; one who can operate typewriter; give full particulars; wages to start, $20 per week. Westchester Lighting Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

YOUNG MAN, 16 years or over, who desires steady position with Christian publishing house; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, &c. W. D. S., Box 8, Wall Street Station.

YOUNG MAN, about 25 years of age, with at least four years' experience in clerical work; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience and salary expected. M 746 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with some experience to assist in piece goods department large dress house; state full particulars. Box 648, 2501 World Tower Building.

YOUNG MAN, reliable, wide-awake, strong, well recommended, for shipping department and office; chance for advancement; Christian house. K 558 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 16 to 18 years, good penman, for clerical work in importing and converting textile house; answer in own handwriting; salary $15. S 154 Times.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, for stock department in silk house; good chance for advancement; state reference, age and salary desired. S 155 Times.

YOUNG MAN, general office work, automobile insurance company. Reply stating age, education, salary, &c. V 876 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, experienced, for opening and assorting hosiery and underwear in large wholesale house; state age, experience and salary. W 624 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN or boy, ambitious; must be willing worker; export concern; future; state qualifications, salary expected. S 125 Times.

YOUNG MAN, for general office work; beginner considered; state age and salary. L. R., 684 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—Some knowledge bookkeeping preferred; state age, experience, references, nationality, salary. K 669 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, errands, inside work; references required. S 171 Times.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SERVICE or Specialty Salesman—We have an opening for an experienced man to sell an exceptional MAIL SALES PLAN to local manufacturers that will get them results and assure repeat business. This is a permanent connection with an established concern. Right man should earn upward $3,500 on commission basis; minimum guarantee $22.50. Sales Producing Co., 80 East 22d.

ADVERTISING salesman; we want one high type salesman for next week, trip with trainer; high class product men making minimum $200 weekly commission traveling. Pink & Paine, 296 Madison Av.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN Wanted—Exceptional opportunity for wide-awake, ambitious and energetic men; complete instruction in sales school, co-operation and direction by experienced closers; full commissions paid on all sales. See Mr. Kleckner, Willys Overland, Inc., 50th St. and Broadway.

CANDY SALESMEN—Experienced salesmen, with car, to cover retail trade in Greater New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island, Jersey City and Newark; established line; good repeater; salary and commission. Call personally. Ramsay & Becker, 890 McLean Av., at Webster Av., the Bronx.

DRUGS AND COSMETICS.

Salesmen calling on trade, sell side line medium priced compact vanity case; commission basis. O 1166 Times Uptown.

FORD SALESMEN—We have a valuable addition for Ford cars which will assist and not conflict with present work; your remuneration on commission basis will greatly increase your present income. G 451 Times.

HOSIERY and underwear salesman wanted by large wholesale house to sell to retail trade, covering New York City and suburbs; only a high grade man with the actual selling experience in this line need apply; salary or commission; excellent future for right party. A. Stieglitz & Co., 11 Union Square.

PRINTING SALESMAN wanted; leads furnished; straight salary; references. V 860 Times Downtown.

SECURITIES SALESMEN, experienced, on commission; selling definite prospects in paint trade; established dividend paying company; selling plan assures positive sales. Call mornings, 7 Water St., Room 701, near South Ferry.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SHOE SALESMAN

EXPERIENCED with custom work and theatrical, to manage and take charge of store; references required. S. Capezio, 209 West 48th St., N. Y. C.

SALESMANAGER, by manufacturer of highest grade portable electric desk and library lamps; opportunity for right man to take over exclusive distribution for entire metropolitan district. Metcalf Mfg. Co., 466 Ellicott Square, Buffalo, N. Y.

SALESMEN.

Eastern sales office of well known Western Manufacturer wants a few additional high-typed salesmen; product is quick selling office appliance needed in every office; sells at $17.50; on the market 5 years; War Department took entire output during the war; over 60,000 in use in Middle West; Eastern territory practically untouched; no real competition; liberal commission; big earnings and quick results for real action-forcing salesmen. Call between 9-12 A. M., Room 613 Liggett Building, Madison Av. and 42d St.

SALESMEN,
FISHING TACKLE.
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY,
Require the services of thoroughly experienced fishing tackle salesmen.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor.
9 A. M. to 5:30 P. M.

SALESMEN.

The Minneapolis Heat Regulator Company, established 50 years, desirous of adding several salesmen to their local sales force in New York City and suburban territory; we want only high grade men, capable of earning from $2,000 commission a year upward; the article is a high grade nationally advertised household specialty sold direct to the user; sales advertising $100 each; no peddling; state stating experience, previous appointments and what will be made for interview on written application only. Clarence O. Baring, Inc., Grand Central Terminal Bldg., New York City.

SALESMEN—Due to enormous expansion, an internationally known concern manufacturing arch appliances and complete sundry line has a few openings on its sales educational staff; not under 27 years of age, possessing tact and aggressiveness; willing to travel; successful retail experience an asset; permanent connections; unusual opportunity for advancement to those who qualify; salary, commission and bonus arrangement; to secure interview reply in detail, stating age, experience, education, references and salary expected. S 90 Times.

SALESMEN.

Splendid opportunity is open for a few real salesmen of excellent character, reputation and ability to sell our services in the metropolitan district of a large national organization in business over 20 years and with over 300 branches throughout the country; permanent position, with excellent opportunity for a large income on liberal commission basis. Call Room 906, 501 5th Av.

SALESMEN who want to get away from promotion stock can utilize ability more profitably to sell one of reliable house selling a dignified, seasoned specialty; we will go the limit in sales co-operation, leads, &c., if you are five to ten thousand dollar calibre; commission basis. Phone Rector 2472, extension 10.

SALESMEN
for New York City, New York State, Eastern Pennsylvania and Brooklyn, to call upon drug trade with a complete line of toilet articles and family remedies; salary or commission with drawing account; must have experience and references. Write, phone or call. Liberty Drug Co. of N. J., 230 Verona Av., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN—Insurance, 25-50 years of age; real opportunity, not a job, with Equitable Life Assurance Society for gentlemen of high character, looking toward building permanent future; large acquaintance, reference and bond essential; liberal commission basis. Apply 10-12 A. M. Monday, Wednesday or Friday, Room 1018, 120 Broadway, Martin T. Ford, Manager.

SALESMEN—The demand has never been greater for Ford cars and trucks; we are seeking few experienced specialty men to represent us; workers can make real money with New York's most progressive Ford dealer; floor time, Broadway salesroom; commission basis. Fuller-Luce, Inc., 1,847 Broadway.

SALESMAN—New York sales force of an old, well-known lithographic company is going to be increased; to a man who has ability and knowledge of the business in New York territory in the form of labels, folding boxes and advertising work, very profitable opportunity is afforded; salary plus substantial bonus. T 533 Times.

SALESMEN—N. Y. STATE CORPORATION DISTRIBUTING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION HAS OPENINGS FOR MEN WITH SALES RECORDS; EARNINGS RANGE FROM $52 TO $75 A WEEK; LIBERAL COMMISSION; EXPENSES. 40 WEST 39TH ST., 2D FLOOR.

SALESMAN—Manufacturer of nationally known office device has opening in New York sales office for energetic man who has ability to handle side line; exceptional opportunity for man who has not absolutely essential salary basis; reply giving pertinent facts. V 880 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, experienced, for a Buffalo concern; must have thorough knowledge of the instrument business; on a salary and commission basis. K 504 Times.

SALESMAN, hustler, to cover New York City and vicinity, Mazda lamps and other electrical specialties; commission basis, small drawing account. J 633 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, acquainted with leather goods manufacturers; must have following; correspondence confidential; salary and commission. K 675 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN FOR GROWING RADIO CONCERN.

Excellent opportunity to learn the business and grow with it; salary. Apply S 170 Times.

SALESMEN—To sell hardware to hardware stores in New York City and surrounding owns; give full particulars and salary expected. W 603 Times Downtown.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMAN for Christian firm, selling electrical appliances and radio materials; territories, Greater New York; salary, expenses and commission. Applicant must positively be experienced and have a wide acquaintance with radio and electrical trade; only high-grade man with proven ability considered. Betts & Betts Corp., 845 West 43d. Longacre 5150.

SALESMAN, industrial stock, permanent position; better class; experienced; commission. G 488 Times.

SALESMAN, good, for electric signs; salary and commission. Apply all day, J. S. Diamond, 1,008 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, automobile, experienced, over 25 years of age; commission. Willys-Overland, Inc., 2,436 Grand Concourse.

SALESMEN with experience selling automobile accessories; liberal commission. Room 601D, 1,658 Broadway.

SALESMAN—Opportunity for die wiping paper salesman to take attractive side line on commission. V 893 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Carry imprinted pencils, side line; good commission. Hygrade Pencil, 596 Broadway.

HIGH-GRADE SALESMAN

to represent old-established, fair-dealing house of the highest financial standing in doing the basic business in the United States in its line. The man must know millsupplies thoroughly from the jobber's standpoint, preferably from being connected with a jobbing house. This is a real position will be to lay out and sell catalogues, although catalogue or printing experience not essential. A wide acquaintance with jobbers will be of advantage, but would also a knowledge of electrical, plumbing and automobile supplies. There will be much traveling in this position, but many of the calls are made by appointment, and are with the best of jobbing houses. A considerable percentage of the orders will be repeat orders from our present customers, and each sale is large enough to merit careful attention. This is a good, permanent connection. Reply fully in first letter, giving details as to age, education, experience (naming past and present employers) and salary expected. Correspondence considered strictly confidential. Give your telephone number. M 782 Times Downtown.

SOLICITORS wanted to represent a prominent New York evening newspaper; liberal commissions with guaranteed drawing accounts; plenty of territory; positions permanent if you make good; come prepared to go to work at once. Call Room 606, 1,482 Broadway.

HIGH-CLASS SALESMEN
To sell our service to large concerns; only those who are capable of earning large income need apply; commission basis.

SCHMITTBERGER'S
DETECTIVE BUREAU,
512 5TH AV.

SALESMEN—You who are looking to earn large and steady commissions, here is your proposition: A high-grade industrial security backed by positive performance in business and a dividend record of 14 years, is now ready for subscription; line leads furnished. Call after 10 A. M., 132 West 43d St., Room 458.

WANTED—A good salesman for wholesale bakery to sell superior line of bread and rolls to hotel, restaurant and steamship trade; drawing account and commission. Address stating experience, &c., to D. A., 82 Times.

MEN to sell high grade perfumes; commission. Charlotte Gay, 503 5th Av.

Employment Agencies.

MERTON
PLACEMENT ASSOCIATION,
331 Madison Av. Cor. 42d St.

THREE SALESMEN,
not over 30 years and preferably single, highly educated men who have unlimited confidence in their ability to interest executives in a remarkable and going product consisting of topographic photographs applied to Industrial and other uses; civil engineers or surveyors who want to sell, college men who talk well enough to carry important inter-views, otherwise well educated young salesmen who have commanding personality and are forcefully in earnest will find in this an inviting opportunity. Initial activity in new product. Apply; drawing account of $40 a week until efficiently able to go further afield (which may possibly be after a period of from three to four months); A straight selling proposition which has nothing to do with stock promotion; individual interviews given today (Friday) and tomorrow (Saturday). Floaters and drawing account artists will not be interested.

DAWSON & SHELP,
15 East 40th St.

CREDIT MAN, capable of taking full charge; knowledge of export woolens preferred; salary open.

SALESMEN, several, college men preferred; age 30-40; specialty, city and Westchester territory; drawing account. $35-$50; only high type experienced men considered.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager with import house, age 30-35; salary $35-$40.

STENOGRAPHIC secretary, high school, clean cut, age 23-25; good prospects; $25.50.

CLERK in accounting dept. with mercantile concern, good penman; $20.

MUTUAL BUSINESS SERVICE, INC.,
Suite 507, 280 Broadway Cor. Chambers St.

Draftsmen, draftsman, $45-$50; concrete draftsman, $40-$50; arch. draftsman, $30; jr. mech. draftsmen, $25; accountant, general, $35; bkpr.-correspondent, $30-$35; collection correspondent, $120; mgr. traffic clerk, domestic, $30; bkpr., $25; stenographer, $25; clerks, $18.

THE BRENTON COMPANY,
50 CHURCH ST., ROOM 379, 3D FLOOR.

Age 35, thorough accountant, able to handle large office force and supervise the various departments; good personality; salary commensurate.

DEPT. STORE AUDITOR
Must be experienced in this line; $40-$50.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER'S SERVICE,
STENOS.—1 uptown 5th Av.; 1 downtown publisher; H. S. grad.; fine firms; $25 start.

SALESMEN.—Wrapping paper, (N. Y. C.); experience; 30 yrs.; wonderful opportunity; salary and commission.
47 W. 42d St., Room 911. Free registration.

AMERICAN VOCATIONAL EXCHANGE,
170 Broadway.

BANK CLERKS.

JUNIOR STATISTICAL, good penmen, $1,500
CLERKS, 2, Trust Dept.) colleges graduates, untrained ..... $1,500-$1,500
STENOGRAPHERS ..... $22-$25-$30
JUNIOR CLERKS, pages ..... $10 up.

GOTHAM EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
45 PINE ST. BLOCK FROM WALL.

SECRETARY-Stenographer, legal exp. $40-$60
STENOGRAPHER-Sec'y, young man, excellent opp. ..... $30
BOOKKEEPER, firm high standing, advancement ..... $30
BOYS—Brokerage, banks, commercial, $10-$15
MABEL F. CHUMLEY, 26 West 42d Street.

Stenographers, $28; office manager, $60; Underwood bookkeeping operator, $1,800; office boys, $15.
BOOKKEEPERS (10), banks, exp., $1,800 to $1,600. University Employment Bureau, 70 Wall St.

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE, 77 CORTLANDT.
Stenographers, typists, clerks, boys, bank asst. bookkeepers; register free.

## MALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN EMPLOYERS' EXCHANGE, INC.,
Uptown Office,
33 E. 125 & 127 E. 125 ST.
Downtown Office,
115 BROADWAY.

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEER — To $7,800 yr. (must speak Spanish, $4,800 yr. & traveling expen.

DIAMOND TRADER—Experienced in general line of precious and imitation stones. Excellent connection, $5,000 yr.

STAFF ASSISTANT—30-35. Accountant of executive type with diversified exp., possessing analytical and constructive ability, $5,000 yr.

SALES ENGINEER—Unusual opp. for technically trained man with following with architects and contractors, $3,000 yr.

STOCK BROKERAGE ACCOUNTANTS—Thorough all-around brokerage house auditors, $2,600 yr.

LADIES' NECKWEAR BUYER—Wholesale purchasing exp. in this line essential, $2,000 yr.

FOREMAN FOR FIREPROOF DOOR MFGR. —Exp. with fireproof door, window and mesh mfg. essential, $2,000 yr.

STRUCTURAL STEEL DRAFTSMAN—Ability to figure stresses and strains on foundations requisite. Permanent connection, $2,400 yr.

COST ACCOUNTANT—Single man pfd., excellent connection large contracting firm, $2,400 yr.

GENERAL OFFICE MAN—Exp. in steel business with technical knowledge, $2,100 yr.

STENOGRAPHERS—(6), with the finest banking houses; salary in accordance with experience, $20-$35.

BOOKKEEPERS—Several exceptional openings for men with banking exper. or general ledgers, Boston Ledgers, foreign exchange and stock transfer. Salaries in accordance with experience.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly familiar with Foreign Exchange, $30-$35.

JR. ACCOUNTANTS—Public exp. essential; excellent connections, $30.

GENERAL OFFICE MAN & STENO.—Imports and Exports, German-American, $30.

COLLECTION CORRESPONDENT—Installment exper., able to write snappy letters, $30.

LEDGER CLERKS—Excellent penman, accurate and rapid, $30.

STENOGRAPHERS—Exper. in legal work, $30.

SHIPPING CLERK—With exper. in printing line, $30.

BOOKKEEPER—Excellent opening, if some experience handling Trust Fund accounts, $30.

DRAFTSMAN—(20), Residents of Manhattan, Bronx or Upper New York. Experience cable lay-out or street, $27-$30.

CLERK—Exp. cutting and handling silk, $25.

SPANISH-ENGLISH STENO. — Experience, excellent connection, $25.

NIGHT WORK—Underwood bookkeeping beginners. Hours: 6 P. M.-1 A. M. or 1 A. M.-8 A. M., $1,200 yr. Addng. Machine Operators, must have bank experience—2 A. M.-10 A. M., $1,800 yr. Money Counter & rack clerk, exp.—4 P. M.-11:30 P. M., $1,200 yr.

VAULTMAN—(2), 45, must be Italian, some experience, $1,800 yr.

JR. EXECUTIVE—Must live at home and have had good education, preferrably college. This position is one that will positively develop into an executive capacity for right man, $24.

LEDGER CLERKS—(8), Exp., capable, good penman, $20-$25.

CLERKS—(7), Exper., must be energetic and ambitious, future assured, $20-$22.

TYPISTS—(6), Speedy, accurate, $20-$22.

TYPIST-CLERK—Live wire, good future, $18-$20.

JR. CLERKS—(1), Some bookkeeping experience, Columbus Circle, $15-$18. (1), good at figures, fair penman, $15-$16 wk. (1), neat, fair penman, East 176th St., $18.

JR. ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS—(3). Some bank exp., $17-$22.

UNDERWOOD BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR—Beginner, $100 mo.

RUNNERS—Best institutions in the world, $15-$18.

JR. CLERKS—Some banking exp. preferred, $15-$20.

BOYS — BOYS — BOYS

Today is the Day
to get a position where you will be satisfied and where promotion will positively follow good work. We have 37 openings in the VERY BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city; wholesale, cleanout, snappy American boys. UPTOWN & DOWNTOWN, Registration free, $15, $14.

"The AMERICAN is the BIGGEST and the BEST."

JUPP AGENCY, 32 Nassau—Stenographers, bookkeepers, assistants; refined youths; hundreds boys' positions.

BOOKKEEPER, mercantile house..... $35-40
ORDER clerk, experienced ..... $20-$25
National Vocation Agency, 123 Nassau St.

BROADWAY EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
Suite 810, 1,482 Broadway. Bryant 9175.
6 office

## Police Department.

Commissioner Richard E. Enright issued one order, special No. 40, yesterday:

**Pensioned.**

On Police Surgeon's certificate, to take effect 12 M. Feb. 15:

PATROLMEN—Michael Carroll, 1st Precinct, at $1,080 per annum; John W. Dunn, 9th Precinct, at $1,140 per annum; John A. Ryan, 23d Precinct, at $1,140 per annum; George A. Bogart, 58th Precinct, at $1,140 per annum; Joseph E. Maher, 63d Precinct, at $1,140 per annum; Patrick S. Murray, Traffic Precinct D, at $1,140 per annum.

PATROLWOMAN Josephine E. Hogan, 90th Precinct, at $810 per annum.

**Transfers and Assignments.**

To take effect 8 A. M. Feb. 16:

PATROLMEN.

Denis King, from 45th Precinct to 47th; Frederick F. Long, from 68d Precinct to 16th, assignment to mounted duty discontinued; Salvatore Sanitoro, from 79th Precinct to 93, assigned as attendant.

From 10th Inspection District to precincts indicated, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued: Peter F. Lamb, 48; Jerry Marino, 76; Howard J. Smith, 93; George L. Shannon, 96.

From Headquarters Division, office of Chief Inspector to precincts indicated, assignment to duty in plain clothes discontinued: Henry Ergenzinger, 31; John J. Casey, 43.

**Temporary Assignments.**

LIEUTENANTS—From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, Training School, for 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16: James B. Nestor, 13; William McCullen, 31; Cornelius O'Leary, 100.

SERGEANTS—Henry Bauer, 23d Precinct to Headquarters Division, for 13 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 16; John W. O'Brien, 60th Precinct to 7th Inspection District, assigned to signal monitor duty, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 18.

PATROLMEN.

James H. Masterson, 32d Precinct to Detective Division, for 14 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 15; John W. McCann, 47 Precinct, assigned to day tour and excused from reserve duty, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 15; Lawrence W. Powers, 57th Precinct, assigned to foot patrol duty, for 30 days, from 8 A. M., Feb. 12; Edward Foley, 103d Precinct, assigned to tour 12.01 A. M. to 8 A. M., and excused from reserve duty, for 30 days, from 12 P. M., Feb. 14; William Harrer, 112th Precinct to Detective Division, to duty in office of the District Attorney, Queens, for 2 days, from 4 P. M., Feb. 14.

For 13 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 16:

James H. Wayle, 54th Precinct to Headquarters Division, Division of Transportation, to duty at Department Garage; Edward Kupec, 16th Precinct to Motorcycle Squad No. 1, assigned to house duty; Charles H. Stoffers, 25th Precinct to Headquarters Division, training school; Frank L. Hogan, 57th Precinct to Headquarters Division, Boller Squad, assigned to clerical duty; Emil J. Skala, 38th Precinct to Headquarters Division, Division of Transportation, to duty in precinct numeral shop; Charles H. Kunemund Jr., 30th Precinct to Headquarters Division, Division of Transportation, assigned to clerical duty; Peter Reilly, 40th Precinct to 5th Inspection District, assigned to duty in plain clothes; William S. Pell, 53d Precinct to Headquarters Division, chauffeur; James J. Trainor, 53d Precinct to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the fourth Deputy Commissioner; Nicholas A. Grill, 93d Precinct to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the Property Clerk, the Bronx; George Morrison, 109th Precinct to 13th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises; Thomas J. Smith, Traffic Precinct A to Headquarters Division, Quartermaster's Department; John J. Brennan, Traffic Precinct D to Headquarters Division, Division of Transportation to duty at Department Training Stable; Harold L. Nelson, 2d Motorcycle Squad No. 2, to Headquarters Division, training school; William D. Benisch, Headquarters Division, to 8th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises.

From commands indicated to First Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—John Murray, 8; Simon Denker, 13; John A. Ross, 26; Joseph A. Cody, 31; Raymond R. Ames, 43; Daniel Murray, 49; Arthur Henne, 70; Michael Frawley, 87; Robert McGuinness, 91; John Hines, 93; David H. Klerstead, 94; George Kluter, 94; Francis Mercmott, 103; Rudolps Cook, 105; William Nevins, 109; William Bedell, 118, James P. J. Harrington, Traffic A; George F. Morano, Traffic D; Thomas Moffett, H. D.; Dennis O'Connor, 5; Joseph W. Buck, 15; Albert Schobel, 27; James S. Flood, 43; George T. Mulrooney, 46; James J. Fagan, 65; William F. Dickson, 85; Henry Waldheim, 87; Lester Pettigrew, 91; John H. Schutz, 94; Howard J. Sager, 94; Gustave Oeffner, 94; James F. Broderick, 103; Patrick Clancy, 105; Samuel R. DeClue, 118; Joseph H. Gordon, Traffic A; Israel Newman, Traffic B; Charles Gilmore, H. D.; Walter T. Menke, H. D.

From precincts indicated to First Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Frank Hagan, 13; John Fleming, 50; Frederick Faone, 89; Francis J. Wilson, 40; Charles F. Soine, 73.

From precincts indicated to First Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Julian Endres, 1; Dennis J. Malone, 4; Harry G. Bertele, 14; Arthur H. Galvin, 25; Michael Sheehy, 38; George Wagner, 38; John J. Torpey, 85; William Mayer, H. D.; Edward Smith, H. D.; Joseph A. Mannix, H. D.; Bernard Goldman, H. D.; William J. Henry, 4; John Nusbaum, 5; William Gatewood, 16; James Boran, 27; Joseph J. P. Culkin, 37; George J. Borrho, 73; Fred. A. Heilman Jr., 116; Alexander Evans, H. D.; Charles Poss, H. D.; Thomas McCue, H. D.

From precincts indicated to 2d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—John Hiney, 27; George Leis, 53; Frederick Rugies, 65; Denis O'Sullivan, 74; Henry C. Behan, 89; Jeremiah J. McMahon, 93; John Wallace, 95; David Zinnser, 103; Max Isaacson, 45; James L. Clancy, 56; Joseph T. S. Lovett, 74; James J. Naughton, 89; Thomas Harding, 93; Frederick Fleischman, 94; Peter Feranzon, 96.

From commands indicated to 3d Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—George Burgoyne, 14; Alvin Wood, 26; Patrick J. O'Donnell, 31; Charles L. Weise, 32; Morris Friedlander, 39; Eugene J. Rabbeitt, 42; Edward Hoffman, 45; William Kavanagh, 47; Frank A. Linich Jr., 53; William Wagner, 79; Sigmund Lipscher, 83; Rodger Larkin, 109; Francis Murtha, 112; Patrick Dorsey, 113; John Mullahy, 113; Christopher F. Campbell, H. D.; John G. Davis, H. D.; Michael Regan, H. D.; Patrick J. Reid, H. D.; Harry Gerber, H. D.; John A. Gilmore, 29; Charles L. Finch, 31; John E. Stanton, 33; Joseph J. Mealy, 40; George W. Hoffman, 45; William C. McKenna, 45; Samuel Rosenfeld, 47; Richard Hawley, 56; Charles Hawley, 62; Gerald F. O'Connell, 102; Charles Clair, 111; John J. Keyes, 112; Frederick E. Bruns, 113; Thomas E. Shanahan, Tr. B.; James Steinbeck, 113; Timothy Crimmons, H. D.; Edgar McQuade, H. D.

From commands indicated to 4th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Henry Powell, 23; James O'Sullivan, 38; John A. Loughran, 53; John F. Brennecke, 85; Joseph A. Whitmore, 103; James McKenna, H. D.; Charles W. Herold, H. D.; Thomas A. McKay, H. D.; Anthony Capone, H. D.; Daniel Higgins, 42; Aldrich H. Mack, 53; William R. Whittenberg, 96; Joseph McLoughlin, Traffic A; Henry Eberhardt, H. D.; Benjamin Klein, H. D.

From precincts indicated to Fourth Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—James A. Gallagher, 13; John G. P. Schmauder, 26; Eddie Brady, 37; Edward Stauffer, 45; Otto Lissowsky, 56; James McNamara, 57; John P. Hess, 70; Charles W. Brown Jr., 87; Thomas Shanessey, 93; Anthony Stiefvater, 102; William Lederman, 118; Thomas Gaine, 26; Charles E. Queitzsch, 33; Dennis J. Rodgers, 40; Patrick Coggins, 49; John Donnellan, 57; Jeremiah J. Gorman, 57; Edward J. Conroy, 70; George H. McClarey, 87; Albert E. Hazlitt, 91; Warren N. Williamson, 93.

From precincts indicated to Fifth Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Joseph F. Reid, 9; John Daly, 47; James Curran, 50; James J. Ellis, 42; Frank P. Dolan, 49.

From commands indicated to Ninth Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Cornelius J. Dwyer, 46; William Steiger, 82; Leighton Baker, 88; Charles O'Rourke, H. D.; Thomas Heslin, 82; Frank J. Galloway, 83; John J. Joyce, H. D.; Benjamin Jacobs, H. D.

From commands indicated to Tenth Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Robert H. Smallman, 3; George Sullivan, 4; Arthur Cordes, 73; Charles McGowan, 76; James H. Guerin, 77; John Larkin, 78; Daniel L. Smith, 85; August S. Naurod, 85; Louis J. Reichenbach, 91; Frank H. Pennell, 95; Carl P. Buck, H. D.; Charles Isaacson, H. D.; Michael J. Maun, H. D.; Leon G. Mathieu, H. D.; James Carroll, H. D.; Peter Malahan, H. D.; Samuel Christian, 21; George W. Read, 74; George Nuppenau, 76; Timothy J. Murphy, 77; Frank Snyder, 83; William H. Vogel, 85; Thomas J. Cody, 87; Dennis W. Callaghan, 91; Joseph Anokner, 95; Joseph Craig, H. D.; David Levy, H. D.; George Apfel, H. D.; Michael C. Lee, H. D.; Charles R. Johnson, H. D.

From commands indicated to 11th Inspection District, to duty in raided premises—Wilbur J. Trick, 116; John M. Downie, H. D.; William Knapp, H. D.; Frank Carrano, H. D.; John J. Dust, H. D.

From precincts indicated to Motorcycle Squad 1, with bicycle—William C. Marshausen, 50; Charles R. Beach, 50; George Hammond Jr., 70; Joseph Reddy, 111; Eugene McGuire, 50; Frank L. Lauter, born, 53; David Lane, 73; David H. Dick, 112.

From precincts indicated to Detective Division—William F. Dolan, 5; John Reitenberger, 40; William S. Hart, 74; Gustave Boehm, 112; Thomas L. Heenan, 26; Thomas J. Hadney, 46; James Palmer, 101.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division—John E. Livingston, 49; Charles Wilson, 84; Francis Jarczynski, Traffic C; Harry Saltmarsh, 85; Richard J. Flynn, 120.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, Division of Transportation, to duty in Automobile Repair Shop—Alfred Winter, 30; Charles W. Miers, 83; William J. Kehoe, 42; William L. Young, 96.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the Second Deputy Commissioner, assigned to duty in plain clothes—Frederick Nau, 23; Augustus A. Anderson, 96.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to clerical duty in the office of the Chief Clerk: Walter O'Hare, 87; Ernest T. Enck, 94.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in Division of Repairs—George J. Green, 16; Irvin Wyker, 80; Bernard P. Treanor, 85; Frederick Gise, 109; Rowland Osterhaus Jr., 46; Joseph Carr, 83; Thomas C. Glennon, 105.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the Property Clerk, Brooklyn—Thomas Mathewson, 84; Thomas J. Brown, Traffic C.

From commands indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of the Property Clerk, Manhattan—Thomas J. Horgan, 55; John Gibbons, 95; Walter E. Shanland, H. D.; Joseph Englert, 96; Bernard Koenig, 96.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in Bureau of Equipment—Daniel P. Murphy, 74; Christopher J. Henry, Traf. B.

From precincts indicated to Headquarters Division, to duty in office of Special Deputy Commissioner Simon—John J. Ryan, 25; Percival Harmon, 37; Charles E. Foye, 111; Lawrence J. Walsh, 32; John J. McGoey, 104; Daniel R. Christ, 123.

From commands indicated to Headquarters Division, office of Special Deputy Commissioner in charge of traffic, to duty in Traffic Warning Card Bureau—Terence L. Meehan, 27; Philip F. Mahoney, 78; George T. Ryan, 93; Joseph F. Smith, H. D.; Henry Buckley, 70; John Cavanaugh, 79; Harry D. Minner, 118.

PATROLWOMAN—Helen Thomas, Headquarters Division, from Special Duty Division to Special Service Division.

**Assignments Discontinued.**

PATROLMAN John J. Lyons, 50th Precinct, to Headquarters Division, office of the Chief Inspector (temporary), is discontinued from 8 A. M. Feb. 15, 1923.

**Leave With Pay.**

INSPECTOR John F. Sweeney, 11th Inspection District, for 3 days, from 8 A. M. Feb. 14, to be deducted from vacation.

**Leaves Without Pay.**

SERGEANT William O. Jones, 88th Precinct, for 2 days, from 12:01 A. M. Feb. 14.

PATROLMAN David J. Downes, 113th Precinct, for 1 day, from 12:01 A. M. Feb. 15.

**Restored to Duty.**

PATROLMAN Joseph W. Dacey, 14th Precinct, to take effect 12 noon Feb. 13.

**Suspended Without Pay.**

PATROLMAN Jeremiah Drew, 21st Precinct, to take effect 12:40 P. M. Feb. 14.

## Fire Department.

Chief John Kenlon issued this order, Special No. 26, yesterday:

**Promotions.**

Chief of Battalion James W. Hefferman, 1st Division, is promoted to Deputy Chief of Department, at $5,500 per annum, to take effect Feb. 16.

Capt. Anthony Jireck, Eng. Co. 82, is promoted to Chief of Battalion at $4,490 per annum, to take effect Feb. 16.

Lieut. August Voges, H. & L. Co. 140, is promoted to Captain at $3,700 per annum, to take effect Feb. 16.

The following named are promoted to Lieutenant at $3,200 per annum, to take effect Feb. 16—Engineer James A. Walsh (2), Engine 204; Fireman 1st grade Denis W. Lane, Engine 283.

**Assignments.**

To take effect at 9 A. M., Feb. 16:

Deputy Chief of Department James W. Hefferman, 1st Division; Chief of Battalion Anthony Jireck, 32nd Battalion; Captain August Voges, Engine 32; Lieutenants James A. Walsh (2), Engine 160, and Denis W. Lane, Hose 1.

**Pensioned.**

Fireman First Grade William Gillis of Eng. Co. 274, on his own application on an annual pension of $1,140, to take effect from March 1.

Fireman First Grade Lewis Marzullo, of Eng. Co. 5, totally and permanently disqualified for duty after ten years' continuous service, on an annual pension of $1,140, to take effect from Feb. 16.

Fireman First Grade Rudolph H. Frey, of Hook and Ladder Co. 80, totally and permanently physically disqualified for duty after ten years' continuous service, on an annual pension of $1,140, to take effect from Feb. 16.

**Transfers.**

To take effect at 9 A. M., Feb. 16:

Chief of Battalion—Martin Kelly, 32d Battalion to 46th Battalion.

LIEUTENANTS—John R. Harcke, Eng. 160, to H. & L. 23; Frank Brownlee, H. & L. 108, to Eng. 285; Max Vilinsky, Hose 1, to H. & L. 108.

Fireman First Grade—Charles J. Blummert, Eng. 1, to H. & L. 14.

Fireman Second Grade—Harry G. Bush, H. & L. 131, to H. & L. 142.

**Leaves.**

Leave of absence are granted to Lieut. Joseph L. Brady, H. & L. Co. 22, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Feb. 17; Lieut. John J. Ryan (2), Eng. Co. 60, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Feb. 18; Fireman Joseph P. Carson, H. & L. Co. 42, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Feb. 18; Fireman Martin Mannion, Eng. Co. 10, for 9 hours, from 9 A. M., Feb. 16; Fireman Joseph W. Barker Jr., Eng. Co. 10, for 15 hours, from 6 P. M., Feb. 18.

## Wills for Probate.

**New York.**

AGRAMONTE, ENRIQUE VALORIANO (Dec. 4)—Estate of over $500 to wife, Justa A., executrix.

BALDWIN, HENRY H. (Dec. 30)—Residue of estate of $500 to Earnest M. Grilley, executor; Walter F., brother, $1.

CARLL, ADDISON B. (Jan. 31)—Guaranty Trust Co. is executor and trustee of estate of not over $1,000. To Lucie, wife; Marianna and Ianthe, sisters; Fred, brother, and Seymour, nephew.

CARROLL, MARY (Feb. 8)—Residue of estate of about $60,000 to cousin, Rev. Timothy J. Hurley; Olivia Bleck, and Annie McCormack, $25,000. Richard Kelly is executor.

COVELL, ANNIE T. (Jan. 2)—Estate upward of $5,000 in real and upward of $500 in personal property, to Carrie L., sister, executrix.

GARTLAND, MARIE T. (Jan. 13)—Estate of not over $1,000 in trust for Bernard J., son. Ellen Kelly is executrix.

LIEB, MAGDALENA (Jan 25)—Estate of over $100,000 to children, Charles Lieb and Edith L. Hartshorn, executors.

MAAS, WILLIAM (Feb. 7)—Life estate of $150,000 to wife, Julia; remainder to children, Albert and Lawrence, executors.

NAGEL, FERDINAND (Feb. 8)—Estate of about $1,500 to wife, Minnie, executrix.

PREISER, JOSEPH (Feb. 11)—Estate over $10,000 in real and over $5,000 in personal property. To Edna, daughter, executrix, $1,000; Julius and Henry, sons, each $100; residue to wife, Annie.

**Kings.**

ANTHONY, GRACE VIRGINIA (Jan. 29)—Estate over $6,500, to Julia Brown Anthony, sister, executrix.

O'NEILL, MICHAEL (Jan. 26)—Estate over $10,000, to widow, Anna O'Neill, executrix.

**Queens.**

HARMON, BERTHA, Woodhaven (Jan. 1), Estate, $8,000 real and $2,500 personal property. To brother, Charles Schledinger of Staten Island, $500; brothers August Schledinger of 8,930 Eighty-fifth Street, Woodhaven, and William Schledinger of Philadelphia, Pa., property at 18 Ryder Ave., Rockaway Beach—in case of death of Mary, nephew of John and Henry, residue to sister-in-law, Rose Schledinger, of 8,930 Eighty-fifth Street, Woodhaven. Henry G. Schledinger is executor.

WELCH, HENRY, Hollis (Jan. 10). Estate, $5,000 real and over $5,000 personal property to the widow, Margaret Welsch of 18,818 Jamaica Ave., Hollis, executrix.

STEPHANOU, ANNA, Long Island City (Jan. 8). Estate, over $1,000 real and over $20,000 personal property. Funeral not to cost over $1,000. To nephew and niece, Johannes and Clara Laube, of 208 Barclay St., Long Island City, $1,000 each; brother, Hugo Laube, of Germany, $3,000; to the nephews and nieces, Paul Laube, Frieda Laube, Frieda Felix, Martha Laube, Bertha Laube, Ewald Laube, all of Germany, $1,500 each; brother, Paul Laube and niece Helen Arit, both of Germany, $2,000 each; friends, Margaret Reyesen of 42 Jamaica Ave., Long Island City, and Louis Bertram, of 153 Jamaica Ave., Long Island City, $200 each; sister-in-law, Louise Laube of Lancaster, Pa., $1,500; Lenox Hospital of Manhattan, $500; Ottilie Orphan Home, Jamaica, $500; Bethlehem Orphans' Home and Half Orphans' Asylum of Fort Wadsworth, S. I., $500; Queenser Frauenbund of Long Island City, $200; town of Sagen, Germany, $500 for use in orphan asylum, and $500 for the Home for Aged, there; residue, one-tenth to Johannes Laube and Clara Laube; one-fifth to Hugo and Paul Laube, and one-fifteenth to Helena Arit, Martha, Bertha and Ewald Laube. Edward Links of 377 Pine St., Brooklyn, and Edmund Schaller of Long Island City, are executors.

## Army Orders and Assignments.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The War Department published the following orders today:

**Quartermaster Corps:**

Neill, Lt. Col. W. H., to Ft. D. A. Russell.
Heidt, Lt. Col. G. V., promoted to Col.
Neill, Maj. W. H., promoted to Lt. Col.
Capts. Wood, C. S.; Middleton, C. L., to Camp Devens.
Gamble, 1st Lt. J. C. L., to San Francisco; sail about April 17 for Honolulu.

**Field Artillery.**

First Lts. Bragg, C. H.; Knight, P. R.; Smith, De W. C., Jr., are promoted to be Capts.
Thompson, 1st Lt. J. L., to home and await retirement.

**Air Service.**

Brown, 1st Lt. G. H., to Chanute Fld.
Maughan, 1st Lt. R. L., to advanced flying school Kelley Fld.

**Miscellaneous.**

Crowder, Maj. Gen. E. H., Jr. Adv. Gen., is retired, upon his own application, after more than 41 years' commissioned service.
Lyman, Maj. A. K. B., C. of E., to duty in ofce. of Chf. of Engrs.
Blackburn, 1st Lt. F. R., sail from San Francisco about Feb. 20 for Manila.
Nygaard, Capt. J. R., C. A. C., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

**Leave.**

Ross, 1st Lt. E. S., Inf., 1 mo. ext.

## Marine Corps Orders.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The Marine Corps Headquarters published the following orders today:

Feb. 8—Hopkins, 2d Lt. C. D., hon. discharged from Mar. Corps. Res.
Feb. 9 and 10—No orders issued.
Feb. 12—Crabbe, Capt. W. L., to navy yard, N. Y., upon discharge from Nav. Hosp., Washington; McKittrick, 2d Lt. C. L., to Quantico, Va.
Feb. 13—No orders issued.
Feb. 14—Rorex, Maj. A. D., to Quantico; Shurtleff, Capt. H. V., to destr. base, San Diego; Leighley, 2d Lt. H. M. appointed 2d Lt. and assigned to duty at Quantico.

## THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 15.—A storm of marked intesity which developed off the North Atlantic Coast during Wednesday moved rapidly northeastward to Newfoundland, attended by northwest gales along the Atlantic Coast from Cape Hatteras northward, the highest wind velocity reported being 72 miles an hour at New York City. Pressure has remained abnormally high over Alaska, Western Canada, and the greater part of the United States, and the highest barometer reading Thursday night was 31.16 inches, at Medicine Hat, Alberta.

Generally fair weather has prevailed during the last twenty-four hours, except for local rains in Texas and Southern New Mexico and local snows in the North Atlantic States, the lake region, Washington and Western Montana. The temperature continued to fall Thursday in the Southern States and in the Atlantic States, while there was a reaction to somewhat higher temperature in the Missouri Valley, the plains States and the Rocky Mountain region. However, temperatures were much below normal Thursday throughout the United States and Southern Canada, except from Wyoming and Colorado, westward and southwestward to the Pacific Coast.

Storm warnings were displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Delaware Breakwater to Nantucket, Mass.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

| Station. | High. | Low. | Temperature. Barom-eter. | Rain-fall. | Weather. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Abilene | 30 | 26 | 30.36 | .28 | Rain |
| Albany | 20 | 10 | 30.10 | .. | Clear |
| Atlantic City | 28 | 20 | 30.16 | .. | Clear |
| Baltimore | 24 | 16 | 30.30 | .. | Clear |
| Bismarck | 0 | —18 | 30.92 | .. | Cloudy |
| Boston | 24 | 10 | 29.94 | .. | Clear |
| Buffalo | 16 | 4 | 30.30 | .02 | Clear |
| Cincinnati | 22 | 6 | 30.60 | .. | Clear |
| Charleston | 58 | 40 | 30.30 | .. | Clear |
| Chicago | 12 | —4 | 30.62 | .. | Clear |
| Cleveland | 12 | 8 | 30.46 | .. | Cloudy |
| Denver | 46 | 12 | 30.50 | .. | Clear |
| Detroit | 12 | 4 | 30.46 | .. | Clear |
| Galveston | 56 | 48 | 30.52 | .. | Cloudy |
| Helena | 26 | —10 | 30.62 | .. | Cloudy |
| Jacksonville | 62 | 44 | 30.34 | .. | Clear |
| Kansas City | 24 | 6 | 30.72 | .. | Clear |
| Los Angeles | 74 | 50 | 30.16 | .. | Clear |
| Milwaukee | 6 | —8 | 30.58 | .. | Clear |
| New Orleans | 60 | 46 | 30.50 | .. | Cloudy |
| Minneapolis | 4 | .. | 30.66 | .. | Cloudy |
| St. Paul | 4 | .. | 30.66 | .. | Cloudy |
| New York | 22 | 12 | 30.12 | .. | Clear |
| Oklahoma | 34 | 16 | 30.06 | .. | Clear |
| Philadelphia | 24 | 16 | 30.20 | .. | Cloudy |
| Pittsburgh | 12 | 8 | 30.16 | .. | Clear |
| Portland, Me. | 20 | 2 | 29.90 | .. | Clear |
| Portland, Ore. | 28 | 18 | 30.34 | .. | Cloudy |
| Salt Lake City | 36 | 22 | 30.50 | .. | Clear |
| San Antonio | 44 | 38 | 30.58 | .78 | Rain |
| San Diego | 64 | 48 | 30.14 | .. | Clear |
| San Francisco | 60 | 46 | 30.24 | .. | Cloudy |
| Seattle | 44 | 30 | 30.16 | .. | Cloudy |
| St. Louis | 24 | 8 | 30.72 | .. | Clear |
| Washington | 24 | 16 | 30.30 | .. | Clear |

*Western Pennsylvania*—Continued cold and generally fair Friday and Saturday, except snow flurries near Lake Erie.

*Western New York*—Mostly cloudy and continued cold Friday and Saturday; probably light local snows.

*Southern New England, Eastern New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Eastern Pennsylvania*—Fair and continued cold Friday and Saturday.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.

*Official Temperatures.*

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 AM | 15 | 12 | M | 17 | 6 | PM 17 |
| 6 AM | 14 | 1 | PM | 18 | 7 | PM 17 |
| 8 AM | 13 | 2 | PM | 19 | 8 | PM 17 |
| 9 AM | 15 | 3 | PM | 19 | 9 | PM 16 |
| 10 AM | 16 | 4 | PM | 19 | 10 | PM 15 |
| 11 AM | 17 | 5 | PM | 18 | 11 | PM 14 |

Average temperature yesterday, 17.
Average same date last year, 31.

Barometer, 30.07 at 9 A. M.; 30.12 at 8 P. M.
Humidity, 76 at 8 A. M.; 48 at 8 P. M.
Wind at 8 A. M., northwest, velocity 36 miles; at 8 P. M., northwest, velocity 56 miles.
Weather, clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

## Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.
12:05—2,163 Grand Concourse, extended to 2,161-2,165 ..... Not given
2:55—59 St. and 1 Av.; (auto), Dept. Street Cleaning ..... Not given
7:20—414 W. 36 St.; Alexander Fischer ..... Not given
11:30—73½ Columbia St.; Meyer Reiss ..... Not given
11:50—532 E. 149 St.; Louis Basliatik ..... Not given

P. M.
12:45—137 Greene St.; American Hat Co. ..... Not given
12:50—255 W. 144 St.; Edward Menzie ..... Not given
1:20—205 W. 118 St.; Josephine Townsend ..... Not given
2:00—11 Whitehall St.; F. J. Kelly ..... Not given
3:45—112 7 Av.; Granders Express ..... Not given
3:45—1,353 Park Av.; David Lubarsky ..... Not given
3:55—247 W. 37 St.; Jesse Benjamin ..... Not given
4:20—698 E. 138 St.; Max Zimmer ..... Not given
4:40—160 St. and St. Nicholas Av.; Meyer Stinson ..... Not given
5:00—1,653 Nelson Av.; Charles Watason ..... Not given
5:50—65 Bleecker St.; Sullivan & Sullivan ..... Not given
6:15—25 W. 104 St.; U. Donahue.. Not given
6:45—16 Dominick St.; A. W. Parsons ..... $300
6:45—Foot of Sound View Av.; Anthony Foth ..... Not given
7:10—1,403 Av. A.; William Kaiser ..... Not given
8:20—535 Broadway; Benjamin Badian ..... Not given
9:00—801 Lexington Av.; not given ..... Not given
9:20—225 E. 46 St.; not given ..... Not given
9:30—35 W. 118 St.; not given ..... Not given
10:00—31 Leroy St.; not given ..... Trifling
10:30—45 E. 7 St.; Max Rossman ..... Not given
10:45—Baxter St.; L. Dinhofer ..... Not given
11:20—649 E 9 St.; M Tannenbaum ..... Not given

## Estates Appraised.

**New York.**

BOCHMANN, PAUL G. (April 1, 1914)—Charles F. Bochmann, executor of estate of $179,976, of which $111,302 was the value of 236 shares of stock in F. A. Bochmann & Co., Inc., dealers in dress goods. The estate went to five brothers and a cousin.

BLANCHARD, ALBERT H. (June 15, 1921)—Abby F. Means, cousin, is executrix and got $1,401,848 and the residue of $57,000, including which $1,285,798 was in securities. The other bequests were $10,000 each to the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, the Massachusetts Home Missionary Society and the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church, and $5,000 to Mount Holyoke College. He died at the age of 82 and was a banker in Richmond, Ind., when he retired twenty-five years ago.

CHAPMAN, WILLIAM FLEMING (July 15, 1922)—Margaret, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $45,958.

CLARK, FANNY M. (March 17, 1922), resident of Morristown, N. J.—Katherine C. Bagot, daughter, is executrix and gets the bulk of the estate of $244,280.

DANVERS, WILLIAM H. (March 22, 1921)—Robert E. Braddy executor of estate of $27,605, which went to widow, Josephine.

FARRELL, HENRY M. (Aug. 29, 1922)—Edna F. Sanderson, daughter, is executrix and gets shares the estate of $16,754 with two other daughters.

GALLAGHER, JOHN (May 4, 1922)—Catherine, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $25,832.

GOEBEL, FREDERICK (April 6, 1922)—Henry F. Goebel, executor of estate of $114,545, going to widow, son and daughter. His interest in S. & F. Uhlmann, hops, was worth $4,150. He had Liberty bonds worth $69,700.

HOBERG, MAX (March 30, 1920)—Bertha A., widow, gets the bulk of $59,862 estate, and after her death it goes to her daughter.

LANDSBERG, JULIUS (Nov. 30, 1920), resident of New Jersey—Adele, widow, executrix, gets a life interest in the entire estate, after which it goes to a second daughter. The New York estate consisted of his raw feather business at 23 West Thirty-sixth Street, worth $19,540.

LEHR, EDWARD (April 26, 1922)—Jennie, widow, is executrix and gets the estate of $5,311.

ROECK, ROSALIE (Sept. 20, 1922)—William Heymann, brother-in-law, is executor and gets the estate of $10,681.

ROMM, ABRAHAM (Aug. 24, 1921)—Nehemiah Romm is executor of estate of $88,597, going to the widow, son and three daughters.

SCHOLES, JOHN (Dec. 13, 1918)—Dorothy A. Scholes, administratrix of the estate of $55,421, going to son and three daughters.

SHINS, ISAAC O. (April 6, 1922)—Frances E., widow, executrix, gets the estate of $42,164.

WEIL, HENRIETTE (Nov. 30, 1918)—Joseph S. Auerbach, executor of estate in solvent bequine, while the assets were $10,872, the deductions were $11,073.

**Kings.**

CUNNINGHAM, ELIZABETH (Sept. 16, 1921). Net estate, $17,285.11. To Charles H. Nowak, grandson, $12,735.11; St. Agnes's Roman Catholic Church, Brooklyn, $500. Other beneficiaries are nieces, nephews and friends.

DONOVAN, RICHARD J. (June 25, 1920). Net estate, $42,938.50, the bulk, corporate stocks and bonds, appraised at $38,001.25. All to widow, Celestine P. Donovan.

EBERLE, MARY A. (Aug. 28, 1922). Estate, $23,579.14, in equal shares to three sons and one daughter.

HARRINGTON, CATHERINE (Feb. 16, 1922). Estate, $5,811, to six children.

LYONS, CATHERINE J. (Jan. 24, 1922). Estate, $5,750.61, to sister, Anna V. Lyons; Alice Murphy, niece, and a grandniece and a grandnephew.

PHYFE, ELIZABETH M. (April 21, 1922). Estate, $9,618.40, to niece, Ella Phyfe. Margarge Cara Coit Portugal is executrix.

RATHBUN, FREDERICK (April 14, 1921). Estate, $12,012.93, to widow, Deborath Rathbun, and seven children.

SPENCER, ALFRED (Aug. 30, 1921). Estate, $2,758.95, to Margaret Spencer, widow, and three children.

THIEL, LEOPOLD (May 23, 1922). Estate, $8,329.96, to five children in equal shares. Paul and Richard Thiel, sons, are executors.

WILDER, LEONARD G. (March 5, 1917). Estate, $4,121.00, to widow, Letitia Wilder, executrix.

# SHIPPING AND MAILS

**THE TIDES.**

| | Sandy Hook. | | Governors Island. | | Hell Gate. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| High water | 6:05 | 6:30 | 8:59 | 9:01 | 10:46 | 11:09 |
| Low water | 1:59 | 2:28 | 2:31 | 3:00 | 4:53 | 5:15 |

**THE SUN.**

| Rises. | Sets. |
|---|---|
| A. M. | P. M. |
| 5:32 | 5:31 |

## Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

**ARRIVED YESTERDAY.**

| Steamer. | From. | Sailed. |
|---|---|---|
| Munargo | Nassau | Feb. 12 |
| Montserrat | Barcelona | Jan. 25 |
| Tivives | Kingston | Feb. 10 |
| Fort St. George | Bermuda | Feb. 13 |

**DUE TODAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Araguaya | Bermuda | Feb. 12 |
| Mount Carroll | Hamburg | Jan. 31 |
| Samland | Antwerp | Jan. 31 |
| Vasari | Barbados | Feb. 9 |
| Panama | Cristobal | Feb. 9 |
| Mongolia | Hamburg | Feb. 1 |
| President Monroe | London | Feb. 3 |
| Empress of Britain | Nassau | Feb. 12 |
| Saturnia | Moville | Feb. 4 |

**DUE TOMORROW.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| France | Plymouth | Feb. 11 |
| Lapland | Southampton | Feb. 7 |
| Saxonia | Cherbourg | Feb. 2 |
| Roussillon | Havre | Feb. 3 |

**DUE SUNDAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Berengaria | Southampton | Feb. 10 |
| Rosalind | St. John's | Feb. 10 |
| America | Bremen | Feb. 7 |
| Volendam | Rotterdam | Feb. 7 |
| Prins F. Hendrik | Port au Prince | Feb. 13 |

**DUE MONDAY.**

| Steamer. | From. | Sailed. |
|---|---|---|
| Southern Cross | Rio Janeiro | Feb. 7 |
| Calamares | Port Limon | Feb. 12 |
| Fort Victoria | Bermuda | Feb. 17 |
| Bogota | Kingston | Feb. 12 |
| Porto Rico | San Juan | Feb. 12 |
| Philadelphia | Curacao | Feb. 13 |
| Frederik VIII. | Christiania | Feb. 6 |
| Celtic | Liverpool | Feb. 10 |

**DUE TUESDAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Michael | Mansos | Feb. 3 |
| President Van Buren | London | Feb. 10 |
| Esparta | Tsia | Feb. 13 |

**DUE WEDNESDAY.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Adriatic | Monaco | Feb. 8 |
| Mayarbo | Trinidad | Feb. 12 |
| Orca | Cristobal | Feb. 6 |
| Guiana | Barbados | Feb. 12 |

## Other Incoming Steamships

**ARRIVED YESTERDAY.**

| Steamer. | From. | Sailed. |
|---|---|---|
| Verona | Kingston | Feb. 6 |
| Elizabeth Maersk | Santiago | Feb. 5 |
| Mirjam | Saloniki | Jan. 27 |
| Pinar del Rio | Cardenas | Feb. 9 |
| Elkton | Hamburg | Jan. 23 |
| Toriid | Guantanamo | Feb. 8 |
| Steel Scientist | Philadelphia | Feb. 13 |
| Santiago

# BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

*Rate 15 cents per word.*

**Bank and business references required under this classification.**

## CAPITAL TO INVEST.

WANTED—Select New York City school for girls; must be on paying basis and absolutely first class; party have Philadelphia school they wish to conduct in connection with a New York school; one where music predominates preferred. X 2330 Times Annex.

APPLICATIONS invited for short time secured loans; $25,000, $100,000 Notes, Trade Acceptances bought. Call 11 Wall St., Suite 1706

HAVE managed manufacturing concerns for banks and creditors' committees; would like to represent bank in similar capacity or make investment in going concern needing my services. D 465 Times.

COLLEGE man, Christian, 29, foreign language; will invest $1,500-$2,000 with services in paying business. A 246 Times.

HAVE substantial cash for good restaurant proposition; full details first letter; confidential; no agents. K 801 Times Downtown.

CHEMICAL ENGINEER will invest and be active in manufacturing business. A 245 Times.

## CAPITAL WANTED.

AN established, growing business wants to borrow small amount of money on good collateral; we will pay 10 per cent. and guarantee security; this proposition will stand the closest investigation. X 2328 Times Annex.

ESTABLISHED business, splendid future ahead, needs active partner with $10,000; work requires some interest in scientific and biological fields, and in open-air life and traveling; highest references required. D 461 Times.

ADDITIONAL capital wanted for good going manufacturing plant making easily marketable merchandise; good profit; capital required, no less than $50,000, more preferred; would also consider inactive partner. D 41 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

MILLINERY school, established, with limited clientele, but with unlimited possibilities, is desirous of procuring capital for expansion; practically no competition. V 860 Times Downtown.

NOW ON VIEW, INVENTIONS SHOW, Booth 50, Grand Central Palace, practical, universally needed appliances; limited capital required; visit at show or write Stanzi, 828 East 79th St., City.

WILLING to sell or partner wanted for a cloak and dress retail store; small investment; good opportunity for right party; good business section. Information, call Watkins 9611.

CORPORATIONS and manufacturers desiring to broaden their operations should exhibit their patents at Inventions and Investments Exposition, Suite 1108, Grand Central Palace.

EXECUTIVE — SPLENDID POSITION AVAILABLE FOR MAN OF BUSINESS STANDING AND $5,000 RESOURCES; INVESTMENT SECURED. K 561 TIMES.

EIGHT PER CENT. paid on loans of $100 to $5,000. Repayment guaranteed by rated financial institution. G. P. O. Box 498.

GENTLEMAN who can invest $2,500, as office manager, wanted; money secured. K 494 Times.

## BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

PAPER BOXES.

Salesman, now selling paper to the best accounts in New York, can take line of medium priced paper boxes, on commission for reliable house. D 47 Times.

EXPERIENCED business man, officer in two corporations, desires active association in going business with view of investment should connection prove agreeable. K 544 Times.

PARTNERS WITH CAPITAL procured for manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers; no charge unless successful. Carter's Exchange, 9 Delancey. Orchard 2674.

CHEMICAL CONSULTATIONS, research, analyses; manufacturing assistance; formulas, processes; reliability. Lex Chemical 273 Pearl St.

SALES AGENCY wants additional line, Greater New York territory; canvassing considered; commission basis. K 527 Times.

AGENTS with downtown office will consider sound proposition without investment. 13 Times, 165 Broadway.

PATENTS and inventions wanted at the Inventions and Investments Show. Suite 1108 Grand Central Palace.

LATHE, 13 in. swing with motor attachment to rent. Invention Exposition Booth 50, Grand Central Palace.

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, at substantial discount, $50,000 8 per cent. first mortgage on active, producing industrial plant located on Hudson, valued and appraised at over $200,000; present holder of mortgage will invest proceeds of sale in additions and improvements to property. For details address Attorney, 1102 Brokaw Building, New York City.

RESTAURANT for sale near Broad and Market Sts., Newark; seating capacity of 200; doing good business; long lease, cheap rental; can be bought reasonably; party wishes to restire. For information inquire THE WASHINGTON REALTY CO., 186 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J. PHONE MITCHELL 3765.

FOR SALE—A fair-sized novelty, pin and fastener manufacturing plant; factory well located for labor and market conditions; this is an excellent business opportunity. Address communications care of X 2315 Times Annex.

FOR SALE—Shoe store and shoe repairing place; Landis machinery; leased and cheap rent; must sacrifice. 361 Plainfield Av., Plainfield, N. J.

GARAGES, all sizes, all sections, under construction or established, $5,000 and upward required. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

TEA ROOM, near 5th Av.; long lease; money maker; sacrifice, $3,500, account death. Crowe, Room 610 Times Building.

RETAIL STORE, perfumery, sporting goods, &c.; best downtown location; rent reasonable; lease. M 728 Times Downtown.

DRY GOODS, large corner store, live business street; Jersey City; populated neighborhood; price $10,000. X 2378 Times Annex.

GARAGE, Manhattan; 130 cars; now 96; average $20; owner sells; cash required $8,000. M 744 Times Downtown.

CANDY, soda and ice cream store in the very best location in New Haven; long lease. A. Podoloff & Sons, New Haven, Conn.

CORSET and ladies' specialty shop for sale, best location on West 125th St. B 1006 Times Harlem.

BUTCHER STORE, retail, for sale. Inquire E. Schneider, 322 16th St., West New York, N. J.

GARAGE, Yorkville, 100x100, commercial filled; $4,000 required. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

FUR STORE, shopping location; real opportunity; investigate. K 479 Times.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

BARBER SHOP for rent, high class hotel; completely furnished, ready for business; reasonable. T 521 Times.

WANT DEPARTMENT STORE; Have $25,000 cash. W 564 Times.

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EMERGENCY LOANS to automobile owners at once; confidential; representative calls. Bryant 2385.

CONFIDENTIAL loans, 2d mortgages, accounts receivable, jewelry, other collateral. Suite 709, 3 West 29th.

LOANS on machinery, second mortgage, &c. Wlodaver, 250 Grand St. Canal 8276-4490.

# WAR ON MOSQUITOS CUTS DOWN MALARIA

**Miami, Fla., With 500 Cases in 1921, Vanquished Disease in a Year of Insect Destruction.**

## DUCKS HELP KILL PESTS

**Traps Also Used, but Bat Roosts Are Not Worth While, Convention Is Told.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 15.—Hundreds of communities are busy undertaking malaria control, with the State of Alabama in the lead, asserted J. A. Laprince, senior sanitary engineer of the United States Public Health Service today before the tenth annual convention of the New Jersey Mosquito Extermination Association at the Ambassador Hotel. Mr. Laprince was responsible for the extermination of the malaria mosquito in the Panama Canal Zone under General Gorgas. "In many cases," he said, "the county health officers get the adjacent property owners to agree to pay their pro rata share of a drainage system. Two large railroad systems are paying out funds for malaria control as a business investment.

Traps are being effectively used for mosquitoes, according to Dr. Leland O. Howard, chief of the Bureau of Entomology of the United States Department of Agriculture.

"A wooden skeleton of a box," he said, "with a hinged lid is covered with mosquito netting, and this skeleton box is put inside an open top wooden box painted black inside. At night the hinged top of the inner box is left open, and in the morning, when the mosquitos have settled down, the hinged lid is closed and fastened."

Contrary to the rapidly spreading opinion that bat roosts are an aid toward the extermination of mosquitos, Dr. Howard told the delegates that they were of no use, at least in New Jersey.

"Ducks," he said, "have been found to be more useful in mosquito destruction than fish. Wilton Lockwood, a well-known Boston artist, who, as a pastime raised ducks at his country place, told me that the spoon-bill duck was a great destroyer of mosquito larvae; that its bill was so formed as to enable it to catch them much more easily than could any other duck."

Dr. Howard pointed out that in Southern States great strides had been realized in the elimination of malaria by the destruction of the mosquito, citing Miami, Fla., as an example. In 1921, 500 cases of malaria were reported, but in 1922, by the adoption of anti-mosquito methods, the disease was practically non-existent.

## TROTZKY SEEKS WAR PLANT.

**Will Present a Plan to Build Up Iron and Steel Industry.**

MOSCOW, Feb. 15 (Associated Press). Trotzky is turning his ability for organization to the task of preparing a plan for the rehabilitation of Russia's iron and steel and mining industries.

The plan will be submitted to the Congress of the Communist Party next month. It is principally designed to bring about quick resumption of the manufacture of peacetime machinery, but the War Minister, in common with the other Soviet leaders, has shown by his writings that he accepts the theory that any nation's success in war depends upon its metal output.

In an article in the press outlining the problems and future of the Red Army, which in a few days will observe its fifth anniversary, Trotzky declares that Russia's problem now is to put her military industry in an especially favorable situation. He points out that while she formerly relied upon her allies for technical assistance, she can no longer depend upon the outside world, which is "capitalistic and inimical."

He also urges the strengthening of the air service.

"The Red Army is not the necessity merely of a year or five years," he says, "for the revolutionary movement and the epoch of imperialistic wars will continue, not for months and not for years, but for decades, embracing the world after short breathing spaces with new and heavier sickening spasms."

During these breathing spells, he indicates, the Rey Army should prepare seriously and permanently.

## ANNULS HIS CITIZENSHIP.

**Judge Hand Acts on the Case of C. F. Bertelli.**

Federal Judge Learned Hand canceled the naturalization certificate of Charles Filippo Bertelli, a newspaper correspondent, yesterday on the ground that the condition on which it had been obtained had not been observed. The motion for annulment was made by Assistant United States Attorney Herman L. Falk.

The complaint set forth that Bertelli's naturalization certificate was issued Dec. 11, 1919, and that Bertelli had violated the requirement that a naturalized citizen should live five years continuously in the United States. Therefore, it was argued, Bertelli had obtained the certificate of naturalization by fraud and misrepresentation. Bertelli failed to answer the complaint. He is now in Paris, it is said, for a New York newspaper. The order of the Court forever bars Bertelli from any rights or claims of an American citizen.

# SEEKS SUPERVISION OF HOMES FOR GIRLS

**Community Club Report Calls Housing Facilities Here Exceedingly Bad.**

## AN EFFECT OF HIGH RENTS

**Speakers at Association Meeting Urge Standardization of City's Rooming Houses.**

The Association to Promote Proper Housing for Girls, held its annual meeting yesterday, at the Girls' Community Club Marshall, 109 East Thirtieth Street, where Miss Cornelia E. Marshall, President, read the anual report and stated that the housing facilities for girls in New York was exceedingly bad.

"What is needed," said Miss Marshall, "is the standardization of the numberless rooming houses in the city, through proper supervision. A survey made by the bureau staff proved the desirability of supervised rooms, since all of those visited, with one exception, were unsuitable, but with proper control would have been to the contrary. High rents have brought about the two and three-room apartments and the crowding of these beyond their capacity. Such apartments are usually provided with badly arranged kitchenettes, and are often over stores where there may be inflammable material. There are at present no provisions compelling fire escapes or other adequate fire protection on such buildings."

Miss Marshall quoted figures of the United States Census Bureau showing the number of women and girls living in Manhatan as 945,400, of which 342,518 are gainfully employed, a percentage of one wage-earning woman in less than three in Manhattan. She said that the average in the rest of the country was one woman or girl wage earner in every five.

A letter from George Gordon Battle, Chairman of the Advisory Committee of Purchase of the club, emphasized the educational value of the club's work and told of the general interest aroused by the press in housing facilities for girls.

Mrs. Frederick L. Pease, Secretary of the Church Mission of Help; Mrs. Charles Schank of the Hostess Club, and John J. Murphy, Secretary of the Tenement House Committee of the Charity Organization Society, spoke on the activities of the club and urged standardization of rooming houses.

# BLAMES ONE WOMAN FOR MESOPOTAMIA

**London Paper Says Miss G. L. Bell Is Responsible for British Commitments.**

LONDON, Feb. 15.—British commitments in Mesopotamia, which long have been a cause of intense dissatisfaction among a large part of the public here, all are traceable to the influence of one woman, according to The Daily Express.

"The reason why the British taxpayer pours out his money in Arab lands," says the newspaper, "is a romantic one—the wonderful woman huntress, poetess, explorer and traveler, Miss Gertrude Lowthian Bell."

Recalling Miss Bell's numerous activities, especially in the Near East, The Daily Express continues:

"Her last and greatest role is in politics. From Bagdad she has become the Egeria of the Cabinet and to a great extent has even muzzled the opposition. For long she was pro-Turk, but in the excitement of the war she became an Arab partisan and a worshipper of the picturesque Prince Faisal. She was appointed Secretary of the Arab Bureau in Mesopotamia during the war and retains the post of Oriental Secretary to the High Commissioner.

"Her influence in the civil administration of Mesopotamia is paramount, but it is not confined to Bagdad. Two years ago Mr. Asquith threatened to take a strong line against the occupation of Mesopotamia. Miss Bell wrote and told him that he did not understand the question, and there has since been no trouble, with Mr. Asquith and several members of the Cabinet under her spell."

## TO END $1,000,000 DISPUTE.

**Heirs Under Two Wills of Albert Falk Are Expected to Agree.**

The probable settlement of a dispute over the estate of Albert Falk, tobacco manufacturer, who died Jan. 25 last, leaving an estate that may be $1,000,000 and two wills, was indicated yesterday when Surrogate Foley signed an order directing those interested in the estate to show cause why Mortimer Fishel should not be appointed temporary administrator pending such settlement.

Mr. Falk left a will executed Feb. 6, 1922, dividing the bulk of his estate between his sisters, Linda F. Ellis of Troy and Olga F. Duschnes of 528 West 111th Street. Soon after he had made this will Mr. Falk became engaged to Maud Hanlon of 241 West Ninety-seventh Street, and he made another will on Nov. 30, giving $15,000 each to his sisters, $10,000 to Arthur Ellis, nephew; $7,500 to Abraham H. Cano, a friend, and $11,000 to charities, the remainder going to "my fiancée," Miss Hanlon.

Counsel said yesterday that the heirs and legatees under the wills had about come to an agreement, although definite terms had not been reached, because the size of the estate had not been determined.

## ANTI-FASCISTI LOSE TEETH.

**Mussolini Men Pull Them For Refusal to Utter Cry.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Feb. 15.—A new and grotesque method of asserting their authority is reported to have been adopted by the Fascisti at Fiume.

Entering apartments, they forced the residents to utter the national cry, "Hail, Hail Italy!" Those who refused to obey had some of their sound teeth pulled out.

**Favor Treaties in Italian Senate.**

ROME, Feb. 15 (Associated Press).—The Foreign Affairs Committee of the Italian Senate today approved General Badoglio's report on the conventions signed at the Washington armament conference, urging the Senate to ratify them.

## Public School Notes.

Alterations of the second floor of the Board of Education Building are now being made under the direction of Morris Warschauer, and when they are finished there will be separate offices for each member of the board.

The Board of Examiners announces examinations for license as psychologist, for which applications will be received until March 5. The minimum requirements are (1) master's degree in psychology given for graduate work in a university recognised by the State Board of Regents, (2) one year's experience in mental measurement satisfactory to the Board of Examiners.

The Public Schools Athletic League will hold its junior and senior high school indoor track and field championship games at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, Manhattan, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

A public lecture on Dramatic Readings from Shakespeare was held last evening at Evening School 93, Manhattan. Miss Helen R. Davis recited from "Much Ado About Nothing."

# CITY OFFICIAL FINED FOR A BAD TENEMENT

**Assistant Corporation Counsel Flatto Pays $50 for Failing to Make Repairs.**

Assistant Corporation Counsel William Flatto was fined $50 yesterday for infractions of the tenement house law by Magistrate Bernard J. Douras in the Morrisania Court on complaint of Frank Jones, a Tenement House Department inspector, who said that only eight of twenty-eight violations discovered by him last November in an apartment house at 1,392 Franklin Avenue, the Bronx, owned by Flatto, had been attended to.

The hearing was an adjournment from Dec. 1, 1922, when Flatto answered a summons obtained by Jones and got further time to repair the house. Flatto requested another postponement yesterday, but the court refused to allow it and imposed the fine, which was paid. At one point in the proceedings Magistrate Douras reproved Flatto for constantly interrupting Jones, threatening to make a disorderly conduct complaint against him.

**Italy Decorates American Officers.**

ROME, Feb. 15.—General Diaz, the Minister of War, today presented the Italian War Cross to the foreign military attachés who had not yet received the distinction. The recipients included Lieut. Col. Edward T. Donnelly, military attaché; Major John M. Eager and Major James E. Chaney, assistant military attachés of the United States Embassy.


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